parsonage. Beneficio curado, Cure of souls, annexed to a benefice.—a. and pp. of CURAR. Cured, strengthened, restored to health.

CUR

CURADO'R, coor-ah-dore', s. 1.
Overseer. Curador de hiezzo,
Bleacher of linen cloth. Curador
de bacalao, Cod-salter. 2. Guardian, one who has the care of minors and orphans. 3. (Littl. us.) Physician, surgeon, healer. 4. Curator, administrator. Curador adbona, (Law) Curator of a minor's estate appointed by a court.
CURADO'RA, coor-ah-dor'-ah,

sf. Guardianess, a female guardian. CURADORI'A, sf. (Prov.) V.

CURADURI'A, coor-ah-door-ee'-

ah, sf. Guardianship.
CURA'LLE, coor-all-lyay, sm.
Physic administered to a hawk, to make him purge.

CURANDE'RO, coor-an-der'-o.

em. Quack, medicaster, an artful and tricking practitioner in physic.

CURA'R, coor-ar', va. and n. 1.

To cure, to heal, to restore to health, to leech, to administer medical control of the control of health, to leech, to administer medicines. 2. To prescribe the medicine or regimen of a patient. 3. It is a perscribe to a per out being accused. 3. To confess a fault, to avoid reproach.

CURATE'LA, coor-ah-tel'-ah, sf. (Law) V. Curaduria. CURATI'VO, va, coor-ah-tee'-vo,

CURA'TO, coor-ah'-toe, sm. 1.
Rectory, parsonage. 2. Parish, the district committed to the care of a rector or parson. Curato anejo, A small parish annexed to another. CURA'ZGO, sm. (Obs.) V. Cu-

CURCU'MA, coor-cool-mah, sf.

Turmeric, a root resembling ginger.

CURE'NA, coor-en'-yah, sf. 1.

Gun-carriage. 2. Stay of a cross-bow. 3. Skin or bag with coccanuts. A' cureña rasa, 1. (Mil.) Without a parapet or breast-work: applied to a barbet battery. 2. (Coll. Met.) Without shelter or de-

fire at random.

CURE'SCA, coor-cs'-cah, sf.
Shear-wool cut off by a clothier with shears when the cloth has been combed.

Diracl. 6. (Ubs.) v. Corso. Curso.

de la corriente, (Nau.) The current s de, a. Cutaneous.

CUTE, sf. (Ob CUTER, coo'-te true, a small vessel true.

CU'RIA, coor'-e-ah, sf. 1. An ec clesiastical court. 2. Care and skill performing a thing. CURIA'L, coor-e-al', a. 1. Rela

ting to the Roman curia, or tribu-nal for ecclesiastical affairs. 2

(Obs.) Expert, skilful.

CURIA'L, sm. 1. A member of the Roman curia.

2. One who employs an agent in Rome to obtain bulls or rescripts. 3. One in a sub-altern employ in the tribunals of justice, or who is occupied with other's affairs. 4. In the ancient Spanish cortes, the member who

CURIALIDA'D, sf. (Obs.) Po-

iously. 2. Neatly, cleanly. 3. In diligent, careful manner.

CURIOSIDA'D, coor-e-os-se-dad', f. 1. Curiosity, inquisitiveness, cu-iousness. 2. Neatness, cleanliness. . An object of curiosity, rarity.

CURIO'SO, SA, coor-e-08'-8 CURIO'SO, SA, coor-e-os'-so, sah,
1. Curious, inquisitive, desirous
f information. 2. Neat, clean. 3. Handsome, fine, beautiful. Careful, attentive, diligent.

Motacilla curucca, L. CURRUTA'CA, sf. A woman fond of show, dress, and flutter.

tond of show, dress, and nutter.

CURRUTA'CO, coor-roo-tabl-co,
sm. Beau, fop, dandy, coxcomb.
CURRUTA'CO, ca, a. Belonging
to a person affectedly nice in his or
her dress,

and nutter.

de us cucertus, Hanging Ricci, or
the decks. Curas bandas, Checks
of the heads. Curvas de los yugos,
Transom-knee sleepers.
CURVATO'N, coor-rah-ton', sm.
(Nau.) Little knee or small knee.

CURRUTAQUERI'A, coor-rootah-ker-ee'-ah, sf. Dandyism, cox-

CURSA'DO, DA, coor-sah'-doe, dah, a. Accustomed, habituated, inured.—pp. of Cursar.
CURSA'NTE, coor-san'-tay, pa.
1. Frequenting; assiduous. 2. One
who hears lectures in a university;

student, scholar. CURSA'R, coor-sar', va. 1. To

frequent a place, to repeat a thing. 2. To follow the schools, or to follow a course of lectures in the uni-

CURSA'RIO, sm. (Obs.) V. PI-

CU'RSO, coor'-so, sm. 1. Course, direction, career. 2. Course of lec-tures in universities. 3. Course, the elements of an art exhibited in a methodical series. 4. Course, a Tirar à cureña rasa, To of the body: generally used in the plural. 6. (Obs.) V. Corso. Curso CUTA'NEO, NEA, coo-tan'-au-o. series of successive and methodical procedure. 5. Laxity or looseness

. V. Correo. 2. Messenger of a

court of justice.
CURTACIO'N, coor-tath-e-on', if. (Astr.) Curtation.
CURTI'DO, DA, coor-tee'-doe, dah,

Accustomed; dexterous, expert; eather-beaten

CURTIDO'R, coor-te-dore', sm Tanner, currier, leather dresser. CURTI'DOS, coor-tee-dos, sm. pl. Tanned leather.

CURTIDU'RA, coor-te-doo'-rah, f. (Obs.) Art or trade of tanning. CURTIDURI'A, ccor-te-doo-ree'

CURTIMIE'NTO, coor-te-me-en'-

toe, sm. Tanning. CU CURTI'R, coor-tir', va. 1. To tan Dirk.

CURIA'NA, coor-e-an'-ah, sf. Kind of black fly. Curianas, Chips cut from wood.
CURIAR, coor-e-an', va. (Obs.)
To guard. V. Cuidar.
CURIOSAME'NTE, ad. 1. Cuidana, Curiously, 2. Neatly clearly, 2. In Cultiful Management of the condition of the co

CU'RTO, TA, coor'-toe, tah, a. (Prov.) Short. Caballo curto, Short-tailed or docked horse.

CURU'CA, CURU'JA, coor-od-cah, coor-od-hah, sf. (Orn.) Eagle-owl. Strix bubo, L. CURUE'NA, sf. (Obs.) V. Cu-

CHRUT, coor-ool!, a. Curule, belonging to a senatorial or triumphal chair in ancient Rome.

Odd. 6. Funny.

CURO, coor-o, sm. (Nau.) A
small kind of vessel used on the
river Garonne in France.

CURRU/CA, coor-roo'-cah, sf.

