DEGENERACIO'N, day-hen-erath-e-on', sf. Degeneration, degene-

DEH

racy.

DEGENERA'DO, DA, day-hener-ah'-doe, dah, a. Degenerate, degenerous.—pp. of Degenerate,
DEGENERA'R, day-hen-er-ar',
vn. 1. To degenerate, to fall from
its kind, to grow wild or base: applied to plants. 2. To degenerate,

plied to plants. 2. To degenerate, to fall from the virtue of our ancestors. 3. (Pict.) To disfigure any

DEGLUCIO'N, day-gloo-thich-on', sf. (Med.) Deglutition, swal-

DEGLUCI'R, va. (Obs.) To swal-

DEGOLLACIO'N, day-gol-lyathe-on', sf. Decollation, beheading. DEGOLLADE'RO, day-gol-tyahder -o, sm. 1. Throttle, windpipe. 2. Shambles, slaughter-house. 3. (Obs.) The scaffold on which noblemen were formerly beheaded. 4. In theatres, a place in the pit farthest from the stage, with no seats, low price. It is separated from the pit by a partition as high as one's neck, from which it takes its name. Degolladero de bolsas, Cutpurse; also, a shop where goods are sold at an extravagant price, or bad measure or weight is given. Llevar al degolladero, (Met.) To put one in

DEGOLLADO'R, day-gol-lyahlore', sm. Headsman, executioner.
DEGOLLADU'RA, day-gol-lyahdoor'-ah, sf. 1. Cutting of the throat. 2. Interstice between two bricks filled up with mortar. 3. A slope filled up with mortar. 3. A slope out of women's jackets. 4. Slender

DEGOLLAMIE'NTO, sm. (Obs.)

V. DEGOLLACION.
DEGOLLACION.
DEGOLLACION.
1. To behead, to decapitate; to guillotine. 2. (Met.) To destroy, to ruin, to annihilate. 8. (Coll.) To tease, to importune. Esta persona me degüella, This person troubles and harasses me. Degollar à sandinata by excessive grias, To debilitate by excessive blood-letting

DEGRADACIO'N, day-grahdath-e-on', sf. 1. Degradation, dismission from an office or dignity; fall. 2. Degradation, degeneracy

Neck or narrow part of many things. 3. Destruction, ruin. Tirar a deguello, To endeavor to destroy

the crucifixion of our Saviour.

DEICI'DIO, day-ith-ee'-de-o, sm.
Deicide, murder of Christ.

DEIDA'D, day-e-dad', sf. 1. Deity, divinity. 2. Deity, goddess; a term of flattery addressed to wo-

DEIFE'RO, RA, day-e-fer'-o, ah, . (Littl. us.) One who carries God n the depths of his heart. DEIFICACIO'N, day-e-fe-cath-e-

n', sf. Deification.
DEIFICA'R, day-e-fe-car', va. To deify, to praise excessively or

DEI'FICO, day-ee'-fe-co, c. Deifial, making divine; belonging to DEIFO'RME, day-e-for'-may, a.

Deiform, of a godlike form; god-Deiparous, that brings forth a God:
pplied to the blessed Virgin.

DEI'SMO. day and DEIPARA, day-ee'-par-ah,

applied to the blossed.
DEI'SMO, day-ees'-mo, Deism.
DEI'STA, day-ees'-tah, sm. Deist.
DE'JA, day'-hah, sf. Prominence
between two fissures.

DEJACIO'N, day-hath-e-on', 1. Act of leaving, relinquishing, or giving up. 2. Abdication, resignation. Dejacion de bienes, The act

venliness, neglect, laziness, las-

tor, he who leaves successors.

DEJAMIE'NTO, day-hah-meen'-toe, sm. 1. Act of leaving, relinquishing, or giving up. 2. Indolence, idleness, carelessness. 3.

Languor, decay of spirits. 4. Abdication, resignation. meaton, resignation.

DEJA'R, day-har', va. 1. To leave, to let, to relinquish, to quit, to come from, to go from. 2. To omit saying or doing any thing. 3.

fall. 2. Degradation, degeneracy.
3. (Pict.) Degradation, diminution.
DEGRADA'R, day-grah-day,
ca. To degrade, to deprive one of his place, dignity, or honors.—vr.
To degrade or demean one's self.
(Yo deguello, yo deguelle; from Degoldar. V. Acondar.)
DEGUETLLO, day-goo-ev-lyo,
sm. 1. Decollation, the act of beheading or cutting one's throat. 2.
Neek or purrow part of many. up, to give up. 9. To lay away. 10 To forbear, to leave off, to cease DEHENDE'R, va. (Obs.) To split, to cleave, to divide longitudially.

DEHENDIMIE'NTO, sn. (Obs.)
The act of splitting, cleaving, or eparating.

DEHE'S A, day-es'-sah, sf. Pasure-ground. Dehesa concejil. Comseparating.

DEHE'SA, day-es'-sah, sf. Pasture-ground.

Self. 2. To allow or suffer one's self to a To abandon one's self to below the self to a To abandon one's self to below the self to be self to abandon one's self to be self to be self to be self to be self to abandon one's self to be self to abandon one's self to be self to be self to abandon one's self to abandon on

DEHESE'RO, day-es-ser'-o, sm. Dejarse vencer, To yield one's self DEHORTAR, va. (Obs.) To de-ort, to dissuade.

DEHORTAR, va. (Obs.) To de-ort, to dissuade.

DEMORTAR, va. (Obs.) To de-drop down a river. Dejarse caer à ort, to dissuade.

DEICUPA, day-ith-ee-dah, sm. la popa, (Nau.) To fall astern. Decicide: a term applied by some jarse caer à sotavento, (Nau.) To Deicide: a term applied by some jarse caer à sotavento, (Nau.) To writers to those who concurred in fall to leeward. Dejarse alguna cosa en el tintero, To omit something necessary to the subject.

DEJATIVO, va, a. (Obs.) Lazy, languid, dejected.

DEJEMPLA'R, va. (Obs.) To defame, to dishonor.

DEJITLO, day-hil'-lyo, sm. dim.
Slight relish or taste which remains

after eating or drinking.

DE'JO, dayl-hoe, sm. 1. End, termination. 2. Negligence, carelessness, laziness. 3. (Obs.) V.

ABKEGACION, 4. Relish or taste which remains after eating or drinking. 5. Result, effect, or remains of a passion. 6. Particular accentua-

tion on the last syllable of words.

DEJUGA'R, day-hoo-gar', va. To extract the juice or substance of

any thing.
DEL, del. Of the, a contraction of the preposition De and the mas-culine article el; as, el mérito del libro, instead of el mérito de el libro. DELACIO'N, del-ath-e-on', sf.

