it is, or it is not so. Así fuera yo santo, como fulano es docto, If I were as sure of being a saint, as he learned. 3. Followed immediate by como, is equivalent to, in the same manner or proportion, as, A como la modestia atrae, así se huye la disolución, In the same propor-tion that modesty attracts, disso-luteness deters. But when the particle como is in the second part of the sentence, así is equal to so much. Así, así, So, so; midd ing Así que llego la noticia. As soon as the news arrived. Así que así, It matters not, whether this or that way. Así que asá or asado, let it be as it will. Así me estoy, It is all the same to me. Como así, Even so, just so, how so. Así como así, Así it is. Así, followed by a verb in the subjunctive mood, is translated, Would that—God grant that. Asi Dios guarde à V., And so that God

ASI

may preserve you.
ASIDE'RO, as-se-der'-o, sm. 1 ASIDE'RO, as-se-aer-o, suc. 1. Handle. 2. (Met.) Occasion, pretext. Asideros, (Nau.) Ropes with which vessels are hauled along the shore. ASIDI'I.I.A, as-se-dill-tyah, sf.

(Obs.) V. ASIDERO.
ASITOO, DA, as-see'-doe, dah, pp.
of Asir, Seized, grasped, laid hold
of.—a. Fastened, tied, attached. Fulano está asido á su propia opin-ion. He is wedded to his own opin-

ASIDUIDA'D, as-se-doo-e-dad', sf. Assiduity, assiduousness.
ASI'DUO, DUA, as-see-doo-o, ah.

s laborious. a. Assiduous, laborious.

ASIE'NTO, as-se-en'-toe, sm. 1.
Chair, or other seat. 2. Seat in a tribunal or court of justice. 3. Spot on which a town or building is or was standing. 4. Solidity of a building resulting from the reciprocal was standing. 4. Solidity of a building resulting from the reciprocal pressure of the materials upon each other. 5. Bottom of a vessel. 6. Sediment of liquors. 7. Treaty. 8. Contract for supplying an army, town, &c., with provisions, &c. 9. Entry, the act of registering or setting down in writing. 10. Judg. ting down in writing. 10. Judg-ment, prudence, discretion. 11. Dis-trict of the mines in South Ameri-ca. 12. List, roll. 13. Sort of pearls, flat on one side and round on the other. Hombre de asiento, A prudent man. Asientos de popa, (Nau.) francolins.
Stern seats in the cabin. Asiento del ASISTE estimago, Indigestion, erudity. ah, sf. 1. Actual presence. 2. ReAsiento de molino, Bed or lowest
stone in a mill. Dar or tomar asistone in Armill. Dar ento en las cosas, To let things take a regular course. Asientos, pl. 1. Posteriors, nates, seat. 2. Bindings at the wrists and necks of shirts. Yo asiento, yo asienta, from

Asentir V ASENTIR.) (Yo asiento, yo asie tar. V. Acertar.)

(Yo asierro, yo asierre, from Aserrar. V. ACERTAR.) ASIGNA'BLE, as-sig-nah'-blay,

ASIGNACIO'N, as-sig-nath-eon', sf. 1. Assignation. 2. Distribu-3. Destination. ASIGNA'DO, as-sig-nah'-doe, pp.

of Asignar, -s. Assignat.
ASIGNA'R, as-sig-nar', va. To assign, to mark out, to determine, o attribute.

ASIGNATU'RA, as-sig-nahtoor'-ah, sf. Catalogue of the lectures | tice at Seville. 8. The soldier who | knot.

oburse of a year.

ASI'LLA, as-sill-lyah, sf. dim.

1. A small handle. 2. A slight pre-lext.—pl. 1. The collar-bones of the breast. 2. Small hooks or keys employed in the different parts of an

organ.
ASILO, as-see'-lo, sm. 1. Asylum, sanctuary, place of shelter and refuge.
2. Harborage.
3. (Met.)
Protection, support, favor. 4. (Obs.) A sea-insect which pursues the

ASIME'SMO, as-se-mes'-mo, ad. V. ASIMISMO.
ASIMETRI'A, as-se-may-tree'-ah, sf. (Littl. us.) Without sym-

ASIMIE'NTO, as-se-me-en'-toe. sm. 1. (Obs.) Grasp, the act of seizing or grasping. 2. Attachment, affection.

ASIMILACIO'N, as-se-me-lah-hieh-on', sf. Assimilation.
ASIMILA'R, as-se-me-lar', vn.
To resemble, to be like.—va. To as-

ASIMILATIVO, VA, as-se-me-lah-tee'-vo, vah, a. Assimilating, having the power of rendering one thing like another.

ASI'MISMO, as-se'-mis-mo, ad.

Exactly so, in the same manner,

ASIMPLA'DO, DA, as-sim-plah'oe, dah, a. Like a simpleton, or

silly person.
ASI'N, ASI'NA, as-sin', as-sin'-

ah, ad. (Low.) V. Asr.

ASINA'RIAS, as-se-nar'-e-as, sf.
pl. Birds, in Brazil, which are very
ugly, and whose voice resembles

the braving of an ass.

do or say something.

ASISI'A, as-se-see-ah, sf. (Law
Obs.) Part of law proceedings containing the depositions of witnesses.
ASISO'N, as-se-sone', sm. (Prov.) Bird belonging to the family of

ASISTE'NCIA, as-sis-ten'-thiehhelp, comfort, furtherance. Asis-tencia de Sevilla, Appellation given to the chief magistracy of Seville.

Asistencias, Allowance made to any one for his maintenance and supiento, yo asienta, from one for his maintenance and sup-port; alimony. Se alquila un cuarto alhajado, con asistencia, ó sin ella, To let a furnished room, with or without board. Honreme V. con su asistencia, Please to honor me

with your company, (presence).

ASISTE'NTA, as-sis-ten'-tah, sf.

1. The wife of the chief magistrate of Seville. 2. Handmaid. 3. Serant-maid who waits on the maids of honor at court, and also on reli-

delivered in universities in the attends an officer as a servant, an

ASISTI'R, as-sis-tir', vn. 1. To e present, to assist. 2. To live in house, or frequent it much—va. 1. To accompany one in the execu-tion of some public act. 2. To minster, to further, to countenance. 3. To serve or act provisionally in the om of another. 4. To attend a

A'SMA, as'-mah, sf. The asthma. ASMA'R, as-mar', va. (Cbs.) To onsider; to estimate; to compare.

ASMA'TICO, ca, as-mah'-te-co, ah, a. Asthmatic, troubled with the asthma.

A'SNA, as'-nah, sf. A she-ass.

A'snas, Rafters of a house.
ASNA'CHO, as-nah'-tchoe, sm. Bot.) V. GATUÑA. ASNA'DA, as-nah'-dah, sf. A

ASNA'DO, as-nah'-doe, sm.
Large piece of timber with which
the sides and shafts in mines are secured.
ASNA'L, as-nal', a. 1. Asinine.

Brutal.
ASNA'LES, as-nal'-es, sm. pl. Obs.) Stockings larger and stronger

than the common sort. ASNA'LLO, as-nal'-lye-oh, sm.

(Bot.) V. GATUÑA.

ASNALME'NTE, as-nal-men'-tay, ad. 1. Foolishly, 2. Mounted

ASNA'UCHO, as-nah'-oo-tcho, sm. A sort of very sharp pepper of South America. ASNA'ZO, as-nath'-o, sm. augm.

1. A large jack-ass. 2. (Met.) A brutish, ignorant fellow. ASNERI'A, as-ner-ee-ai, sf. Coll.) Stud of asses. V. Asnada. Coll.) Stud of asses.

ASNERI'ZO, ASNE'RO, as-neree'-thoe, as-ner'-o, sm. (Obs.) Ass-

keeper.
ASNI'CO, ca., as-nee'-co, cah, s.
1. (Dim.) A little ass. 2. (Prov.)
Irons at the end of a fire-grate in which the spit turns.
ASNI'LLA, as-neel'-lyah, sf.

Stancheon or prop which supports a ruinous building.

ASNI'LLO, LLA, as-neel'-lyo, yah, s. dim. A little ass. Asnillo, Grasshopper, field-cricket. ASNI'NO, NA, as-nee'-no, nah, a.

(Coll.) Resembling an ass.

A'SNO, as'-no, sm. 1. An ass. 2.

(Met.) A dull, stupid, heavy fellow.

Asno de muchos, lobos le comen, Everybody's business is nobody's business. Cada asno con su tamano, Birds of a feather flock to-gether. No se hizo la miel para la boca del asno, It is not for asses to bick honey, we should not throw

ASOBARCA'R, va. To lift a weighty thing from the ground with one hand. ASOBINA'RSE, as-so-bin-ars'-

ny, vr. To fall down with a burden, that the head comes between he fore feet: applied to beasts of burden.

ASOCARRONA'DO, DA, as-socar-ro-nah'-doe, dah, a. Crafty, cun-

or nonor at court, and also of the military grownen of any of the military orders in their convents.

ASISTE'NTE, as-sis-ten'-tay, pa. MIE'NTO, sm. as-so-thieh-ath-e-on', as-so-thieh-ak-me-en'-toe. Association; fellowship, copartnership;

ASOCIA'DO, as-so-thieh-ah'-doe. em. Associate; comrade.—pp. of

ASOCIAR, as-so-thieh-ar', va To associate, to unite with another as a confederate, to conjoin.—vr. To accompany, to consociate, to consociate, to consort, to herd.

