

BENDECIR, to bless.

Is conjugated like *Decir*, except in the tenses and persons following, which are regular.

Past participle. *Bendecido*.

Indic. Future. 1 *Bendeciré*, 2 *bendecirás*, 3 *bendecirá*; V. *bendecirá*; 1 *bendecirán*, 2 *bendecirán*, 3 *bendecirán*.—*Subj.* Imper. 2d term. 1 *Bendeciría*, 2 *bendecirías*, 3 *bendeciría*, V. *bendeciría*; 1 *bendeciríamos*, 2 *bendeciríais*, 3 *bendecirían*.—*Imperative.* 2 *Bendice tú*: 2 *Bendecid*.

CABER, to be contained.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Quepo*, 2 *cabe*, 3 *cabe*, V. *cabe*: 1 *cabemos*, 2 *cabéis*, 3 *caben*, VV. *caben*.—*Perf.* 1 *Cupe*, 2 *cupiste*, 3 *cupo*, V. *cupo*: 1 *cupimos*, 2 *cupistis*, 3 *cupieron*, VV. *cupieron*.

Fut. 1 *Cabré*, 2 *cabrás*, 3 *cabrá*, V. *cabrá*: 1 *cabrémos*, 2 *cabréis*, 3 *cabrán*, VV. *cabrán*.—*Imperative.* 1 *Quepa yo*, 2 *cabe*, 3 *quepa*, *quepa V*, 2 no *quepas*: 1 *quepamos*, 2 *cabed*, 3 *quepan*, *quepan VV*, 2 no *quepais*.

Subj. Pres. 1 *Quepa*, 2 *quepas*, 3 *quepa*, V. *quepa*: 1 *quepamos*, 2 *quepais*, 3 *quepan*, VV. *quepan*.—*Indic.* Perf. 1st term. 1 *Cupiera*, 2 *cupieras*, 3 *cupiera*, V. *cupiera*: 1 *cupiéramos*, 2 *cupiérais*, 3 *cupieran*, VV. *cupieran*.—2d term. 1 *Cabria*, 2 *cabrias*, 3 *cabria*, V. *cabria*: 1 *cabriamos*, 2 *cabriás*, 3 *cabrian*, VV. *cabrian*.—3d term. 1 *Cupiese*, 2 *cupieres*, 3 *cupiese*, V. *cupiese*: 1 *cupiésemos*, 2 *cupiérais*, 3 *cupiesen*, VV. *cupiesen*.—*Fut.* 1 *Cupiere*, 2 *cupieres*, 3 *cupiere*, V. *cupiere*: 1 *cupiéremos*, 2 *cupiéreis*, 3 *cupieren*, VV. *cupieren*.

CAER, to fall.

Gerund. *Cayendo*. Past participle. *Caido*.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Caiço*, 2 *cæs*, 3 *cæ*, V. *cæ*: 1 *caemos*, 2 *cæs*, 3 *caen*, VV. *caen*.—*Pret.* 1 *Cai*, 2 *caiste*, 3 *cayo*, V. *cayo*: 1 *caymos*, 2 *caisteis*, 3 *cayeron*, VV. *cayeron*.

Imper. 1 *Caiça yo*, 2 *cæ*, 3 *caiça él*, *caiça V*, 2 no *caiças*: 1 *caiçamos*, 2 *caiçad*, 3 *caiçan*, *caiçan VV*, 2 no *caiçais*.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Caiça*, 2 *caiças*, 3 *caiça*, V. *caiça*: 1 *caiçamos*, 2 *caiçais*, 3 *caiçan*, VV. *caiçan*.—*Indic.* 1st term. 1 *Cayera*, 2 *cayeras*, 3 *cayera*, V. *cayera*: 1 *cayéramos*, 2 *cayérais*, 3 *cayeran*, VV. *cayeran*.—2d term. 1 *Cacria*, &c., 1 *caceríamos*, &c.—3d term. 1 *Cayese*, 2 *cayeses*, 3 *cayese*, V. *cayese*: 1 *cayésemos*, 2 *cayéreis*, 3 *cayeren*, VV. *cayeren*.

COCER, to boil.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Cuezo*, 2 *cueces*, 3 *cuece*, V. *cuece*: 1 *cocemos*, 2 *cocéis*, 3 *cuecen*, VV. *cuecen*.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Cueza*, 2 *cuezas*, 3 *cueza*, V. *cueza*: 1 *cozamos*, 2 *cozais*, 3 *cuezan*, VV. *cuezan*.—*Imper.* 1 *Cueza yo*, 2 *cuece*, 3 *cueza él*, *cueza V*, 2 no *cuezas*: 1 *cozamos*, 2 *coed*, 3 *cuezan*, *cuezan VV*, 2 no *cozais*.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Cueza*, 2 *cuezas*, &c.