Delation, accusation, impeachment DELANTA'L, del-an-tal', sm.

DELA'NTE, del-an'-tay, ad. 1. Before, in the presence of, in the sight of, in front of. 2. Before,

giving up. 2. Abdication, resigna-tion. Dejacion de bienes, The act of resigning one's property to his creditors.

DEJATDA, sf. V. Dejacion.
DEJADEZ, day-hah-deth', sf.
Slovenliness, neglect, laziness, las-seats, behind the barriers of a place, boveniness, negace, and the state of clothes. 4. Frontiers, constitude.

DEJATOO, pa, day-hahl-doe, dah, a. 1. Slovenly, idle, indolent. 2. fines. 5. Advantage obtained over another. 6. (Obs.) Vanguard over the start of a person. Ir en la delantera. To take the lead.

lantera, To take the lead.
DELANTE'RO, RA, del-an-ter'-o,

DELANTE'RO, del-an-ter'-o, sm. The first, one who takes the lead. 2. Postilion. DELATA'BLE, del-ah-tah'-blay,

a. Accusable, blamable.
DELATA'NTE, del-ah-tan'-tay,

pa. Informer, accuser.

DELATA'R, del-ah-tar', va. To inform, to accuse, to denounce, to DELA'TE, del-ah'-tay, sm. (Obs.)

Highwayman.
DELATO'R, del-ah-tore', sm. Ac-DE'LE, prep. (Obs.) Now written

Del, Of the.
DE'LE, day'-lay, sm. (Print.) Dele, a mark of erasure.

DELECTA'BLE, del-ec-tah'-blay,

DELEGA'DO, del-ay-gah'-doe, m. Delegate, deputy, commission er, minister.—Delegado, da, pp. o

DELEGA'NTE, del-ay-gan'-tay, pa. Constituent, one that delegates DELEGA'R, del-ay-gar', va. To

DELEITABILIDA'D, del-ay-etah-be-le-dad', sf. Delectablen

delightfulness.

DELEITA'BLE, del-ay-e-tah'-blay, a. Delectable, delightful.

DELEITABLEME'NTE, ad. De-

DELEITACION, del-ay-e-tathon', sf. Delectation, pleasure, de-

DELEITAMIE'NTO, del-ay-e-tah-me-en'-toe, sm. Delight, plea-DELEITA'NTE, del-ay-e-tan'-

tay, pa. Delighting.
DELEITA'R, del-ay-e-tar', va. To delight, to please, to content.— er. To delight, to have delight or

pleasure in.

DELETTE, del-ay-e-tay, sm. 1.
Pleasure, delight, gratification.

Delete sensual, The emotion of any lawful pleasure. 2. Lust, carnal

DELEITOSAME'NTE, ad. Delightfully, pleasantly, cheerfully.

DELEITO'SO, sa, del-ay-e-tosso, sah, a. Delightful, agreeable,

pleasing.

DELETE'REO, EA, del-ay-ter-ay-o, ah, a. (Med.) Deleterious, de-

DELETREADO'R, del-ay-tray-

ah-dore', sm. Speller.

DELETREA'R, del-ay-tray-ar', va. 1. To spell, to read by spelling.
2. To find out and explain the meaning of what is difficult and bscure; to examine, to scrutinize.

DELEZNA'BLE, del-eth-nak'a. 1. Slippery, smooth. 2.

DELEZNADETRO, del-eth-nah-

DELEZNAME'NTO, del-eth-nah-der-o, sm. A slippery place.

DELEZNAME'NTO, del-eth-nah-me-en'-toe, sm. Act of slipping.

DELEZNA'R, en. V. DESLIZAR.

DELFI'N, del-feen', sm. 1. Dol-phin, a cetaceous animal. Delphinus delphis, L. 2. Dolphin of a cannon, one of the two handles of a brass gun, which serve to mount

flight drugget.
DELFI'NIO, del-fee-ne-o, sm. (Bot.) Lark-spur. Delphinium con-

DELGACE'RO, RA, a. (Obs.) V. DELGADAMENTE, ad. 1.
Thinly, delicately. 2. (Met.) Acutely, sharply, finely. 3. Gauntly.
DELGADE'Z, del-gah-deth', sf. 1.

Thinness, tenuity. 2. (Met.) Acuteness, ingenuity. 3. Slenderness. DELGA'DO, DA. del-gah'-doe.

dah, a. 1. Thin, tenuous, delicate, light. 2. Thin, exiguous, slender, fine, ingenious. 4. Short, little,

de un navio, (Nau.) The narrowing or rising of a ship's floor. Navio delgado à proa, (Nau.) A sharp-bowed vessel. Navio delgado para andar, (Nau.) A sharp-built vessel for sailing. Navio de muchos delgado ados, (Nau.) A sharp-bottomed ship.

DELGA'DO, del-gah'-doe, sm. A strait place. Delgados, Flanks of animals.

DELGAZA'R, va. (Obs.) V.

DELGAZA'R, va. (Obs.) V.

eesthen'-tay, a. (Chem.) Deliquescent.

DELINCUE'NTE, day-lin-coo-en'-tay, pa. Delinquent, offender.

DELINEACIO'N, day-le-nay-ant-e-on', sf. Delineation, draft, sketch.

DELINEAMENTO, DELINEAMENTO, day-le-nay-ah-men'-toe, sm. Delineament. V. DELINEA-CION.

DELGAZA'R, va. (Obs.) V.

ADELIBERACIO'N, del-e-ber-ath-

DELIBERADO'R, del-e-ber-ah-

dore', sm. (Obs.) Deliverer.
DELIBERAMIE'NTO, del-e-berah-me-en'-toe, sm. (Obs.) Deliver-

DELIBERA'R, del-e-ber-ar', vi 1. To consider, to deliberate, to discourse. 2. To consult or take coun sel together.—vr. To have delight or pleasure in.—va. 1. To deliberate, to think in order to choose, to hesi-

DELICADAME'NTE, ad. Deli-

DELICADE'Z, del-e-cah-deth', sf. 1. Delicacy, weakness of constitu-tion. 2. (Met.) Delicacy, tender-ness, scrupulousness, mercifulness. ness of temper. 4. Faintness, idleness, cowardice

DELICADE'ZA, del-e-cah-deth'ah, sf. 1. Delicateness, tenderness softness, effeminacy; nicety, exquisiteness. 2. Delicacy, nicety in the choice of food, daintiness. 3 Subtlety, dexterity. 4. Exility, fineness, tenuity. 5. (Met.) Acuteness of understanding, refinement wit; perspicacity; curiosity; melli-

DELICA'DO, DA, del-e-cah'-doe it on the carriage. 3. Dolphin, a northern constellation. 4. Dauphin, formerly the title of the days o northern constellation. 4. Dauphin, finical, feminine, lady-like. 3. Deli cate, exquisite, nice, delicious, dain of the king of France.

