

1867, and in 1871 he graduated from the Marietta (Ohio) College with the degree of A. B., when he was again valedictorian; A. M., 1874; the degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him by this college in 1893. He attended the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College one year, and completed his professional education in Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati, where he won valedictorian honors on his graduation in 1874.

Dr. Walton practiced in Cincinnati until July, 1875; in Hamilton, Ohio, to May, 1899, when he removed to Cincinnati, where he has since practiced. He supplemented his medical education by taking up post-graduate studies in the New York Polyclinic in 1883, and in Vienna, Austria, in 1884. He was professor of anatomy in Pulte Medical College several years, professor of surgery since 1888, and professor of surgery and gynecology since 1891.

Dr. Walton is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, having been president of that body in 1900; the Ohio State Homœopathic Medical Society, of which he was president in 1889; the Montgomery County (Ohio) Homœopathic Medical Society, the Southern Homœopathic Medical Association, Cincinnati Homœopathic Lyceum and of the Cincinnati Literary Club. He married, January 1, 1878, Jean Grey Mitchell of St. Cloud, Minnesota.

JIRAH DEWEY BUCK, M.D.

Jirah Dewey Buck, Cincinnati, Ohio, was born in Fredonia, New York, November 20, 1838, son of Reuben and Fanny (Morton) Buck. He was educated in Belvidere Academy, Belvidere, Illinois. He attended a course of lectures in the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, and later matriculated at the Western Homœopathic College, Cleveland, Ohio, from which he was graduated in 1864. In 1866 he was elected professor of physiology and microscopy in Cleveland Homœopathic College, and occupied that chair until 1871. In that year he assisted in the organization of the Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati, was appointed its first registrar and professor of physiology, histology and microscopy, and so continued for ten years.

In 1882 Dr. Buck was elected dean and professor of theory and practice of medicine, and later of therapeutics and mental and nervous diseases, which chairs he still occupies. In 1904 Dr. Charles E. Walton was elected his successor as dean. In 1876 Dr. Buck was president of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Ohio, and in 1890 was president of the American Institute of Homœopathy. He is an ex-president of the Theosophical Society of America, a member of the Cincinnati Literary Club and its vice-president, and member of the Cosmic Club of Cincinnati.

Dr. Buck is the author of "A Study of Man and the Way to Health" (1888), "Mystic Masonry," "Paracelsus and Other Essays," and also of numerous magazine articles on medicine, science and philosophy. He mar-

ried, in 1864, at Fredonia, New York, Melissa M. Clough, who bore him three sons and three daughters, all of whom are living. The two elder sons—Edgar C. and Charles R. Buck—are physicians.

JAMES POLK WILLARD, M.D.

James Polk Willard, Denver, Colorado, was born May 8, 1844, son of James Madison and Hester Ann (Rucker) Willard. He was educated in the ward schools and high school of his native city, Jacksonville, Illinois, and in Illinois College. After several years of business life, he began the study of medicine with Dr. George Y. Shirley as preceptor. He subsequently attended the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri and graduated in the class of 1868. On May 5 of the same year he was united in marriage with Lydia Larimore.

Dr. Willard began practice in Jacksonville, Illinois, where he remained until failing health required that he find a more suitable climate, hence in 1891 he removed to Denver. While a resident of his native city he was frequently called upon to serve the community in a public capacity, and was honored with election to official positions in different relations, being twice mayor; was president of the board of education, and trustee of various important local institutions. Since his removal to Denver he has become identified with the various homœopathic interests of the community, being at this time in medical charge of the Belle Lennox Nursery and the Industrial School for Girls. He also is a member of the staff of the Denver Homœopathic Hospital and of the board of directors of the college and hospital association.

For the past six years Dr. Willard has been dean of the faculty and senior professor of materia medica, Denver Homœopathic College. He is a member of the Colorado State Homœopathic Medical Society and ex-president of the Denver Homœopathic Club; is one of the department editors of "Progress," and president of the Progress publishing company.

ANDREW LEIGHT MONROE, M. D.

Andrew Leight Monroe, Louisville, Kentucky, professor of materia medica and clinical gynecology and dean of the Southwestern Homœopathic Medical College of Louisville, is a native of that city, born April 4, 1856, son of Andrew Monroe and Julia Foster Bull. On the paternal side he is a descendant of Sir Hector Monroe, a Scottish cavalier of the county of Montrose. Andrew Monroe, his father, was a great-great-nephew of President James Monroe, and the son of the author of "Ben Monroe's Kentucky Law Reports." The doctor on the maternal side is of English descent.