DAR, to give.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Doy*, 2 *das*, 3 *da*, V. *da*: 1 *damos*, 2 *dais*, 3 *dan*, VV. *dan*.—*Imperf.* 1 *Daba*, &c., 1 *Dábamos*, &c.—*Perf.* 1 *Dí*, 2 *diste*, 3 *dío*, V. *dio*: 1 *dimos*, 2 *disteis*, 3 *dieron*, VV. *dieron*.

Fut. 1 *Daré*, &c., 1 *Daremos*.—*Imper.* 1 *Dé yo*, &c., 1 *L-*nos, &c.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Dé*, &c.: 1 *Demos*, &c.—*Indef.* 1st term. 1 *Diera*, 2 *dieras*, 3 *diera*, V. *diera*: 1 *dieramos*, 2 *dierais*, 3 *dieran*, VV. *dieran*.—2d term. 1 *Doria*, &c.: 1 *dariamos*, &c.—3d term. 1 *Diese*, 2 *diseas*, 3 *diese*, V. *diese*: 1 *diésemos*, 2 *diéseis*, 3 *diesen*, VV. *diesen*.

Fut. 1 *Diere*, 2 *dieres*, 3 *diere*, V. *dire*: 1 *diéremos*, 2 *diéreis*, 3 *dieren*, VV. *dieren*.

DECIR, to say.

Gerund. *Diciendo*. Past participle. *Dicho*.—*Indic.* Pres. 1 *Digo*, 2 *dices*, 3 *dice*, V. *dice*: 1 *decimos*, 2 *decis*, 3 *dicen*, VV. *dicen*.—*Indef.* 1 *Decia*, &c.—*Pret.* 1 *Dijo*, 2 *dijiste*, 3 *dijo*, V. *dijo*: 1 *dijimos*, 2 *dijisteis*, 3 *dijeron*, VV. *dijeron*.

Fut. 1 *Diré*, 2 *dirás*, 3 *dirá*, V. *dirá*: 1 *dirémos*, 2 *diréis*, 3 *dirán*, VV. *dirán*.—*Imper.* 1 *Diga yo*, 2 *dí tu*, 3 *diga él*, *diga V*, 2 no *digas*: 1 *digamos*, 2 *décid*, 3 *digan*, *digan VV*, 2 no *digas*.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Diga*, 2 *digas*, 3 *diga*, V. *diga*: 1 *digamos*, 2 *digais*, 3 *digan*, VV. *digan*.

—*Imperf.* 1st term. 1 *Dijera*, 2 *dijeras*, 3 *dijera*, V. *dijera*: 1 *dijeramos*, 2 *dijeras*, 3 *dijeran*, VV. *dijeran*.—2d term. 1 *Diria*, 2 *dirias*, 3 *diria*, V. *diria*: 1 *diriamos*, 2 *dirias*, 3 *dirian*, VV. *dirian*.—3d term. 1 *Dijese*, 2 *dijeses*, 3 *dijese*, V. *dijese*: 1 *dijésemos*, 2 *dijéseis*, 3 *dijesen*, VV. *dijesen*.—*Fut.* 1 *Dijere*, 2 *dijeres*, 3 *dijeré*, V. *dijeré*: 1 *dijéremos*, 2 *dijéreis*, 3 *dijeren*, VV. *dijeren*.

DORMIR, to sleep.

Gerund. *Durmiendo*. Past participle. *Dormido*.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Duermo*, 2 *duermes*, 3 *duerme*, V. *duerme*: 1 *dormimos*, 2 *dormís*, 3 *duermen*, VV. *duermen*.

Pret. 1 *Dormí*, 2 *dormiste*, 3 *durmio*: 1 *dormimos*,

2 *dormisteis*, 3 *durmieron*, VV. *durmieron*.—*Imper.*

1 *Duerma yo*, 2 *duerme*, 3 *duerma él*, *duerma V*, 2 no *duermas*: 1 *duermamos*, 2 *duermas*, 3 *duerman*, *duerman VV*, 2 no *duermas*.

—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Duerma*, 2 *duermas*, 3 *duerma*, V. *duerma*: 1 *duermimos*, 2 *duermas*, 3 *duerma*, V. *duerma*.

Indef. 1st term. 1 *Duerma*, 2 *duermas*, 3 *duerma*, V. *duerma*: 1 *duermimos*, 2 *duermas*, 3 *duerma*, V. *duerma*.

Imper. 1 *Durmiera*, 2 *durmieras*, 3 *durmiera*, V. *durmiera*: 1 *durmíramos*, 2 *durmíreas*, 3 *durmieran*, VV. *durmieran*.

—*2d term.* 1 *Durmiera*, &c.—*3d term.* 1 *Durmiese*, 2 *durmiese*, 3 *durmiesen*, VV. *durmiesen*.