DELFI'NA, del-fee'-nah, sf. 1.
Dauphiness, the wife or widow of the dauphin of France. 2. A sort the dauphin of France. 2. A sort tidious. 6. Beautiful, pleasing to the eye. 7. Arduous, difficult, per-

DELICADURA, sf. DELICA-MIE'NTO, sm. (Obs.) V. DELICA-

DELICIA, day-lee'-thie-ah, sf. Delight, comfort, satisfaction.
DELICIA'RSE, day-le-thie-ars'say, vr. (Obs.) To delight, to have
delight or pleasure in.
DELICIOSAME'NTE, ad. Deli-

iously, daintily, delightsomely.
DELICIO'SO, SA, day-le-thie-os'-

sah, a. Delicious, delightful,

DELINEA'R, day-le-nay-ar', va. 1. To delineate, to draw the first draft of a thing; to sketch, to figeon', sf. 1. Deliberation, considera-tion, reflection. 2. Resolution, de-termination. 3. (Obs.) Liberation. DELIBERADAME'NTE, ad.

DELINQUIMIE'NTO, del-in-

e-me-en'-toe, sm. Delinquency,

DELINQUI'R, del-in-kier, on. o transgress the law, to offend.
DELINTA'R, DELINTERA'R, a. V. Ceder and Traspasar.
DELINA'R, vn. (Obs.) To dress,

DELI'QUIO, dag-lee-ke-o, sm. woon, a fainting-fit, eestasy.

DELIRAME'NTO, day-lier-ah-

nen'-toe, sm. Delirium.
DELIRA'NTE, pa. Delirious, light-headed; raving,
DELIRA'R, day-lier-ar', vn. 1.

To delirate, to dote, to rave. 2. (Met.) To rant, to talk nonsense. DELI'RIO, day-lier'-e-o, sm. 1. Delirium, alienation of mind, dotage. 2. (Met.) Rant, nonsense, idle talk.

DELI'TO, day-lee'-toe, sm. Trans-gression of a law; fault, crime,

DE'LLA, DE'LLO, del'-lyah, del'lyo, Contractions of the words de ella, de ella, Of her, of it. Della con dello, Reciprocally, alternatively, one with the other, good and bad

DELONGAR, va. (Obs.) To en-

DELUNGA'R, va. (USS.) To enlarge, to prolong.

DELU'BRO, day-loo'-bro, sm. (Obs.) 1. Temple or altar dedicated to an idol. 2. An idol.

DELUSIVO, va. day-loos-see'-vo, vah, a. Delusive, fallacious.

DELUSO'R, day-loos-sore', sm. (Littl. us.) Cheat, impostor, deluder

DELUSORIAME'NTE, ad. Deusively, deceitfully.

DELUSO'RIO, RIA, day-loos-sore-

o, ah, a. Deceitful, fallacious. DEMA'ES, ad. (Obs.) V. Demas. DEMAGO'GO, 'day-mah-go'-go,

m. Demagogue.

DEMA'NDA, day-man'-dah, sf. Demand, claim, pretension, com-plaint, challenge. Morir en la de-nanda, To assert one's right to the last extremity. Salir à la demanda, To appear in one's own defence. Demandas y respuestas, Haggling about the price between sellers and buyers. 2. Request, petition, the act of asking charity; gathering. 3. Charity-box; an image carried about by hermits and other devotees who ask charity. 4. (Nau.) Look-out, the look-out for land or another vessel. 5. Interrogation. DEMANDA'BLE, a. (Obs.) V.

APETECIBLE pleasing.

DELICUESCENCIA, day-le-cooes-thent-thich-ah, sf. (Chem.) Deliquescence.

DEMANDADERO, RA, dayman-dah-dert-o, ah, s. 1. A servantman or woman who attends at the
door of a nunnery or convent, to fine, ingenious. 4. Short, little, quescence.

Scanty, poor, extenuate. Delgados DELICUESCE'NTE, day-le-coo-run errands. 2. A servant in a jail.

DEMANDA'DO, DA, day-man-dah'-doe, dah, s. Defendant, the per-

Bon accused.—pp. of Demandar.

DEMANDADO'R, day-mandah-dore', sm. 1. One who goes
about asking charity for pious uses.
2. Claimant, plaintiff. 3. One who

2. Claimant, piantain. 5. One was solicits a woman in marriage.

DEMANDADO'RA, day-man-dah-dor'-ah, sf. (Littl. us.) Demandress, a female plaintiff or pe-

DEMANDA'NTE, pa. Claimant

more water to sail.

DEME'RITO, day-mer'-e-toe, sm. Demerit, ill desert. 2. The act of

Mie'ntras. DEMIGA'R, va. (Obs.) V. Disi-

DEMINUCIO'N, day-me-noo-thie-on', sf. (Obs.) V. Diminucion. DEMINUI'R, va. (Obs.) V. Dis-

bubmission, humility.
DE'MO, sm. (Prov.) Demon,

money, to steal. 5. (Nau.) To rehie-ah, sf. Democracy.
DEMO'CRATA, day-mo'-crah-

DEMOCRATICO, CA, day-mo-

"DEMOCLE'R, day-mo-ler', va. 1.
To demolish, to overthrow. 2.
(Obs.) To obliterate, to blot from dore', sm. Designator, surveyor.

DEMARCA'R, day-mar-car', va.

To mark out confines or limits, to survey. Demarcar el terreno de un campamento, To trace out the

DEMA'S, day-mas', ad. (Obs.)
Over and above a certain quantity,
measure, or number; besides; DEMONIA'DO, DA, a. (Obs.) V

choo'-tcho, sm. (Low) An ugly, nideous little devil. DEMA'S, day-mas', a. It is almost always used with an article prefixed to it. Lo demas, The rest. Los demas or las demas, The rest, the others. Yasi de lo demas, And so on; so with the rest. Estar de-

DEMONSTRACION, sf. (Obs.)

DEMONSTRACION.
DEMONSTRACR, va. (Obs.) V DEMONUE'LO, day-mon-yoo-el'-

DEMA'SES, day-mas'-ses, sm. pl. (Prov.) Abundance, copiousness. DEMASI'A, day-mas-see'-ah, sf. o, sm. dim. A little demon or devil.
DEMO'RA,
DEMORA'NZA,
day-mor'-ah, sf. 1. Delay, procrastiation, protraction, demurrer. 2. Demurrage, an allowance made for the detention of a ship in a port. 3 (Amer.) The time in which miners are obliged to work in the mines.

ing, an arduous enterprise. 6. Irregularity, inordinate practice. 7. Incivility, rudeness, want of respect, insult. 8. Abundance, copiousness, plenty. En demasia, Ex-To remain, to continue long in place. 2. (Nau.) To bear, to be situated with regard to a ship. La DEMASIADAME'NTE, ad. Excosta demora norte, The coast bears

DEMASIADO, DA, day-mas-se-DEMOSTRABLE. ah'-blay, a. Demonstrable ah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Excessive, more than enough. 2. (Obs.) Bold, dar-

ing, enterprising.

