

Therefore we recommend as the first step, the establishment of a Homœopathic Medical Journal, for the purpose of bringing together and utilizing such medical literature as may emanate from the medical fraternity of our city and state. We think the time is near at hand when there should be a school of medicine to teach our particular tenets. Therefore, we also recommend that steps be taken to lay such foundation as in your wisdom may be thought best, by incorporating according to the laws of the state; and that the trustees of said corporation shall be from the older and conservative element of the profession, and such lay members as may be deemed eligible, and that said board of trustees shall, when the proper time arrives, appoint a faculty of medicine. Also, we recommend that this board of trustees shall be in charge of the journal to be published, and shall directly see to the publishing of it, or indirectly by an editorial or publishing committee, and this to be accomplished as soon as possible.

In making these recommendations your committee feel that they are important steps, and would solicit your immediate action.

Respectfully submitted: W. H. Leonard, M. D., Chairman; Drs. O. M. Humphrey, D. M. Goodwin, Jno. F. Beaumont, J. F. Fargo, George F. Roberts, Adele S. Hutchinson, A. L. Bausman, Committee."

This report was unanimously adopted and the committee discharged and another provisional committee was chosen to take proper measures for establishing a homœopathic medical journal. This committee consisted of five members and resulted from the following resolution: "Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to prepare the articles of incorporation of a Homœopathic College of Medicine, select the incorporators, secure their signatures, proceed with all necessary work for the establishment of the journal, and do such other work as would naturally devolve upon the board of trustees, until such board shall be legally formed, when such board shall legally become the successors of the committee." The committee consisted of Dr. A. L. Bausman, chairman, Drs. O. M. Humphrey, Jno. F. Fargo, William E. Leonard, and P. M. Hall.

From this resulted the establishment of the "Minnesota Medical Monthly," the initial number being issued May, 1886. This provisional committee of five not only organized the journal but also prepared articles of incorporation for the college and procured the sixty-five signatures of the incorporators. A board of trustees was elected and a faculty appointed. The incorporators were as follows:

THE INCORPORATORS OF THE MINNESOTA HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE.

John F. Beaumont, M. D.; Petrus Nelson, M. D.; Rufus L. Thurston, M. D.; Wm. E. Leonard, M. D.; S. A. Locke, M. D.; W. D. Lawrence, M. D.; J. F. Fargo, M. D.; G. E. Ricker, M. D.; P. L. Hatch, M. D.; Adele S. Hutchinson, M. D.; J. A. Steele, M. D.; Alex Donald, M. D., Stillwater; H. C. Leonard, M. D., Fergus Falls; A. M. Hutchinson, M. D., Waseca; H. W. Brazie, M. D.; L. P. Foster, M. D.; B. H. Ogden, M. D., St. Paul; Wm. L. Craddock, M. D., St. Paul; S. W. Rutledge, M. D., Grand Forks, Dak.; R. W. Hatch; A. H. Linton; Hon. S. C. Gale; Hon. Sam. P. Snider; L. S. Buffington; Hon. Geo. A. Pillsbury; Thos. S. King; Hon. R. B. Langdon; R. R. Rand; Wesley Neill; Hon. E. H. Moulton; Hon. David C. Bell; W. H. Pettit, M. D., Cedar Falls, Iowa; L. Hall, M. D.;

Martha G. Ripley, M. D.; G. E. Dennis, M. D.; H. B. Ehle, M. D.; S. Francis Brown, M. D.; D. M. Goodwin, M. D.; Geo. F. Roberts, M. D.; W. H. Caine, M. D., Stillwater; S. Martin Spaulding, M. D.; A. L. Bausman; Lyman R. Palmer, M. D.; Pearl M. Hall, M. D.; W. W. Huntington; A. E. Higbee, M. D.; D. W. Horning, M. D., Lake City; D. A. Strickler, M. D., Duluth; C. F. Mitchell, M. D.; G. H. Hawes, M. D., Hastings; E. Hubbell, M. D., Clearwater; D. H. Roberts, M. D., Owatonna; Hon. W. D. Washburn; N. F. Griswold; A. F. Gale; L. P. Hubbard; Chas. T. Leonard; Hon. C. M. Loring; Thos. Gardiner; Hon. Henry G. Hicks; Charles P. Stevens; J. H. Thompson; Hon. B. F. Nelson; A. B. Nettleton.