Fut. 1 *Durmiera*, 2 *durmieras*, 3 *durmiera*, V. *durmiera*: 1 *durmíremos*, 2 *durmíreis*, 3 *durmieren*, VV. *durmieren*.

MORIR, to die.

Gerund. *Muerto*. Past participle. *Muerto*.

The rest is conjugated like *Dormir*.

ERGUITIR, to hold up the head.

Gerund. *Irguiendo*. Past participle. *Erguido*.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Yergo*, 2 *yerques*, 3 *yergue*, V. *yergue*:

1 *erquimos*, 2 *erquis*, 3 *erquen*, VV. *erquen*.—*Pret.*

1 *Erqui*, 2 *erguiste*, 3 *erquió*, V. *erquió*: 1 *erquimos*, 2 *erquistis*, 3 *erquiéron*, VV. *erquiéron*.—*Imper.* 1 *Yerga yo*, 2 *yerque*, 3 *yerga él*, *yerga V*, 2 no *yergas*: 1 *irgamos*, 2 *erquid*, 3 *yergan*, *yergan VV*, 2 no *irgais*.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Yerga*, 2 *yergas*, 3 *yerga*, V. *yerga*: 1 *irgamos*, 2 *irgais*, 3 *yergan*, VV. *yergan*.—*Indef.* 1st term. 1 *Irguiera*, 2 *irguieras*, 3 *irguiera*, V. *irguiera*: 1 *irguíramos*, 2 *irguíreas*, 3 *irguíren*, VV. *irguíren*.—*2d term.* 1 *Irguiera*, &c.—*3d term.* 1 *Irguiese*, 2 *irguiese*, 3 *irguiese*, V. *irguiese*: 1 *irguísemos*, 2 *irguíreis*, 3 *irguísean*.

ERRAR, to err.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Yerro*, 2 *yerras*, 3 *yerra*, V. *yerra*: 1 *erramos*, 2 *errais*, 3 *yerran*, VV. *yerran*.—*Subj.* Pres. 1 *Yerre*, 2 *yerras*, 3 *yerre*, V. *yerre*: 1 *erremos*, 2 *erreis*, 3 *yerre él*, *yerre V*, 2 no *yerreras*: 1 *erremos*, 2 *errad*, 3 *yerran*, VV. *yerran*.—*Imper.* 1 *Yerre yo*, 2 *yerra*, 3 *yerre él*, *yerre V*, 2 no *yerreras*: 1 *erremos*, 2 *errad*, 3 *yerran*, VV. *yerran*.

See page 9.

HABER, to have.

As an auxiliary verb, see page 9.

HABER, when signifying *there to be*, is conjugated only in the third person singular of each tense, whether the nominative be singular or plural; thus—

There to be, *Haber*. There being, *Habiendo*.

There is { *hay* | There had been { *habia ha-*

There was { *habia* | There shall { *habrá ha-*

There were { *habio* | have been { *tido*

There will be { *habrá* | There may have been { *haya ha-*

Let there be { *haya* | bido

There may be { *haya* | habida

There might, could, would, or should be { *habría* | habido

When there shall be { *habiese* | habido

There has been { *ha habido* | habido

When there shall have been { *cuando habiere* | habido

There have been { *ha habido* | habido

OF THE SPANISH LANGUAGE.

HACER, to make.

Gerund. *Haciendo*. Past participle. *Hecho*.

Indic. Pres. 1 *Hago*, 2 *haces*, &c.—*Imperf.* 1 *Hacia*, &c.—*Pret.* 1 *Hice*, 2 *hiciste*, 3 *hizo*, V. *hizo*: 1 *hici-*

mos, 2 *hiciesteis*, 3 *hiciéron*, VV. *hiciéron*.—*Fut.* 1 *Haré*, 2 *harás*, 3 *hará*: 1 *harémos*, 2 *haréis*, 3 *hará-*

Imper. 1 *Haga*, 2 *haga*, 3 *haga*: 1 *hagamos*, 2 *hagáis*, 3 *hagan*.—*Sufj.* Pres. 1 *Haga*, 2 *haga*, 3 *haga*: 1 *hagimos*, 2 *hagáis*, 3 *hagan*.—*Indef.* 1st term. 1 *Haga yo*, 2 *haga*, 3 *haga*: 1 *hagimos*, 2 *hagáis*, 3 *hagan*.—*Imper.* 1st term. 1 <

SATISFACER, to satisfy.

SATISFACER is a verb compounded of *satis* and *hacer*, and is conjugated like *hacer*, changing the *h* into *j*; thus, *satisfago*, *satisfaces*, &c., *satisfacia*, &c., *satisfice*, *satisficiste*, *satisfizo*, &c., &c. Except the imperative, the second person singular of which is, *satisface*, or *satisfaz*.

TRAER, to bring.

Gerund. Trayendo. *Past participle.* Traido.