DEMASIA'DO, day-mas-se-ah'-doe, ad. Enough, too, sufficiently,

mas, To be over and above; to be useless or superfluous. Por de-

mas. Uselessly, in vain, to no pur-

DEMEDIA'R, day-may-de-ar' va. (Obs.) 1. To sunder, to divide into halves. 2. To wear a thing until it has lost half its value. Demediar la confesion, To confess but

DEME'NCIA, day-men'-thie-ah, sf. Demency, madness, insanity.
DEMENTA'R, day-men-tar', va. To dementate, to render mad or frantic: almost always used in its

reciprocal sense.

DEME'NTE, day-men'-tay, a.

Demented, mad, distracted, franlic, infatuated, insane.

DEMERITO'RIO, RIA, day-mer DEMIENTO NIO, Rat. 409 - No. 100 - 1

DEMISIO'N, day-me-se-on', sf.

complainant, plaintiff.

DEMANDA'R, day-man-dar',
va. 1. To demand, to ask, to petition. 2. To claim, to enter an action. 3. To covet, to have a strong desire. 4. (Joc.) To finger one's pirit; generally an evil spirit.
DEMOCRA'CIA, day-mo-crah'-

DEMANIA'L, a. (Obs.) Origi-ating in, proceeding from. ah, sm. Democrat.
DEMOCRA'TICAME'NTE, ad.

DEMARCACIO'N, day-marcah-thie-on', sf. Demarcation.
DEMARCADO'R, day-mar-cah-

DEMOLICIO'N, day-mo-le-thieground of a camp.

DEMARRA'RSE, day-mar-rars'-

DEMONIA'CO, ca, day-mo-ne-h'-co, cah, a. 1. Demoniacal, devil-h. 2. Demoniacal, 3. Demonian.

Endemoniado.

DEMONICHU'CHO, day-mo-ne

DEMO'NIO, day-mo'-ne-o, sm. 1. Demon, familiar. 2. A disease so

1. Excess in the price of a thing. 2. Overmuch. 3. An unjust claim or pretension. 4. A superfluous, use-less expense. 5. A bold undertak-Sin demora, Without delay.

DEMORA'R, day-mor-ar', vn. 1.

DEMOSTRABLEME'NTE, ad

Demonstrably, ostensibly.

DEMOSTRACIO'N, day-most rah-thie-on', sf. Demonstration

DEMOSTRADO'R, RA. day-mos rah-dore', ah, s. Demonstrator.
DEMOSTRAMIE'NTO. mos-trah-me-en'-toe, sm. (Obs.) Indication, signification.

DEMOSTRA'NZA, day-mos-tran'-thah, sf. (Obs.) Manifestation,

DEMOSTRA'R, day-mos-trar', va. To demonstrate, to prove, to nanifest, to lay open, to make out.
DEMOSTRATIVAMENTE DEMOSTRATIVO, VA, day-

nos-trah-tee'-vo, vah, a. Demonstra-DEMUDACION, day-moo-dah.

hie-on', sf. Change, alteration.

DEMUDA'R, day-moo-dar', va.
o alter, to change.—vr. To be

changed.

(Yo demuelo, yo demuela; from Demoler. V. Mover.)

(Yo demuestro, yo demuestre; from Demostrar. V. Acordar.)

DEMULCENTE, a. and sm.

Med.) Demulcent.
DENA'NTE, DENA'NTES, ad.

DENA'RIO, day-nar'-e-o, sm. 1. Roman denier, a small silver coin. 2. Denary, decimal or tenth number. 8. (Obs.) Money paid to laovers for one day's lab

DENA'RIO, RIA, day-nar'-e-o, ah, Tenth, containing the number of

DE'NDE, den'-day, ad. Hence, DENDRITA, DENDRITE, den-

dree'-tah, den-dree'-tay, sf. Den-drite, a mineral representing the gures of plants.

DENEGACIO'N, day-nay-9ahhieh-on', sf. Denial, refusal, dene-

DENEGA'R, day-nay-gar', va. To deny, to refuse, to denegate.

DENEGRECE'R, day-nay-grayher', va. 1. To blacken, to darken, to denigrate. 2. (Obs.) V. DENI-

GEAR.

DENEGRI'DO, DA, day-nay-gree'-doe, dah, a. Blackened, denigrated.—pp. of Denegrir.

DENEGRI'R, day-nay-grier', va.

Obs.) V. DENEGRECER.

Obs.) V. DENEGRECEE.
DENGO'SO, s.a. den-gos'-so, sah,
Estidious, over nice, scrupulous.
DENGUE, den'-gay, sm. 1. Fas-idiousness. 2. Prudery. 3. A
sort of short veil worn by women. Andar en dengues, To be over nice, to be too punctilious. No andar en engues, Not to mind trifles.

DENGUE'RO, RA, den-ger'-o, ah,

Prudish, affected. V. DENGOSO. (Yo deniego, yo deniegue; from Denegar. V. Acrecentar.) DENIGRACIO'N, day-ne-grath-

on', sf. Denigration, stigma, dis-

DENIGRA'R, day-ne-grar', va.
To denigrate or blacken the character of a person, to calumniate, to DENIGRATIVAME'NTE, ad.

Injuriously, infamously.

DENIGRATIVO, va, day-negrah-teel-vo, vah, a. Blackening,

DENODADAME'NTE, ad, Bold-DENODA'DO, DA, day-no-dah'-

oe, dah, a. Bold, intrepid, auda-DENOMINA'BLE, a. (Littl. us.)

DENOMINACIO'N, day-no-meah-thie-on', sf. Denomination.
DENOMINADAME'NTE, ad. definitively.

DENOMINADO'R, day-no-menah-dore', sm. (Arit.) Denominator. DENOMINA'R, day-no-me-nar', a. To denominate, to give a name. DENOMINATIVO, VA, a. (Lit-

DENOSTADAME'NTE, ad. Igminiously, insultingly.

DENOSTADO'R, day-nos-tahdore', sm. Vilifier, railler, reviler.
DENOSTA'R, day-nos-tar', va.
To insult a person with foul langnage, to revile, to abuse.
DENOTACIO'N, day-no-tahthie-on', sf. (Obs.) Designation, de-

DENOTA'R, day-no-tar', va. 1. To denote, to signify, to express. 2.