ASOLACIO'N, ASOLADU'RA. as-so-lath-e-on', as-so-lah-door'-ah, sf. Desolation, devastation. ASOLADO'R, RA, as-so-lah-dore',

th, s. A destroyer, desolater.
ASOLAMIE'NTO, as-so-lah-me-en'-toe, sm. Depopulation, destruc-

ASOLANA'R, as-so-lah-nar', va. To parch or dry up: applied to easterly winds.

ASOLA'R, as-so-lar', va. To level with the ground, to destroy, to waste, to harrow, to pillage, to devastate.—vr. To settle and get clear:

applied to liquors.

ASOLEA'R, as-so-lay-ar', va. To sun, to expose to the sun .- vr. To

ASOLVAMIE'NTO, as-sol-vahme-en'-toe, sm. Stoppage, the act of

ASOLVA'RSE, as-sol-cars'-say, vr. To be stopped: spoken of pipes, canals, &c., through which water is runn

ASOMA'DA, as-so-mah'-dah, sf. 1. Appearance, apparition. 2. (Obs.)
The spot whence any object is first

ASOMA'DO, DA, as-so-mah'-doe, ASOMA'IJO, DA, as-so-man-aoe, dah, a. Fuddled.—pp. of Asomar.
ASOMA'R, as-so-mar', vn. 1. To begin to appear, to become visible.
Asoma et diu, The day begins to peep. 2. (Nau.) To loom.—va. To show a thing, to make it appear.
Asomé la cateza à la ventana, 1 put pur based out of the vindor. my head out of the window .- vr.

To be flustered with wine,

ASOMBRADI'ZO, ZA, as-sombrah-deeth'-o, ah, a. Fearful, timid,
easily frightened.

ASOMBRADO'R, RA, as-sombrah-dore', ah, s. Terrifier, one who

ASOMBRAMIE'NTO, as-som-ASOMBRA'R, as-som-brar', va.
To frighten, to terrify. 2. To 1. To frighten, to terrify. 2. To astonish, to cause admiration. 3. Situation or position of a building, (Poet.) To shade, to darken, to obscure, to overshadow .- or To take and planets. A' primer aspecto, fright

ASO'MBRO, as-som-bre, sm. 1. Dread, fear, terror. 2. Amazement, astonishment, high admiration.

ASOMBROSAME'NTE, as-sombros-sah-men'-tay, ad. Amazingly, wonderfully, marvellously. ASOMBRO'SO, sa, as-som-bros-

so, sah, a. Wonderful, astonishing,

ASO'MO, as-so'-mo, sm. 1. Mark, token, sign. 2. Supposition, conjecture, surmise. Ni por asomo, Not in the least, by no means. ASONA'DA, as-so-nah'-dah, sf.

Tumultuous crowd of people. ASONADI'A, as-so-nah-dee'-ah, f. (Obs.) Tumultuous hostility. ASONA'NCIA, as-so-nan'-thieh-

ASONANTA'R, as-so-nan-tar' moroseness.

ASPERGES, as-per'-hess, sm. A consonant verses in Spanish poetry, Latin word used for aspersion or cak, a. (Med.) Asthenic.

which is inadmissible in modern

ASONA'NTE, as-so-nan'-tay, a Assonant, last word in a Spanish verse whose vowels are the same, from that in which the account those of the other word, with which t must accord.

ASONA'R, as-so-nar', vn. 1. To be assonant, to accord. 2. (Obs.) To unite in riots and tumultuous

ASORDA'R, as-sor-dar', va. Obs.) To deafen with noise.
ASOSEGA'R, va. ASOSEGA'R-

SE, vr. V. Sosegar. ASOTANA'R, as-so-tan-ar', va To vault, to make vaults or arched

A'SPA, as'-pah, sf. 1. A cross. 2 A reel, a turning frame. 3. Wings of a windmill. Aspa de cuenta, A lock-reel. Aspa de San Andres olored cross on the vellow cloak

of penitents by the Inquisition.
ASPA'DO, DA, as-palt-doe, dah, a. 1. (Obs.) Having the arms extended in the form of a cross, by way of penance or mortification. 2. Met.) Having one's arms confined ight clothes.—pp. of Aspar.
ASPADO'R, as-pah-dore, sm. A

ASPADO'R, RA, as-pah-dore, ah, Reeler, one who reels yarn, thread, or silk

or silk.

ASPALA'TO, as-pal-all-toe, sm.
(Bot.) Rosewood. Aspalathus, L.

ASPA'LTO, as-pal-toe, sm. 1.
Asphaltos. 2. V. Espalto.

Asphaltos. 2. V. Éspalto.
ASPAMIENTO, as-pah-me-entoe, sm. (Prov.) V. Aspantento.
ASPAR, as-part, va. 1. To reel, to gather yarn off the spindle, and form it into skeins. 2. To crucify.
3. (Met.) To vex or mortify. Asarse à gritos, To hoot, to cry out

ASPAVIE'NTO, as-pah-ve-en' toe, sm. 1. Dread, fear, consternation. 2. Astonishment, admiration expressed in confused and indis tinet words. Aspavientos, Boasts, brags, bravadoes.

ASPE'CTO, as-pec'-toe, sm. 1 Sight, appearance. 2. Look, as sect, countenance. 3. (Arch. al primer aspecto, At first sight. Tener buen o mal aspecto. To have a good or bad aspect; to be in a good

A'SPERAME'NTE, as'-per-ah-A'SI EKAMENTE, as-per-aumen'-tay, ad. Rudely, in a harsh manner, grumly, crabbedly, abruptly, obdurately, gruffly, currishly.

ASPEREA'R, as-per-ek-ar', vn.
To be rough and acrid to the taste. -va. (Obs.) To exasperate, to irri-

ASPERE'TE, as-per-eh'-tay, sm.

ASPEREZA, ASPERIDA'D, asper-eth'-ah, as-per-e-dad', sf. 1. As-perity; acerbity, acrimony, gall, ess. 2. Roughness, rugged-ASONA'NCIA, as-so-nan'-tutetah, sf. 1. Assonance, consonance. 2.
Harmony or connection of one thing
with another.

ASONA'NCIA, as-so-nan'-tutetthe ground, craggedness, gruffness.
3. Austerity, sourness, rigor or
harshness of temper, snappishness,
doe, as-ter'-o, sm. Roman pikeman ness, inequality or unevenne

sprinkling. Quedarse aspérges, To

e disappointed in one's expects one; not to understand an iota.

ASPERIE'GO, a., as-per-e-ay', gah, a. Applied to a sour apple
the pippin kind. the pippin kind.
ASPERI LLA, as per-ill-lyah, sf.

Bot.) A plant.

ASPERI'LLO, as-per-il'-lyo, sin.
The sourish taste of unripe fruit and other things,

ASPERILLO, LLA, as-per-il'-lyo,

ASPERITLLO, ILA, as-per-ill-lyo, lyah, a. dim. Tart, sourish.

ASPERO, asl-per-o, sm. A silver coin current in the Levant.

ASPERO, RA, asl-per-o, ah, a. 1.

Rough, rugged, cragged, grained, knotty; horrid. 2. (Met.) Harsh and unpleasing to the taste or ear, accrl; hard; crabbed. 3. (Met.) Severe, rigid, austere, gruff, crusty.

A'spera arteria. V. Traquiarteria.

ASPERON. as-ar-onl-sm. Grin.

Aspera arteria. V. Teaquiarrema ASPERO'N, as-per-on', sm. Grin die-stone or grind-stone. ASPERSIO'N, as-per-se-on', sf. Aspersion, the act of sprinkling. ASPERSO'RIO, as-per-sor'-e-o, sm. Water-sprinkler; instrument with which holy water is sprinkled in the church.

n the church.

n the church.

A'SPID, A'SPIDE, as pid, as very a small kind of serpent. Coluber aspis, L. 2.

Obs.) A sort of culverin. 3. (Met.)

Person of a very choleric temper.
ASPIRACION, as-pe-rathe-on,
sf. 1. Aspiration. 2. Inspiration,
the act of drawing in the breath. 3. Aspiration, pronunciation of a vew-el with full breath. 4. (Mus.) A short pause which gives only time

ASPIRADAME'NTE, as-pir-abdah-men'-tay, ad. With aspiration. ASPIRA'NTE, as-pir-an'-tay,

ASPIRAR, as-pe-rar, va. 1. To aspire, to covet. 8. To procounce a vowel with full breath.
ASQUEAR, as-kay-ar', va. To

nsider with disgust or dislike, to ASQUEROSAMENTE, as-ker-

s-sah-men'-tay, ad. Nastily, nau-ASQUEROSIDA'D, as-ker-os-sedad', sf. Nastiness, filthiness, foulness, fulsomeness, mawkishness.

ness, fulsomeness, mawkishness.

ASQUERO'SO, sa, as-ker-os'-so, sah, a. 1. Nasty, filthy, nauseously impure. 2. Loathsome, fastidious, disgusting, squeamish, fulsome.

ASQUIA, as'-ke-ah, sf. (Ichth.)

A kind of grayling or umber, a delicate fresh-water fish.

ASSTA and tak.

A'STA, as'-tah, sf. 1. Lance. 2. Part of the deer's head which bears the antlers; horn. 3. Handle of a pencil, brush. 4. (Nau.) Staff or ight pole erected in different parts of the ship, on which the colors are displayed. Asta de bandera de popa, Ensign-staff, Asta de bander proa, Jack-staff. Asta de tope, Flag-staff. Asta de bomba, Pump-spear staff. Asta de bomba, Pump-spear. Astas, Horns of animals, as bulls, &c. Darse de las astas, To snap and carp at each other.
ASTA'CO, as-tah'-co, sm. Lob-

ASTE'R, as-ter', sm. (Bot.) Star

AST

ASTERI'A, as-ter-ee'-ah, sf. Star-stone, a kind of precious stone.

