JURAMENTA'R. hoo-rah-men tar', va. To swear, to put to an oath.

-vr. To bind one's self by an oath,

JUS

JURAME'NTO, hoo-rah-men'-toe, em. 1. Oath, an affirmation, negation, or promise, corroborated by the attestation of the Divine Being. 2. Oath, curse, imprecation: com-monly used in the plural in this last sense. Juramento asertorio, Decla-

JURA'R, hoo-rar', va. To obtest some superior power; to attest the great name; to promise upon oath;

JURATO'RIA, hoo-rah-tor'-e-ah, sf. (Prov.) Plate of silver containing the holy evangelists, on which magistrates lay their hands in

JURATO'RIA, hoo-rah-tor'-e-ah, a. Caucion or fianza juratoria, Juratory security, an oath taken by a poor person to return to prison when called on, having no bail.

JURATO'RIO, hoo-rah-tor'-e-o, sm. Instrument setting forth the oaths taken by Arragonese magis-

trates.
JURDI'A, hoor-ded-ah, sf. Kind

JURGI'NA, hoor-hee'-nah, sf. JURI'DICAME'NTE, ad. Law-

fully, legally, juridically.

JURI DICO, ca, hoor-ee-de-co, cah, a. Lawful, legal, juridical;

sool-toe, sm. 1. Jurisconsult, one who gives his opinion in law. 2. Civilian, civilist. 3. Jurist, a law-

yer.
JURISDICCIO'N, hoor-is-dicthich-on', ef. 1. Jurisdiction, legal authority, extent of judicial power; power, authority. 2. Jurisdiction, district to which any judicial au

hority extends.
JURISDICCIONA'L, hoor-is-dicthich-on-al', a. Jurisdictional, rela-

JURISPERI'CIA, hoor-is-pereth'-e-ah, sf. Jurisprudence.

JURISPERITO, hoor-is-per-ee'

toe, sm. A professor of jurisprudence. V. Jurisconsulto.

JURISPRUDE'NCIA, hoor-is-

proo-den'-thieh-ah, sf. Jurispru-dence, law, or the science of law. JURISPRUDE'NTE, hoor-is proo-den'-tay, sm. V. Jurisconsulto. JURI'STA, hoor-ees'-tah, sm. 1 Jurist, lawyer, a man who professes

one who has an annuity assigned to him upon the revenue of the crown.

JURO, hoor-o, sm. 1. Right of perpetual property. 2. Annuity astronometric property. 3. Annuity astronometric property. 4. Annuity astronometric property. 5. Annuity astronometric property. perpetual property. 2. Annuity assigned upon the revenue of the crown. De juro, Certainly.

JUSBA'RBA, hoos-bar'-bah, sf.

(Bot.) Field myrtle. Ruscus acu-

any one by justice.

JUSTA, hoos'-tah, sf. 1. Joust, pious.

tilt, tournament. 2. Literary con-

JUSTACO'R, sm. (Obs.) Waistcoat, doublet.

pious man. En justos y en verenjustos, (Coll.) Right or wrong, with
reason or without.

JUSTADO'R, hoos-tah-dore', sm.

liter, one who plays at jousts.
JUSTAME/NTE, ad. Justly, just, exactly; precisely, fairly.

JUSTA'R, hoos-tar', vn. To joust,

JUSTI'CIA, hoos-teeth'-e-ah, sf Justice, giving to every man his lue. 2. Retribution, punishment. Reason, honesty; equity; right 4. Justice, magistrate or tribunal.
5. Public punishment. Justicia de Arragon, (Obs.) The chief magistrate of Arragon. Justicia mayor (Obs.) The lord chief-justice of Spain. De justicia, According to justice, duly, meritedly.

JUSTICIA'R, hoos-teeth-e-ar', va.

Obs.) To execute a malefactor. JUSTICIA'ZGO, hoos-teeth-e-ath'o, sm. (Obs.) The place and office

f a justice.
JUSTICIE'RO, RA, hoos-teeth-e er'-o, ah, s. Justicer, one who rigor-ously observes justice; one who chastises crimes with rigid justice.

JUSTIFICACION, hoos-te-fe

JUSTIFICACIO'N, hoos-te-fe-cath-e-on', sf. 1. Justification, defence, maintenance, support. Production of the documents nents o instruments tending to establish a of fishing instrument.

