

"Dissolve a suitable quantity of the mineral, or substance containing sulphur in an evaporating dish by means of nitric acid or other oxidising agent free from sulphuric acid; evaporate to a small bulk to expel excess of acid; dilute with water; boil and nearly neutralise with ammonia.

"Run in a dilute solution of barium chloride of known strength until no further precipitation occurs. The exact point is found by filtering off a small portion into a test tube and adding a drop of the standard. If a precipitate forms, add this filtrate to the original solution, well mix, and repeat the filtering a second time. In case the finishing point is overreached, a solution of sodium sulphate of a strength equal to that of the barium chloride is cautiously added to bring it back to the point where no further precipitation occurs, as determined by means of filtering and testing. In such a case the volume of sodium sulphate used is subtracted from the total volume of barium chloride required.

"For standard solution, instead of having a deci-normal solution of 20.8 grammes to the litre, which corresponds to .32 of sulphur for 100 c.c., that amount of barium chloride, which is equivalent to .5 gramme of sulphur, may be dissolved in a litre of water, namely 32.5 grammes; then if 1 gramme of ore be dissolved, each c.c. of standard solution will represent .5 per cent. of sulphur.

"The standard solution of sodium sulphate must then contain 22.19 grains of anhydrous sodium sulphate. This method will not yield perfectly accurate results. In presence of lead, the method is not applicable in consequence of the formation of insoluble lead sulphate."

APPENDIX.

TABLE I.

TABLE OF ELEMENTS WITH THEIR SYMBOLS, ATOMIC WEIGHTS, AND SPECIFIC GRAVITIES.

METALS.

Names.	Symbols.	Atomic Weights.	Specific Gravity.
Aluminium, - - -	Al	27	2.56
Antimony, - - -	Sb	120	6.72
Arsenic, - - -	As	75	5.67
Barium, - - -	Ba	137	3.75
Bismuth, - - -	Bi	207.5	9.8
Cadmium, - - -	Cd	112	8.6
Caesium, - - -	Cs	133	1.88
Calcium, - - -	Ca	40	1.58
Cerium, - - -	Ce	141	6.68
Chromium, - - -	Cr	52.4	6.8
Cobalt, - - -	Co	58.6	8.5
Copper, - - -	Cu	63.2	8.8
Didymium, - - -	Di	145	6.5
Erbium, - - -	E	112.6	-
Glucinum, - - -	Gl	9	2
Gold, - - -	Au	196.8	19.32
Indium, - - -	In	113.4	7.4
Iridium, - - -	Ir	192.5	22.4
Iron, - - -	Fe	56	7.86
Lanthanium, - - -	La	138.5	6.2
Lead, - - -	Pb	206.4	11.37
Lithium, - - -	Li	7	.58
Magnesium, - - -	Mg	24	1.74
Manganese, - - -	Mn	55	8
Mercury, - - -	Hg	200	13.59
Molybdenum, - - -	Mo	96	8.6
Nickel, - - -	Ni	58.6	8.8
Niobium, - - -	Nb	94	6.27
Osmium, - - -	Os	195	22.48
Palladium, - - -	Pd	106.2	11.5
Platinum, - - -	Pt	194.3	21.5
Potassium, - - -	K	39	.87

METALS—Continued.

Names.	Symbols.	Atomic Weights.	Specific Gravity.
Rhodium, - - - -	Rh	104	12.1
Rubidium, - - - -	Rb	85.2	1.52
Ruthenium, - - - -	Ru	103.5	12.26
Silver, - - - - -	Ag	107.6	10.53
Sodium, - - - - -	Na	23	.97
Strontium, - - - -	Sr	87.2	2.54
Tantalum, - - - -	Ta	182	10.8
Thallium, - - - -	Tl	203.5	11.9
Thorium, - - - - -	Th	232	11.1
Tin, - - - - - - -	Sn	117.4	7.3
Titanium, - - - -	Ti	48	—
Tungsten, - - - -	W	184	19.1
Uranium, - - - - -	U	240	18.7
Vanadium, - - - -	V	51	5.5
Yttrium, - - - - -	Y	61.7	—
Zinc, - - - - - - -	Zn	65	7.15
Zirconium, - - - -	Zr	90.4	4.15

NON-METALS.