2. Cat's-eye, a sort of false opal.

ASTERISCO, as-ter-is-co, sm. 1.

An asterisk, a mark in printing. (Bot.) Oxeye. Buphthalmum, L. ASTI'L, as-til', sm. 1. Handle o an axe, hatchet, &c. 2. Shaft of an arrow. 3. Beam of a balance. 4. (Obs.) Anything which serves to

pport another.
ASTILE'JOS, as-te-lay'-hose, sm.

. V. ASTILLEJOS. ASTILL'CO, as-til-ee'-co, sm. dim.

ASTI'LLA, as-til'-lyah, sf. Chip of wood, splinter of timber. 2. (Obs.) Reed or comb of a loom. 3. Astilla muerta de un bajel, (Nau.)
The dead rising of the floor-timbers of a ship. De tal palo, tal astilla, or astilla del mismo palo, A chip of the same block.
ASTILLA'R, as-til-lyar', va. To

ASTILLA'ZO, as-til-lyath'-o, sn 1. Crack, the noise produced by a splinter being torn from a block. 2. (Met.) The damage which results from an enterprise to those who have not been its principal authors

and promoters.

ASTILLE'JOS, as-til-lyay'-hose. sm. pl. (Astr.) Castor and Pollux,

two brilliant stars.
ASTILLE'RO, as-til-lyer'-o, sm. 1. Rack on which lances, spears, pikes, &c. are placed. 2. One who Astillero de construccion, Ship-wright's yard, dock-yard. 4. (Obs. Bottom of the ship. Poner en as-tillero, (Met.) To place one in an

onorable post.
ASTRA'GALO, as-trah'-gah-lo sm. 1. (Arch.) Astragal, an ornament at the tops and bottoms of columns. 2. (Gunn.) A kind of ring or moulding on a piece of ord-nance. 3. (Bot.) Milk-vetch.

ASTRA'L, as-tral', a. Astral, that which belongs to the stars.
ASTRA'NCIA, as-tran'-thieh-ah,

sf. (Bot.) Master-wort. ASTRE'A, as-tray'-ah, sf. Astrea,

the goddess of justice.

ASTRICCIO'N, ASTRINGE'NCIA, as-tric-thieh-on', as-trin-hen'thich-ah, sf. Astriction, compression.
ASTRICTIVO, va, as-tric-teeah a Astrictive, styptic.

ASTRICTO, TA, as-tric'-toe, tah, Contracted, compressed. Determined, resolved .- pp. irr. o

ASTRIFERO, RA, as-trif'-er-oh, h, (Poet.) Starry, full of stars.
ASTRINGE'NTE, as-trin-hen'-

tay, a. Astringent.
ASTRINGI'R, as-trin-hir', a. To astringe, to contract, to compress.

A'STRO, as'-tro, sm. 1. Luminous

body of the heavens, such as the sun, moon, and stars. 2. Illustrious

persons of uncommon merit.

ASTROGRA'FIA, as-tro-grah'fe-ah, sf. Astrography, the science of describing the stars

ASTROTTE, as-tro-e'-tay, sm ASTROLA'BIO, as-tro-lah'-be-o

em. Astrolabe, an instrument chiefly used for taking the altitude of stars at sea; Jacob's staff. ATABACA'DO, DA, ah-tah-bah-

sf. Astrology.
ASTROLO'GICO, ca, ASTRO-LOGO, ca, as-tro-lo-he-co, cah, as-tro-lo-lo-go, gah, a. Astrological, that which belongs to astrology.

ASTRO'LOGO, as-tro'-lo-go, sm Astrologer: ASTROLO'GICAME'NTE, as tro-lo'-he-cah-men'-tay, ad. Astrolo-

ASTRONOMI'A, as-tro-no-mee'

ah, sf. Astronomy.
ASTRONO'MICAME'NTE, asro-no'-me-cah-men'-tay, ad. Astro-

ASTRONO'MICO, CA, as-tro-no'me-co, cah, a. Astronomical, that which belongs to astronomy.

ASTRO'NOMO, as-tro'-no-mo,

m. Astronomer.
ASTROSAME/NTE, as-tros-sah-

en'-tay, ad. Slovenly, in a coarse, nttish manner. ASTRO'SO, SA, as-tros'-so, sah, a. (Coll.) Indecent, sordid, base,

2. (Obs.) Unfortunate. ASTUCIA, as-tooth'-e-ah, sf. unning, craft, finesse, slyness. ASTURIO'N, as-too-re-on', sm. A pony, a small horse. 2. (Ichth.)

ASTUTAMEINTE, as-too-tahen'-tay, ad. Cunningly, craftily,

ioningly, jesuitically.
ASTUTO, TA, as-too'-toe, tah, a stute, cunning, sly, crafty, frau-

ASUBIAR, as-soo-be-ar', on. (Prov.) To guard against the rain. (Yo asueldo, from Asoldar. V.

Acordar.)
(Yo asuelo, yo asuele, from Aso-V. Acordar.) (Yo asueno, from Asonar. V.

ASUE!TO. as-soo-eh'-toe, Holyday for school-boys and stu-

deeth-o, ah, a. Applied to a person easily frightened.

ASULCA'R, as-sool-car', va Obs.) V. SURCAR. ASUMI'R, as-soo-mir', va. To as-

end, to assume any dignity.-vr. ASUNCIO'N, as-soon-thieh-on',

Assumption. 2. Elevation to a higher dignity. 3. Ascent of the Holy Virgin to heaven. 4. As-sumption, the thing supposed, a ASU'NTO, as-soon'-toe, sm. Subect, the matter or thing treated

ATACHONA'DO, DA, ah-tah-tcho-nah'-doe, dah, a. (Obs.) Button-ASURAMIE'NTO, as-soor-ah me-en'-toe, sm. The act of burning, and the state of being burnt; ap

ATAOFRAS, st. pl. ATADE'-ROS, sm. pl. ah-tah-der'-as, ah-tah-der'-os. (Prov.) Garters. orn before it is reaped. ASURA'RSE, as-soor-ars'-say, vr. 1. To be burnt in the pot or pan: applied to meat. 2. To be parched with drought.

ASURCA'R, as-soor-car', va. To furrow sown land, in order to kill ASU'SO, as-soo'-so, ad. (Obs.) ASUSTADI'ZO, za, as-soos-tah-

> ATADI'JO, 1'TO, ah-tah-dee-hoe, dee'-toe, sm. dim. (Coll.) An ill-shaped little bundle or parcel.

ASUSTA'R, as-soos-tar', va. To frighten, to terrify.—vr. To be ATABA'CA, ah-tah-bah'-cah, sf. tah, a. dim. Somewhat cramped or contracted; a little bundle.

ASTROLOGI'A, as-tro-lo-hee'-ah, cah'-doe, dah, a. Having the color of ATABA'L, ah-tah-bal', sm. 1.

Kettle-drum. 2. V. Atabalero. ATABALEA'R, ah-tah-bal-ay-, on. To imitate the noise of kettle-drums: applied to horses.
ATABALE JO, ATABALE TE,

ATABALPLLO, ah-tah-bal-ay-

ATABALERO, ah-tah-bal-er-o, Kettle-drummer.

ATABANA'DO, DA, ah-tah-bahah-doe, dah, a. Spotted white: ap-ATABARDILLA'DO, DA, ah-

tah-bar-dil-lyah'-doe, dah, a. Applied to diseases of the nature of

ATABE, ah-tah'-bay, sn. A small vent or spiracle left in waterpipes.
ATABERNA'DO, DA, ah-tah-ber-

ATABERNA'DO, DA, an-tun-ver-nah'-doe, dah, a. Retailed in tav-erns; applied to liquors. ATABILLA'R, ah-tah-bil-tyar', va. To fold a piece of cloth so that the selvages are open to view on

ATABLADERA, ah-tah-blah der'-ah, sf. A kind of roller or level-ling board to level land sown with

ATABLA'R, ah-tah-blar', va. To level land sown with corn by means of a levelling board. ATACADE'RA, ah-tah-cah-der-

th, sf. Rammer used in splitting s with gunpowder.

ATACATO, DA, ah-tah-caht-doe, dah, a. 1. (Met.) Irresolute, inconstant, undecided. 2. (Met.) Close, miserable, narrow-minded. Calzas atacadas, Breeches formerly worn in Spain. Hombre de calzas atacadas, A strict and rigid observer of old

customs.—pp. of ATAGAR.
ATACADOR, ah-tah-cah-dore,
sm. 1. Aggressor, he that invades or attacks. 2. Ramrod or rammer for

ATACADURA, sf. ATACAMI-ATACAMI-E'NTO, sm. ah-tah-eah-doo'-rah, ah-tah-eah-me-en'-toe. (Obs.) Stricture, act and effect of tightening. ATACA'R, ah-tah-ear', va. 1. To

fit clothes tight to the body. 2. To force the charge into fire-arms. 3. To attack, to assault, to fall upon, to come upon. Atacar bien la plaza, (Coll.) To cram or stuff glutton-

ed, laced.
ATACO'LA, ah-tah-co'-lah sf. A

ATADE'RO, ah-tah-der'-o, sm. 1. Cord or rope, with which some-thing may be tied. 2. The place where a thing is tied. No tener atalero, To have neither head nor tail: applied to a discourse without meaning, and to the person utter-

ATADITO, TA, ah-tah-aee-toe,

ATA'DO, ah-tah'-doe. sm. Bun-

dle, parcel. Atado de cebollas, I ATA'DO, DA, ah-tah'-doe, dah, a

Pusillanimous, easily embarrassed, good for nothing.—pp. of Atar.