Indic. Pres. 1 Traigo, 2 traes, &c.—*Imperf.* 1 Traia, &c.—*Pret.* 1 Traje, 2 trajiste, 3 trajo: 1 trajimos, 2 trajisteis, 3 trajeron.—*Fut.* 1 Traere, &c.—*Imperf.* 1 Traiga, 2 traes, 3 traiga, traiga V., 2 no traigas: 1 trajamos, 2 trajas, 3 trajagan, trajagan VV., 2 no trajagais.—*Suj. Pres.* 1 Traiga, 2 traigas, 3 traiga, &c.—*Imperf.* 1st term. 1 Trajera: 2 trajeras, 3 trajera: 1 trajéramos, 2 trajérais, 3 trajeran.—2d term. 1 Traeria, &c.—3d term. 1 Trajese, 2 trajeses, 3 trajese, &c.—*Fut.* 1 Trajere, 2 trajeres, 3 trajere: 1 trajéremos, 2 trajéreis, 3 trajeren.

VALER, to be worth.

Indic. Pres. 1 Valgo, 2 vales, &c.: 1 valemos, &c.—*Fut.* 1 valdré, 2 valdrás, 3 valdrá, V. valdrá: 1 valdrémos, 2 valdréis, 3 valdrán, VV. valdrán.—*Imperf.* 1 Valga yo, 2 valle, 3 valga, valga V., 2 no valgas, &c., 2 no valgais.—*Suj. Pres.* 1 Valga, 2 valgas, 3 valga, V. valga: 1 valgamos, 2 valgais, 3 valgan, VV. valgan.—*Imperf.* 1st term. 1 Valiera, &c.—2d term. 1 Validria, 2 valdrias, 3 valdria, V. valdria: 1 valdriamos, 2 valdriais, 3 valdriai, VV. valdrian.—3d term. 1 Valiese, 2 valises, &c.—*Fut.* 1 Valiere, &c.

VENIR, to come.

Gerund. Viniendo. *Past participle.* Venido.

Indic. Pres. 1 Vengo, 2 vienes, 3 viene, V. viene: 1 venimos, 2 venis, 3 vienen, VV. vienen.—*Pret.* 1 Vine, 2 veniste, 3 vino: 1 venimos, 2 venisteis, 3 vienieron, VV. vienieron.—*Fut.* 1 Vendré, 2 vendras, 3 vendrá, V. vendrá: 1 vendremos, 2 vendréis, 3 vendrán, VV. vendrán.—*Imperf.* 1 Venga yo, 2 ven tú, 3 venga él, venga V., 2 no vengas: 1 vengamos, 2 venid, 3 vengan, vengan VV., 2 no vengais.—*Suj. Pres.* 1 Venga, 2 venga, 3 venga, V. venga: 1 vengamos, 2 vengais, 3 vengan, VV. vengan.—*Imperf.* 1st term. 1 Vimiera, 2 vimieras, 3 vimiera, V. vimiera: 1 vimieramos, 2 vimierais, 3 vimieran, VV. vimieran.—2d term. 1 Vendria, 2 vendrias, 3 vendria, V. vendria: 1 vendriamos, 2 vendriais, 3 vendriai, VV. vendrian.—3d term. 1 Vimiese, 2 vimieses, 3 vimiese, V. vimiese: 1 vimiesemos, 2 vimieseis, 3 vimiesen, VV. vimiesen.—*Fut.* 1 Vimiere, 2 vimieres, 3 vimiere, V. vimiere: 1 vimieremos, 2 vimierais, 3 vimieren, VV. vimieren.

VER, to see.

Gerund. Viendo. *Past participle.* Visto.

Indic. Pres. 1 Veo, 2 ves, 3 ve, V. ve: 1 vemos, 2 ves, 3 ven, VV. ven.—*Imperf.* 1 Veia, * 2 veias, 3 veia, V. veia: 1 veiamos, 2 veias, 3 veian, VV. veian.—*Pret.* 1 Ví, 2 viste, 3 vió, V. vió: 1 vimos, 2 visteis, 3 vieron, VV. vieron.—*Fut.* 1 Veré, 2 veras, 3 veré, V. verá, &c.—*Imperf.* 1 Vea yo, 2 ve tú, 3 ve el, vea V., 2 no veas: 1 veámos, 2 ved, 3 vean, vean VV., 2 no veais.—*Suj. Pres.* 1 Vea, 2 veas, 3 vea, V. vea: 1 veámos, 2 veas, 3 vean, VV. vean.—*Imperf.* 1st term. 1 Viera, 2 vieras, &c.—2d term. 1 Veria, 2 vieras, &c.—3d term. 1 Viese, 2 vieses, &c.—*Fut.* 1 Viere, 2 vieres, 3 viere, &c.

YACER, to lie down.

This verb is rarely used, but in epitaphs; and it is conjugated only in the following tenses and persons.

