

equipped, giving instruction which compares favorably with that of the best universities of the country.

The classes graduating in the respective years from 1897 to the present time are as follows:

CLEVELAND HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE.

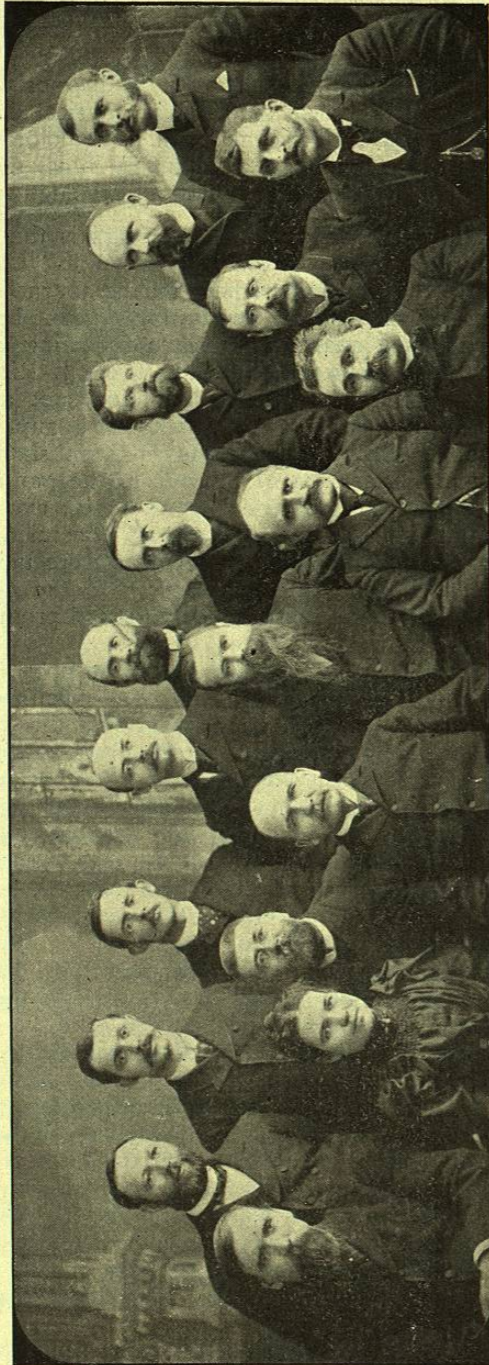
1897-1898—C. W. Abels, Claude C. Anderson, F. S. Basquin, Harry G. Bevington; Albert Carey, W. A. Crecelius, Clara K. Clendon, John S. Cross, H. L. Davis, Jessie C. Dickerson, J. H. Erskine, H. H. Ewing, A. A. Griffis, E. W. Gurley, W. B. Glendinning, Arba S. Green, W. J. Gilbert, Edwin E. Gillard, Ida B. Hamblin, Hugh A. Hagerty, D. Handmacher, Chas. L. Ireland, Tomo Inouye, Margaret Johnson, Anna Johnston, Wm. H. James, L. A. Jackson, B. B. Kimmel, A. A. LaVigne, J. A. Lytle, Edwin C. Livingston, Jerry H. Leaming, Thos. Minahan, H. P. Mera, John A. Mellon, George P. Myers, H. C. Neff, F. C. Newcomb, C. A. Overholt, W. T. Parsons, Lucy I. Pierce, R. C. Pease, G. C. Radcliffe, Mary D. Ridgway, A. L. Reusing, Alex C. Smith, J. G. Schild, Standley G. Small, J. S. Steiner, W. W. Smith, C. E. Silbernagel, Lamont B. Smith, E. E. Shannon, J. H. Schneider, Jr., Bert D. Shedd, Jennie P. Turner, Wm. V. Van Norman, Herbert C. Waite, Wilson W. Walters, C. E. Watson, Thos. Welch, Albert D. Williams, Mary H. White.