ATADO'R, ah-tah-dore', sm. 1. He who ties. 2. Binder, a mar who binds sheaves of corn.

ATADU'RA, ah-tah-dod-rah, sf 1. Alligation, the act of tving to gether; confixure, 2. (Obs.) Tie fastening, 3. (Met.) Union, connection. Atdura de galeotes y presos, A number of prisoners tied together, to be conducted to the

galleys.
ATAFAGAR, ah-tah-fah-gar', va. 1. To stupefy, to deprive of the use of the senses. 2. (Met.) To tease, to molest by incessant impor-

ATAFETANA'DO, DA, ah-tahfay-tan-ah'-doe, dah, a. Resembling tiffany, a light thin silk. ATHA RRE, ah-tah-ar'-ray,

sm. The broad crupper of a pack-

ATAHO'RMA, ah-tah-or'-mah, eagle, Falco ossifragus, L. eagle. Falco ossifragus, L.
ATAIFO'R, ATAIFORI'CO, ah-

tah-e-fore, ah-tah-e-fo-ree-eo, sm. (Obs.) Round table; deep plate. ATAIRA'R, ah-tah-e-rar', va. To cut mouldings in the panels and frames of doors and windows.

ATATRE, ah-tah'-e-ray, Moulding in the panels and frames

of doors and windows.
ATAJADI'ZO, ah-tah-hah-deeth'o, sm. Partition of boards, linen. &c., by which a place or ground is divided into separate parts. Ataiadizo de la caja de agua, (Nau.)

The manger-board.
ATAJADO'R, ah-tah-hah-dore, sm. 1. (Obs.) One that intercepts or stops a passage, or obstructs the progress of another. 2. (Mil.) Scout. 3. Atajador de ganado, A

sheep-thief.
ATAJA'R, ah-tah-har'. vn. To go the shortest way; to cut off part of the road.—va. 1. To overtake flying beasts or men, by cutting off part of the road, and thus getting before them. 2. To divide or separate by partitions. 3. To intercept, stop, or obstruct the course of a stop, or obstruct the course of a thing. 4. Atajar ganado, To steal sheep. 5. Atajar la tierra, To re-connoitre the ground.—vr. To be confounded with shame, dread, or

ATAJASOLA'CES, ah-tah-hahess, sm. A disturber of a

ATAJE'A, ATAJI'A, ah-tah-hay'-ah, ah-tah-hee'-ah, sf. V.

(Obs.) A separate part of a flock.

5. Ward or guard made by a weapon in fencing.

6. (Obs.) Agreemens, expedient, means taken to

To stick to the letter of the text. conclude any difference or dispute. No hay atajo sin trabajo, There is no conveniency without some in-conveniency. 7. Obstruction. Sa-lir al atajo, To interrupt another's words what he was going to say in ATARACEAR, ah-tar-ath-ay-words what he was going to say in

ATALADRA'R, ah-tah-lar drar', va. (Obs.) To bore. V. Ta

ATA

LADRAE.
ATALANTA'R. ah-tal-an-tar'. va. (Obs.) To stun, to stupefy.—vn.
To agree, to accord; to be pleased.
ATALA'YA, ah-tal-ah'-jah, sf.

 Watch-tower, which overlooks the adjacent country and sea-coast Height, whence a considerable tract of country may be overlooked.
 Guard, placed in a watch-tower to keep a watchful eye over the adjacent country and sea-coast.

ATALAYADO'R, RA, ah-tal-ahjah-dore, ah, s. 1. Guard or sentry stationed in a watch-tower. 2.

tower or eminence. 2. To spy or pry into the actions of others.

ATALVINA, ah-tal-vee-nah, sf.

V. TALVINA.

ATAMIE'NTO, ah-tah-me-en'toe, sm. 1. (Coll.) Pusillanimity, neanness of spirit, want of cour-2. (Obs.) Embarrassment,

ATANA'SIA, ah-tah-naht-se-ah, sf. 1. (Bot.) Costmary or alecost. Tanacetum balsamita, L. 2. Amongst printers, a sort of type between Pica and English Roman. ATANCA'R, ah-tan-car', va.

(Obs.) V. Apperar.
ATANO'R, ah-tan-ore', sm.
(Prov.) A siphon or tube for con-

veying water. ATANQUI'A, ah-tan-kee'-ah, sp 1. Depilatory, a sort of ointment, to take away hair; mixture of orpiment and lime. 2. Refuse of silk which cannot be spun.
ATANE'R, ah-tan-nye-er'.

imp. To belong, to appertain.

ATAQUE, ah-tah-kay, sm. 1.

Attack, onset. 2. Trenches, made to cover troops, which besiege a place. 3. Fit of the palsy, apoplexy, &c. 4. (Met.) Verbal dis-

ATAQUI'ZA, ah-tah-keeth'-ah, of. The act of provining or laying a branch of a vine in the ground to ake root.

ATAQUIZA'R, ah-tah-keeth-ar', va. To provine or lay a branch of a vine in the ground to take root. ATA'R, ah-tar', va. 1. To tie, to bind, to fasten, to knit; to lace. 2. (Met.) To deprive of motion, to stop. Atar bien su dedo, To take care of one's self, to be attentive to one's own interest. Al atar de los trapos, At the close of the accounts. Loco de atar, A fool or a madman that should wear a strait-waistcoat. ATAPJO, ah-tah'-hoe, sm. 1. Cut by which a road or path is shortened. 2. (M.) A string of mules. 3. (Obs.) Partition, division. 4. (Obs.) A saparete part of a flock. fine one's self to some certain subject or matter. Atarse à la letra,
To stick to the letter of the text.

down by promise.

ATARACE'A, ah-tar-ath-ay'-ah, sf. Marquetry, checker, checkerwork; inlaid work.

ATARACE'A ah-tar-ath-ay'-ah, ah-tah-oo-hee'-ah, sf.

ATARANTA'DO, DA, ah-tar-an-

ATARANTA'DO, DA, ah-tar-an-tah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Bit by a taran-tah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Bit by a taran-tala. 2. Having a tremulous head and hand, as if bit by a tarantula. 3. (Met.) Surprised, astonished, amazed. 4. Harum-searum, wild.
ATARA'XIA, ah-tar-ac'-se-ah, sf. 1. (Littl. us.) Ataraxia, ataraxy.
ATARAZA'NA, ah-tar-ath-an-ah, sf. ATARAZANA'L, ah-tar-ath-an-al', sm. 1. Arsenal, a public doek-yard. 2. Shed in rope-walks, for the spinners to work under for the spinners to work under cover. 3. Cellar, where wine is

ept in casks. ATARAZA'R, ah-tar-ath-ar', va. stationed in a watch-tower. 2.
(Met.) Observer; investigator.
ATALAYA'R, ah-tal-ah-yar', va.
1. To overlook and observe the country and sea-coast from a watch-tower or eminence. 2. To spread

To task, to impose a task, to exercise. —vr. To overdo one's self, to labor or work with great application ATA'RFE, ah-tar-fay, sm. V.

TARAY.
ATARJE'A, ah-tar-hay'-ah, sf. 1. A small vault over the pipes of an aqueduct, to prevent them from receiving hurt. 2. A small sewer

ATARQUINAR, ah-tar-kin-ar. va. To bemire, to cover with mire.

vr. To be bemoiled, to be covered

ATARRA'GA, ah-tar-rah'-gah,

(Bot.) V. OLIVARDA. ATARRAGA'R, ah-tar-rah-gar', a. To fit a shoe to a horse's foot.
ATARRAJA'R, ah-tar-rah-har',

po-qah-me-en-toe, sm. (Low) Act and effect of wedging.

ATARUGA'R, ah-tar-oo-gar', va. 1. To fasten or straifen with wedges. 2. To stop with wedges. 3. (Met.) To silence and confound a personnerson.

ATASAJA'DO, DA, ah-tas-sah-iah'-doe, dah, a. (Coll.) Stretched cross a horse.—pp. of Atasajar. ATASAJA'R, ah-tas-sah-har', va. Fo cut meat into small pieces, and dry it by the sun, in imitation of

ATASCADE/RO, ATASCAMI-ENTO, ah-tas-cah-der-o, ah-tas-cah-me-en-t-oe, sm. 1. A deep miry place, in which carriages, horses, dec. stick fast. 2. (Met.) Obstruc-

ATASCA'R, ah-tas-car', va. 1. Nau.) To stop a leak. 2. (Met.) To hrow an obstacle in the way of an undertaking.—or. 1. To stick in a deep miry place. 2. (Met.) To stop short in a discourse, unable to pro-

ATA'XIA, ah-tac'-se-ah, sf. (Med.) Ataxia, ataxy.

ATAU'D, th-tuh-ood', sm. 1. Coffin in which dead bodies are put in

o the ground, hearse. 2. (Obs.) A

Damaskeening, the art of adorning metals with inlaid work.

ATAUJIA'DO, DA, ah-tah-oo-heah'-doe, dah, a. Damaskeened.

ATAVIA'DO, DA, ah-tah-ve-ah'doe, dah, a. Ornamented, ornated. p. of Ataviar. ATAVIA'R, ah-tah-ve-ar', va. To

ATE

lress out, to trim, to adorn, to embellish, to accoutre.