His early education was obtained in the city schools of Louisville and Harcourt Academy, Gambier, Ohio; his medical education was acquired in Louisville University, one course, and two courses in Hahnemann Medical

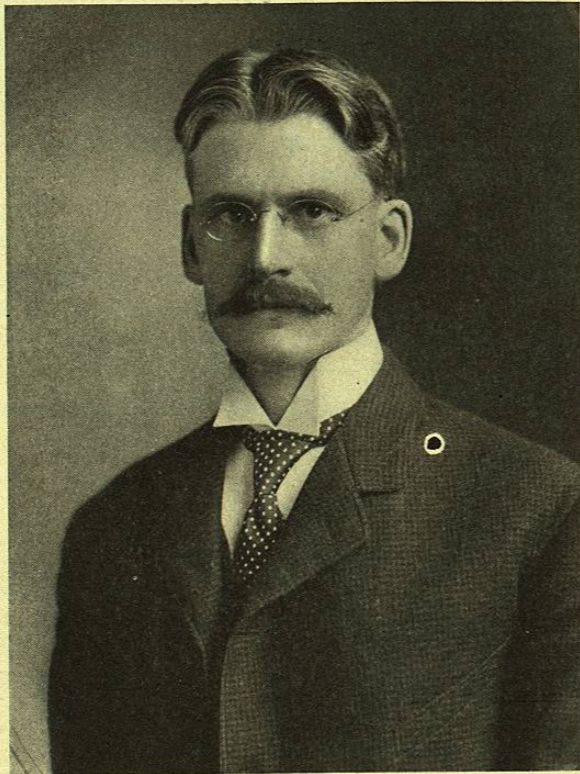
College of Philadelphia, where he came to his degree in 1879. His professional career was begun in Danville, Kentucky, in 1879, but in 1882 he removed to Birmingham, Alabama, remaining in that city until 1885, when he settled permanently in Louisville. For three sessions, beginning in 1890, Dr. Monroe held the chair of materia medica in Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati, Ohio, and from thence transferred his faculty work to the Southwestern Homœopathic Medical College, Louisville, with the best interests and history of which he has since been prominently connected, both in the professor's chair of materia medica and clinical gynecology and in the responsible office of dean.

Besides this, Dr. Monroe is consulting rectal surgeon to the Louisville City Hospital and a member of the medical staff of the Deaconess Hospital. He is a member of the Falls Cities Homœopathic Society, the Kentucky State Homœopathic Medical Society, the Southern Homœopathic Medical Association, an honorary member of the Missouri, Indiana and Ohio State Homœopathic Medical societies, and member and ex-president of the Southern and Kentucky Homœopathic Medical societies.

Dr. Monroe married, September 9, 1879, Martha Quigley. Of their children three are living—E. Humphrey Monroe, age twenty-one years; Julia Bull Monroe, age twenty-three years; and Pattie May Monroe, age nine years.

WILLIAM DAVIS FOSTER, M. D.

William Davis Foster, Kansas City, Missouri, for nearly twenty-five years an important figure in the professional circles in that city, a senior member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, was born in Birmingham, Van Buren county, Iowa, September 7, 1841, son of Joseph Foster and Elizabeth Kummeler, his wife. On the paternal side he is a descendant of Rev. Thomas Foster, born England, and his wife Abigail Wimes, of Ipswich. Their son Thomas, born England about 1600, and wife Elizabeth ———, came to America in ship "Hercules," 1634. Their son, Dr. Thomas Foster, born Weymouth, Massachusetts, 1640, married, 1662, Sarah Parker of Cambridge, who was born 1640. Their son Jonathan Foster, born Cambridge or Roxbury, 1671, married about 1692 Abigail ———, and had John Foster, born Stow, about 1703-8. He married Eunice Hardy, born about 1703, Bradford. Their son, Joseph Foster, born Stow, 1730, married, 1751, Susannah Roberts of Brookfield. Their son Asa, born Ware, Massachusetts, 1761, married Ruth Cheadle, Ashford, Connecticut. Their son, Joseph Foster, born Barnard, Vermont, 1789, married (first), 1819, Margaret Albright; married (second), 1830, Elizabeth Kummeler Griffith (widow) and removed to the territory of Iowa, 1837. Their son, William Davis Foster, married Christie K. Farwell (widow) October 16, 1878.



Howard Roy Chislett, M.D.