Gerund. Yaciendo.—*Indic. Pres.* 1 Yago, 2 yaces, 3 yace, V. yace: 1 yacemos, 2 yaces, 3 yacen, VV. yacen.—*Imperf.* 1 Yacia, 2 yacias, 3 yacia, V. yacia: 1 yaciamos, 2 yacias, 3 yacian, VV. yacian.—*Suj. Pres.* 1 Yaga.

IMPERSONAL VERBS.

Impersonal verbs are those which are conjugated in

* Formerly it was said *vía*, *vías*, *vía*, *viamos*, *vías*, *vian*.

the third person singular of each tense only, without expressing the nominative: as,

GRANIZAR, to hail.

It hails	<i>graniza</i>	It has hailed	<i>ha granizado</i>
It hailed	{ <i>grani-</i> zaba	It had hailed	<i>había grani-</i> <i>zado</i>
	{ <i>grani-</i> zó	It shall have	<i>habrá grani-</i> <i>zado</i>
It will hail	{ <i>grani-</i> zará	It may have	<i>haya grani-</i> <i>zado</i>
Let it hail	<i>graniza</i>	It might have	<i>hubiera grani-</i> <i>zado</i>
It may hail	<i>grani-</i> zare	It could, would, or should have hailed	<i>hubiese grani-</i> <i>zado</i>
	{ <i>grani-</i> zaria	When it shall hail	<i>cuando hu-</i> <i>biera grani-</i> <i>zado</i>

The following are some of the impersonal verbs:

To freeze	<i>helar</i> , irr.	To lighten	{ <i>relam-</i> <i>paguear</i>
To glare (speaking of the dew)	<i>escuar-</i> <i>char</i>	To thunder	<i>tronar</i> , irr.
To thaw	<i>desclar</i>	To rain	<i>llover</i> , irr.
To drizzle	<i>lloriznar</i>	To happen	{ <i>sucedir</i>
To snow	<i>nevár</i> , irr.		{ <i>aceocer</i>
To be	<i>hacer</i>	To dawn	<i>anunciar</i>
		To become night	<i>anochecer</i>

DEFECTIVE VERBS.

SOLER, to accustom.

This verb is used only in the two following tenses:

Indic. Pres. 1 Suelo, 2 sueles, 3 suele, 2 V. suele: 1 solemos, 2 soleis, 3 suelen, 2 VV. suelen.—*Imperf.* 1 Sólia, 2 solías, 3 solia, 2 V. sólia: 1 sóliamos, 2 solia, 3 solian, 2 VV. solian.

PLACER, to please.

This verb is used only in the third person singular or plural, in the moods and tenses as follows: it is always accompanied by a personal pronoun in the objective case.

Indic. Pres. 1 Me place, 2 te place, 3 le place, 2 le place á V.; 1 nos place, 2 os place, 3 les place, 2 les place á VV.; or 1 Me placen, 2 te placen, &c.—*Imperf.* 1 Me placia, or placián, 2 te placia, or placián, &c.—*Pret.* 1 Me plugo, 2 te plugo, &c.: 1 me plugiaron, 2 plugiaron, 3 plinieran, VV. plinieran.—*Imperf.* 1st term. Me plueguera, &c.—*Suj. Pres.* 1 Me plegue, &c.—*Imperf.* 1st term. Me pluguiera, &c.—3d term. Me pluguiese, &c.—*Fut.* Me pluguiere.

Obs. The verbs *gustar*, to like; *pesar*, to be sorry for; *acomodar*, to suit; *convenir*, to comport, &c., are frequently used only in the third person singular or plural, as in the verb *placer*. Ex.: He likes music, *le gusta la música*, or *él gusta de la música*.

A LIST OF ALL THE IRREGULAR VERBS.

Obs. 1. The compound verbs are not inserted, when they have the same irregularity as the simple ones from which they are derived: as, *componer*, *contraponer*, &c., which are conjugated like *poner*.

Obs. 2. The most general irregularities of the Spanish verbs consist in their taking *i*, *j*, *y*, or *ue*, or *í*, instead of *o*, or *e*. To find the infinitive mood of such verbs, separate the regular termination, and omit the letter or letters that do not belong to the radicals of such verbs: as in *comienzo*, *muestras*, *sintío*, *condijeron*, *trajérán*, *construyesen*, the terminations are *o*, *us*, *io*, *eron*, *éran*, *esen*. The remaining letters are, *comienzan*, *muestran*, *sintian*, *condujan*, *trajeran*, *construyan*. Add to these the regular terminations of the infinitive mood, and they will read *comienzar*, *muestrar*, *sintir*, *condujir*, *trajar*, *construir*. Take off the *i*, *j*, and *y*, change the *ue* into *o*, and the *í* into *e*; add a *c* before the termination to those in *í* or *új*; and they will be *comenzar*, *mostrar*, *sentir*, *conducir*, *traer*, *construir*.