CURRU/CA, coor-van, sf. 1. (Coord)
CURRU/CA, coor-van, sf. 1. (Coord)
Currou
cuadrada, Square knee.

CURRU/CA, coor-roo'-cah, sf.

CURRU/CA, coor-van, sf. 1. (Coord)
Currou
cuadrada, Square knee.

Currou
capuchina, Standard of the cutriver Garonne in France.

CURRU'CA, coor-roo'-cah, sf.
(Orn.) Linnet, babbling warbler.

Curra coral, Knee of the cut-water. Curra coral, Knee of the stern-post. Curvas à la valona, Lodging knees. Curvas verticales de las cubiertas, Hanging knees of

CURVATURA, CURVIDAD, coor-vah-toor-ah, sf. 1. Curvature, inflexion. 2. (Nau.) Curvature of any piece of timber. CURVILI'NEO, NEA, coor-ve-lee-

nay-o, ah, a. (Geom.) Curvilinear. CU'RVO, VA, coor-vo, vah, a. Curved, crooked, bent.

CUSCU'TA or Cuscu'ta Europe'a, coos-coo'-tah, sf. (Bot.) Common dodder. Cuscuta europea, L. Cuscuta epitimo, Lesser dodder. Cuscuta epithymum, L.

CUSI'R, coos-sir', va. To sew or CU'SPIDE, coos'-pe-day, sf. Cus-

pis, the sharp end of a thing. CUSTO'DIA, coos-toe'-de-ah, sf. 1. CURSITLO, coor-seel-lyo, sm. dim. 1. A short run or walk. 2. A Custody, keeping; hold. 2. Remonshort course of lectures on any science in a university.

CURSIVO, v.a., coor-seel-vo, vah,
a. Relating to italic characters in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches. 3. Guard, established to the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches and the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches and the consecrated Host is manifested to public veneration in Catholic churches and the consecrated Host is manifested to the consecrated Host is manifested to the consec cort. 4. (Obs.) Tabernacle. 5. In some religious orders, a number of convents not sufficient to form a

CUSTODIA'R, coos-toe-de-ar', va.

V. GUARDAR. CUSTO'DIO, coos-toe'-de-o, sm.

CU'TE, sf. (Obs.) V. Cu'TIS. CU'TER, coo'-ter, sm. (Nau.) Cut-

ter, a small vessel rigged as a sloop. CUTIA'NO, NA, a. (Obs.) V. CUTI'CULA, coo-tee'-coo-lah, sf.

The cuticle.
CUTICULAR, a. Cuticular. V.

CUTIDE'RO, coo-te-der'-o, sm. (Obs.) Shock, blow.
CU'TIO, coo'-te-o, sm. (Obs.) La-

bor, work. Trabajo cutio, Short CUTI'R, coo-tir', va. 1. To knock r dash one thing against another. (Obs.) To oppose, to rival. CUTIS, coo-tis, sm. and f. The

skin.
CU'TO, coo'-toe, or cu-to', sm.

CU'YO, coo'-jo, sm. (Coll.) Gallant, lover, wooer, sweetheart.
CUZ, CUZ, cooth, cooth, sm. A
rm for calling dogs.

D, Day, Is the fifth letter of the fourth of the consonants. D has the same unvaried sound it has in English in the words dad, dedicate, fed did. In some provinces of Spain it is sounded as th in although, and at the end of a word as th lisped in path, or as t. In Andalusia and some parts of America it is made silent in the termination ado, ido, and they say comprao, vendio, instead of comprado, vendido. All these faults should be carefully avoided. D. is a contraction for Don, Doña, and Doctor; DD. doc tors. As a Roman numeral, D. i

DA'BLE, dah'-blay, a. Easy, pos-DABO'VIS, dah-bo'-vis, sf. Sort

of cotton stuff.
DA'CA, dah'-cah, ad. (Obs.) This here, this side, on this side here.
Daca or de aca, From this.

DA'CA, dah'-cah, v. def. Give here. Daca acá, Give hither. En daca las pajas or daca esas pajas, In

the snap of scissors, in a trice. Daca, or da acá, or dame acá, Give DA'CIO, dath'-e-o, sm. (Obs.

Impost, tax, duty.

DACIO'N, dath-e-on', sf. (Law)
Dedition, yielding or giving up;

DA'CTILO, dac'-te-lo, sm. 1. Dactyl, a poetic foot. 2. (Conch. Kind of shell. Solon dactylus, L. DACTILOLO'GIA, dac-te-lo-lo-he-ah, sf. Dactylology, the art of conversing by spelling words with

DACTILOLO'MIA, dac-te-lo-lo'me-ah, sf. Dactylolomy, the art of numbering with the fingers.
DA'DA, dah'-dah, sf. (Obs.) Possession of any thing given or de-

DADE'RO, RA, dah-der'-o, ah, a. That which should be given or is

DA'DIVA, dah'-de-vah, sf. Gift, present, gratification, grant, keep

dad', sf. Liberality, magnificence,

DADIVO'SO, SA, dah-de-vos'-so, sah, a. Bountiful, magnificent, lib-

sah, a. Bountiful, magnincent, no-eral, frank, generous.

DA/DO, dah'-do, sm. 1. Die, pl.

Dice. Dado falso, Cogged or false diee, filled with quicksilver, with which sharpers play. A' una vuelta de dado, At the east of a die. 2.

DAMASI'NA, dah-mas-see'-nah, de dado, At the cast of a die. 2.

DAMASI'NA, dah-mas-see'-nah, de dado, At the cast of a die. 2.

CUTRE, coo'-tray, sm. (Coll.) A pitiful, miserable fellow.
CUTYO, YA, coo'-joe, jah, pron.
pos. Of which, of whom, whose, whereof.
CULYO, sod in sm. (Call.) A pado de la roldana, (Nau.) Coak of a sheave. 3. (Arch.) Dado, V. Neto. 4. (Obs.) V. Donacion. Dados, Case or grape-shet for large guns. Dados de las rolas (Nam.) Tablings of the bowline cringles. pp. of Dar.
DADO'R, RA, dah-dore', ah, s

1. God. 2. Donor, giver; one who gives or bestows. 3. Drawer of a

partial of exchange.

DA'GA, dah'-gah, sf. 1. Dagger. 2. Stove or furnace of a brick-kiln.
DAGUITILA, dah-geel-tye-ab.
sf. 1. (Dim.) Small dagger. 2.
(Prov.) V. Palillo. 3. Stiletto.

DA'IFA, dah'-e-fah, sf. 1. Mistress, concubine. 2. (Obs.) A fe-

tress, concume. 2. (Obs.) A lemale treated with peculiar kindness.

DA'LA, dah'-lah, sf. (Nau.)

Pump-dale of a ship.

DA'LE, dah'-lay, interj. A word

expressive of displeasure at the obstinacy of another.

DA'LGO, (Obs.) Hacer mucho lalgo, To receive any one with great attention and respect.