1898-1899—Frank E. Adams, Enos B. Allen, Harry J. Austin, C. W. Banks, Fred C. Bissell, C. E. Bradshaw, Albert J. Brainard, L. M. Bunnell, Carl J. Cannon, Jay L. Cecil, W. R. Cleave, Sara Davies, Edward B. Doan, G. W. Ellison, Prudence Fennemann, Chas. M. Ginn, F. B. Groesbeck, J. W. Henderson, John C. Hill, Julia E. Hoover, Harry F. Hunt, Rose F. Jackson, Phillip M. Johnson, R. O. Keiser, George A. Kreiger, Florence W. Lyde, R. W. McLain, Augustus W. Mercèr, C. L. Moore, Van V. Morgan, Garry Mount, C. H. Murphy, Emma A. Murphy, Mary C. Murphy-Brightman, Johnson Niles, Isabelle B. Nixon, G. W. O'Grady, J. M. Olin, James B. Orwig, Albert Porter, W. H. Price, C. J. Richards, J. A. Ruder, E. J. Schwartz, T. P. Shepherd, Ethel W. Walters, Samuel Warner, Fred L. Watson, M. H. Westbrook, G. R. Wilkins, Wm. Wilson, C. J. Wright.

1899-1900—B. R. Burgner, Mrs. Alice Butler, J. A. Black, H. R. Clarke, F. C. Coombes, E. W. Crecelius, H. H. Crum, E. A. Dale, C. A. Fraser, A. E. Gangloff, T. H. George, J. K. Hamilton, S. Blanche Harpst-Jackson, J. T. Henderson, Robert Hodgson, W. C. Holbrook, Israel S. Milstone, Perry L. Morgan, J. D. Parker, E. G. Radway, F. N. Richardson, E. T. Smith, Nina J. Stansbury, O. B. VanEpp, J. J. Waite, R. M. Wallace, C. C. Wright.

1900-1901—E. O. Willoughby, M. C. Barker, Pauline H. Barton, Elroy V. Bishop, T. L. Blackledge, R. A. Buchanan, R. A. Case, W. H. Diebel, J. W. Donaldson, H. B. Faulder, J. A. Ferree, Robert M. Ganow, J. G. Hemington, G. A. Hildebrand, E. C. Hoff, W. K. Hoffmann, F. C. House, G. E. Hull, A. P. Hyde, F. B. Jackson, George W. Jones, J. K. Kiser, C. L. McCoy, A. A. Mackintosh, A. O. Miller, Mary D. Mumford, G. D. Nicholas, D. H. Patterson, G. O. Rowland, R. C. Rush, Ida M. Scott, L. F. Sipher, F. H. Sisley, E. O. Silviesu, G. P. Spaulding, E. T. Tripp, H. D. Wallace, Carl Watson, H. O. Whitaker.

1901-1902—A. W. Andersen, W. H. Burns, F. R. Carvell, E. W. Dean, E. E. Esley, R. R. Ewing, C. K. Farber, Edwardena McK. Grant, W. C. Hirzel, G. H. Irvin, W. J. Jend, J. H. King, Gertrude S. King, W. E.



Faculty of the Cleveland Medical College, 1893.

Kneale, R. F. Livermore, J. C. Morrow, F. H. Newland, Mabel E. Price-Hazel, G. W. Root, R. W. Reynolds, A. A. Taylor, C. E. White, W. H. Wyckoff.

1902-1903—W. E. Allyn, A. H. Berr, O. J. Bready, E. O. Bonsteel, B. G. Boyce, C. E. Beeman, G. H. Benton, C. E. Battles, D. I. Cochran, F. F. Crandell, M. H. Castle, J. E. Frasc, F. W. D. Finke, H. D. Fowler, H. E. Griswold, E. W. Grubb, A. B. Hewes, A. Z. Hall, A. G. Hinman, F. L. Johnson, R. F. Lamberton, L. A. Noble, J. C. Price, W. J. Quigley, H. F. Ryder, O. H. Riemenschneider, R. DeW. Robinson, F. M. Rumsey, Fred Stork, H. H. Sink, W. A. Smith, F. L. Stratton, D. C. Thomas, H. L. Taylor, I. A. Tawney, J. B. Talmage, Frieda E. Weiss, J. B. Wilkinson, R. C. Warren.

1903-1904—Frank H. Barr, Rosa Gould-Barr, Harry C. Barr, M. L. Battles, W. W. Campbell, R. B. Chamberlain, W. J. Francis, J. E. Flinn, John V. Hartman, W. H. Ketchum, W. H. Loomis, F. H. Mersfelder, R. R. Pacher, M. E. Roasberry, A. N. Robinson, P. D. Russell, Carl Von Arx Schneider, Harvey A. Snyder, W. M. Wallace, Chas. N. Welles.