Officers: President, Hon. W. D. Washburn; vice-president, P. L. Hatch, M. D.; secretary, H. W. Brazie, M. D.; treasurer, Hon. E. H. Moulton. Trustees: Dr. D. M. Goodwin, Hon. S. P. Snider, Dr. William E. Leonard, Hon. B. F. Nelson, Dr. A. A. Camp, Hon. R. B. Langdon, Dr. A. E. Higbee, Dr. S. M. Spaulding, Dr. A. L. Bausman, Dr. J. F. Beaumont, Dr. P. M. Hall. Dr. P. L. Hatch was elected dean, and Dr. A. E. Higbee, registrar.

The board of trustees appointed the following faculty of medicine for the new institution:

Philo L. Hatch, M. D., professor of obstetrics and dean of the faculty.
David M. Goodwin, M. D., professor of principles and practice of surgery.

Henry W. Brazie, M. D., professor of physiology.
Albert E. Higbee, M. D., professor of gynecology and registrar of the faculty.

John F. Beaumont, M. D., professor of ophthalmology and otology.
George E. Ricker, A. B., M. D., professor of theory and practice of medicine.

William E. Leonard, A. B., M. D., professor of materia medica and institutes.

Robert D. Matchan, M. D., professor of clinical surgery.
Salathiel M. Spaulding, M. D., professor of mental and nervous diseases.

Pearl M. Hall, M. D., professor of clinical medicine and physical diagnosis.

Martha G. Ripley, M. D., professor of pædology.
Samuel A. Locke, B. S., M. D., professor of chemistry and toxicology.
S. Francis Brown, M. D., professor of chemistry and toxicology.
Hon. Henry G. Hicks, professor of medical jurisprudence.
Cyrus F. Mitchell, M. D., demonstrator of anatomy.
Asa S. Wilcox, M. D., adjunct to the chair of surgery.

With great enthusiasm the practical steps toward making the college an established reality went on. A building was secured at No. 1929 Fourth avenue, south, next to the corner of Franklin avenue (Twentieth street) and but three squares from the Minneapolis Homœopathic Hospital. The first announcement was a handsome pamphlet of fifteen pages. The college was opened, the first lecture being delivered on October 4, 1886. At this initial session there were twenty matriculants and the course was continued for six months. The first commencement occurred on the evening of Monday, April 4, 1887, at the Central Baptist church. Dr. Higbee, the registrar,

gave a succinct history of the new institution; there was an address by Dean Hatch, the Rev. W. T. Chase delivered the valedictory and two were graduated, Diederich T. Krudop of Pennsylvania, and Charles E. Hoveland of Minnesota. After the graduating exercises a banquet was held at the Hotel Ardmore.

A meeting of the incorporators took place on May 10, 1887. At this meeting it was decided to elect no one to a professorship who had not served for one year as a lecturer in the college. The following were elected upon the teaching corps: Judge James O. Pierce, professor of medical jurisprudence; George E. Dennis, M. D., lecturer on sanitary science and preventive medicine, and Henry C. Aldrich, M. D., lecturer on pathology, histology, and microscopy.

At a special meeting held in June, 1887, Dr. Philo L. Hatch, the dean, tendered his resignation from the deanship and from his chair of obstetrics, being compelled to remove from Minnesota on account of illness in his family. He was unanimously elected emeritus professor of obstetrics. Dr. D. M. Goodwin was elected dean and also to the vacant chair of obstetrics. Dr. Asa S. Wilcox, Dr. Goodwin's adjunct during the session just closed, was now given the chair of principles and practice of surgery, while Dr. R. D. Matchan remained professor of operative and clinical surgery.

The second announcement was a neat pamphlet of sixteen pages; upon the outside title page this legend was printed: "The first college in the West to require a full six months' term." In this announcement the new medical law was fully explained and was shown to be no bar to the student wishing to graduate in Minnesota and to practice outside of the state. The three years' course was advised though not yet made obligatory.