DALGU'N, a. (Obs.) V. Algun

DALI', ad. (Obs.) V. DE ALLI. DALLA', ad. (Obs.) V. DE ALLA'. DALLADO'R, dal-lyah-dore', sm. Prov.) A mower of grass. DALLA'R, dal-lye-ar',

(Prov.) To mow.

DA'LLE, dall-lyay, sm. Scythe.

DALLE'N, dal-lyen', ad. (Obs.)

From the other side there; from

the other side. DALMA'TICA, dal-mah'-te-cah,

sf. Dalmatica, vestment worn by the deacons in the Roman Catholic

DA'MA, dalv-mah, sf. 1. Lady, dame; commonly a lady of family. 2. Damsel, a young gentlewoman. 3. Lady courted by a gentleman. 4. valacio, Lady of honor at court. Dama cortesana, Courtesan. 6. Any voman affectedly nice. dama. She is excessively nice, difficult, or scrupulous. 7. American fallow deer. Cervus virginianus, L. Juego de damas, Game of draughts. Soplar la dama, To huff queen in the game of draughts. Soplar la dama, (Met.) To carry off and marry a lady, who was courted by another man. 8. The actress who by another man. 8.The actress who performs the principal parts: she is also called primera dama, or first actress, to distinguish her from late segunda, the second, or even laterera dama, the third actress, who acts the secondary female parts in a play. 9. Ancient Spanish dance.

DAMACE'NO, NA, DAMASCE'

a play. 9. Ancient Spanish dance.
DAMACE'NO, NA, DAMASCE'NO, NA, dah-math-en'-o, ah, a. V.

DAMAJUA'NA, dah-mah-hoo-

an'-ah, sf. Demijohn.
DAMASA'NIO, sm. V. Alisma.
DAMASCE'NA, dah-mas-thaynah, sf. Damson, damascene, da-mask-plum, a small black plum.

DAMASCA'DO, DA, dah-mas-ah'-doe, dah, a. V. Adamascado. DAMA'SCO, dah-mas'-co, sm. 1.

DAMASQUE'TA, dah-mas-ket'th, sf. Sort of chintz with gold

DAMASQUI'LLO, dah-mas-keel'yo, sm. 1. Kind of cloth, of silk or vool, resembling damask. 2. (Prov.) V. ALBARIGOOTTE.

DAMASQUI'NO, NA, dah-maskee'-no, nah, a. Damaskeened; applied to iron and steel. A' la dapasquina, Damascus fashion.
DAMA'ZA, dah-math'-ah, sf.

Low) A fine portly woman.

DAMERI'A, dah-mer-ee'-ah, sf. . Excessive nicety in conduct, pruery. 2. Affected scrupulosity.
DAMIE'NTO, sm. (Obs.) V. Da'-

DAMI'L, dah-meel', a. (Obs.) Fe-

DAMISE'LA, dah-mis-sel'-ah, sf. . A young gentlewoman: applied o girls that give themselves the air f high ladies. 2. (Coll.) Lady of leasure, a girl of the town.

DAMNA'BLE, dam-nah'-blay, a.

Obs.) Damnable. DAMNACIO'N, dam-nath-e-on', (Obs.) Eternal damnation.

DAMNA'R, dam-nar', va. (Obs.) DAMNIFICADO'B, RA, dam-nefe-cah-dore', ah, s. One who damni-

DAMNIFICA'R, dam-ne-fe-car', va. To hurt, to damage, to injure.
DANCHA'DO, DA, dan-tchah'-doe,

Jah, a. (Her.) Dentate, indented.
DA'NGO, sf. (Orn.) V. Planga.
DA'NTA, dan'-tah, sf. Tapir.

Tapir americanus, L.
DA'NTE, dan'-tay, ad. (Obs.)
Contracted from de and antes; An-

DA'NTE, dan'-tay, pa. Giving;

he who gives.

DA'NZA, danth'-ah, sf. Dance.

Meter en la danza, (Met.) To in-A mistress or concubine. 5. Queen, in the game of draughts. Dama de volve another in some business or dispute. Por donde va la danza? (Met.) To which side does the wind

DANZAD'OR, RA, danth-ah-

DANZAPOR, RA, danta-da-dore, ab, s. Dancer.

DANZA'NTE, TA, danth-an'-tay, tah, s. 1. Dancer. 2. A knowing person. 3. A fickle, airy person. Hablar danzante, To stammer.

DANZA'R, danth-ar', vn. 1. To

dance. 2. To whirl a thing round. Sacar á danzar, 1. To invite or en-

neddling person.

DAÑA'BLE, dan-yah'-blay, a.

Prejudicial, condemnable.

DANA'DO, DA, dan-yah'-doe, dah, a. Eternally damned.—pp. of

DAÑAR. DAÑADO'R, RA, dan-yah-dore', nh, s. Offender.

DAÑA'R, dan-yar', va. 1. To

hurt, to harm. 2. To damage, to injure, to mar, to impair, to spoil.
3. To weaken, to damnify, to gall.

205

ly, mischievously, harmfully.

DAÑO'SO, sa, dan-yos'-so, sah, fire-arms. Dar la enhorabuena, To

DAR, dar, va. and n. 1. To give, to bestow without price or reward. 2. To give, to supply, to minister, to afford. 3. To minister, to give medicines, to administer a remedy.

4. To give, to deliver, to confer, to bestow. 5. To consign, to give to another in a formal manner. 6. To hit, to strike, to beat, to knock. 7. To give to to another in a formal manner. 6. To hit, to strike, to beat, to knock. 7. To give uncasiness. Dar parte, To share with. Dar pliego, To give uncasiness. give, to impart, to extend, to authority a proposal, with the communicate. 8. To suppose erroneously. Dar de ojos, (Met.) To fall into an error. 9. To consider an the king. Dar puerta y silla, To affair as concluded. 10. To give, to invite a person to come in and sit allow, to grant a position, to coincide in opinion. 11. To persist obstantately in doing a thing. 12. To serial, To give earnest money, in appoint. 13. To sacrifice. 14. To token that a bargain is ratified. Dar explain, to elucidate. Dar contra alguna cosa, To hit against. Dar crédito, 1. To accredit, to believe. 2. To trust, to sell on trust. Dar cuens the de To account. Dar de comparation of the contract To trust, to sell on trust. Dar over, To ta de, To account. Dar de comer, To ta de, To account. Dar de comer, To or scream. Dar veleo à un coche, To account. Dar de comer, To or scream. Dar veleo à un coche, Dar zapatetas give gratis, or for nothing, Dar en To leap with joy. Dar golpe alguna el blanco, To hit the mark. Dar en cosa, To be surprised or struck with el hito. To hit the nail on the head. with, to reproach. Dar fiado, To give credit. Dar que hacer, To give trouble. Dar licencia, To give leave. Dar memorias, To give one's respects. Dar de ojos, To meet with an unforeseen obstacle. Dar razon, inform, to give an account of any thing. Dar prestado, To lend. à trompon or à bulto, To give by the lump or bulk. Dar que reir,
To set a laughing. Dur que llorar,
To fall a crying. Mi ventana da al
campo, My window overlooks the
field. Dar barro à la mano, To furnish metricle. Dan melden, (New) ish materials. Dar culadas, (Nau.) To strike repeatedly. Dar de traste. sh. Dar garrote, To strangle. Dar grima, To strike with terror, an affair. Dar gana, To excite a desire, to have a mind to. Dar puno. (Com.) To fail, to become insolent. Dar que sentir, To hurt one's selings. Dar que decir, To give ceasion to censure. Dar de barato, To allow it for peace' sake. Darse i juyar, To be addicted to game. Dar en cara, To stare in the face, o reproach. Dar fuego, (Nau.) To pream a ship. Dar calda, To heat the iron. Dar calle, To clear the Dar con la entretenida, To ut off with words and excuses. Dar con uno, To meet a person one s looking out for. Dar de comer al Is tooking out for. Dur we conter to diable, To wrangle, to quarrel; literally, to prepare food for the devil. Dar de si, To stretch. Dar el nombre or el santo, (Mil.) To give the watch-word. Dar el si, To consent o marry a person. Dar en las maaduras, To touch one to the quick. Dar en manías, To be foolish. Dar en un bajio, (Nau.) To strike en un bajio, (Nan.) To strike given to any poor, impudent young aground, to get on shore. Darfiador girl.