ATAVI'O, ah-tah-vee -o, sm. The

dress and ornament of a person, ac dress and ornanciate of a percent contrement, finery, gear.

ATEDIA'R, ah-tay-de-ar', va. To disgust or displease, to consider with disgust.—vr. To be vexed, to

ATEISMO, ah-tay-is'-mo, sm.

ATEISTA, ah-tay-is'-tah, sm.

Atheist; heathen.
ATEMORIZA'R, ah-tay-mor-ithar', va. To terrify, to strike with

rror, to daunt. ATE/MPA, ah-tem'-pa, sf. (Obs.) Pasture in plains and open fields.
ATEMPERACIO'N, ah-tem-per ath-e-on', sf. The act and effect of

ATEMPERA'R, ah-tem-per-ar'. va. 1. To temper, to form metals to a proper degree of hardness. 2. To soften, to mollify, to assuage; to cool. 3. To accommodate, to modify.

cool. 3. To accommodate, to modify.

ATEMPORA'DO, DA, ah-tempor-ah'-doe, dah, a. (Obs.) Alternate, serving by turns.

ATENAZA'R, ATENAZEA'R, ah-ten-ath-ar', ah-ten-ath-ay-ar', va.

To tear off the flesh with pincers.

ATENCIO'N, ah-ten-thich-on', sf.

1. Attention, the act of being attentive; heed, heedfulness, mindfulness. 2. Civility, kindness, complaisance, courteousness, obser-vance. 3. In the wool-trade, a contract of sale, whereby the price is not determined. En atencion, At anding; in consideration.

ATENDE'R, ah-ten-der', vn. 1

To attend or be attentive, to mind or to fix the mind upon a subject 2. To heed, to hearken. 3. To expect, to wait or stay for; to look at

ATENE'R, ah-ten-er', vn. (Obs.) 1. To walk at the same pace with another. 2. To guard, to observe.—
or. To stick or adhere to one for greater security. Atenerse à alguna

ATENTACIO'N, ah-ten-tath-e on', sf. (Law) Procedure contrary to the order and form prescribed by

the laws.

ATENTADAME'NTE, ah-ten-tah-dah-men'-tay, ad. 1. Prudently, considerately. 2. Contrary to law. ATENTA'DO, DA, ah-ten-tah',
doe, dah, a. 1. Discreet, prudent,
moderate. 2. Done without noise,
and with great circumspection.—

PP. of ATENTAR. ATENTA'DO, ah-ten-tah'-doe, sm. 1. (Law) Proceeding of a judge not warranted by the law. 2. Ex-

cess, transgression, offence.
ATENTAME'NTE, ah-ten-tahion offence men'tay, ad. 1. Attentively, with attention, mindfully. 2. Civilly, politely, obligingly, observingly.

ATENTA'R, ah-ten-tar', va. 1.

To attempt to commit any crime.

2. To try with great circumspection.

—vr. (Obs.) To proceed with the utmost circumspection in the execu
the stuff; to overstock, to clog. 2. To stuff; to crowd. 3. To fill up pipes or butts of wine. 4. To attest, to witness. 5. (Prov.) V

tion of an enterprise.

ATENTATORIO, RIA, ah-ten-

ATE'NTO, TA, ah-ten'-toe, tah, a Attentive, bent upon a thing, listful, heedful; observing; mindful. 2. Polite, civil, courteous, mannerly, compliant, complaisant, considerate; notable.—pp. irr. of Atender. Atento, In consideration.

ATENUACIO'N, ah-tay-noo-athon', sf. 1. Attenuation, the act of naking thin or slender. 2. Ma-

ATENUA'R, ah-tay-noo-ar', va. To attenuate, to render thin and slender; to diminish, to lessen, to

ATE'O, ah-tay'-o, sm. V. ATE-

ATERCIANA'DO, DA, ah-ter-thieh-ah-nah'-doe, dah, a. Afflicted with a tertian or intermitting fever.

ATERCIOPELA'DO, DA, ah-ter-thieh-o-pel-ah'-doe, dah, a. Velvet-like, resembling velvet.

ATERI'CIA, ah-ter-eeth'-e-ah, sf. ATERICIA'RSE, ah-ter-eeth-e-

ar'-say, V. ATIRICIARSE.

ATERI'DO, DA, ah-ter-ee'-doe,
dah, a. Stiff with cold.—pp. of

ATERIMIE'NTO, ah-ter-o-mev-toe, sm. Act of growing stiff with ATERIRSE, ah-ter-irs'-say, vr

o grow stiff with cold. ATERNERA'DO, DA, ah-ter-ner

ATERNAMENTO, BA, un-ter-ner-uh'doe, dah, a. Calf-like.
ATERRAMIENTO, ah-ter-rah-me-en'-toe, sm. 1. Ruin, destruction.
2. Terror, communication of fear-ATERRA'R, ah-ter-par', va. 1.
To destroy, to pull or strike down;
to prostrate. 2. To terrify, to apal, to cause terror or dismay. Nau.) To stand in shore, to keep

the land on board.

ATERRONA'R, ah-ter-roe-nar' va. To clod, to gather into concre

ATERRORIZA'R, ah-ter-ror-ith ar', va. To frighten, to terrify.

ATESA'R, ah-tes-sar', va. 1.

(Obs.) To harden or stiffen a thing.

(Nau.) To haul taught. ATESORADO'R, ah-tes-sor-ah-

ore', sm. A hoarder.
ATESORA'R, ah-tes-sor-ar', va. 1. To treasure or hoard up riches, to lay in, to lay up. 2. To possess nany amiable qualities.

many amiable qualities.

ATESTACIO'N, ah-tes-tath-e-on', Attestation, testimony, evidence. ATESTA'DO, DA, ah-tes-tah'-doe, a. 1. Attested, witnessed. V. Testarudo.—pp. of Atestar.
ATESTA'DOS, ah-tes-tah'-dos,

ATESTADURA, ah-tes-tah-aos, sm. pl. Certificates, testimonials.
ATESTADURA, ah-tes-tah-doo-rah, sf. 1. The act of cramming or stuffing. 2. Must, poured into pipes and butts, to supply the

ATESTAMIENTO, ak-tes-tak-me-en-tice, sm. (Obs.) The act of cramming or stuffing.

ATESTA'R, ah-tes-tar', va. 1. To cram, to stuff; to overstock, to clog. 2. To stuff, to crowd. 3. To attest, to witness. 5. (Prov.) V

ATESTIGUACIO'N, 8f. ATESto the order and form prescribed by the laws.

Alternation of the laws and form prescribed by the laws.

Alternation of the laws and form prescribed by the laws.

Alternation of the laws and l

ATESTIGUA'R, ah-tes-te-gwar', a. To depose, to witness, to attest, a affirm as a witness, to give evience. Atestiguar con alguno, To eite or summon one as a witness.
ATETA'DO, DA, ah-tay-tah'-doe,

lah, a. Mammillated, mammiform. of ATETAR.

pp. of Ateras. ATETA'R, ah-tay-tar', va. To

ATETILLA'R, ah-tay-til-lyar', a. To dig a trench around the oots of trees.

ATEZATO, DA, ah-teth-ah'-doe,

lah, a. Black.—pp. of ATEZAMIE'NTO, ah-teth-ah-ah-teth-ah-toe, sm. The act and effect of

ATEZA'R, ah-teth-ar', va. To blacken, to make black.—vr. To grow black.

ATIBORRA'R, ah-te-bor-rar', va. . To stuff or pack up close with ocks of wool, tow, &c. 2. To cram with victuals.
ATICI'SMO, ah-teeth-is'-mo, sm.

1. Atticism, a concise manner of speech, 2. Nice, witty, and polite

A'TICO, OA, ah'-te-co, cah, a. 1. Attic, elegant, poignant: applied to wit and humor. 2. (Obs.) Superior to objection or confutation. Testigo ático, An irrefragable witness. 3. Jpper part of a building.
ATICU'RGA, ah-te-coor'-gah, sf.

Base of an attic column.
(Yo atiendo, from Atender. V. ATENDER.)

(Yo atierro, yo atierre, from Aterar. V. Acertar.)
(Yo atiesto, yo atieste, from Ates-

tar. V. ACERTAR.) (Yo atiento, from Atentar. V

ATIESAR, ah-te-es-sar', va. To

make hard or stiff.

ATIFLE, ah-tee'-flay, sm. An instrument in the shape of a trevet, which potters place between earthen vessels, to prevent them from sticking to each other in the kiln or

ATIGRATIO, DA, ah-te-grah'-doe, dah, a. Tiger-colored, resembling the skin of a tiger. ATILDADU'RA, ah-til-dah-dod-

rah, sf. 1. (Obs.) Dress, attire, prnament. 2. (Obs.) Culture of the mind, good-breeding. 8. Punctua-

ATILDA'R, ah-til-dar', va. 1. To out a dash or stroke over a letter. To censure the speeches and actions of others. 8. To deck, to

ATINADAME'NTE, ah-te-nandah-men'-tay, ad. 1. Cautiously, judiciously, prudently. 2. Pertinently, ppositely, to the purpose. 3. Con-iderately, consideringly. ATINA'R, ah-te-nar, vn. 1. To

ouch the mark, to reach the point 2. To hit upon a thing by conjecture, to guess. 3. To find out.