On the maternal side Dr. Foster's ancestry traces in direct line from John Hans Kummler, 1707, Basel, Switzerland, through John Jacob, who with his son John settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, 1731; son Jacob (date of birth not verified) married Elizabeth Young, 1764. Their son Jacob (date of birth and marriage unknown) had daughter Elizabeth, born Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, about 1793, who married, as above, Joseph Foster, 1830, father of William Davis Foster.

Dr. Foster acquired his early education in the common schools of Van Buren county, his higher literary education in Birmingham Academy, 1856-57, and his preliminary medical education under the private instruction of Dr. David Prince of Jacksonville, Illinois, and Dr. Robertson of Tallula, Illinois. From 1861 to 1865 he was in service in the army, and upon his return he matriculated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri, where he came to the degree in 1869.

Dr. Foster's army service may be noted about as follows: hospital steward, 7th Cavalry, Missouri volunteers, 1861-63; assistant surgeon, same regiment, 1863-65. Returning, he practiced in Hannibal, Missouri, from 1865 to 1881, and then located permanently in Kansas City, where he has since lived except during the year 1886, which was spent in special study in Europe.

In connection with his practice, which has always been large, Dr. Foster has taken an earnest, commendable interest in the work of medical education. He was manager of the Kansas City Homœopathic Hospital, 1888-1898; vice-president of the board of trustees, Kansas City Homœopathic Medical College, 1889-1902; dean of the faculty, same institution, 1897-1899; senior professor of surgery, 1889-1902; surgical clinic, City Hospital, 1893-1902.

From 1893 to 1898 Dr. Foster was chief surgeon for the Kansas City, Osceola and Southern railway company. He is senior member of the American Institute of Homœopathy; was delegate to the International Medical Congress, Basel, Switzerland, 1886; is ex-president and member of the Missouri Institute of Homœopathy; member of the Western Academy of Homœopathy, Kansas State Homœopathic Medical Society, International Association of Railway Surgeons, Loyal Legion of Missouri, Sons of the Revolution, Pennsylvania German Society, Kansas City Club, Albert Pike Lodge, 219, F. & A. M., and of the Commercial Club.

HOWARD ROY CHISLETT, M.D.

Howard Roy Chislett, Chicago, Illinois, dean of the faculty and professor of surgery and clinical surgery in Hahnemann Medical College, is a native of Salt Lake City, born of English parents, John Chislett and Mary A. Stockdale, on April 6, 1862. He acquired his early education in the common schools and in the high school department of St. Mark's Academy; his

medical education in Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, where he came to his degree in 1888. Aside from the time taken in post-graduate studies in Europe in 1893 and 1895, and in New York city and Baltimore in 1901 and 1903, his professional life has been spent in Chicago.

Dr. Chislett's connection with the faculty work in his alma mater began in 1889, after a service of one year in the position of house surgeon in Hahnemann Hospital, as lecturer on minor surgery. The subsequent steps of his promotion are as follows: adjunct professor of surgery, 1893; associate professor to same chair in 1895; professor of surgery and clinical surgery, 1897; dean of the faculty in 1903.

Since 1895 Dr. Chislett has devoted himself to surgical practice only. In 1893 he was appointed attending surgeon to Cook County Hospital; in 1894 attending surgeon to the new Hahnemann Hospital, and to Streeter Hospital in 1900. In 1896 he married Maude A. Coddington.

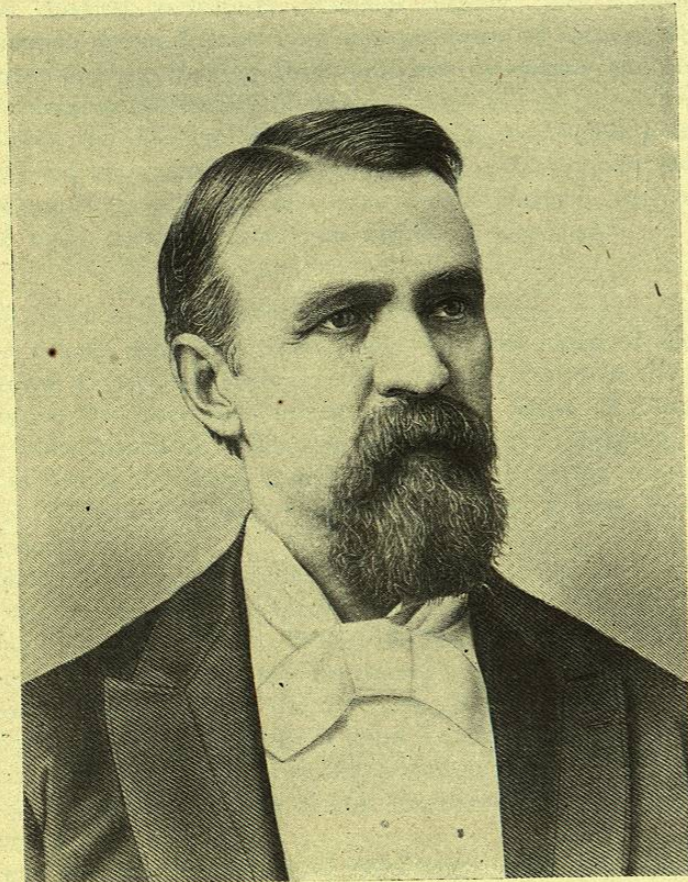
LUCIEN CLAUDE MC ELWEE, M.D.