1904-1905—Fridolin Aeberli, A. E. Biddinger, John C. Brisbine, C. A. Burrett, Arthur L. Canfield, William L. Case, Mary E. Coffin, Franklin E. Cutler, Robert A. Gans, Earle V. Gray, Frederick P. Goodwin, H. Hugh Hill, James E. Hulett, Arthur W. King, George R. McGee, Philip Lee Ring, Wm. F. Rohland, Jesse L. Saddler, Braden C. Tiffany, Floyd C. Thompson, Henry Lycurgus Wells, Walton Henry Williams.

THE CLEVELAND MEDICAL COLLEGE.

By James Richey Horner, A. M., M. D., Cleveland, Ohio.

In every institution where a number of men are concerned in the management there is bound to come a time in its history when disturbances occur. This is necessarily a fact and it would be a pity if it were not so. Given a faculty of a dozen men, or less, it could not be expected that on every point all would agree and that the course pursued by that faculty would be the course dominated by the stronger party. Thus it is that a division in the faculty demonstrates the strength of that faculty, because it shows that there are in its component parts men whose strength of character and force of mind are such that they insist upon the justness and correctness of the views they have, and failing to carry their point, yet being convinced of the impossibility and impracticability of the plans proposed by the party stronger by reason of the possession of votes do not permit themselves to be made subservient.

Such a situation obtained in the faculty of the Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital College in the decade between 1880 and 1890. The college was considered one of the best—if not the best—in the country; and it was so considered because the teachers in the college were men of such attainments and such ability as to force their recognition. These six men—Nathaniel Schneider, H. F. Biggar, G. J. Jones, Wm. A. Phillips, H. H. Baxter and J. C. Sanders—had been teaching for years. To them was due all the credit for the high standing of the college, but there came a time when these men could no longer work together. Allied on one side were Drs. Schneider, Jones and Baxter; on the other, Drs. Sanders, Biggar and Phillips—all strong men, all good men; men who were vitally connected with the college and its interests in every detail.

It is not necessary to go into a detail of the history which led to a rupture; it began back in 1872, when by action of the board of trustees the entire management of the college, both financial and educational, was placed in the hands of the faculty. Upon assuming control the faculty found a considerable debt against the college, which in the years following, by hard work and careful management, they paid. Not only this, but they built up the college to a point of excellence well known throughout the United States, and furthermore, there was a surplus in the college treasury at the end of the year in 1889-1890.

It was with a feeling of profound astonishment that a number of the faculty learned that the trustees had been so influenced as to change the plan of government so that the financial management was placed in the hands of a committee of five appointed by the board. No reason for this action was given; in spite of the repeated questions of those most interested it was not explained, and a number of members of the faculty felt called upon to close their connection with the college. This they did, resignations to the number of six being presented to the board of trustees July 14, 1890. Profs. Wm. T. Miller, C. C. True and E. B. Bauder had joined with Profs. Jones, Schneider and Baxter.

At the time of their resignation these men had not the least thought of establishing a new college; it was only upon repeated and insistent demands by the medical profession throughout the United States, especially of the alumni and friends of the old college, that they determined upon the organization of a college in which they could have a place. From all sides came letters demanding that they should not bury themselves and that their ability as instructors and teachers should not be lost. On July 31, 1890, a charter was obtained, and early in August the first announcement was issued.

The faculty was as follows:

N. Schneider, M. D., professor of surgery.

H. H. Baxter, M. D., professor of materia medica and therapeutics and lecturer on the Organon.

G. J. Jones, M. D., professor of the theory and practice of medicine, pathology and differential diagnosis.

Wm. T. Miller, M. D., professor of principles of surgery and clinical surgery.

Charles C. True, M. D., professor of anatomy.

E. B. Bauder, A. M., LL.B., professor of medical jurisprudence.

Edwin Gillard, M. D., Sandusky, O., professor of gynecology.

B. B. Viets, M. D., O. et A. Chir., professor of ophthalmology and otology.

E. H. Jewitt, A. M., M. D., professor of obstetrics.

Kent B. Waite, A. M., M. D., professor of descriptive anatomy and demonstrator of anatomy.

John A. Gann, A. M., M. D., professor of physiology.