hurt, injury, prejudice, harm, mischief, maim, nuisance, loss, hinderance.

DANOSAME/NTE, ad. HurtfulDANOSAME/NTE, ad. Hurtfula. Hurtful, noxious, injurious, mis-chievous, harmful. rejoice in another's happiness, t congratulate. Dar la paz, To giv the beauty or rarity of a thing. Dar baya, To tease. Dar diente con diente, To shiver with cold so that the teeth chatter. De donde diere, Inconsiderately, without reflection.

Dar de mano, To depreciate or despise. Dar à luz, 1. To be delivered of a child. 2. To print, to publish. Andar en dares y tomares, To dispute, to contend.

DA'RDO, dar'-doe, sm. 1. Dart, a

missile. 2. Serpent which darks upon its prey. Dardo de pescador, Fizgig, a kind of harpoon. DARGADANDETA, dar-gahdan-day-tah, sf. (Prov.) Nickname

DA'RSENA, dar'-say-nah, sf. Place in a harbor for preserving and

time at which a letter is written, or any instrument drawn up. 2. Item or article in an account. 3. Condition, quantity. La cosa está de ma-la data. The affair is in a bad state. 4. (Obs.) Written permission to do

DATA'R, dah-tar', va. and n. 1. To date, to note with the time at which any thing is written or done. 2. To date, to reckon.

DATARI'A, dah-tar-ee'-ah, sf. Datary, an office of the chancery at Rome where the pope's bulls are where the pope's bulls are

DATA'RIO, dah-tar'-e-o, sm. The principal officer of the datary.
DA'TH, dah'-til, sm. (Bot.)
Date, the fruit of the common datepalm. Dátil de raposa, The fruit of the dwarf fan-palm. Fructus chamæropis humilis, L. Belemnites, arrow-head or finger-stone.

DATILA'DO, DA, dah-til-ah'-doe, dah, a. Resembling a date.

DATILE'RA, dah-til-er'-ah, sf.
(Obs.) Common date-palm. Pho-

DATILI'LLO, sm. dim. A small

DATI'VO, dah-tee'-vo, sm. Daive, the third case of nouns.
DA'TO, dah'-toe, sm. Datum, a

DA'UCO, dal'-oo-co, sm. (Bot.) Carrot. Daucus carota, L. DA'ZA, dath'-ah, sf. 1. (Bot.) Lucern. Medicago sativa, L. 2. (Bot.)

Panic-grass. Panicum, L. DE, day, prep. 1. Of, the sign of DA'RSE, dar'say, vr. 1. To conform to the will of another. 2. To ley de Dios, The law of God. El give one's self up to virtue or vice.

3. Darse à la vela, (Nau.) To set power. 2. It serves to point out the sail. 4. Darse à merced, (Mil.) To matter of which a thing is made, surrender at discretion. 5. To concern, to interest. No se me da na-is the sign of the ablative case. da, It gives me no concern. Darse Vengo de Flándes, I come from Flan-(Nau.) To run aground. Dar al de las astas, To batter one's brains, ders. 4. It serves sometimes intraste, To give up a thing, an unto screw one's wits: to dispute or stead of the preposition con. De dertaking; to lose, to destroy. Dar argue perlinacionsly. Darse a pe-intento, On purpose. 5. It is used golpe, (Met.) To strike the mind, to ros, To become enraged or furious. in the room of por. De miedo, From Dar garrote, To strangle.

To strike with terror,
Darse al diantre, (Coll.) To despair.

To strike with terror,
Darse por vencido, To surrender,
Me doy por vencido, I give it up.
Darse las manos, To shake hands,
Darse las manos, To shake hands,
It sometimes governs the infinitive Darse maña, To manage one's affairs in an able manner; to contrive. Darse priesa, To make haste, to hasten, to accelerate. Darse una panzada, (Coll.) To be fed to satie-inference. De aqui se infiere, Hence ty and sickness. Darse una panzada it follows. 10. In familiar style it is used to give energy to an expression. El ladron del mozo, The rogue scrutinize one's own conduct, to of a boy. 11. It is used after many find out one's own faults. Darse un verbs to denote some, a little, a por repelon, To gossip, to chat.

DARA'GA, DA'RGA, sf. (Obs.)

tion, &c. Comio del pescado, He ate some fish. Bebio del vino, He V. Adarga. drank some wine. 12. It is prefixed to many verbs, nouns, &c., altering sm. (Orn.) Hawk, kite.

DARDA'DA, dar-dah'-dah, sf. their sense, as from poner, to put or to place, is formed deponer, to depose, &c. 13. (Obs.) To. Bueno de comer, Good to eat. De balde, missile. 2. Serpent which darts apon its prey. Dardo de pescador, Fizgig, a kind of harpoon.

Fizgig, a kind of harpoon.

Fizgig, a kind of harpoon.

DEA'N, day-an', sm. Dean, an ecclesiastical dignitary.

DEANA'TO, DEANA'ZGO, dayan-ah'-toe, sm. Deanship.

DEBA'JO, day-bah-hos, ad. Under, underneath, below. Debajo d mano, Under-hand, privately.— prep. Under, subordinate, depend repairing ships.

DA'TA, dah'-tah, sf. 1. Date, the

> DEBANDA'R, day-ban-dar', va (Obs.) To disband.
>
> DEBA'TE, day-bah'-tay, sm. Debate, altercation, expostulation, dis-

cussion, contention.

DEBATI'R, day-bah-tir', va. To debate, to argue, to disc To combat, to engage with arms.