DENOTATIVO, VA, day-no-tahtee'-vo, vah, a. Denoting, denota-DENSAME'NTE, ad. Closely,

DENSA'R, den-sar', va. (Obs.) To

DENSIDA'D, den-se-dad', sf. 1. Density, closeness, compactness, grossness. 2. Obscurity, confusion,

DE'NSO, sa, den'-so, sah, a. 1. Dense, thick, condense. 2. Close, DENSU'NO, ad. (Obs.) V. Jun-

DENT, pron. (Obs.) Used for de

a, de ello, de aquello.

DENTA'DO, DA, den-tah'-doe,
dah, a. 1. Furnished with teeth. 2.
Denticulated, dentated, toothed. 3. Crenated, indented.—pp. of DEN-TAR. Dentado is sometimes used substantive

DENTADU'RA, den-tah-doo' rah, sf. A set of teeth.

DENTA'L, sm. 1. Bed to which

the ploughshare is fixed. 2. A wooden fork, used to separate the straw from corn. 3. Instrument for extracting teeth. 4. (Conch.) Tooth-shell, a tubular univalve

DENTA'L, a. 1. Dental, belonging to the teeth. 2. (Gramm.) De tal, pronounced principally by the

DENTA'R, va. and n. 1. To tooth, to furnish with teeth, to indent; to cut into teeth. 2. To

DENTA'RIA, den-tar'-e-ah, sf (Bot.) Tooth-wort. Dentaria, L.
DENTEABRU'ÑO, DENTEA-GRU'ÑO, DENTEGI'L, den-tayah-broon'-yo, sm. Royal polypody great spleen-wort. Polypodium

DENTECE'R, den-tay-ther', vn. (Obs.) V. ENDENTECER and DENTAR. DENTECI'LLO, den-teth-il'-lyo, sm. dim. Small tooth.

sm. dsm. Small tooth.

DENTEJO'N, den-tay-hone', sm.
Yoke-tree, with which oxen are
yoked to the cart.

DENTELA'RIA, den-tel-as'-e-

ah, sf. (Bot.) Lead-wort. Plum-

bago europæa, L.

DENTELLA'DA, den-tel-lyah'dah, sf. 1. Gnashing of teeth. 2.
Nip, a pinch with the teeth. 3.
Impression made by the teeth. 4. dentelladas, Snappishly, peevishly. Dar o sacudir dentelladas, To speak surlily and uncivilly.

DENTELLA'DO, DA, den-tel-lyah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Denticulated, dented. 2. Bit or wounded with the teeth.—pp. of DENTELLAR.

DENTELLA'R, den-tel-lyar', vn.

To gnash, to grind or collide the DENTELLEA'R, den-tel-lyayer', va. To bite, to fix the teeth in

DENTE'RA, den-ter'-ah, sf. 1. An unpleasant sensation or tingling pain in the teeth. 2. (Met.) V.

DENTEZUE'LO, den-tay-thoo-DENTEDED, activity-tion-el-o, sm. dim. A little tooth. DENTICIO'N, den-te-thie-on', sf. 1. Dentition, breeding the teeth. 2. Dentition, the time at which chil-dren's teeth are bred.

DENTICULA'R, den-te-coo-lar', a. Like teeth, as a tooth; denticulated, toothed.

DENTI'STA, den-tees'-tah, sm.

DENTIVA'NO, NA, den-te-vah'no, nah, a. Having long and large teeth: applied to horses.

DENTO'N, NA, den-tone, ah,

n. Having large uneven teeth.
DENTO'N, den-tone', sm. (Ichth.)
Dental, a small shell-fish. Sparus

DENTO'RNO, ad. (Obs.) V. DEL

DENTRA'MBOS, den-tram'-bos,

pron. Contraction of De entrambos.
DENTRIFFICO, den-tree-fe-co,
sm and a. (Med.) Dentifrice.
DE'NTRO, den-tro, ad. Within.
Dentro del año, In the course of

the year.

DENTU'DO, DA, den-too'-doe, dah, a. Having large uneven teeth.

DENUE'DO, day-noo-ay'-doh, sm. Boldness, audaciousness, conrage, intrepidity.
DENUE/STO, day-noo-es'-toe, sm.

Affront, insult. (Yo denuesto, from Denostar. V CORDAR.

DENU'NCIA, day-noon'-thie-ah, f. 1. Denunciation. 2. Information id against another person.

DENUNCIA'BLE, day-noon

hie-ah'-blay, a. Fit to be denounced DELATABLE. V. DELATABLE.

DENUNCIACIO'N, day-noonthie-ah-thie-on', sf. Denunciation,
lenouncement. V. Denuncia and

DENUNCIADO'R, day-noon-thieah-dore', sm. Denunciator, informer, accuser.

DENUNCIA'R, day-noon-thie-

DENUNCIAR, day-noon-thie-ar', va. 1. To advise, to give no-tice. 2. To denounce, to lay an in-formation against another. 3. To prognosticate, to foretell. 4. To denounce, to denunciate, to pro-claim, to publish solemnly. DENUNCIATORIO, RIA, day-mon this all tarks the strength of the appenra-

noon-thie-ah-tor'-e-oh, ah, a. Denun-DENU'NCIO, day-noon'-thie-o,

sm. (Prov.) V. Denuncia.
DENA'R, va. (Obs.) To deign,

o deem worthy.
DEOGRA'CIAS, day-o-grah'-

the cloak of religion, or with his devout countenance.

DEPARAR, day-par-ar', va. To offer, to fitnish, to present.

DEPARTAMENTO, day-par-tah-men'-toe, sm. 1. Department, separate part, office, or division. 2.

A part or division of the executive of the content of the counterpart of the counterpa

DENTELLO'N, den-tel-lyone', em. 1. Moulding or ornament of the Corinthian cornice. 2. Piece of a door-lock which represents a large the jurisdiction of the admiral company of the four chief and the four the jurisdiction of the admirar commanding in chief any of the four arsenals in Spain, viz.: Coruña, Ferrol, Cartagena, and Habana.

DEPARTIDAME'NTE, ad.

(Obs.) Separately, distinctly.
DEPARTIDO'R, day-par-tedore', sm. Distributor, divider. DEPARTIMIE'NTO, te-me-en'-toe, sm. (Obs.) 1. Division, separation. 2. Distance; differ-

DEPARTI'R, day-par-tir', vn. 1. To speak, to converse, to commune. 2. (Obs.) To contend; to mediate.—va. (Obs.) 1. To divide to separate. 2. To distinguish by notes of diversity. 3. To argue, to contend, to dispute. 4. To teach, to explain; to mark out, to impede, to obstruct.