Names.	Symbols.	Atomic Weights.	Specific Gravity.
Boron, - - - - -	B	11	2.68
Bromine, - - - - -	Br	79.76	2.96
Carbon { Graphite, - - - -	C	12	2.2
Chlorine, - - - - -	Cl	35.5	—
Fluorine, - - - - -	F	19	—
Hydrogen, - - - - -	H	1	—
Iodine, - - - - -	I	126.54	4.95
Nitrogen, - - - - -	N	14	—
Oxygen, - - - - -	O	16	—
Phosphorus, - - - -	P	31	1.8-2.1
Selenium, - - - - -	Se	79.5	4.28-4.8
Silicon, - - - - -	Si	28.3	2.49
Sulphur, - - - - -	S	32	1.97-2.07
Tellurium, - - - -	Te	126.3	6.25

TABLE II.

TABLE OF MELTING AND BOILING POINTS.

	Melting Point.	Boiling Point.
Aluminium, - - - -	625° C.	—
Antimony, - - - -	440°	—
Bismuth, - - - - -	270°	—
Bromine, - - - - -	-7°	59°
Cadmium, - - - - -	320°	860°
Calcium, - - - - -	—	1040°
Chlorine, - - - - -	—	-50°
Cobalt, - - - - -	1500°	—
Copper, - - - - -	1050°	—
Gold, - - - - - - -	1045°	—
Indium, - - - - -	176°	—
Iodine, - - - - -	107°	187°
Iron—		
Cast, - - - - -	1100°-1300°	—
Steel, - - - - -	1300°-1500°	—
Wrought, - - - - -	Above 1600°	—
Lead, - - - - - - -	325°	1040°
Lithium, - - - - -	180°	—
Magnesium, - - - -	750°	—
Mercury, - - - - -	-39° 4	350°
Nickel, - - - - -	1500°-1600°	—
Phosphorus, - - - -	44°	—
" Amorphous, - - - -	250°	—
Potassium, - - - - -	62° 5	—
Platinum, - - - - -	1775°	—
Silver, - - - - - - -	945°	—
Selenium, - - - - -	217°	700°
Sodium, - - - - -	95°	—
Sulphur, - - - - -	115°	440°
Tellurium, - - - - -	525°	—
Thallium, - - - - -	88°	—
Tin, - - - - - - - -	27°	—
Zinc, - - - - - - -	415°	1040°

All statements with regard to melting points at very high temperatures must be taken with reserve, as there

is probably no instrument yet invented on which absolute reliance can be placed, so that the temperatures given for iron, nickel, platinum, etc., can only be considered to approximate to the correct degrees.

The following results arrived at by Pouillet may be useful to the student as a general guide:—

Incipient red heat corresponds to	525° C.	977° F.
Dull red	do. 700°	1292°
Incipient cherry red	do. 800°	1472°
Cherry red	do. 900°	1652°
Clear cherry red	do. 1000°	1832°
Deep orange	do. 1100°	2012°
Clear orange	do. 1200°	2192°
White	do. 1300°	2372°
Bright white	do. 1400°	2552°
Dazzling white	do. 1500°-1600°	2732°-2912°

Some metals readily vapourise when melted, such as zinc, cadmium, and antimony, while arsenic, under ordinary conditions, passes into the state of vapour without melting.

TABLE III.

METALS ARRANGED IN THE ORDER OF THEIR MALLEABILITIES, DUCTILITIES, TENACITIES, AND HARDNESS.

Malleability.	Ductility.	Tenacity.	Hardness.
Gold.	Gold.	Steel.	Manganese.
Silver.	Silver.	Iron.	Cobalt.
Copper.	Platinum.	Nickel.	Nickel.
Tin.	Iron.	Copper.	Iron.
Platinum.	Nickel.	Platinum.	Copper.
Lead.	Copper.	Silver.	Platinum.
Zinc.	Aluminium.	Gold.	Zinc.
Iron.	Zinc.	Zinc.	Silver.
Nickel.	Tin.	Tin.	Gold.
	Lead.	Lead.	Aluminium.
			Magnesium.
			Tin.
			Lead.

TABLE IV.

CONDUCTIVITY OF SUBSTANCES FOR ELECTRICITY.