Obs. 3. The irregular participles are set in italics after their verbs.

Obs. The verbs of the first column are conjugated like those of the second, which must be consulted in their respective places.

OF THE SPANISH LANGUAGE.

Page		Page		Page
Abrir, reg.		Denostar,	Acordar,	Invertir,
Abierto, prt. irr.	Mover,	Derrengar,	Acrecentar,	Asentir,
Absolver,		Derretir,	Pedir,	Pedir,
Absuelto, prt. irr.		Desavenir,	Venir,	Asentir,
Abstraer,	Traer,	Descender,	Atender,	Ir,
Acertar,		Discollar,	Acordar,	13
Acordar,		Desordar,	"	Jugar,
Acostar,	Acordar,	Desomedirse,	Pedir,	Llover,
Acrecentar,		Describir, reg.		Mover,
Adstrar,	Acrecentar,	Descripto or des-		Maldecir,
Adherir,	Asentir,	cripto, prt. irr.		Manifestar,
Adquirir,		Desflocar,	Acordar,	Acrecentar,
Advertir,	Asentir,	Deshacer,	Hacer,	Tener,
Admirar,	Conducir,	Deshesar,	Acrecentar,	Medir,
Agorar,	Acordar,	Desir,	Reir,	Asentir,
Alentar,	Acrecentar,	Desembrar,	"	Mentir,
Almorzar,	Acordar,	Desolar,	Acordar,	Merendar,
Amolar,	"	Desolar,	"	Moler,
Andar,		Desovar,	Pedir,	Morder,
Apacentar,	Acrecentar,	Despedir,	Acrecentar,	Muerto, prt. irr.
Apostar,	Acordar,	Despertar,	"	Mostrar,
Aprobar,	"	Desterrar,	"	Moyer,
Apretar,	Acrecentar,	Desplegar,	"	Negar,
Argoar,	Instruir,	Desvergonzarse,	Acordar,	Nevar,
Arrecirse,	Pedir,	Dezmanar,	Acrecentar,	Oir,
Arrendar,	Acrecentar,	Desmorcar,	Atender,	Oler,
Ascender,	Atender,	Discernir,	Asentir,	Prescribir, reg.
Arrepentirse,	Asentir,	Diferir,	"	Prescripto, prt. irr.
Asentar,	Acrecentar,	Discordar,	Acordar,	Probar,
Asentir,	"	Disolver,	Pedir,	Producir,
Asestar,	"	Divertir,	Pensar,	Conducir,
Atentar,	"	Doler,	Perder,	Atender,
Asir,	"	Dormir,	Pervir,	Asentir,
Asoldar,	Acordar,	Elegir,	Placer,	Prescribir, reg.
Asolar,	"	Embestir,	Plegar,	Proscripto, prt. irr.
Atender,		Empedrar,	Quebrar,	Acrecentar,
Aterrar, (echar por tierra)	{ Acrecentar,	Empezar,	Querer,	Acordar,
Atestar, (rellenar)	"	Emporcar,	"	"
Atraer,	Traer,	Encender,	Requebrar,	Recomendar,
Atravesar,		Encensar,	Regoldar,	Recordar,
Aventar,	"	Encerrar,	Recostar,	Rescostrar,
Aventarse,	"	Encomendar,	Reducir,	Refecir,
Avergonzar,	Acordar,	Encontrar,	Requerir,	Requerir,
Bendecir,		Engreirse,	Resontrar,	Resontrar,
Caber,		Engrosar,	Resolstar,	Renovar,
Caer,		Endroar,	Rendir,	Repetir,
Calentar,		Enmendar,	Repetir,	Requebrar,
Cegar,		Ensangrentar,	Requerir,	Requerir,
Cehr,		Envestir,	Resontrar,	Revolcar,
Cerner,		Entender,	Resolstar,	Roer,
Cerrar,		Enterr,	Rendir,	Rogar,
Cimentar,		Erguir,	Retentar,	Sabir,
Cocer,		Escarmentar,	Reventar,	Salir,
Colar,	Acordar,	Esocer,	Revolcar,	Salar,
Colegir,	Pedir,	Escripto, prt. irr.	Roer,	Salar,
Comedirse,	Pedir,	Esforzar,	Sembrar,	Salar,
Comenzar,		Estar, (see auxilliary verbs)	Sentir,	Salar,
Competir,	Pedir,	Excluir,	Sentir,	Salar,
Concebir,	"</td			