To expostulate.
DE'BDA, no. (Obs.) V. Deuda. DEBDA'DO, DEBDO'SO, (Obs.

. Adeudado. DEBELACIO'N, day-bay-lath-e on', sf. Debellation, the act of con quering in war; conquest.

DEBELA'R, day-bel-ar', va. To

debellate, to conquer.

DEBER, day-ber, sm. 1. Obligation, duty. 2. Debt. Hacer su deber, To fulfil one's duty.

DEBER, day-ber, va. 1. To owe, not to pay a debt which is due. 2. To be obliged to. 3. It is used with the preposition de, to denote that a thing is, has been, or will be, as ex-pressed by the word which follows Debe de estar frio, It must be

DEBIDAME'NTE, ad. 1. Justly, with moderation and justice. Ouly, exactly, perfectly.

DEBIDO'R, sm. (Obs.) V. Deu

DEBIE'NTE, day-be-en'-tay, pa.

Owing, he who owes; debtor.

DE'BIL, day'-bil, a. 1. Feeble,
weak, extenuated, debilitated, faintly, sickly, infirm. 2. Feeble, weak. 3. Fragile, frail. 4. Pusillanimous,

mean-spirited.

DEBILIDA'D, day-bil-e-dad', sf. 1. Debility, weakness, languor. 2. Weakness, feebleness, want of strength. 3. (Met.) Pusillanimity,

fondness, craziness; frailty.

DEBILITACIO'N, day-bil-e-tath-e-on', sf. Debilitation, extenua-

DEBILITA'R, day-bil-e-tar', va. To debilitate, to weaken, to extenuate, to enfeeble, to enervate.

DE'BILME'NTE, ad. Weakly,

feebly, faintly, lamely.

DE'BITO, day'-be-toe, sm. Debt.
Debito or debito conyugal, Conjugal

DE'BO, day'-bo, sm. Instrument sed for scraping skins.

DEBROCA'R, vn. (Obs.) To be

sick or infirm.

DEBUJADU'RA, &f. (Obs.) De-

DEBUJA'R, va. (Obs.) V. DIBU-

DE'CADA, day'-cah-dah, sf. Decade, the number or sum of ten.

DECADE'NCIA, day-cah-den'thieh-ah, sf. Decay, decline, fading,
failing, decaying. Ir en decadencia,

DECADE'NTE, pa. Decaying, DECAEME'NTO, DECAIME'N-

TO, sm. (Obs.) V. DESCAECIMIENTO.
DECAE'R, day-cah-er', vn. 1. To
decay, to decline, to fail, to languish, To fall to leeward.

(Yo decaigo, yo decai, yo decaiga; from Decaer. V. Caer.)

sm. Decagon, a polygon of ten sides

DEC

DECAIMIE'NTO, day-cah-e-men'-toe, sm. Decay, failing, decline,

DECA'LOGO, day-cal'-o-go, sm Decalogue, the ten commandments. DECAMPAME'NTO, day-campah-men'-toe, sm. Decampment, the

DECANA'TO, day-can-ah'-toe, sm. Dignity of the senior of any

community.

DECA'NO, day-can'-o, sm. Senior, the most ancient member of a com-

nunity or corporation.

DECANTACIO'N, day-can-tath

on', s'. Decantation, pouring off.
DECANTA'DO, day-can-tah'doe, a. Boasted, exalted.
DECANTA'R, day-can-tar', va.

1. To cry up, to exaggerate or magnify a thing. 2. (Obs.) To turn any thing from a right line, and give it an oblique direction. 8. To decant, to draw off liquor. DECAPITACION, day-cah-petath-e-on', sf. Decapitation, behead-

DECAPITA'R, day-cah-pe-tar', va. To decapitate, to behead.

DECASI'LABO, day-cah-see'-lah-bo, u. (Poet.) Having ten syllables.

Deception, artifice.

DECEBIR, va. (Obs.) To deceive.
DECEMVIRATO, deth-em-veTenth, tithe, the tenth part.

rah'-toe, sm. Decemvirate.

DECEMVI'RO, deth-em-vee'-ro,

m. Decemvir. DECE'NA, deth-en'-ah, sf. 1. De-

octave and a third.

DECENA'L, deth-en-al', a. De-

DECENA'LI, dedicendal, d. Decennial, a space of ten years.

DECENA'RIO, RIA, deth-en-ar-e-o, ah, a. Decennary, the tenth bead of the rosary.

DECE'NCIA, deth-en'-thieh-ah, as a space of the property was into a format, and the space of the property was into a format, and the space of the property was into a format, and the space of the property was into a format, and the space of the property was into a format, and the space of the property was into a format of the property was

sf. 1. Decency, propriety of form or conduct. 2. Decency, reservedness, honesty, modesty.

DECENDE'R, deth-en-der', vn.

V. DESCENDER. DECENDIMIE'NTO, deth-en-de-me-en'-toe, sm. V. Descendimi-

To commence the use of things not before used. 2. To begin to lose that which had been present in the commence the use of things not before used. 2. To begin to lose that which had been present in the commence the commence that which had been present in the commence of the commence of

DECERNE'R, deth-er-ner', va. V.

DECERRUMBA'R, va. (Obs.) V. DERRUMBAR. DECESIO'N, sf. (Obs.) Preces-

on: antecedence DECE'SO, deth-es'-so, sm. De-ease, a natural death.

DECHA'DO, day-tchah'-doe, sm. ot of shifting the camp.

1. Sample, pattern, design, standard.

DECAMPA'R, day-cam-par', vn.

ard.

2. Linen, on which young girls perform several sorts of needle-work. 3. Example, pattern, or mo-

del of virtue and perfection. DECI'BLE, deth-ee'-blay, a. Expressible, that which may be ex-

3. Example, pattern, or mo-

DECIDE'RAS, deth-e-der'-as, sf. l. (Coll.) Eloquence, the power of peaking with fluency and elegance. DECIDE'RO, RA, deth-e-der'-o, h. a. What may be said without nconvenience or impropriety.

DECIDI'DO, deth-e-dee-doe, a.

Professed, devoted.

DECIDIR. deth-e-dir', va. To deeide, to determine, to resolve, to onclude.-vr. To decide, to be de-

DECIDO'R. RA, deth-e-dore', ah, 1. One that speaks with fluency and elegance. 2. A wit. 3. (Obs.)

Versifier, poet.
DECIE'NTE, deth-e-en'-tay, sm. He who falls or deceases.

DECASTI'LO, sm. (Arch.) Decastyle, an assemblage of ten pillars.

DECEBIMIE'NTO, sm. (Obs.)
Deception, artifice.

He who talls of decases.

(Yo deciento, yo deciente; from Decentar. V. Acrenar.)

DECEMA, deth'e-mah, sf. 1.

(Poet.) A Spanish stanza consisting

DECIMAIL, deth-e-mal, a. 1. Decimal. 2. Belonging to tithes. Rentas decimules. Tithe-rents.