Perry A. Cole, M. D., professor of physiology.

H. L. Spence, M. D., clinical lecturer on diseases of nose and throat.

Eliza J. Merrick, A. B., M. D., lecturer on diseases of children.

H. D. Champlin, A. B., M. D., lecturer on hygiene and sanitary science.

John T. Carter, M. D., lecturer on chemistry, toxicology and urinary analysis.

R. Dayton, D. D. S., lecturer on microscopy and histology and dental surgery.

S. A. Jones, M. D., professor of materia medica.
G. W. Spencer, M. D., professor of dermatology.
H. W. Osborn, M. D., professor of orificial surgery.
T. C. Martin, M. D., lecturer on genito-urinary diseases.
W. A. Tims, M. D., assistant demonstrator of anatomy.
F. G. Jones, M. D., assistant to the chair of gynecology.

The first faculty meeting was held September 11, 1890, at the office of Dr. G. J. Jones, and two weeks later the opening session was held in a building on Prospect street, forty-seven students attending the opening exercises. To this number others were added in the course of the term. The work of the year progressed splendidly, six hundred and fifty lecture, clinic and laboratory hours being filled.

The summer of 1891 witnessed the erection on a part of the lot fronting on Bolivar street of a commodious three story brick building. This was completely furnished and ready for the opening of the second annual session of the college. The building that fronts directly on the Bolivar street line was erected the next year.

There were but few changes in the faculty and the work was such as to commend itself to all. It was during this year that the "Argonaut," one of the college journals, was established, being issued irregularly at first, but beginning with January, 1892, was made a monthly journal, with Dr. Frank Kraft, editor.

The class was larger than that of the year before, and there seemed to be permeating the entire membership a spirit of loyalty and progressiveness which augured a brilliant future. For the third year the scope of the curriculum was much extended, this action necessitating an enlargement of the faculty. The following were added:

M. P. Hunt, M. D., of Delaware, professor of gynecology, and C. A. Hall, M. D., assistant; H. W. Osborn, M. D., lecturer on diseases of the rectum; W. C. Pardee, M. D., lecturer on dermatology, filling the position vacated by the resignation of Dr. George W. Spencer; H. W. Richmond, M. D., assistant to the chair of obstetrics; John E. White, M. D., lecturer on histology and microscopy, and George H. Quay, M. D., lecturer on diseases of the nose and throat. Kent B. Waite, M. D., resigned his position as professor of anatomy.

One hundred and twenty-nine students were registered during the year, the graduating class showing the same growth in number.

The opening of the fourth year was notable in the addition to the faculty of Prof. James C. Wood, who took the chair of gynecology, after having served eight years in the same office in the University of Michigan. One hundred and thirty-one students were in attendance, and the graduating class numbered thirty-five.

The fifth year was one of natural progress, the number of students in attendance being greater, and the graduating class larger than in the previous year.

It was a sadly memorable year from the fact that on the 4th of February, 1895, occurred the death of Nathaniel Schneider, who had been con-

nected with the college thirty years, had been dean for fifteen years and for many years was at the head of the surgical department.

One hundred and forty-four students attended the sixth course of lectures, and about the same number the seventh and last course. A decided change in the atmosphere around both colleges was noticeable at this time, the tendency being towards union. Many forces were at work, all tending toward the bringing about of this desirable result. It is not necessary to go into detail as to how it was done; suffice it to say that with the commencement exercises of 1897 the Cleveland Medical College closed its separate existence and became with the Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery the present Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College. How the faculties were united and a department was given each member has been told in the history of the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College.

A complete list of graduates of the Cleveland Medical College is as follows:

ALUMNI OF THE CLEVELAND MEDICAL COLLEGE.

1890-1891—Richard W. Bell, Glenn G. Caswell, Theodore D. Foljambe, Samuel D. McClure, Chas. B. Thomas, Julia Washburn, A. C. Graham, Frank C. Lee, Cash C. Mantz, William S. Priestley, Fred W. Stewart, Perry C. Williams, Henry F. Zink, Owa O. Hausch, Justice S. Lunger, Christian I. LaTrobe Mottley, William Patterson, Thad. B. Smith, John E. White.