Lucien Claude McElwee, Saint Louis, Missouri, dean of the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri and an active figure in the history of that institution for more than fifteen years, is a native of Mount Gilead, Kentucky, born March 26, 1862, son of John James McElwee (who was grandson of James McElwee, a soldier and patriot of the revolution, who was son of William McElwee, a native of County Tyrone, Ireland), and Laura Goodman, his wife.

His early education was acquired in the public schools of Lincoln county, Missouri, and he also received special instruction in private German schools in Louisiana, Missouri, under Professors Reubyn and Willoth. He was educated professionally in the medical department of Washington University, Saint Louis, where he came to the degree in 1882. The scene of his professional career has been laid chiefly in Saint Louis, where, in connection with an extensive practice, he has been for seventeen years a part of the life of the medical college of which he is now the executive officer, and whose *ad eundem* degree he holds, 1888.

He was appointed professor of physiology, 1888; professor of clinical medicine and physical diagnosis, 1890; professor of materia medica and organon, 1894; professor of gynecology, 1899; professor of surgery, 1901; registrar, 1891; dean of the college, 1903, and is still serving in that capacity.

In 1898 Dr. McElwee found temporary release from the cares of practice and the duties of his chair and went abroad for post-graduate studies in the surgical clinics of Heidelberg and Paris; and he also during the three years next preceding that time took private courses in Saint Louis, under A. C. Bernays. Early in his practice in the city (1887) he was appointed



Allen C. Cowperthwaite, M.D., LL.D.

resident physician at the Children's Hospital, and in 1901 was elected consulting physician to the Saint Louis City Hospital.

He became a member of the Missouri state board of health in 1897, was elected its secretary in 1900, and its president in 1901; was commissioned 2nd lieutenant Co. E, First regiment, N. G. M., in 1890. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Saint Louis Homœopathic Medical Society, the alumni society of Saint Louis Children's Free Hospital; member and past master, Anchor Lodge No. 443, A. F. and A. M.; past high priest, Oriental chapter, No. 78, R. A. M.; surgeon, Ascalon commandery, No. 16, K. T., and surgical supervisor, Moolah temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.

Dr. McElwee married, November 18, 1891, Anna Harris Barnes and has children: Claude Webster McElwee, John James McElwee and Pinckney Glasgow McElwee.

ALLEN CORSON COWPERTHWAITTE, M.D. PH.D., LL.D.

Allen Corson Cowperthwaite, Chicago, Illinois, known throughout America as one of the most faithful and efficient medical college organizers and instructors, and as well one of the eminent practitioners of the homœopathic school, is a native of New Jersey, born in Cape May county, May 3, 1848. His father, by profession a dentist, was a man of culture and refined tastes, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, a mathematician of distinguished note, and author of a work on the calculus.

Dr. Cowperthwaite acquired his elementary education in the common district schools of Toulon, Illinois, to which place his parents had removed from New Jersey, and later he was for a time a student in Toulon Seminary; afterward in connection with his studies he set about learning the printer's trade. Still later he took up the study of medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. Bacmeister of Toulon, and continued it under Hering of Philadelphia, while attending upon the courses of Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, where he came to the degree, March 3, 1869.

Leaving the medical college with his prized diploma, Dr. Cowperthwaite located for practice in Galva, Illinois, remained there four years, and then settled in Nebraska City, Nebraska, where he was one of the pioneers of his school, and where also he was chiefly instrumental in organizing the Nebraska State Homœopathic Medical Society, in 1873, being its first secretary.

In 1877, after about four years of successful practice in the west, Dr. Cowperthwaite was called by his alma mater to the lectureship of diseases of the mind and nervous system. This he accepted but did not fill, as within a few weeks afterward he was offered and accepted the chair of materia medica and also the office of dean in the recently organized homœopathic