DEPAUPERA'R, day-pah-ooper-ar', va. 1. (Obs.) To depauper-ate, to impoverish. 2. To debili-

DEPENDE'NCIA, day-pen-den'thie-ah, sf. 1. Dependence, dependency, the state of dependence on another. 2. Dependence, subordination to superior power. 3. Relation by consanguinity or affinity. 4. Business, affair, trust, charge. dro tiene muchas dependencias, Peter has a deal of business on his hands. 5. Relation or intercourse of business. 6. Dependence, concatenation, connection, continuity. Dependence, relation of one

DEPENDE'NTE, pa. (Obs.) V.

DEPENDE'R, day-pen-der', vn. DEPENDER, any persuary, or.
To depend, to rest upon any hing as its cause. 2. To depend, to be in a state of dependence or servitude. 3. To hang, to be de-

DEPENDIENTE, day-pen-den'-tay, pa. and sm. 1. A dependent, al of another. 2. Depending, one who depends. 3. Client, follower, retainer. 4. (Amer.) A clerk. 5.

DEPENDIENTEME'NTE, ad. DEPLORA'BLE, day-plor-ah'blay, a. Deplorable, lamentable, calamitous, hopeless, mournful.

DEPLORABLEME'NTE, ad.

Deplorably, mournfully, sorrow-DEPLORA'R, day-plor-ar, va.

o deplore, to lament, to bewail, to emoan, to condole, to mourn. DEPONE'NTE, day-po-nen'-tay,

s. Deponent, a witness.

DEPONE'NTE, a. Deponent:
applied to Latin verbs which have passive form, but an active mean-

DEOGRA'CIAS, day-o-grah'thie-as, s. A term used in Spain in
saluting, or in calling in at a house.
Com su deogracias nos queria engañar, He tried to deceive us under
the cloak of religion, or with his
devout countenance.
DEPARA'R day-po-ner', va. 1
To depose, to divest. 2. To depose,
to declare, to affirm. 3. To depose
upon oath before a judge or notary.
4. (Med.) To void by the excretory
passages. 5. To displace to leave

DEP

thie-on', sf. Deportation, transportation, banishment.

DEPORTA'R, day-por-tar', ve To transport, to exile, to banish. (Obs.) 1. To take a diversion 2. To rest. DEPO'RTE, day-por'-tay, sm.

DEPORTE, aay-por-tag, sm. Diversion, armsement, pastime.

DEPORTO'SO, sa, day-por-tos'so, sah, a. (Obs.) V. Divertido.

DEPOS, ad. (Obs.) V. Despues.

DEPOSA'NTE, day-pos-san'-tay, pa. (Obs.) Deponent.

DEPOSA'R, day-pos-sar', va. (Obs.) V. Deponer.

(Obs.) V. Deponer.
DEPOSICIO'N, day-pos-se-thie on', sf. 1. Removing from a place.

2. Deposition, degrading one from dignity or station; deposing. 3. Deposition, assertion, affirmation.
4. Deposition, testimony upon oath. 5. Alvine evacuation.

DEPOSITADO'R, day-pos-setah-dore, sm. One who leaves any thing in trust with another. DEPOSITA'NTE, day-pos-se-

DEPOSITARI'A, tar-ee'-ah, sf. Depository, the place where a thing is lodged.

DEPOSITA'RIO, RIA, day-pos-setar'-e-o, ah, s. Depositary, the person with whom a thing is lodged in trust; trustee, receiver.

DEPOSITA'RIO, RIA, day-posse-tar'-e-o, ah, a. Relating to a depo-

DEPOSITO, day-pos'-e-toe, sm.
1. Deposit, trust. 2. Depository, the place where a thing is lodged. Deposito de animales perdidos,

DEPO'ST, ad. (Obs.) V. DESPUES. DEPRAVACIO'N, day-prah-vah-thieh-on', sf. Depravation, de-

pravity. DEPRAVADAME'NTE, ad, De-

pravedly.

DEPRAVA'DO, DA, day-prahoakl-doe, dah, a. Bad, depraved,
lewd.—pp. of Depravar.

DEPRAVADO'R, day-prah-vah-

dore, sm. Depraver, corrupter.

DEPRAVA'R, day-prah-var', va.
To deprave, to vitiate, to corrupt,

DEPRECACIO'N, day-pray-cahthie-on', sf. Petition, prayer, depreoniuration.

DEPRECA'R, day-pray-car', va. To entreat, to implore, to depre-

DEPRECATIVO, VA, DEPRE-CATO'RIO, RIA, a. day-pray-cahtee-vo, vah, a Deprecative, depre-

DEPRECES, sm. pl. (Obs.) V. DEPRENDE'R, va. (Obs.) To

learn. V. Aprender. DEPRESIO'N, day-pres-se-on', 1. Depression, pressing down.
2. Depression, abasement.

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DERECHAMENTE.

DEPRESO'R, day-pres-sore', sm. Depressor, an oppressor. 2. tchor-e Anat.) Depressor, a name given to lawful nuscles which depress the part on

which they act.

DEPRETERICIO'N, day-prayter-e-thich-on', sf. (Obs. Law) Preterition. V. PRETERRON.

DEPRIMI'R, day-pre-mier', va.
To depress, to humble, to deject,

DEPURACIO'N, day-poo-rahthie-on', sf. Depuration, purification.
DEPURA'DO, DA, day-poor-ah'doe, dah, a. Depurate, cleansed, purified.—pp. of Depurate, DEPURA'R, day-poo-rar', va. To depurate, to cleanse, to purify, to

DEPURATO'RIO, RIA, day-poor

ah-tor'-e-o, ah, a. Depuratory, puriying.
DEPUTA'R, va. V. DIPUTAR.
DE'QUE, ad. (Obs.) Since that,
mmediately that.

DERAIGAMIE'NTO, sm. (Obs.)

DERAIGA'R, va. (Obs.) V. DES-APRAIGAR DERANCHADAME'NTE, ad.

DEPOSITA'NTE, day-pos-se-tar', DEPOSITA'R, day-pos-se-tar', va. 1. To deposit, to confide, to trust. 2. To commit or put in any place for safe-keeping. 3. To depose, to lay down as a pledge or security. 4. To give, to bestow. 5. To inclose, to contain. 6. To interdisconding the preserve of the preserv day-pos-se-y, the place tellano or Español á las derechas, A Cas-Castilian or Spaniard to the back-bone. No hacer cosa á derechas, Not

to do any thing right; to do every DERECHAME'NTE, ad. 1. Directly, full, straight. 2. Rightly, prudently, justly. 3. Expressly,

DERECHE'RA, of. The direct DERECHE'RO, der-ay-tcher'-o

n. Clerk appointed to collect taxes DERECHE'Z, der-ay-tcheth', sf bs.) Rightness, straightness, rec

titude.