According to Dr. Matthiessen, the order of conductivity is as follows:—

Silver, - - -	100	Tin, - - -	12.4
Copper, - - -	99.9	Thallium, - - -	9.2
Gold, - - -	77.9	Lead, - - -	8.3
Zinc, - - -	29	Arsenic, - - -	4.8
Cadmium, - - -	23.7	Antimony, - - -	4.6
Palladium, - - -	18.4	Mercury, - - -	1.6
Platinum, - - -	18	Bismuth, - - -	1.2
Cobalt, - - -	17.2	Graphite, - - -	.069
Iron, - - -	16.8	Gas Coke, - - -	.038
Nickel, - - -	13.1	Bunsen's Coke, - - -	.025

TABLE V.

RELATIVE VALUES OF THE FRENCH WITH THE BRITISH SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

METRICAL MEASURES OF LENGTH.

	In English Inches.	In English Feet.	In English Yards.
Millimetre, - -	.03937	.003281	.0010936
Centimetre, - -	.39371	.032809	.0109363
Decimetre, - -	3.93708	.328090	.1093633
Metre, - - -	39.37079	3.280899	1.0936331
Decametre, - -	393.70790	32.808992	10.9363306
Hectametre, - -	3937.07900	328.089917	109.3633056
Kilometre, - -	39370.79000	3280.899167	1093.6330556

1 inch = 2.539954 centimetres. 1 yard = 0.9143835 metre.
 1 foot = 3.0479449 decimetres. 1 mile = 1.6093149 kilometre.

METRICAL MEASURES OF SURFACE.

	In English Square Feet.	In English Square Yards.	In English Acres.
Centiare, - - - -	10·764299	1·196033	·0002471
or sq. metre,			
Are, - - - - -	1076·429934	119·603326	·0247114
or 100 sq. metres,			
Hectare, - - - -	107642·993419	11960·332602	2·4711431
or 10,000 sq. metres,			

1 square inch = 6·5413669 square centimetres.
 1 square foot = 9·2899683 square decimetres.
 1 square yard = 0·83609715 square metre.
 1 acre = 0·40467102 hectare.
 1 square mile = 258·989451 hectares.

METRICAL MEASURES OF WEIGHT.

	In Grains.	In Avoirdupois Ounces = 437·5 Grains.	In Avoirdupois Lbs. = 7000. Grains.
Milligramme, -	·015432	·000035	·0000022
Centigramme, -	·154323	·000353	·0000220
Decigramme, -	1·543235	·003527	·0002205
Gramme, - - -	15·432349	·035274	·0022046
Decagramme, -	154·323488	·352739	·0220462
Hectagramme, -	1543·234880	3·527394	·2204621
Kilogramme, -	15432·348800	35·273940	2·2046213

1 grain = ·064799 gramme.
 1 troy ounce = 31·103496 grammes.
 1 lb. avoird. = 453593 kilogramme.
 1 cwt. = 50·802377 kilogrammes.

METRICAL MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

	In Cubic Inches.	In Cubic Feet.	In Pints.
Millilitre, or cubic centimetre,	·06103	·000035	·001761
Litre, or cubic decimetre, - -	61·02705	·035317	1·760770

1 cubic inch = 16·386176 cubic centimetres.
 1 cubic foot = 28·315312 cubic decimetres.
 1 gallon = 4·543458 litres.

TABLE VI.

METRICAL SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

LENGTH.

1 millimetre = ·001 metre.
 1 centimetre = ·01 "
 1 decimetre = ·1 "
 1 metre = the ten millionth part of a quarter of
 the earth's meridian.

CAPACITY.

1 millilitre = 1 cubic centimetre, or the measure
 of 1 gramme of water
 1 centilitre = 10 cubic centimetres.
 1 decilitre = 100 " "
 1 litre = 1000 " "

WEIGHT.

1 milligramme = ·001 gramme.
 1 centigramme = ·01 "
 1 decigramme = ·1 "
 1 gramme = the weight on 1 cubic centimetre
 of pure water at 4° C.
 1 decagramme = 10 grammes.
 1 hectagramme = 100 "
 1 kilogramme = 1000 "

TABLE VII.

TABLE OF CORRESPONDING TEMPERATURES ON THE SCALES OF CENTIGRADE AND FAHRENHEIT THERMOMETERS.