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Soterrar,	Acrecentar,	11	Traer,	14	Ver,	14
Sugerir,	Asentir,	11	Transcender,	Atender,	Verter,	11
Temblar,	Acrecentar,	11	Trascender,	"	Pedir,	11
Tender,	Atender,	11	Trasocarse,	Acordar,	Acordar,	11
Tener,	9	Trasegar,	Acrecentar,	11	Volar,	11
Tefir,	Pedir,	11	Tracar,	Acordar,	"	11
Tentar,	Acrecentar,	11	Tronar,	"	Volver,	11
Torcer,	Tropezar,	11	Tropezar,	Acrecentar,	Vuelto, pr. irr.	14
Tostar,	Cocer,	12			Yacer,	
Traducir,	Acordar,	11			Zaherir,	14
	Conducir,	11			Asentir	11

EXPLANATION OF THE PRINCIPAL ABBREVIATIONS.

a.....	adjective.	int.....	interjection.	sm.....	substantive masculine.
ad.....	adverb.	iron.....	ironical.	sup.....	superlative.
art.....	article.	irr.....	irregular.	V.....	vide or see.
augm.....	augmentative.	little us.....	little used.	va.....	verb active.
coll.....	colloquial.	obs.....	obsolete.	Vd. or V.....	Used or you.
comp.....	comparative.	pa.....	present participle.	v. def.....	defective verb.
conj.....	conjunction.	pp.....	past participle.	vn.....	verb neuter.
dim.....	diminutive.	sf.....	substantive feminine.	vr.....	reflective verb.

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE BOTANICAL ARTICLES.

B. M.....	Botanical Magazine.	Lag.....	Lagasca.	Pers.....	Persoon.
Cav.....	Cavaniilles.	Lam.....	Lamark.	Rich.....	Richard.
De Cand.....	De Candolle.	Lindl.....	Lindley.	Sibth.....	Sibthorp.
Fl. Per.....	Flora Peruana.	Linn.....	Linnæus.	Sm.....	Smith.
Goert.....	Goertner.	M. B.....	Masshal a Bieberstein.	var.....	varietas.
Humb.....	Humboldt.	Pal.....	Palan.	W. or Wild.	Willdenow.

** Scientific terms are indicated by their first letters, thus: anat. (anatomy); alg. (algebra); arithm. (arithmetic); coll. (colloquial); met. (metaphoric); nau. (nautical); obs. (obsolete); prov. (provincial), &c.

A KEY TO THE PRONUNCIATION AS REPRESENTED IN THIS DICTIONARY.

SPANISH ALPHABET.

Give to the vowel the sound that the syllable that follows it in *italics* has in English; and sound also, as in English, each of the syllables that represent said sound throughout all the dictionary.

VOWELS.

Pronounce a, ah; e, ay; i, ee; o, oh; u, u (in *bull*); y, ee.

The vowels have invariably the same sound, and must be fully and distinctly pronounced. The u is silent in the syllables *gue*, *gui*, *que*, *qui*, which are pronounced *gay*, *gee*, *kay*, *kee*: when the u is to be sounded, it is marked thus, ü, as in *argüir* (*ar-goo-ir*).

CONSONANTS.

b, bay,	f, aifay,	l, ailay,	ñ, aiñyay,	s, es'say,	y, griega or ye, ja,
c, thay,	g, hay,	ll, ail'lay,	p, pay,	t, tay,	z, thai'dah.
ch, tchay,	h, ab'tchay,	m, ai'may,	q, coo,	v, vay,	
d, day,	j, hoet'ah,	n, ai'nay,	r, er'ay, er'ray,	x, ay'kiss,	

N. B. The *th* is to be always pronounced lispèd as in *thin*, *path*; the *h* very harshly aspirated, and the *z* like *cs*.—See Ollendorff's Method for learning the Spanish Language, page 404.

Antón Gómez

DICCCIONARIO NUEVO

DE LAS

LENGUAS ESPAÑOLA É INGLESA.

ESPAÑOL É INGLES—SPANISH AND ENGLISH.

A

ABA

A, *Ah*, In the Spanish language, *A*, has but one sound, and is pronounced as the open English *a* in *alarm*.

A', prep. which signifies to, in, at, according to, on, by, for, and of; as *Voy á Madrid*, I am going to Madrid. *A' la Inglesa*, In the English fashion. *A' oriente*, In the east. *Jugar á los naipes*, To play at cards. *A' las ocho*, At eight o'clock. *A' ley de Castilla*, According to the law of Castile. *Vino á pie*, He came on foot. *Quien á hierro mata, á hierro muere*, He who kills by the sword, dies by the sword. *Dos á dos*, Two by two. *A' como vale la fanega?* á treinta reales, For how much a bushel? for thirty reals. *Este vaso huele a vino*, This glass smells of wine. *Real de á ocho*, Piece of eight. *V. REAL*—*A'* coalesces with the masculine article *el*, and instead of *á el*, as anciently used, *al* is now written, as *Al rey*, To the king. *Al papa*, To the pope. This masculine article is also used before the infinitive mood of verbs taken substantively, as *Al amanecer*, At the break of day. *Al ir yo alla*, When I was going there. —*A'* is equivalent to the limit or end of any place or time. *A' la cosecha pagare*, I shall pay at harvest-time. *Desde aquí á S. Juan*, From this to St. John's day. *Me llegaba el agua á la garganta*, The water was up to my throat.—*A'* sometimes signifies the motive or principle, as *A' instancia de la ciudad*, At the request of the city. *A' qué propósito?* To what purpose? —It also serves to express distributive numbers, as *A' perdiç por barba*, A partridge a head.—Before the infinitive mood, and at the beginning of a sentence, it has sometimes a conditional sense, as *A' decir verdad*, If we must speak the truth.—This preposition governs almost all parts of speech, whether substantives, adjectives, pronouns, or verbs: *A' los hombres*, To men. *De bueno á malo*, From good to bad. *A' mi, á ti, á vosotros*, To me, to thee, to you. *A' jugar*, To play.