ATINCA'R, ah-tin-car', sm. Tincal: when refined, it is the borax of

ATIPLAR, ah-te-plar, va. To raise the sound of a musical instru-ment.—or. To grow very sharp or acute: applied to the sound of a musical instrument. ATIRANTAR, ah-te-ran-tar,

va. (Arch.) To fix collar-beams in s

ATIRICIA'RSE, ah-te-rith-e-ars-eay, vr. To grow jaundiced, to be infected with the jaundice. ATISBADE'RO, ah-tis-bah-der'-

ATISBADO'R, RA, ah-tis-bahdors, ah, s. A person who pries into the business and actions of

others.
ATISBADU'RA, ah-tis-bah-doo'

ATISBADURA, antics-ban-dar-rah, st. The act of prying into the business and actions of others. ATISBAR, ah-tis-bar', va. 1. To scrutinize, to pry, to examine close-ly. 2. To watch, to waylay. ATISUADO, DA, ah-tis-soo-ah-

doe, dah, a. Tissue-like.
ATIZADE'RO, ah-tith-ah-der'oh, sm. Exciter, the thing which ex-

ATIZADO'R RA. ah-tith-ah-dore ah, s. 1. One who stirs up or incites others. 2. Poker, an instrument to stir the fire. 3. In oil-mills, the person who puts the olives under the mill-stone. 4. In glass

houses, he who supplies the furnace with wood or coals; feeder.

ATIZA'R, ah-tith-ar', va. 1. To stir the fire with a poker. 2. (Met.) To stir up or rouse and incite the passions. Atizar la lampara or e passions. Alter the tampere of candil, To raise the lamp wick, and fill it with oil. Aticar la lampara, (Coll.) To fill the glasses. Pedro por qui atiza? Por gozar de la cenipor que atiza? For yozar ac za, Why does Peter sow? Because

he expects to reap.
ATIZONA'R, ah-tith-on-ar', va. To join bricks and stones close to-gether, and fill up the chinks in a wall with mortar and brickbats. vr. To be smutted: applied to

ATLA'NTE, ah-tlan'-tay, sm. He of men, sometimes used instead of

A'TLAS, ah'-tlas, sm. 1. Atlas, collection of maps. 2. (Anat.) At-las, the name of the first cervical vertebra. 3. (Com.) A kind of rich silk, manufactured in the East In-

ATLE'TA, ah-tlay'-tah, sm. Athlete, wrestler, he who wrestles.
ATLE/TICO, ca, ah-tlay/-te-co, cah, a. Athletic, belonging to wrest-

ATMO'SFERA, at-mos'-fer-a, sf. Atmosphere, the air.
ATMOSFE'RICO, ca, at-mos-

r'-e-co, cah, a. Atmospherical. ATOA'JE, ah-toe-ah'-hay, sm.

ATOA'R, ah-toe-ar', va. (Nau.) To tow a vest by the help of a

rope.
ATOBA'R, ah-toe-bar', va. (Ohs.) To astonish, to cause admiration.

ATO'CHA, ah-toe'-t2'ah, sf.
(Bot.) Tough feathergrass bass-

weed. Stipa tenacissima, L. ATOCHAL, ATOCHA'R, ah-totchal', ah-toe-tchar', sm. A field where bass-weed grows. ATOCHA'R ah-toe-tehar na To

fill with bass-weed.
ATOCHO'N, ah-toe-tehone', sm. (Bot.) Name of the tender panicle of the tough feathergrass.

ATOCINA'DO, DA, ah-toe-thiehATORMENTAR.

nah'-doe, dah, a. (Low) Corpulent,

fat, fleshy.—pp. of Atocinar.

ATOCINAR, ah-toe-thieh-nar,
va. 1. To cut up a pig. 2. (Met.)
To assassinate or murder.—vr. Low) To swell with anger and

rage, to be exasperated.

ATO'LE, ah-toe'-lay, sm. (M.) A gruel made by boiling Indian corn,

gruei made by boiling indian corn, or maize, pounded to flour, in water, and also in milk.

ATOILLADERO, ah-tol-lyah-der-o, sm. 1. A deep miry place. 2.
(Met.) Obstacle, impediment, ob-

ATOLLA'R, ah-tol-lyar', vn. To fall into the mire, to stick in the mud.—vr. (Met.) To be involved in great difficulties

great difficulties.

ATOLONDRA'DO, DA, ah-toelon-drah'-doe, dah, a. Harebrained,
conceitless, madbrain, giddy,
thoughtless, careless, heedless; harum-scarum.—pp. of AtoLondran ATOLONDRAMIE'NTO, al

toe-lon-drah-me-en'-toe, sm. Stupe faction, the act and effect of stupe fying, consternation.
ATOLONDRA'R, ah-toe-lon

drar', va. To stun, to stupefy, to confound, to render stupid.—vr. To stupefied, to grow dull or stu

ATOMI'SMO, ah-toe-mis'-mo. sm. Atomism, the atomical philo-

ophy.
ATOMI'STA, ah toe-mis'-tah, sm. Atomist, one who holds the atomi-cal philosophy, or the system of

ATOMI'STICO, ca, ah-toe-mis'e-co, cah, a. Atomical, consisting of

A'TOMO, ah'-toe-mo, sm. 1 Atom, corpuscle, ace, mote. 2 Any thing extremely small. No es who bears the weight of government, in allusion to Atlas. Atlan-tes, (Arch.) Figures or half-figures to one's orders and instructions Reparar en un átomo, To remarl the minutest actions. ATLA'NTICO, ah-tlant-te-co, a. Minute parts seen by a solar ray in

any place.
ATONDA'R, ah-ton-dar', va. To pur a horse ATONI'A, ah-toe-nee-ah, (Med.) Atony, weakness, debility. ATO'NITO, та, ah-toe-nee-toe, tah, a. Astonished, amazed.

ATONTADAME'NTE, ah-ton-tah-dah-men'-tay, ad. Foolishly,

ATONTA'DO, DA, ah-ton-tah'-loe, dah, a. Mopish, foolish, stupid. -pp. of Atontar. ATONTAMIE'NTO, ah-ton-tah-

ne-en'-toe, sm. Obstupefaction, the et of stupefying, and state of being

ATONTA'R, ah-ton-tar', va. To stun, to stupefy, to flatten, to confound.—vr. To be stupid, to grow

ATO'RA, ah-tor'-ah, sf. (Obs.)

Law of Moses.

ATORA'RSE, ah-tor-ar'-say, vr.

1. To stick in the mire. 2. To fit closely the bore of a cannon: applied to a ball. 3. To choke, to

ATORMENTADAME'NTE, ahor-men-tah-dah-men'-tay, ad. Anx-ously, tormentingly.

ATORMENTADO'R, RA, al-tormen-tah-dore', ah, s. Tormentor.
ATORMENTA'R, ah-tor-men-tar', va. 1. To torment, to give pain. 2. (Met.) To cause affliction, pain, or vexation. 3. To rack or torment

ATORNILLA'R, ah-tor-nil-lyar',

ATOROZONA'RSE, ah-tor-othon-ars'-say, vr. To suffer gripes or colic, to be griped: applied to

norses, &c.
ATORTOLA'R, ah-tor-toe-lar', va. (Coll.) To confound, to intimi-date, -vr. To be frightened or inti-

date.—vr. 10 be frightened of indiminated, like a turtle.

ATORTORA'R, ah-tor-tor-ar',
va. (Nau.) To frape a ship, to
strengthen the hull with ropes tied

ATORTUJA'R, ah-tor-too-har', va. (Low) To squeeze, to make flat. ATOSIGADO'R, ah-tos-se-gah-

ore', sm. Poiscrer. ATOSIGAMIE'NTO, ah-tos-seah-me-en'-toe, sm. The act of poi-oning, and state of being poisoned. ATOSIGA'R, ah-tos-se-gar', va. To poison. 2. (Met.) To harass,

to oppress.

ATRABANCA'R, ah-trah-ban-car', va. To huddle, to perform a thing in a hurry, and carelessly.

ATRABA'NCO, ah-trah-ban'-co, sm. The act of huddling, or doing a

thing hurriedly.
ATRABILA'RIO, RIA, ATRA-

BILIO'SO, sa, ah-trah-bil-ar'-e-o, ah, ah-trah-bil-e-os'-so, sah, a. Atraarions, melancholy ATRABI'LIS, ah-trah-bil'-is, sf.

The state of being atrabilarious black bile. ATRACADETRO, ah-trah-cah-

ATKACADERO, ah-trah-cah-der-o, sm. (Nau.) Landfall. ATRACA'R, ah-trah-car', va. 1. (Nau.) To overtake another ship. 2. To cram with food and drink, to glut, to pamper.—vr. 1. To be stuffed with eating and drinking, to fill. (Nau.) Atracarse al costado, To

ome alongside of a ship.
ATRACCIO'N, ah-trac-thieh-on', f. Attraction, the act or power of

ATRACO'N, ah-trah-cone', sm.

ATRACTIVO, va. ah-trac-tee-to, vah, a. 1. Attractive, having the power of attracting, magnetic, mag-

netical. 2. Engaging.

ATRACTIVO, ah-trac-teel-vo,
sm. Charm, something fit to gain
the affections; grace; cooing.

ATRACTI'Z, ah-trac-teeth', a.

Applied to the power of attracting.
Applied to the power of attracting.
ATRAER, ah-trah-er', va. 1. To
attract, to draw to something; to
lead. 2. To allure, to lure, to invite, make another submit to one's will and opinion; to conciliate .- vr. (Obs.) V. Juntarse and Esten-DERSE

ATRAFAGADO, DA, ah-trah-fah-gah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Much occupied; laborious.—pp. of Atrafagar.