Deg. Cent.	Deg. Fahr.	Deg. Cent.	Deg. Fahr.	Deg. Cent.	Deg. Fahr.
0	32	34	93.2	68	154.4
1	33.8	35	95	69	156.2
2	35.6	36	96.8	70	158
3	37.4	37	98.6	71	159.8
4	39.2	38	100.4	72	161.6
5	41	39	102.2	73	163.4
6	42.8	40	104	74	165.2
7	44.6	41	105.8	75	167
8	46.4	42	107.6	76	168.8
9	48.2	43	109.4	77	170.6
10	50	44	111.2	78	172.4
11	51.8	45	113	79	174.2
12	53.6	46	114.8	80	176
13	55.4	47	116.6	81	177.8
14	57.2	48	118.4	82	179.6
15	59	49	120.2	83	181.4
16	60.8	50	122	84	183.2
17	62.6	51	123.8	85	185
18	64.4	52	125.6	86	186.8
19	66.2	53	127.4	87	188.6
20	68	54	129.2	88	190.4
21	69.8	55	131	89	192.2
22	71.6	56	132.8	90	194
23	73.4	57	134.6	91	195.8
24	75.2	58	136.4	92	197.6
25	77	59	138.2	93	199.4
26	78.8	60	140	94	201.2
27	80.6	61	141.8	95	203
28	82.4	62	143.6	96	204.8
29	84.2	63	145.4	97	206.6
30	86	64	147.2	98	208.4
31	87.8	65	149	99	210.2
32	89.6	66	150.8	100	212
33	91.4	67	152.6		

TABLE VIII.

TABLE OF TANGENTS.

Deg.	Tangent.	Deg.	Tangent.	Deg.	Tangent.
1	.0174	31	.6009	61	1.8040
2	.0349	32	.6249	62	1.8807
3	.0524	33	.6494	63	1.9626
4	.0699	34	.6745	64	2.0503
5	.0875	35	.7002	65	2.1445
6	.1051	36	.7265	66	2.2460
7	.1228	37	.7535	67	2.3558
8	.1405	38	.7813	68	2.4751
9	.1584	39	.8098	69	2.6050
10	.1763	40	.8391	70	2.7475
11	.1944	41	.8693	71	2.9042
12	.2125	42	.9004	72	3.0777
13	.2309	43	.9325	73	3.2708
14	.2493	44	.9657	74	3.4874
15	.2679	45	1.0000	75	3.7320
16	.2867	46	1.0355	76	4.0108
17	.3057	47	1.0724	77	4.3315
18	.3249	48	1.1106	78	4.7046
19	.3443	49	1.1504	79	5.1445
20	.3640	50	1.1917	80	5.6713
21	.3839	51	1.2349	81	6.3137
22	.4040	52	1.2799	82	7.1154
23	.4245	53	1.3270	83	8.1443
24	.4452	54	1.3764	84	9.5144
25	.4663	55	1.4281	85	11.4300
26	.4897	56	1.4826	86	14.3007
27	.5095	57	1.5399	87	19.0811
28	.5317	58	1.6003	88	28.6362
29	.5543	59	1.6643	89	57.2899
30	.5773	60	1.7320	90	X.

TABLE IX.

TABLE OF COEFFICIENTS GIVING THE AMOUNT OF THE BODY SOUGHT BY SIMPLE MULTIPLICATION.

Element.	Found.	Form.	Sought.	Form.	Coefficient
Aluminium,	Alumina,	Al ₂ O ₃	Aluminium,	Al ₂	.53398
Ammonium,	Ammoniac chloride,	NH ₄ Cl	Ammonia,	NH ₃	.31804
Antimony,	Ammonio-platinic chloride,	2NH ₄ Cl, PtCl ₄	"	2NH ₃	.07614
	Antimonious oxide,	Sb ₂ O ₃	Antimony,	Sb ₂	.83562
	" sulphide,	Sb ₂ S ₃	"	"	.71765
	Diantimonic tetroxide,	Sb ₂ O ₄	Antimonious oxide,	Sb ₂ O ₃	.85882
Arsenic,	Arsenious anhydride,	As ₂ O ₃	"	Sb ₂ O ₃	.94805
	"	As ₂ O ₅	Arsenic,	As ₂	.75758
	Arsenious sulphide,	As ₂ S ₃	"	As ₂	.65217
	Ammonio-magnesian arseniate,	(MgNH ₄ AsO ₄) ₂ .OH ₂	Arsenious anhydride,	As ₂ O ₃	.86087
	"	"	"	As ₂ O ₅	.80488
Barium,	Baryta,	BaO	Arsenic anhydride,	As ₂ O ₃	.93496
	Baric sulphate,	BaSO ₄	"	As ₂ O ₅	.60526
	" carbonate,	BaCO ₃	Arsenious anhydride,	As ₂ O ₃	.52105
	" silico-fluoride,	BaF ₂ .SiF ₄	Barium,	Ba	.89542
Bismuth,	Bismuthous oxide,	Bi ₂ O ₃	Baryta,	BaO	.65665
Boron,	Boric Anhydride,	B ₂ O ₃	"	"	.77665
Bromine,	Silver bromide,	AgBr	Bismuth,	Bi ₂	.89655
	"	"	Boron,	B ₂	.31429
	"	"	Bromine,	Br	.42560

