

AGUSTIN PRADILLO

General



A. Pradillo

Comenzó su carrera con el nombramiento en el Colegio Militar en 1853, ya en 1854 era subteniente de infantería, los pocos meses teniente y así sucesivamente, en algunos meses después de los grados sucesivos en el ejército regular que en 1855 fue nombrado brigadier general con el grado de general de división.

Triunfante este último, del que ha sido uno de los más constantes defensores, Pradillo continuó en el servicio militar al frente de una brigada en el Ejército de Oriente, donde ocupó un asiento en el Congreso del Distrito de Tehuacan, y desde entonces no ha cesado de representar au

He began his career successfully in the military college in 1853, and already in 1854 he was sublieutenant of infantry, a few months afterwards lieutenant, and thus he went on receiving his successive ranks in the regular army until 1885, when he was appointed brigadier general with full rank. He has fought in twenty three battles, be it in command or under orders, among which we may mention as the leading ones the battle of Ocotlan on the 6th of May 1856, the siege and taking of the city of Puebla in the same year, the battle of Salamanca in 1858, that of San Felipe del Obraje, the defense of the Tlaxpana Customs Gate on the 2nd of April 1859, the siege of the city of Veracruz in 1860, the battle of Puerto de Calderon on the 1st of November of the same year, the defense of the citadel of Mexico in 1871, and all the campaigns that followed in defense of the constitutional plans proclaimed in the Noria and Tuxtepec, of the latter of which he was the most constant defender, proved victorious. Pradillo continued in the military service at the head of a Brigade in the eastern army, until 1880, when he took a seat in Congress as representative of Tecali District, State of Puebla, and since then he has continued in the