Vamos á pasear, Let us take a walk.—It points out the person in whom the action of the verb terminates, and then is placed before the accusative or objective case, as

Amo á Pedro, I love Peter.—*A'* is still used in some phrases instead of *por*, *en*, *sin*, *para*, and *la*; and in obsolete writings for *con* and *de*.

—In composition it serves to convert substantives and adjectives into verbs, as *abocar* from *boca*, *ablandar* from *blando*. Formerly it was prefixed to many words, as *abajar*, *amar*, &c.; but being redundant, these words are now written *bajar*, *amar*, &c.—*A'* is frequently used adverbially, as *A' deshora*, Unseasonably. *A' diferencia de esto*, Contrary to this. *A' consecuencia de eso*, In consequence of that. *A' la verdad*, Truly. *A' lo menos*, At least. *A' sabiendo*, Knowingly. *A' veces*, Sometimes. *A' ojos vistas*, Plainly, publicly; barefacedly. *A' cuestas*, On the back, on the shoulders. *A' escondidas*, Privately, in a secret manner. *A' prueba de bomba*, Bomb-proof.—*A'* denotes the number, price, rate, manner of action, instrument, height, depth, &c., as *El gasto sube á cien pesos*, The expense amounts to a hundred dollars. *Se hizo el seguro á tres por ciento*, The insurance was effected at three per cent. *El azúcar se vende á tres pesos quinal*, or *el*, or *por quinal*, Sugar is sold at three dollars a hundred. *El se viste á la Española*, He dresses after the Spanish fashion. *Pasaron el río con el agua á la cintura*, They crossed the river with the water up to the waist. *No le llega el vestido á la rodilla*, His dress does not reach to his knees. *A' fe de hombre de bien*, On the faith of an honest man.

ABA'DA, *ah-bah'-dah*, *sf.* The female rhinoceros.

ABA'DEJO, *ah-bah-dai'-hoe*, *sm.* 1. Cod or cod-fish; properly Poor-jack. *Codus pollachius*, *L.* 2.

Yellow wren. *Motacilla trochilus*,

L. 3. (Obs.) Spanish fly.

ABA'DENGÓ, *ga*, *ah-bah-den'-go*, *gah*, *a*. Abbatial, belonging to an abbey.

ABA'DES, *ah-bah'-dess*, *sm. pl.* (Obs.) Spanish flies, cantharides.

ABA'DESA, *ah-bah-des'-sah*, *sf.* An abbess.

ABA'DI'A, *ah-bah-deel'-ah*, *sf.* 1. An abbey. 2. (Prov.) A parsonage-house.

ABA'DIA'DO, *ah-bah-dee-ah'-doe*, *sm.* (Obs.) Abbey-lands.

ABA'JADOR, *ah-bah-hah-dore'*, *sm.* 1. Stable-boy in mimes. 2. An abater, he that takes down.

ABA'JAMIENTO, *ah-bah-hah-me-en'-toe*, *sm.* (Obs.) 1. Dejection, casting down. 2. Abatement.

ABA'JA'RSE, *ah-bah-har'-say*, *vr.* To abase one's self.

ABA'JO, *ah-bah'-hoe*, *a*. Under, underneath, below. *Venirse abajo*, To fall, to tumble.

ABA'LADO, *da*, *ah-bah-lah'-doe*, *dah*, *a*. (Obs.) Spongy, soft.

ABA'LANZA'R, *ah-bah-lan-thar'*, *va*. 1. To balance. 2. To weigh, to compare.

ABA'BA, *ah-bah'-bah*, *sf.* Red poppy. *Papaver rhoas*, *L.* *V.* **BARBA**.

ABA'PA, *ah-bah'-bah*, *sf.* Red poppy. *Papaver rhoas*, *L.* *V.* **AMAPOLA**.

ABA'BOL, *ah-bah'-bole*, *sm.* *va*. 1. To debase, to revile, to un-