1891-1892—Cornelia C. Albert, Arthur Besemer, Helen Babcock, Homer Bryant, Geo. H. Bradt, George H. Cole, Harriet W. Carman, Henry Franck, H. C. Galster, B. W. Genung, Ruth B. Kirch, J. E. Moore, Monroe Manges, Hannah B. Mulford, H. L. Stem, F. W. Somers, A. E. McClure, H. L. Sexton, A. D. Smith, P. H. Sigris, H. Josephine Wright, John L. Winslow, J. M. Wallace.

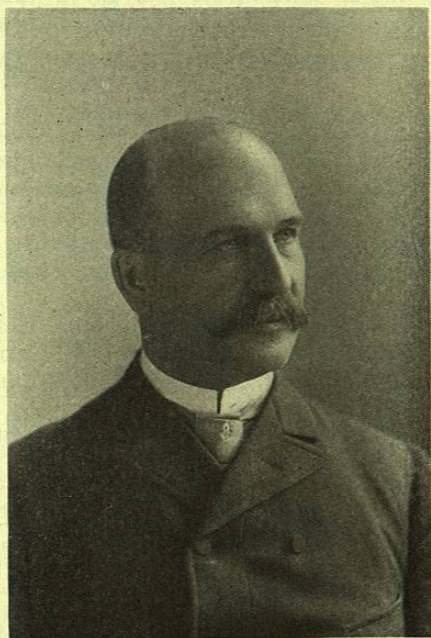
1892-1893—J. H. Ablett, J. W. Barnhill, W. D. Barnhill, A. C. Barrett, H. B. Bryson, Celia O. Clemans, W. B. Dawson, W. L. Ely, W. G. Fish, C. B. Forward, Eva E. Furlow-Collins, Mary E. George, E. F. Gifford, A. W. Goodwin, Julia Cleves Harrison, S. S. Jordan, R. G. Kerstine, W. G. Krauss, J. D. Lewis, Katherine F. Ozmun-Phillips, P. E. Kerlin, W. H. Phillips, W. J. Richey, M. D. Satterlee, A. Preston Steele, Chas. J. Suetterle, N. L. Wakeman, Hannah W. Walter, C. L. Yakey, Onie A. Barrett.

1893-1894—Marjorie Alling, Edward A. Anderson, Edward A. Bodenbender, Louise E. Campbell, Guy Mortimer Canfield, Addison E. Catron, Clinton Albert Crosby, Francis Edwin Chase, Clarence Starr Cutter, Charles Alfred Dixon, William Walter Dixon, James R. Elliott, George Washington Gurnee, William Moody Hunt, Jerome Howard King, Francis Horace Lower, Ella Jane Littell, Joseph A. Maurice, Frances McMillan, William Elbon Noble, Evelyn Sarah Pettit, Robert Milton Richards, William D. Radcliffe, B. B. Ronk, Pulaski B. Roper, Joseph Franklin Roe, Bertha May Satterlee, Christopher W. Sigris, William A. Stuckenholt, Adolph B. Schneider, Alba Langdon See, Helen Kaulbach Smith, Henry Salomon, Charley Glessner Van Tilburg, Seth Stewart Webb.

1894-1895—Edward F. Reuscher, Emmett Burns Whigam, Charles A. Monroe, William Meredith, Lyman E. Baker, Ambrose L. Robinson, Joseph Eugene Burnham, Wade K. Chamberlin, S. Elliott McAdoo, Michael William Kapp, Daley Gates Frisbie, Albert N. Seidel, George Lincoln King.

James Ignatius Murray, Ella J. Collins, Francis A. Kirch, Carl E. Waldeck, Harriet Simons, John George Layton, Mark Pardee, Tracy Eugene Mapes, James William Burnham, R. Ross Ewing, Charles James Ray, Madge A. Golden, Arthur H. Patterson, Evelyn Eicher, Melville L. Combes, Brent E. Sankey, Albert D. Young, Comfort W. A. Comings, Thomas Armor Ablett, William Alexander Stanley, Allen Bennett Collins, William Orrville Osborn, Frederick Alvin Houck, Robert J. Cummer, Eva E. Ebersole, J. Holman Griffin.