DE'CIMANOVE'NA, nary, the number of ten. 2. (Prov.)

Company or party of ten persons.

(Mus.) Consonance made of an DECHMA'R, deth-e-mar', va.

Obs.) V. DIEZMAR.

DE'CIMO, MA, deth'-e-mo, mah,
Tenth, ordinal of ten. DE'CIMOCUA'RTO, TA, a. Four-

DE'CIMONO'NO. NA. deth'-e-mo-DE'CIMOQUI'NTO, TA, deth'-e-

no-kin'-toe, tah, a. Fifteenth.

DE'CIMOSE'PTIMO, MA, deth'-eno-sep'-te-mo, mah, a. Seventeenth. DE'CIMOSE'STO, TA, deth'-e-mo-

DE'CIMOTE'RCIO, CIA. deth'-e-DECENIO, deth-en'-e-o, sm.

Space of ten years.

DECE'NO, NA, deth-en'-o, ah, a.

Tenth, ordinal of ten.

DECENTA'R, deth-en-tar', va. 1.

To commence the use of this.

To commence the use of this.

suade. 3. To name, to give a name to a person or place. 4. To be conthat which had been preserved.— to a person or place. 4. To be conor. To wound, to gall or injure the
formable, to correspond. 5. To de-Skin or body; to be bed-ridden.

DECE'NTE, deth-en'-tay, a. 1.

To declare or depose upon oath. 7. Decent, just, honest, becoming, fit, suitable, decorous. 2. Convenient, To make verses off hand. Decir reasonable. 3. Decent, modest, grave, genteel. 4. Of honest, but fully; to explain a thing well. De-DECAEME'N TO, DECAIME'N TO, sm. (Obs.) V. DESCAECIMEENTO.

DECAE'R, day-cah-er', vn. 1. To decay, to decline, to fail, to languish, to grow weak, to fade.

2. (Nau.) To fall to leeward.

(Yo decaigo, yo decai, yo decaiga; from Decaer. V. Caer.)

DECA'GONO, day-cah'-gon-o, Use of the decay o for the sake of talking. Dije a mi va. 1. (Gram.) To decline a word by capote, I said in my sleeve. Decir various terminations. 2. To challenge a judge, to transfer a cause to capote, I said in my sleeve. Decir su atrevido pensamiento or su dolor, To pop the question.

DECI'R, deth-ir', sm. A notable it is always used with the word ju-

saying. Decires, Idle talk, false rumors, scandal, slander.

DECISIO'N, deth-e-se-on', sf. 1.

DEC

jury. 4. Disposition.
DECISIVAME'NTE, ad. De-

DECISIVO, va, a. Decisive, final,

conclusive, decretory.

DECISO'RIO, RIA, deth-e-sort-e-o,
ah, a. (Law) Decisive, concluding,

decisory.

DECLAMACIO'N, day-clahmath-e-on', sf. 1. Declamation, harangue, oration, discourse. 2. A
speech delivered, an oratorial invective. 3. Declamation, a discourse addressed to the passions. 4. De-5. The manner of reciting theatrical compositions. 6. Pane-

DECLAMADO'R, RA, day-clahmah-dore, ah, s. Declaimer, exclaimer.

DECLAMA'R, day-clah-mar', vn.

To declaim, to harangue.

DECLAMATO'RIO, RIA, day-clah-mah-tor'-e-o, ah, a. Declama-

DECLARACIO'N, day-clar-ath-e-on', sf. 1. Declaration. 2. Decla-ration, interpretation, exposition. 3. Manifest, manifestation; account. Overture, proposal. 5. (Law

DECLARADAME'NTE, day-clar-ah-dah-men'-tay, ad. Declared-

DECLARA'DO, DA, day-clar-ah'-DECLARADO, DA, aug-cuar-ta-doe, dah, a. and pp. of DECLARA.

1. Declared. 2. Applied to a person who speaks too plainly.

DECLARADO'R, RA, day-clar-ah-dord, ah, s. Declarer, expositor.

DECLARANTE, day-clar-an-frances Declares pur that declares.

tay, sm. Declarer, one that declares or explains; a witness in the act of being examined. Juan declarante, A talkative person, who speaks his

DECLARA'R, day-clar-ar', va. 1 To declare, to manifest, to make known. 2. To expound, to explain, to exemplify. 3. (Law) & deter-mine and decide, to find. 4. (Law) To witness or depose upon oath.— vr. To declare one's opinion, to ex-DECLARATO'RIO, RIA, day-

clar-ah-tor'-e-o, ah, a. Declaratory, DECLA'RO, sm. (Obs.) V. De-

CLARACION.
DECLINA'BLE, day-cle-nah'blay, a. (Gram.) Declinable, having

DECLINACIO'N, day-clin-athe-ow, sf. 1. Declination, descent, decay, fall, decline, falling. 2. (Gram.) Declination, the declension

(Gram.) Declination, the declension of nouns. 3. (Ast.) Distance of a star or planet from the equator.

DECLINA'NTE, day-clin-an'-tay, a. Declining, bending down.

DECLINA'R, day-clin-ar', yn. 1. To decline, to lean downward. 2. To decline, to sink, to be impaired, to decay, to degenerate. Va declinando el dia, It is near twilight .-

DEC

DECLINATO'RIA, day-clin-ah tor'-e-ah, sf. (Law) Plea which attacks the competency of a judge.

DECLINATO'RIO, day-clin-ah-Decision, determination, resolution, issue. 2. Decision, judgment by a court of justice. 3. Verdict by a jury. 4. Disposition. ory, an instrument used in dial-

DECLIVE, DECLIVIO, daylee'-vay, day-clee'-ve-o, sm. Decli-ity, inclination downwards. DECLIVIDA'D, day-cle-ve-dad',

DEGOLLACION.

DECORACION, day-cor-ah-dore, of a fit of illness.

DECORADOR, day-cor-ah-dore, of a fit of illness.

DECUBITO, day-coo'-be-tae, sm.

m. (Littl. us.) Decorator. DECORA'R, day-cor-ar', va. 1. To decorate, to adorn, to embellish, to furnish. 2. To illustrate, to ennoble, to honor, to exalt. 3. To o furnish. 2. To illustrate, to en-loble, to honor, to exalt. 3. To arn by heart. 4. To recite, to re-DECO'RO, RA, day-cor'-o, ah, a.

Obs.) V. Decoroso. DECO'RO, day-cor'-o, sm. 1. Ho-nor, respect, reverence due to any to, respect, reverence due to any operson. 2. Circumspection, gravi-y, integrity. 3. Purity, honesty. Decorum, decency, civility. DECOROSAME'NTE, ad. De-

ently, decorously.

DECORO'SO, sa, day-cor-os'-so,

DECORRERSE, vr. (Obs.) V. DECORRIMIE'NTO, sm. (Obs.)

Course or flow of water.