The second course of lectures commenced on September 29, 1887, with twenty-five matriculants. During the latter part of the session Dr. Henry W. Brazie acted as dean, as Dr. Goodwin was obliged to absent. The session was prosperous and successful and the second commencement took place at the First Baptist church on Monday evening, April 2, 1888. After the customary addresses, Judge James O. Pierce presented diplomas to the graduates: Ulysses Grant Campbell of Wisconsin; Peter McDougall of Minnesota; Lester A. Wolcott of Wisconsin, and Fred W. Urie of Minnesota. A banquet was again held at the Hotel Ardmore.

And now certain events occurred to change the policy of the new homœopathic college of the northwest. In an editorial in the "Minnesota Medical Monthly" for April 1, 1888, appeared the following: "At last the time has come in this great commonwealth as it came in Michigan, Iowa, and Nebraska, when the interests of the medical profession seem to demand the establishment of a medical department in the state university." In this editorial the history of the state university is sketched and the fact that the homœopathists were to be allowed two representatives in the new medical department is commented on. To quote: "Are the homœopathists going to sit idly by and see state medicine established in their midst and not utter one word of protest? For twenty-five years and more in all the larger cities of this state, and especially in Minneapolis and St. Paul, have the practitioners of the new school quietly but surely been building up a wealthy and intelligent patronage. For more than five years the homœopathic practitioners of Minneapolis have sustained a completely equipped and modern hospital and dispensary, and recently the same have been established in St.

Paul. Two years ago steps were taken to establish in Minneapolis a school for the teaching of homœopathic doctrines, in order that those inclined to that system of practice ought not be compelled to either go away from home for a medical education or accept the other kind, with its constant invective toward and contempt of homœopathy. These steps were taken in self-protection, there being already three colleges of medicine in the state. Our success seems to have warranted the enterprise for twenty students enrolled for the first year and twenty-five for the second. Two students, who had received instruction in medicine in other colleges, were graduated in April, 1887, and four others on April 2d. Sixteen departments of medicine have been taught and well illustrated by clinical cases, over 400 cases being shown in one clinic alone. With such a record, there is no necessity for this latest scion of homœopathy to ask for adoption by the state. But the college could not be blind to the machinations of our opponent brethren, and therefore sent a committee before the regents to lay these and other facts before that body, and instructed them to say that the Minnesota Homœopathic Medical College would be as liberal as any other in the state, provided the school they represent should be conceded a full department of eight chairs in the new university medical department. Moreover, the following blank petition has been sent out to all practitioners of our school in the state.

"To the Honorable the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota:

"We, the undersigned citizens of Minnesota, do hereby respectfully request of your honorable body, that in establishing the medical department of the University of Minnesota, you will see to it that the constantly growing and popular school of homœopathy receives its proportion of the chairs appointed; and we believe that its just interests can be best subserved by a separate department of homœopathic medicine and surgery, with no less number of professors than has been accorded their system of practice in the Iowa and Michigan universities; and we further believe that such just recognition, now in the beginning, will save much of the unpleasant controversies attending the establishment of other university medical departments, and give general satisfaction among the large and intelligent body of homœopathic patrons and taxpayers in this great commonwealth."

This petition received numerous signatures. The board of trustees of the Minnesota Homœopathic Medical College made a formal proposal to the board of regents to waive its charter as a college and cease to teach, provided homœopathy should have a fair representation in the new medical department of the university. It also offered to provide such a place for the work of a homœopathic faculty as the regents might require. The regents accepted these propositions and a special committee, consisting of President Cyrus Northrop and Professor D. L. Kiehle, was appointed to nominate a faculty for the college of homœopathy.

This faculty was duly appointed. During the summer of 1888 the following circular was sent out:

"A Circular Letter to the Homœopathic Medical Profession in the Northwest:

In view of the establishment of a medical department in the University of Minnesota, a few words of explanation are necessary. As will be seen by the catalogue of the university the new department of medicine is the result of the concerted effort of the medical colleges of the state, to elevate the