2. Fidgety.

ATRAFAGA'R, ah-trah-fahgar', vn. (Low) To toil, to exhaust one's self with fatigue .- er. To fid-

iously, tormentingly.

ATORMENTATIO, DA, ah-tormen-tah'-doe, dah, a. Painful, full of pain, beset with affliction.—pp. of ATORMENTAR.

get.

ATRAGANTARSE, ah-trah-throat or wind-pipe. 2. (Met.) To be cut short in conversation.

trah-e-dor-ah-dah-men'-tay, Treacherously.

ATRAIDORA'DO, DA, ah-trah-e-dor-ah'-doe, dah, a. Treacherous, faithless, perfidious.

(Yo atraigo, from Atraer. V.

ATRAILLA'R, ah-trah-il-lyar', va. 1. To leash, to bind with a string. 2. To follow game guided

a dog in leash.
ATRAIMIE'NTO, ah-trah-e-meen'-toe, sm. (Obs.) The act of attracting, and state of being at-

tracted.
ATRAMENTO'SO, SA, ah-trah-men-tos'-so, sah, a. (Obs.) That which has the power of dying black. ATRAMP A'RSE, ah-tram-pars'any, or, 1. To be caught in a snare.

2. To be choked, to be stopped or blocked up. 8. To be involved in

ATRAMU'Z, ah-trah-mooth', sm.

ATRAMUZ, an-tran-moote, sne.

(Bot.) V. Attrahutz.

ATRANCA'R, ah-tran-car', va.

1. To bar a door. 2. (Coll.) To step out, to take long steps. 3. (Met. Coll.) To read hurriodly.

ATRAPA'R, ah-trah-par', va. 1.

To overtake, to mab, to lay hold of

one who is running away. 2. To im-

oose upon, to deceive.

ATRA'S, ah-tras', ad. 1. Backwards, towards the back. 2. Past, in time past. Hacerse atrus, To fall back. Quedarse atras, To remain behind. Volverse atras, (Met.) To retract, to unsay. Hacia atras, (Coll.) Far from that, quite the con-

ATRASADO, DA, an-tras-sah'doe, dah, pp. of Atrasar. Atrasa-do de medios, Short of means, poor. Atrasado de noticias, (Coll.) Spoken of a person who does not know

hat is generally known.
ATRASA'DOS, ah-tras-sah'-dos, sm. pl. Arrears, sums remaining un-

ATRASA'R, ah-tras-sar', va. 1. To leave another behind: in this sense seldom used. 2. To obstruct another person's fortune or adanother person's fortune of advancement. 3. To protract or post-pone the execution or performance of something. Atrasar et relox, To retard the motion of a watch.—rr. 1. To remain behind. 2. To be in

ATRA'SO, ah-tras'-so, sm. 1.
Backwardness. 2. Loss of fortune
or wealth. 3. Arrears of money.

or wealth. 8. Arrears of money.

ATRAVESADO, DA, ah-trahres-ah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Squint-eyed,
looking obliquely. 2. Oblique. 8.
Cross-grained, perverse, troublesome. 4. Mongrel, of a mixed or
cross breed.—pp. of ATRAVESAB.

ATRAVESADOR, ah-trah-ressah-dore', sm. (Obs.) Disturber, a
violator of peace.

ATRAVESA'NO, ah-trah-vessan'-nyo, sm. Cross-timber, timber which crosses from one side to anwhich crosses from one side to another. Atravesaño firme de colchar, (Nan.) A cross-piece for belaying ropes. Atravesaños de los propaos, Cross-pieces of the breast-work. Atravesaños de las latas, Carlines or carlings, two pieces of timber lying fore and aft from one beam to another, directly over the keel.

ATRAVESA'R, ah-trah-ves-sar', ATRAVESA'R, ah-trah-ves-sar', another; a quality adherent.

gate to one's sen.

ATRBULA'R, ah-tre-boo-lar', and atro-nah-doo'-rah, sf. V. Alcanzadura.

ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-nah-de-eri-toe, sm. 1. The act of thundering noise.

ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-nah-doo'-rah, sf. V. Alcanzadura.

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ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-nah-doo'-rah, sf. V. Alcanzadura.

ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-boo'-toe, sm.

ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-boo'-toe, sm.

ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-boo'-toe, sm.

ATRONAMIENTO, ah-tro-nah-doo'-

ber, or plank, athwart a place. 2 To run through with a sword, to pass through the body. 3. To cross, to cross over, to pass over, to get or go over, to go through, to overpass. 4. (Low) To bewitch by a spell or charm. 5. To bet, to stake at a wager. 6. To lay a trump on a card which has been played. 7. (Nau.) To lie to. Attravesar el corun. (Met.) To move to compassion Atravesar los gêneros, To buy goods by wholesale in order to sell them by retail. Atravesar todo el pais, To overrun or traverse the whol country. No atravesar los umbrales Not, to darken one's door.—vr. 1 To be obstructed by something thrown in the way. 2. To interfere in other people's business or con-versation. 3. To have a dispute

versation. 8. To have a dispute.
4. (Nau.) To cross the course of another vessel under her head or tern.
(Yo atravieso, yo atraviese, from

Atravesar. V. Acertar.)
ATRAYE'NTE, ah-trah-jen'-tay. oa. Attrahent.
ATRAZA'R, ah-trath-ar', va.
Obs.) To practise shifts. It is still
used vulgarly in Arragon.
ATREGUADAME'NTE, ahray-gwah-dah-men'-tay, ad. Madly,

rashly.

ATREGUA'DO, DA, ah-traygwah'-doe, dah, a. Rash, foolish,
precipitate, or deranged.

ATRESNALA'R, ah-tres-nahlar', va. (Prov.) To collect sheaves

ATREVE'RSE, ah-tray-vers'-say
1. To be too forward from wan judgment or respect. 2. To dare,

o venture.

ATREVIDAME'NTE, ah-trayne-dah-men'-tay, ad. Audaciously,
laringly, boldly, confidently.

ATREVIDI'LLO, ILA, ah-trayne-dil'-lyo, lyah, a. dim. Somewhat

ATREVIDI'SIMO, MA, ah-traye-dis'-se-mo, mah, a. sup. Most

ATREVITOO, DA, ah-tray-vel-doe, dah, a. 1. Bold, audacious, daring, fearless, highspirited, har-

laring, fearless, highspirited, harly. 2. Forward, free, confident,
insolent.—pp. of Atteverses.
ATREVITO, ah-tray-ve-doe, sm.
A muscle on the shoulder-blade.
ATREVIMIE'NTO, ah-tray-veme-en'-toe, sm. 1. Boldness, audaciousness, daringness, hardihood.

Confidence, face, front.
ATRIAQUE'RO, ah-tre-ah-kersm. (Obs.) A manufacturer and etailer of treacle.

ATRIBUCIO'N, ah-tre-boo-thiehon', sf. 1. The act of attributing something to another. 2. Attri-

ATRIBUI'R, ah-tre-boo-ir', va. To attribute, to ascribe as a quality, to impute as to a cause, to count, to charge to.—vr. To assume, to arro-

(Yo atribuyo, atribuya; atribuyó, atribuyéron. V. Instrum.)
ATRICAPPILLA, ah-tre-cah-pit-lyah, sf. (Orn.) The Epicurean warbler. Motacilla ficedula, L.
ATRICESES, ah-trith-es-es, sm. al. The stanles or trongrings to

ol. The staples or iron rings to which the stirrup-straps are fast-

ATRICIO'N, ah-trith-e-on', sf. 1. Attrition, grief for sin arising from the fear of punishment. 2. (Farr.) Contraction of the principal nerve in a horse's fore-leg.

ATRI'L, ah-tril', sm. A stand for

the missal, and other church-books Roman Catholic churches,

ATRILE'RA, ah-tril-er'-ah, sf. An ornamental cover laid over the stand of the missal, or other churchbooks, while divine service is performed

formed.

ATRINCHERAMIE'NTO, ahtrin-tcher-ah-me-en'-toe, sm. Intrenchment, lodgement, mound.
Atrincheramientos de abordage,
(Nau.) Close quarters, breast-works on board of merchant ships, from behind which the crew defend themselves when boarded by an

ATRINCHERA'R, ah-trin-tcherar, va. To intrench, to fortify with a trench, to mound.—vr. To cover one's self from the enemy by means

of trenches.
A'TRIO, ah'-tre-o, sm. 1. Porch, A TRIO, an erreo, sm. 1. Forcing a roof supported by pillars between the principal door of a palace and the stair-case. 2. Portico, a covered walk before a church-door.

ATRISTA'R, ah-tris-tar', va.

Obs.) V. ENTRISTECER.
ATRITO, TA, ah-tree-toe, tah, a.

Contrite through fear.
A'TRO, RA, ah'-tro, trah, a.
(Poet.) Dark, black, obscure.
A'TROCHA'R, ah-tro-tchar', vn.

To go by by and cross paths.
ATROCIDA'D, ah-troth-e-dad', sf. 1. Atrocity or atrociousness, flagitiousness, foulness, heinousness; grievousness; nemous-ness; grievousness; enormous wickedness. 2. Excess. Es una atrocidad lo que come o lo que tra-baja, He eats or works to excess.