1895-1896—J. A. Shafer, C. D. Shafer, L. C. Haefli, H. H. Bean, W. J. Venen, M. D. Pass, A. A. Smith, B. L. Johnson, Anna D. Varner, Harriet



N. C. Schneider, M. D.

B. Chapman, Effie J. Croft, J. E. Johnston, F. D. Smith, G. W. Hopkins, J. W. Calvert, O. H. Boulee, W. R. Wall, Richard Kittle, J. S. Lehman, A. M. Douth, W. H. Hennings, Miss B. A. Bickle, E. I. Vredenburg, H. E. Ramsey, H. Nyvall, John Van Hee, J. W. Hassenflue, A. E. Ewing, W. P. Ellis, H. F. Littell, C. L. Bacon.

1896-1897—U. L. Adams, A. B. Armsbury, R. G. Baird, D. C. Burson, Ralph E. Brake, D. J. Bryant, G. K. Beyer, Claude C. Craig, Edgar P. Cook, Caroline W. Coats, John C. Calhoun, F. C. Crawford, Sherman Cook, Daniel Christy, M. H. G. Carmedy, Josephine M. Danforth, F. W. Devitt, Elizabeth H. Delaven, H. G. C. Engels, Clifton B. Green, John L. Hadley, P. L. Hatch, H. P. Hurley, Minnietta Hervey, E. DeA. Holly, Chauncey O. Hudson, George S. Iddings, Frederick C. Johnson, F. E. Keep, Ellia L. Linder, M. W. Livingston, Chas. P. McComb, H. H. Metcalfe, F. X. Mc-

Namara, E. S. H. McCauley, W. P. McClure, A. H. Perry, H. W. Pyle, F. F. Quilliams, Clarence G. Robinson, Luther Schofield, Wm. Sneider, Milton A. Stewart, M. J. Sample, Jessie W. Smith, Mindia P. Sears, W. H. Vosburg, Louis H. Wagner, Chas. R. Wallace, Wm. T. Whan.

FACULTY REMINISCENCES.

Nathaniel Churchill Schneider was born in Canada in 1839. His early life was spent on the farm and his early education was such as was obtained in the common schools. Later on, however, he removed to Ohio and took a course of instruction in Baldwin University, Berea. Still later on he went to Cleveland, entering as a student of medicine under Dr. Seth R. Beckwith. He entered the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, from which he received his degree. He then formed a partnership with Dr. D. H. Beckwith and settled down in what proved to be his life home.

Surgery was a passion with him, and it was as a surgeon that he obtained his greatest prominence. Soon after graduating he was given a professorship in his alma mater, occupying the chair of surgery throughout the greater part of his professional life. He was for sixteen years surgeon of the Lake Shore railroad. In 1873 he spent a year abroad in hospital clinics, bringing his knowledge up to date.

He was a strong member of the medical societies of Ohio, and of the American Institute of Homœopathy, in which bodies he held a number of offices. Stricken desperately ill in the winter of 1889, he was compelled to leave all work for a year, but returned full of desire to labor on. Four more years were given, but his strength was becoming weakness and the last year was that of an invalid, eager to finish his course manfully and well. "Thus this man died, leaving his death for an example of a noble courage, and a memorial of virtue not only unto young men, but unto all his nation."

Gaius J. Jones was born in New York state in 1843. He took up the study of medicine with Dr. M. M. Gardner of Holland Patent, N. Y.; attended lectures at the Homœopathic Medical College of Cleveland and in March, 1865, began practice. In 1872 he was appointed lecturer on anatomy in the Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland, and one year later became professor, which chair he held until 1878. In 1878 he was appointed to the chair of theory and practice, and from 1890 to 1897 was dean of the Cleveland Medical College, and was vice-dean of its successor, the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, two years; since that time he has been dean of the college. Dr. Jones has been a member of the staff of Huron Street Hospital since 1874; he also is lecturer in the Cleveland training school of nurses. For further mention of Dr. Jones' career see a later chapter of this volume.

James Craven Wood was born in Wood county, Ohio, January 11, 1858. He was a student in the Ohio Wesleyan University, from which he received the honorary degree of M. A. in 1894. He graduated in 1879 from the homœopathic department of the University of Michigan, and served as professor of obstetrics, gynecology and paedology in that institution eight years. In 1893 he accepted the chair of surgical gynecology in the Cleveland Medical College, continuing as such to the present time in its successor, the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College. He is gynecologist to the Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital, the Cleveland City Hospital and the Good Samaritan Dispensary. Dr. Wood is a frequent contributor to the current medical literature of both