Cadmium,	Cadmic oxide,	CdO	Cadmium,	Cd	.8750
Calcium,	Lime,	CaO	Calcium,	Ca	.71429
	Calcic sulphate,	CaSO ₄	"	CaO	.41176
	Carbonate,	CaCO ₃	"	"	.5600
Carbon,	Carbon dioxide,	CO ₂	Carbon,	C	.27273
	Calcic carbonate,	CaCO ₃	Carbon dioxide,	CO ₂	.440
Chlorine,	Silver chloride,	AgCl	Chlorine,	Cl	.24724
	"	"	Hydrochloric acid,	HCl	.25421
Chromium,	Chromic oxide,	Cr ₂ O ₃	Chromium,	Cr ₃	.68619
	Lead chromate,	PbCrO ₄	"	2CrO ₃	1.31881
	Cobalt sulphate,	CoSO ₄	Chromic acid,	"	.31062
	" tetroxide,	Co ₃ O ₄	"	"	.37984
Copper,	Cupric oxide,	CuO	Cobalt,	Co	.37984
	Cuprous sulphide,	Cu ₂ S	"	Co ₂	.73444
	Calcic fluoride,	CaF ₂	Copper,	Cu	.79849
	Silicio "	SiF ₄	"	Cu ₂	.79849
Hydrogen,	Water,	H ₂	Fluorine,	F ₂	.48718
Iodine,	Silver iodide,	AgI	"	F ₄	.73077
	Palladium iodide,	PdI ₂	Hydrogen,	H ₂	1.11111
	Ferric oxide,	Fe ₂ O ₃	Iodine,	I	.54049
	"	"	"	I ₂	.70556
Iron,	Ferrous sulphide,	FeS	Iron,	Fe	.700
	Lead oxide,	PbO	"	2FeO	.900
	" sulphate,	PbSO ₄	Ferrous oxide,	Fe	.63686
	"	"	Iron,	Pb	.92825
Lead,	" chloride,	PbCl ₂	Lead,	PbO	.73597
	" sulphide,	PbS	"	Pb	.68317
	Lithium carbonate,	Li ₂ CO ₃	"	"	.74482
	" sulphate,	Li ₂ SO ₄	"	"	.86864
Lithium,	" phosphate,	Li ₃ PO ₄	Lithium oxide,	Li ₂ O	.40541
	"	"	"	"	.27273
	"	"	"	"	.38793

TABLE IX.—Continued.

Element.	Found.	Form.	Sought.	Form.	Coefficient
Magnesium,	Magnesium oxide, sulphate,	MgO	Magnesium, oxide,	Mg	.600
"	" pyrophosphate,	MgSO ₄	" "	MgO	.38350
Manganese,	Manganese tetroxide,	Mg ₂ P ₂ O ₇	" "	2MgO	.36036
"	" sulphide,	Mn ₂ O ₄	Manganese,	Mn ₂	.72052
Mercury,	Mercuric chloride,	MnS	" "	Mn	.63218
"	Mercuric sulphide,	2Hg	Mercurous oxide,	Hg ₂ O	1.0400
"	Nickel oxide,	Hg ₂ Cl ₂	Mercury,	HgO	1.0800
Nickel,	Nickel sulphate,	HgS	" "	Hg ₂	.84940
"	Silver cyanide,	NiO	Nickel,	Hg	.86207
Nitrogen,	Ammonio-platinum chloride,	2NH ₄ Cl.PtCl ₄	Nitrogen,	N ₂	.08271
"	Platinum,	BasO ₂	" "	N ₂ O ₂	.14155
"	Silver cyanide,	AgCN	Nitric pentoxide,	N ₂ O ₅	.46352
Oxygen,	Alumina,	Al ₂ O ₃	Cyanogen,	CN	.19410
"	Antimony oxide,	Sb ₂ O ₃	Hydrocyanic acid,	HCN	.20156
"	Arsenious acid,	As ₂ O ₃	Oxygen,	O ₂	.46602
"	Arsenic	As ₂ O ₅	" "	O ₂	.16488
"	Barium oxide,	BaO	" "	O ₂	.24242
"	Bismuth "	Bi ₂ O ₃	" "	O ₂	.34783
"	Cadmium "	CdO	" "	O ₂	.10458
"	Chromium "	Cr ₂ O ₃	" "	O ₂	.10345
"	Cobalt "	CoO	" "	O ₂	.12500
"	Copper "	CuO	" "	O ₂	.31381
"	Ferrous "	FeO	" "	O	.21333
"	" "	"	" "	O	.20151
"	" "	"	" "	O	.22222