DERECHE'ZA, der-ay-tcheth'ah, sf. (Obs.) 1. Straightness. 2.
Rectitude, integrity.

DERECHO, chA, der-ay-tcho,
tchah, a. 1. Right, even, straight.
Todo derecho, Straight-forward. 2.
Just, lawful, well-grounded, reasonable. Hechan desecho. Perfect sh. able. Hecho y derecho, Perfect, ab solute, complete; true, certain without doubt. 3. Right, opposite to the left. 4. (Obs.) Certain; directed. Derecha la caña, (Nau. Right the helm, or midships the

DERE/CHO, der-ay'-tcho, sm. 1. Right, justice, law, equity. Derecho divino, canonico, civil or municipal, Divine, canonical, civil, or munici-pal law. 2. A just claim, 3. Tax, duty, impost, custom, toll. 4. Due, fee, payment claimed by persons in office. In the two last senses it is almost always used in the plural.

5. The right side of cloth. Segun

DERECHORE'RO, RA, der-ay-

DERECHUE'LO, DERECHUE'-LOS, der-ay-tchoo-elf-o, sm. One o<sub>4</sub> the first seams taught to little girls. DERECHU'RA, der-ay-tchoo'ah, sf. 1. Rectitude; right way. (Obs.) Salary, pay. 3. (Obs.) Right; dexterity. En derechura, 1. By the most direct road. 2. Without de-

lay, directly, immediately.

DERECHURE'RO, RA, DERECHU'RO, RA, a. (Obs.) Right, just,

DERECHURI'A, &f. (Obs.) Right, DEREZA'R, va. (Obs.) V. ENCA-

DERI'VA, sf. (Nau.) Ship's

DERIVA'BLE, a. (Littl. us.) Deivable, deducible.
DERIVACIO'N, der-e-vah-thie-

n, sf. 1. Derivation. 2. Derivation, draining of water, a turning of its ourse. 3. (Gram.) Derivation, the tracing of a word from its original.
4. (Met.) Derivation, the drawing of a humor from one part of the body to another. 5. The act of se-

rive, to come from, to descend from, DERIVATIVO, va, der-e-vah-tee'-vo, vah, a. Derivative.

DEROGACIO'N, der-o-gah-thiehon', sf. 1. Derogation or abolition of a law, or of one of its clauses. 2

Deterioration, diminution.

DEROGA'DO, DA, der-o-qah'-doe\_ dah, a. and pp. of DEROGAR. Derogate, derogated.

DEROGA'R, der-o-gar', va. 1. To derogate, to abolish or annul any legal disposition. 2. To reform, to

DEROGATO'RIO, RIA, der-o-qual-tor'-e-o, ah, a. Derogatory, de-

DERONCHA'R, der-on-tchar a. (Obs.) To combat, to fight.
DERRABADURA, der-rah-bahdoo'-rah, sf. The wound made in docking the tail of an animal. DERRABA'R, der-rah-bar', va

DERRAIGA'R, va. V. DESARRAI-DERRA'MA, der-rah'-mah, sf.

Assessment of a tax, duty, or im-DERRAMADAME'NTE, ad. 1. Profusely, lavishly. 2. Depravedly,

DERRAMADO'R, der-rah-mahdore', sm. Prodigal, waster, spend-

DERRAMAMIE'NTO, der-rahmali-me-evi-toe, sm. 1. Pouring out, wasting, or lavishing any thing. 2. Effusion, waste, spilling or shedding. 3. Dispersion, scattering, spreading. Derramamiento de lagrimas, Flood of tears.

of the right side of cloth. Segun detecho, According to law, 6. (Obs.) DERRAMA'R, der-rah-mar', va. Obligation, debt. 7. (Obs.) Road, path.

DERFCHO, der-ay'-tcho, ad. V.

DERFCHO, der-ay'-tcho, ad. V.

DERFCHO, der-ay'-tcho, ad. V.

shed. 5. (Obs.) To assess taxes. Derramar doctrina, (Met.) To diffuse a doctrine.—vr. 1. To be scatfuse a doctrine.—It. It to be scat-tered or spread, to fly abroad. 2. To abandon one's self to sensual pleasures. 3. To disembogue itself,

DER

pleasures. 5. To discining the results as a river. 4. (Obs.) To escape.

DERRA'ME, der-rah'-may, sm. 1.

The portion of liquer or seed lost in measuring. 2. Leakage, allowance for accidental loss in liquid measures. 3. Bevel of a wall at a winder to feelilate the enders dow or door, to facilitate the entrance of light. 4. Declivity.

DERRA'MO, der-rah'-mo, sm. 1.

Profusion, prodigality, lavishness. 2. The sloping of a wall in the aperture for a door or window.

DERRANCA'R, der-ran-car', vn (Obs.) To assault; to fight impetuously and hastily.

DERRANCHA'DO, DA, der-ran-

tchah'-doe, dah, a. (Obs.) Disorder-

DERRASPA'DO, der-ras-pah'-DERRASPA'DO, aer-ras-par-doe, a. Beardless: applied to wheat. DERREDO'R, der-ray-dore', sm. Circumference, circuit; round about: generally used in the plural, or with the article al, or the prepo-

or with the article al, or the preposition en. Al derredor or en derredor, Round about.

DERRENEGA'B, der-ray-nay-gar, vn. (Coll.) To hate, to detest.

DERRENGA'DA, der-ren-gah'-dah, sf. (Prov.) Step in dancing.

DERRENGA'DO, DA, der-ren-gah'-doe, dah, a. Incurvated, bent, crooked, lame, crippled.—pp. of DERRENGAR.

DERRENGAR.

DERRENGADU'RA, der-rengah-doc'-rah, ef. (Obs.) Weakness
in the hip, dislocation of the hip;

DERRENGA'R, der-ren-gar', va. 1. To hip, to sprain the hip, to eripple. 2. (Prov.) To knock off the

fruit of a tree.—vn. (Low) To abominate, to detest.

DERRENGO, der-ren-go, sm. (Prov.) Stick with which fruits are

DERRENIE'GO, der-ray-ne-ay'go, int. and sm. (Coll.) V. Reniego.
DERRERI'A (A'LA), der-rer-ee'ah (ah'-lah), ad. (Obs.) At length, in

DERRETIMIE'NTO, der-ray-teme-en'-toe, sm. 1. Thaw, liquefaction, fusion, melting. 2. Violent affection.