JUREL, hoor-el', sm. A sea-fish. ty with justice. 4. Sanctification by grace. 5. (Print.) Adjustment of lines in a page of types. JUSTIFICADAMENTE, ad.

Justly, correctly, justifiably.

JUSTIFICA'DO, DA, hoos-te-fe-cah'-doe, dah, a. Equal, justified conformable to justice.-pp. of Jus-

TIFICAR.

JUSTIFICADO'R, hoos-te-fe-cahlore, sm. Justifier, justificator. V

JUSTIFICA'NTE, hoos-te-fe-can'tay, pa. Justifying; justifier.
JUSTIFICA'R, hoos-te-fe-car', va. 1. To justify, to free from past sin, to render just. 2. To justify, to clear from imputed guilt; to abolve from an accusation; to excu pate. 3. To prove or establish a laim in a court of judicature. To prove or show by argument of testimony. 5. To justify, to rectify, to adjust, to arrange, to regulate exactly. 6. (Print.) To justify or equalize the spaces between the ords in a line of types.-vr. To vindicate one's character, to clear

one's self from imputed guilt.

JUSTIFICATIVO, va, hoos-tefe-cah-tee'-vo, vah, a. Justificative,

justifying, justificatory.

JUSTI'LLO, hoos-teel'-lyo, sm. 1 Jacket without sleeves, waist of a female dress. 2. An under gar-

person appointed to set a price upon things. JU'STO, TA, hoos'-toe, tah, a, 1

JUSCAR, va. (Obs.) To condemn

JUSCAR, va. (Obs.) To condemn exactly proportioned. 6. Just, good,

JU'STO, hoos'-toe, sm. A just and

JUSTO, hoos'-toe, ad. Tightly, straitly. Al justo, Fitly, duly; completely, punctually.
JUTA, sf. (Orn.) A kind of American duck.

LAB

JUTI'A, V. Hutia. JUVE'NCO, ca, s. (Obs.) V. No.

JUVENI'L, hoo-ven-eel', a. Jp. enile, young, youthful; girlish.
JUVENTUD, hoo-ven-tood!, sf. Youthfulness, youth, juvenility. JUZGA'DO, DA, pp. of JUZGAR.

Sentencia pasada en autoridad de cosa juzgada, (Law) A sentence passed on a thing, tried, judged, and affirmed.
JUZGA'DO, hooth-gah'-doe, sm.

Tribunal, court of justice; judica-JUZGADO'R, RA, hooth-gah-dore,

ah. s. Judge, one who judges.

JUZGAMU'NDOS, hooth-gahmoon'-dos, s. com. One who censures the actions of every one but

JUZGA'NTE, hooth-gan'-tay, pa.

Judging; judge.
JUZGA'R, hooth-gar', va. and n. 1. To judge, to pass sentence upon, to give judgment. 2. To judge, to apprehend, to form or give an opinion, to opine, to hold, to find.

K is not now used in the Spanish language; in the few words in which it was formerly used its place has been supplied by c before a, o, and u, and by qu before e and i. Its sound is the hard sound of c before a, o, and u; its figure is retained in Spanish only in a few technical words, for the intel ligence of other languages, and in the spelling of proper names.

1.

1, ay'-lay, is in the Spanish lan-guage a semi-vowel, and sometimes becomes a liquid when a mute letter precedes it; e.g. in the words claustro, gloria, fl The l always keeps the same sound as in English.

LA, lah, def. art, fem, sing. The. LA, lah, pron. pers. acc. f. sing.

LA, lah, sm. (Mus.) La, the sixth

ound of the hexachord.

LA'BARO, lah'-bar-o, sm. Labarum, the Roman imperial standard, on which Constantine blazoned the monogram of Jesus Christ, and added a cross.

LA'BE, sf. (Obs.) Stain, spot. V. MANCHA.

LABERINTO, lah-ber-in'-toe,

sm. 1. Labyrinth, maze. 2. An intricate and obscure matter, hard to be understood; maze, perplexity. 3. (Anat.) Labyrinth of

he ear. LA'BIA, lah'-be-ah, sf. (Coll.) Weet, winning eloquence.
LABIA'DO, DA, lah-be-ah'-doe,

dah, a. (Bot.) Labiate. LABIA'L, a. Labial, uttered by the lips : applied to letters.