DECORTICACIO'N, day-cor-te-

DECREME'NTO, day-cray-men'loe, sm. Decrement, decrease, dimi-

DECREPITACION, day-craype-tath-e-on', sf. (Chem.) Decrepi-tation, a crackling noise as made by alt when heated.

DECREPITA'NTE, day-cray-petan'-tay, pa. (Chem.) Decrepitant.

DECREPITA'R, day-cray-petar', va. and n. 1. To decrepitate, to calcine salt until it has ceased to erackle in the fire. 2. To decrepiate, to crackle when put over the

fire: applied to salts.

DECRE'PITO, TA, day-cray'-pe to, tak, a. Decrepit, worn with age.

DECREPITUD, day-cray-petood', sf. Decrepitude, the last stage

f decay; old age. DECRETACIO'N, day-cray-tathon', sf. (Littl.) us.) Determina-

DECRETA'L, day-cray-tall, sf. Decretal, letter or rescript of the pope. Decretales, Decretals, a colection of letters and decrees of the popes.—a. Decretal.
DECRETALI'STA, day-cray-tal-

ees'-tah, sm. Decretist, one that draws up or studies the rescripts, letters, and decrees of popes.

tor'-e-ah, sf. Dedication, an address by which a literary composition is inscribed to a patron.

DECRETA'R, day-cray-tar', va. To decree, to determine, to resolve. 2. (Law) To give a decres or a determination in a suit.

or a determination in a suit.

DECRETE'RO, day-cray-ter-o,

sm. 1. Catalogue or list of the
names and offences of criminals. 2.

Decretal, collection of decrees.

DECRETISTA, day-cray-tees-tah, sm. Decretist, one who exounds or explains the decretals.

DECRE'TO, day-cray'-toe, sm. 1.

Decree, decision, resolution. 2. Decree, order or determination issued in the king's name. 3. A judicial decree. 4. In canon law, decree or ordinance enacted by the pope with the advice of his cardinals. 5. Decivity.

Decoccion.

Decoccion.

the advice of his cardinals. 5.

(Obs.) Opinion, vote, advice. Decretos de cajon, Common decrees,

DECOLACIO'N, sf. (Obs.) V.
DEGOLACIO'N, sf. (Obs.) V.
DECOLGA'R, vn. (Obs.) V. Colar.
DECORACIO'N, day-cor-athe-e-ment may be formed on the issue ment may be formed on the issue

mors in diseases. 2. (Obs.) Act of

DECUPIO, PLA, day'-coo-plo, plah, a. Decuple, tenfold.

DECURIA, day-coor'-e-ah, sf. 1.

Ten Roman soldiers under a decurion. 2. In the Spanish schools, the assembly of ten students to take their lessons. 3. (Obs.) The cork

DECURIA'TO, day-coor-e-ah-toe, sm. Any one of the students belonging to a decuria in the Spanish

DECURIO'N, day-coor-e-on', sm. Decurion, the chief or commander of ten Roman soldiers. 2. In the Spanish schools, the monitor or student who has the care of ten other cath-e-on', sf. Decortication, the act students, and gives them lessons. Decurion de decuriones, A chief monitor who superintends the rest. DECU'RSAS, day-coor'-sas, sf. pl.

(Law) Arrears of rent. DECU'RSO, day-coor'-so, sm. Course, succession of movement or

DEDA'DA, day-dah'-dah, sf. 1. That which can be taken up with the finger at once. Dar á uno una dedada de miel, (Met.) To put a cheat on one, to deceive; literally, to give one a fingerful of honey. 2. Sort of architectonic ornament of

DEDA'L, day-dal', sm. 1. Thimble. 2. A very small drinking-glass

DEDALE'RA, day-dal-er-ah, sf. (Bot.) Fox-glove. Digitalis pur-

DEDICACIO'N, day-de-cath-eon', sf. Dedication, the act of dedi-cating; consecration; inscription. DEDICA'NTE, day-de-can'-tay,

pa. Dedicating, dedicator.

DEDICA'R, day-de-car', va. 1. To dedicate, to devote, to consecrate. 2. To inscribe a literary work to a patron. Dedicarse à alguna cosa,

Fo apply one's self to a thing.

DEDICATO'RIA, day-de-cale-

DEDIGNA'R, day-dig-nar', va. To disdain, to despise, to contemn.

-or. To scorn doing any thing.

DEDI'L, day-dil, sm. Thumbstall of linen or leather used by

pedil'LLO, iro, day-dil'-lyo, sm.

DEF

dim. A little finger.

DEPDO, day'-doe, sm. 1. Finger.
2. Toc. 3. The forty-eighth part of a Spanish yard, or vara. 4. Hand of a clock or watch. 5. A finger's breadth, a small bit. Ganar a de dos, To gain by inches. Meter los dedos, To pump one. Señalarle con el dedo, To point at another with the el dedo, To point at another with the finger. Estar à dos dedos de la eternidad, To be on the brink of eternity. Dedo pulgar, Thumb. Dedo indice, The index or fore-finger. Dedo ded corazon, Middle finger. Dedo anular, The ring-finger. Dedo mentar, The ring-finger. Dedo mentar, The coracter and the server th (Prov.) Every thing fall son the sore

DEDUCCIO'N, day-dooc-thiehon', sf. 1. Deduction, derivation, origin, consequence. 2. Deduction, orgin, consequence. 2. Deduction, that which is deducted. 8. (Mus.) The natural progression of sounds. DEDUCIB'LE, day-dooth-ee-blay, a. (Littl. us.) Deducible, inferable.

DEDUCI'R, day-dooth-ir', va. 1. To deduce, to collect, to infer as a consequence; to fetch, to devise, to draw. 2. To allege in pleading, to offer as a plea. 3. To subtract, to deduct, to extract.

DEDUCTIVO, va, day-dooc-tee-

vo, vah, a. (Littl. us.) Deducive. (Yo deduzco, yo deduzca; yo deduje, yo dedujera; from Deducir. V. DEFA'CTO, day-fac'-ioe, ad. In

fact, actually, effectually.

DEFALCA'R, va. V. DESFALCAR.

DEFAMA'R, day-fam-ar', va.

DEFECA'DO, DA, a. (Obs.) V DEFECCIO'N, day-fec-thieh-on'

of. Defection, apostasy; revolt.

DEFECTI'BLE, day-fec-tee'-blay a. Defectible, imperfect, deficient. DEFECTI'LLO, day-fec-til'-lyo m. dim. Slight fault or defect. DEFECTIVO, va, day-fec-tee

vo, vah, a. Defective, imperfect.

DEFE'CTO, day-fec'-toe, sm. 1.

Defect, failing, fault. 2. Defect, any atural imperfection.

DEFECTUOSAME/NTE. ad.

Defectively, faultily, deficiently. DEFECTUO'SO, sa, day-fec-tooos'-so, sah, a. Defective, imperfect,

DEFEMINA'DO, DA, a. (Obs.