ATROFIA, ah-troe-fe-ah, sf. Atrophy, a gradual wasting of the

ATROFICO, ca, ah-tro-fe-co,

th, a. Affected with atrophy.
ATROMPETA'DO, DA, ah-trompay-tah'-doe, dah, a. Trumpet-like, having the shape of a trumpet. Tiene narices atrompetadas, His nostrils are as wide as the mouth

of a trumpet.
ATRONADAME'NTE, ah-tronah-dah-men'-tay, ad. Precipitately, without prudence or reflection.
ATRONA'DO, ah-tro-nah'-doe, sm. Blunderer, wild.—a. Acting in a

precipitate, imprudent manner .ap. of Atronar.
ATRONADOR, RA, ah-tro-nah-

dore', ah, s. Thunderer, one who makes a thundering noise. ATRONADURA, ah-tro-nah-

of thunder. 2. To stun, to stupefy be thunderstruck. ATRONERA'R, ah-tro-ner-ar

ta. To make embrasures in a wall.

ATROPA'DO, DA, ah-tro-pah'doe, dah, a. Grouped, clumped: applied to trees and plants:—pp. of

ATROPA'R, ah-tro-par', va. To assemble in groups without order

ATROPELLADAME'NTE, ahtro-pel-lyah-dah-men'-tay, ad. Tu-multuously, confusedly, helter-

ATROPELLA'DO, DA, ah-tro pel-lyah'-doe, dah, a. Speaking or acting in a hasty, precipitate man-

ATROPELLADO'R, RA, ah-tro pel-lyah-dore', ah, s. Trampler, one who overturns or tramples under

ATROPELLAMIE'NTO, ah-tropel-lyah-me-en'-toe, sm. Trampling under foot; confusedness.

ATROPELLA'R, ah-tro-pel-lyar'. za. 1. To trample, to tread under foot. 2. Atropellar las leyes, To act in defiance of the law. 3. To insult with abusive language. 4. To hurry, to confuse. Atropellar al caballo, To overwork a horse.—vr. To hurry one's self too much.

ATRO'Z, ah-troth', a. 1. Atro-cious, enormous, heinous, fiend-like. 2. Cruel, flagitious, outrageous. 3. Huge, vast, immense. Estatura atroz. Enormous stature.

ATROZA'R, ah-troth-ar', va. (Nau.) To truss a yard to the mast. ATROZME'NTE, ah-troth-men'tay, ad. 1. Atrociously, heinously 2. Excessively, to excess. Trabajar atrozmente, To work to excess.

ATRUHANA'DO, DA, ah-troo-an-ah'-doe, dah, a. Scurrilous, act-

ing the buffoon, using low jests.

Atronar, V. ACORDAR.) ATUCI'A, sf. V. ATUTI'A. ATUFADAME'NTE, ah-too-fah--men'-tay, ad. Peevishly, mo-

ATUFAR, ah-too-far', va. To vex, to plague.—vr. 1. To be on the fret: applied to liquors in a state of fermentation. 2. To be angry.

ATU'N, ah-toon', sm. Tunny of tunny-fish. Scomber thynnus, L Pedazo de atun, An ignorant, stupid fellow. Por atun y ver al duque, To kill two birds with one stone.
ATUNA'RA, ah-toon-ar'-ah, sf

1. A fishing-hook used in the tun-ny-fishery. 2. A net with which the tunny-fish is caught. ATUNERO, ah-toon-er-o, sm. A

fisherman engaged in the tunny-fishery, a fishmonger who deals in

(Prov.) To stop or shut up closely. 2. (Obs.) To endure, to bear; to

ATURDI'DO, DA, ah-toor-dee'doe, dah, a. Harebrained, madbrain, giddy, wild, stupid.—pp. of Arur-

ATURDIMIE'NTO, ah-toor-deme-en'-toe, sm. Perturbation of mind; dulness, drowsiness; con-

or admiration.—vr. To be out of one's wits; to be perturbed or

AUG

ATURRULLAR, ah-toor-rool ar', va. (Coll.) To confound, to re

ATUSADO'R, ah-toos-sah-dore sm. 1. Hair-dresser. 2. One who trims plants in a garden.

ATUSA'R, ah-toos-sar', va. 1. To cut the hair even, to comb it smooth

and even. 2. To trim the plants in a garden—vr. To dress one's sel rith too much care.
ATUTI'A, ah-too-tee'-ah, sf. Tut-

y, a sublimate of calamine collected n a furnace. A'UCA, ah'-oo-cah, sf. A goose

No hay aucion, (M.) No hay re

medio, ni esperanza, There is no help for it; there is no hope.) AUDA'CIA, ah-oo-dath'-e-ah, sf.

udacity, boldness.
AUDA'Z, ah-oo-dath', a. Bold, ndacious, fearless.
AUDI'BLE, ah-oo-dee-blay, a

Audible, that may be heard. AUDIE'NCIA, ah-oo-de-en'-thichah, sf. 1. Audience, a hearing given by men in power to those who have something to propose or represent.

2. Audience-chamber. 3. A court of over and terminer. 4. Law-officers appointed to institute some judicial inquiry. 5. Audiencia de los grados en Sevilla, A court of appea in Seville. 6. Audiencia pretorial en Indias, A court of judicature in India

India.
AUDITI'VO, va, ah-oo-de-teel-vo, vah, a. 1. Auditive, auditory, having the power of hearing. 2. Invested with the right of giving an audi-

AUDITO'R, ah-oo-de-tore', sm. 1. Obs.) Auditor, a hearer. 2. A judge. Auditor de la nunciatura A delegate of the Nuncio, appointed to hear and decide appeal causes respecting complaints against bish-ops. Auditor de Rota, One of the twelve prelates who compose the Rota at Rome, a court which inquires into and decides appeal-eau-ses in ecclesiastical matters, which are carried thither from all Roman Catholic provinces and kingdoms. Auditor de guerra, A judge (coun-sellor) appointed to assist military officers with his advise in law proofficers with his advice in law pro ceedings. Auditor de guerra de marina, The same as the preceding, but only with regard to the

AUDITORI'A, ah-oo-de-tor-ee'ah, sf. The place and office of an auditor.

AUDITO'RIO, ah-oo-de-tore'-e-o, sm. Auditory, an audience; congre

AUDITO'RIO, RIA, ah-oo-de-tore e-o, ah, a. (Obs.) Auditory. V. Av-

A'UGE, ah'-oo-hay, sm. 1. Meridian, the highest point of glory, power, dignity or fortune. 2. (Astr.) Apogee of a planet or star.

AUGMENTA'R, ah-oog-men-

tar', (Obs.) V. Aumentar.
AUGU'R, ah-oo-goor', sm. Augur,
augurer, person who pretends to
predict future events by the flight

prognosticating by the flight of

AUGURA'L, ah-oo-goor-al', a. Augurial, belonging to augury.

AUGURA'R, ah-oc-goor-ar', va

AUGU'RIO, ah-oo-goor'-e-o, sm,

V. Agtero. AUGU'STO, TA, ah-oo-goos'-toe, tah, a. August, magnificent, ma-

jestic.
A'ULA, ah'-oo-lah, sf. 1. Hall where lectures are given. 2. The court or palace of a sovereign.
AULA'GA, ah-oo-lah'-gah, sf.
(Prov.) V. ALIAGA.
A'ULICO, ca, ah'-oo-le-co, cah, a.
Aulic, belonging to a court or palace.

AULLADE'RO, ah-ool-lyah-der'-, sm. A place where wolves assemble at night and howl.

ble at night and howl.

AULLADO'R, RA, ah-ool-lyah-dore', ah, s. Howler.

AULLA'R, ah-ool-yar', vn. To howl, to yell, to cry: applied to wolves and dogs.

AULLI'DO, AU'LLO, ah-ool-yelda a

do, ah-ool-lyo, sm. Howl, the cry of a wolf or dog; a cry of horror or AUMENTA'BLE, ah-oo-men-tah'-blay, a. That may be augment-

AUMENTACIO'N, ah-oo-men-tath-e-on', sf. Augmentation, in-

AUMENTA'DO, DA, ah-oo-men-

tah'-do, dah, a. Increased, augmented, onward.—pp. of Aumentar.
AUMENTADO'R, RA, ah-oo-menah-dore', ah, s. Enlarger, amplifier. AUMENTA'R, ah-oo-men-tar', va. To augment, to increase, to en-large.—vr. To gather, to grow lar-

ger. AUMENTATIVO, va. ah-oomen-tah-tee'-vo, vah, a. Increasing,

enlarging AUME'NTO, ah-oo-men'-toe, sm. 1. Augmentation, increase, enlargement. 2. Access, accession; growth. Aumentos, Promotion, ad-

vancement. AU'N, ah-oon', ad. 1. Yet, as yet, nevertheless, notwithstanding. V. Todavia and Tambien. 2. Still, farther, even, further. El libro es farther, even, further. El libro es bueno, aun con esas faltas, The book s good, even with those faults. Y

aun, aun mas, Nay.

AUNA'R, ah-oo-nar', va. 1. To
unite, to assemble. 2. To incorporate, to mix.—vr. To be united or confederated for one end. AUNQUE', ah-oon-kay', ad. Though, notwithstanding, howso-

ever.
AUPA, ah-oo'-pah, (Coll.) Up,
up; a word used to animate children

to get up.
AU/RA, ah-oor-ah, sf. 1. A bird
of Mexico. 2. (Poet.) A gentle
breeze. Aura popular, (Met.) Po-

pularity.
A'UREO, ah'-oor-ay-o, sm. 1. An ancient gold coin of the reign of king Ferdinand the Third. 2. Among apothecaries, a weight of four scruples.

A'UREO, REA, ah'-oor-ay-o, an, a.