DERRETI'R, der-ray-tir', va. 1. To liquefy, to melt, to dissolve, to fuse. 2. (Coll.) To change money. fuse. 2. (Coll.) To change money. 3. To consume, to expend.—vr. 1. To be deeply in love. 2. To fall in love very easily. 3. To liquefy, to fuse, to melt or to be melted, to become liquid. 4. To melt, to grow

DERRIBA'DO, der-re-bah'-doe. a. Applied to horses having the croup or buttocks rounder and lower han usual.—pp. of Derribar.
DERRIBA'R, der-re-bar', va.

To demolish, to level with the ground. 2. To throw down, to knock down, to fell, to bring to the ground; to flatten; to lay flat, to lodge. 3. To depose, to displace, to divest. 4. To ruin, to destroy. 5 (Met.) To incite, to impel. -vr. To (Met.) To incite, to impel.tumble down, to throw one's self on

DERRI'BO, der-ree-bo, sm. 1. Demolition, as of a building. 2. Ruins of a demolished building.

DES

(Obs.) To precipitate or fling down to demolish, to fell, to lay. 3. (Met.)

To rob one of his fortune or happi
In the standard of the stand ness. 4. To precipitate, to distract any thing spiritual or intellectual.—
vn. (Obs.) To tumble, to fall down.
DERROCHADO'R, der-ro-tchah-

lore', sm. A prodigal, a spendthrift. DERROCHA'R, der-ro-tchar', va. DERROCHAT, der-rotecar, vis.
1. To dissipate, to waste or destroy
property, to make way with. 2.
(Obs.) To conquer, to beat down.
DERROMPER, der-rom-per', va.

DERRO'TA, der-ro'-tah, sf. 1. (Nau.) Ship's course, the tack on which a ship sails. Derrota estimada, (Nau.) Dead reckoning. Seguir en directa derrota, (Nau.) To steer a straight course. 2. Road, vessels. 2. Tinker. steer a straight course. 2. Moad, path. 3. Rout or defeat of an army; overthrow. 4. (Prov.) Opening made in hedges or fences for the cattle which pasture in the stubbles. DERROTA'R, der-ro-tar', va. 1. (Nau.) To cause to drive or fall off:

applied to the wind or stormy weather. 2. To destroy health or fortune. 3. To rout, to defeat.—vn. To arrive in a place in a ruined state, or in the utmost confusion and dis-

DERRO'TE, der-ro'-tay, sm. 1. Defeat, rout, destruction. 2. (Prov.)

DERROTE'RO, der-ro-ter'-o, sm. (Nau.) Collection of sea-charts. (Nau.) Ship's course. 3. (Met.) Course, way, or plan of life, conduct, or action.

DERRUBIA'R, der-roo-be-ar', va.

To break the bounds of a river or rivulet insensibly; to undermine or wash away the ground.

DERRUBIO, der-roo'-be-o, sm.
The insensible overflow of water from a river or rivulet over the level grounds near to its bed, and the earth which falls or moulders away

va. To unhorse: applied to a horse.

DERRUIR, der-roo-ier', va. To demolish, to destroy, to ruin.

V.

DERRIBAR.

DERBURGADAMENTOR

DERRUMBADE'RO, der-roombah-der'-o, sm. 1. Precipice; craggy, steep, and broken ground. 2. (Met.) thorny or arduous affair.

DERRUMBAMIE'NTO, der-

room-bah-me-en'-toe, sm. Precipita-

DERRUMBA'R, der-room-bar', self headlong.
DE'RVIS, der'-vis, sm. Dervis, a

never used but in compound words. 2. (Obs.) A contraction of de ese, of

tion of Desde que, Since that.

(Yoderriengo, yoderriengue; from Derrengar. V. Acertar.)
(Yoderrito, yoderrita; & dirritio, & dirritiera; from Derretir. V. disentangle from a state of perplex-

DERROCA'R, der-ro-car', va. 1. DESABASTECE'R, des-sah-bas-

DESABATI'R, des-sah-bah-tir',

a. (Obs.) To lower, to abate.
DESABEJA'R, des-sah-bay-har', va. To remove bees from their hive. DESABI'DO, DA, des-sah-bee'-doe, dah, a. (Obs.) 1. Ignorant, illiterate.
2. Excessive, extraordinary.

DESABILLE', des-sah-bil-lyay', m. Dishabille, undress; a loose

ress for women.
DESABITA'R, des-sah-be-tar', Obs.) To break, to violate.

DERROSTRA'RSE, der-rostrars'-say, vr. (Obs.) To have one's
face disfigured by blows.

DESABITA'R, des-sah-be-tar',
va. (Nau.) To unbit. Desabitar et
cable, To unbit a cable; that is, to
remove the turns of a cable from the

DESABOLLADO'R, des-sah-bollyah-dore, sm. 1. An instrument used by tin-workers to take bulges

DESABOLLA'R, des-sah-bolyar', va. To tinker. DESABO'NO, des-sah-bo'-no, sm.

DESABO'NO, des-san-vo-no, sm. Prejudice, injury. Hablar en desa-bono de alguno, To speak to the pre-judice of another. DESABO'R, des-sah-bore', sm. 1.

nsipidity, want of taste. 2. (Met. bs.) Dulness, dejection, lowness DESABORA'R. des-sah-bor-ar. a. 1. To render a thing tasteless, o make it insipid or disgusting. 2.

Met.) To disgust, to vex. DESABORDA'RSE, des-sah-borlars'-say, vr. (Nau.) To get clear of a ship which fell on board of one's

DESABORI'DO, DA, des-sah-bord'-doe, dah, a. Tasteless, insipid.
DESABOTONA'R, des-sah-bobe-nar', va. To unbutton.—vn. To

DESABRIDAME'NTE, ad. Biterly, rudely, harshly.
DESABRI'DO, DA, des-sah-bree'doe, dah, a. 1. Tasteless, insipid. 2. Sour, peevish, severe. 3. Hard, difficult: applied to guns that rebound on discharging them. 4.

. Nakedly, without covering. 2. Without shelter, without harbor. DESABRIGA'DO, DA, des-sah-re-gah'-doe, dah, a. 1. Uncovered, wanting covering or clothes. 2. Shelterless; harborless; unshelter-ed. 3. (Met.) Abandoned, without

support.—pp. of Desabrigar.
DESABRIGA'R, des-sah-bre-gar', va. 1. To precipitate, to throw down headlong. 2. (Met.) To emit rays of light.—vr. To precipitate one's ering; to strip, or to take off coyoff light.—vr. To precipitate one's ering. 2. To deprive of shelter or

DESABRI'GO, des-sah-bree'-go. Turkish priest or monk.

DES, dess, 1. A preposition, corresponding with the Latin dis.

(Met.) Destitution, want of support

or protection.

DESABRIMIE'NTO, des-sahthis, of that.

DES QUE, des kay, ad. Contraction of the contraction o Severity or asperity of temper,