DEFEMINADO, DA, a. (1985)
V. AFEMINADO,
DEFENDEDE'RO, RA, day-fended-er'-o, ah, a. (1985). Defensible,
DEFENDEDO'R, day-fen-dedore', sm. 1. Defender, protector,
keeper. 2. (1985). V. AEGGADO.
DEFENDE'R, day-fen-der, va.

1. To defend, to protect, to guard. 2. To defend, to make good, to justify, to assert, to maintain. 3. To defend, to vindicate. 4. To defend, to prohibit, to forbid. 5. To resist, to oppose. 6. To defend a place, a

DEFENDIMIE'NTO, day-fende-me-en'-toe, sm. (Obs.) Defence, support, protection.

DEFENECE'R, day-fen-eth-er (Prov.) To close an account. DEFE'NSA, day-fen'-sah, sf. Defence, safeguard. 2. Defence, vindication, justification, apology.

DEF

Defence, guard, shelter, protection; fence. 4. Defence, in law the defendant's reply. 5. (Fort. The part which flanks another Defensas de los costados (Nau.) Skids or skeeds; timbers fastened to the wales with bolts and spike-nails. Defensas de cabo o cable viejo, (Nau.) Fenders made of

pieces of cable. DEFENSA'BLE, day-fen-sah'lay, a. Defensible, maintainable DEFENSA'R, va. (Obs.) V. DE-

DEFENSATRIZ, &f. (Obs.) V.

DEFENSIBLE, day-fen-see lay, a. V. DEFENSABLE.

DEFENSIO'N, sf. 1. (Obs.) V Defensa. 2. Prohibition, obstacle DEFENSIVA, day-fen-see-vah, sf. Defensive. Estar à la defensiva, or ponerse sobre la defensiva, To be elf upon the defensive.

DEFENSI'VO, day-fen-see'-vo.

sm. 1. Defence, safeguard. 2. Piece of linen steeped in any medicated liquor, and applied to some part of the body, to refresh and

DEFENSI'VO, va, day-fen-see'vo, vah, a. Defensive, that which serves as a defence or safeguard; justificatory, defensory.

DEFENSO'R, RA, day-fen-sore

ah. 1. Defender or keeper, maintainer, conservator, protector, supporter. 2. (Law) A lawyer appointed by a court of justice to defend one absent, or one who canno pay a defender. V. Abogado Di

DEFENSORI'A, day-fen-sor-ee'ah, sf. The duty and office of a law-yer appointed by a judge to defend person who is absent, or who has

o defender.

DEFENSO'RIO, day-fen-sor'-e-o m. Defence, an apologetic writ ing in favor of any person or thing memoir, a manifesto.

DEFERE'NCIA, sf. Deference,

omplaisance, condescension.

DEFERE'NTE. day-fer-en'-tay. a. Assenting, deferring to the opin-tion of another; deferent. DEFERI'R, day-fer-ir', vn. To

efer, to pay deference to another's pinion, to yield to another's judgpent.—va. To communicate to ment.—va. To communicate, to share in the jurisdiction or power. DEFE'SA, sf. (Obs.) V. Dehesa. DEFE'SO, sa, a. (Obs.) Prohibited, interdicted.

DEFIA'NZA, sf. (Obs.) V. DES-ONFIANZA.

DEFICIE'NCIA, day-fe-thich-en-thich-ah, sf. Deficiency, imper-DEFICIE'NTE, day-fe-thieh-en'-

ay, a. Defective, faulty, deficient.
DEFIDACIO'N, day-fe-dath-em', sf. (Obs.) V. FEALDAD.
(Yo defiendo, yo defienda; from

Defender. V. ATENDER.) (Yo defiero, yo defiera; él defirió, defiriera; from Deferir. V. Asen-

DEFINIBLE, day-fe-nee'-blay, a. (Littl. us.) Definable.

DEFINICIO'N, day-fin-e-thickn', sf. 1. Definition. ination. Definiciones, Statutes of military orders. DEFINI'DO, DA, day-fe-nee'-doe,

Jah, a. Definite.—pp. of Definite.
DEFINIDO'R, day-fin-e-dore',
m. 1. Definer. 2. In some reliions orders, one of the members who compose, under the presidency of their superior, a chapter or as embly to govern the order.

DEFINI'R, day-fin-ir', va. 1. To define, to describe, to explain. 2. To decide, to determine. 3. (Pict.) To conclude any work, finishing all its parts, even the least important,

DEFINITIVAME/NTE, ad. De-

DEFINITIVO, VA, day-fin-e-teeo, vah, a. Definitive, determinate. DEFINITO'RIO, day-fin-e-tor--o, sm. 1. Chapter or assembly of he chiefs of religious orders, to deiberate on the affairs of the order. House or hall where the above hanters are held.

chapters are held.

DEFLAQUECIMIE'NTO, dayflah-keth-e-me-en'-toe, sm. (Obs.)

V. Enriaquecimiento.

DEFLU'JO, de-floo'-hoe, sm. 1.

(Obs.) Defluxion, the flow of humors downwards. 2. (Astr.) The ecession of the moon from any

DEFOI'R, va. (Obs.) To avoid, to DEFONDONA'R, va. (Obs.) V.

DEFORMACIO'N, day-for-math--on', sf. Deformation; defacing. DEFORMADO'R, day-for-mah-lore', sm. One who deforms or dis-

igures.
DEFORMA'R, day-for-mar', va. lo deform, to disfigure, to mis-

DEFORMATORIO, RIA, dayfor-mah-tor'-e-o, ah, a. Deforming.

DEFO'RME, day-for'-may, a. Deformed, disfigured, ugly, hide-DEFORMEME'NTE, ad. De-

DEFORMIDA'D, day-for-medad', sf. 1. Deformity, hideousness, ugliness. 2. A gross error.
DEFRAUDACIO'N. day-frahoo-dath-e-on', sf. Defraudation, fraud, deceit, usurpation.

DEFRAUDADO'R, day-frah-oodah-dore, sm. Defrauder, defaulter. DEFRAUDA'R, day-frah-oo-dar', va. 1, To defraud, to rob or day-frah-oodeprive by wile or trick. 2. To defraud, to cheat, to trick, to usurp what belongs to another. 8. (Met.) To intercept the light of the sun: o spoil the taste; to disturb the

DEFUE'RA, day-foo-er'-ah, ad. DEFUEL, any forest an action of the outside. Por defuera, Outwardly, DEFUIR, va. (Obs.) V. Hum.
DEFUNCIO'N, day-foon-thick-on', sf. (Prov.) 1. Death. 2. Fungal

DEFU'NTO, sm. V. DIFUNTO. DEGA'NA, day-gan'-ah, sf. Obs.) Farm, farm-house.

DEGA'NO, day-gan'-o, sm. (Obs.) Farmer, overseer of a farm. DEGASTA'R, day-gas-tar', va. (Obs.) V. DEVASTAR.