Oxygen,	Oxygen,	O ₂	O ₂	.30000
"	" "	PbO	" "	.07175
"	Calcio "	CaO	" "	.28571
"	Magnesium oxide,	MgO	" "	.38970
"	Manganese "	MnO	" "	.22535
"	Manganese tetroxide,	Mn ₂ O ₄	" "	.27047
"	" trioxide,	Mn ₂ O ₃	" "	.36380
"	Mercurous oxide,	HgO	" "	.03846
"	Mercuric "	Hg ₂ O	" "	.07407
"	Nickel "	NiO	" "	.21333
"	Potassium "	K ₂ O	" "	.16982
"	Silica,	SiO ₂	" "	.53333
"	Silver oxide,	Ag ₂ O	" "	.06898
"	Strontium oxide,	StrO	" "	.15459
"	Water,	H ₂ O	" "	.21333
"	Zinc oxide,	ZnO	" "	.88889
Phosphorus,	Phosphorous pentoxide,	P ₂ O ₅	" "	.19740
"	Magnesium pyrophosphate,	Mg ₂ P ₂ O ₇	Phosphorus,	.43662
"	Ferric phosphate,	Fe ₂ P ₂ O ₇	Phosphorous pentoxide	.63964
"	Potassium sulphate,	K ₂ SO ₄	Phosphorus,	.27928
"	Potassic-platinic chloride,	PtCl ₂ 2KCl	Phosphorous pentoxide	.47020
"	" "	" "	Phosphorus,	.30463
"	" "	" "	Potassium oxide,	.54080
"	Silica,	SiO ₂	" "	.19272
"	Silver chloride,	AgCl	" "	.2KCl
"	Sodium sulphate,	Na ₂ SO ₄	chloride,	.30507
"	" chloride,	NaCl	" "	.16028
"	" "	" "	Silicon,	.46667
"	" "	" "	Silver,	.75276
"	" "	" "	Sodium oxide,	.43658
"	" "	" "	" "	.N ₂ O
"	" "	" "	" "	.N ₂ O
"	" "	" "	" "	. $\frac{2}{2}$

TABLE IX.—Continued.

Element.	Found.	Form.	Sought.	Form.	Coefficient
Sodium,	Sodium chloride,	NaCl	Sodium, oxide,	Na ₂ O	.39337
Strontium,	" carbonate,	Na ₂ CO ₃	" " oxide,	Na ₂ O	.58487
Sulphur,	Strontium sulphate,	SrSO ₄	Strontium, oxide,	SrO	.47598
	" carbonate,	SrCO ₃	Sulphur, "	S	.13734
	Barium sulphate,	As-Sr	" " trioxide,	SO ₃	.39024
	Arsenious sulphide,	As ₂ S ₃	" " "	SO ₂	.34335
	Barium sulphate,	BaSO ₄	Tin, "	Sn	1.2000
	Sulphur trioxide,	SO ₃	Stannous oxide,	SnO	.78667
	Stannic oxide,	SnO ₂	Zinc, "	Zn	.80260
Tin,	" oxide,	ZnO	" " oxide,	ZnO	.67031
Zinc,	" sulphide,	ZnS			.88515
	" "	ZnS			

Table VIII. is taken from Bayley's Chemist's Pocket Book, pp. 10-16.

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