FILIREA.
LABIHENDI'DO, DA, lah-be-en-

LAB

dee-doe, dah, a. Hare-lipped. LA'BIO, lah'-be-o, sm. 1. The lip

2. Lip, the edge of any thing. La-bio hendido, Hare-lip.

LABIODENTA'L, lah-be-o-den-tal', a. Labiodental.

LABO'R, lah-bore', sf. 1. Labor. task, the act of doing what requires an exertion of strength. 2. Labor work to be done, work done. 3 Symmetry, adaptation of parts t work, any kind of needle-work embroidery. Labor de retacitos or de taracea, Patch-work. Labor blanca. White work. Ir á la labor, To go to school: speaking of girls. Sa-car la niña de la labor, To take a child from her needle. 5. A thousand tiles or bricks. 6. Cultivation, husbandry, tillage, V. LABRANZA. 7. (Prov.) Egg of a silk-worm. Labores, Figures raised upon a ground; variegated needle-work; diaper. (Am.) The works of a mine le labor, A cultivated field. LABORADO'R, lah-bor-ah-dore sm. V. TRABAJADOR and LABRADOR. LABORA'NTE, lah-bor-an'-tay

sm. 1. (Obs.) Laborer, workman. 9. Laborant, chemist. LABORATO'RIO, lah-bor-ahtor-e-o, sm. Laboratory, a chemist's

ork-room. LABORCI'CA, illa, ita, lah-borthieh'-cah, sf. dim. 1. An insignifi-cant work or task. 2. Pretty needle

LABOREA'R, lah-bor-ay-ar', va. . To culture, to till the ground. 2. (Nau.) To work a ship, to direct her movements. V. Maniogaar. LABORE'O, lah-ber-ay'-o, sm. (Prov.) Culture, labor. 2. The

working of mines.

LABORE'RA, lah-bor-er'-ah, a Clever, skilful; applied to a good

LABORI'O, sm. (Littl. us.) V. LABORIOSAME/NTE, ad. La-

LABORIO'SO, SA, lah-bor-e-os'w, sah, a. 1. Laborious, assiduous, industrious. 2. Laborious, requiring much toil and labor; tiresome,

LABRA'DA, lah-brah'-dah, sf. Land ploughed and fallowed to be sown the ensuing season.

LABRADE'RO, RA, lah-brah-

der'-o, ah, a. Laborable, capable of LABRADI'O, DÍA, lah-brah-dee'-

o, al., a. V. Labrantio.

LABRA'DO, DA, lah-brah'-doe,
dah, a. Worked: applied to figured

doth.—pp. of Labrar. LABRA'DO, lah-brah'-doe, sm Land cultivated: commonly used

ah, s. 1. Laborer, one who works at the plough or spade. 2. Cultivator,

TABIETRNAGO, em. (Bot.) V. ILLA, ito, ita, lah-brah-dor-thieh'-co, dim. of LABRADOR and LABRA-

> LABRADORE'SCO, CA, lahbrah-dor-es'-co, cah, a. Belonging or relating to a laborer; rustic clown-

LABRANDE'RA, lah-bran-der' h, sf. (Obs.) Seamstress. LABRA'NTE, lah-bran'-iay, sm.

Stone-cutter, sculptor.

LABRANTI'N, lah-bran-teen'. sm. A petty farmer, who cultivates

a small farm.

LABRANTI'O, Tia, lah-bran-tee'o, ah, a. Producing grain: applied to arable land fit for the culture of sm. Laconism, conciseness, brevity,

grain.

LABRA'NZA, lah-bran'-thah, sf.
1. Tillage, the cultivation of the left by some wound or disorder. 2. Fault, vice, wickedness.

2. Fault, vice, wickedness.

LA'CRA, lah'-crah, sf. 1. Mark left by some wound or disorder. 2. Fault, vice, wickedness. Husbandry, the employment of a cultivator or farmer. 3. Farm, land let to a tenant; tilled land; an eshurt or injure in point of property tate applied to the purposes and pursuits of agriculture. 4. (Obs.) LA'CRE, lah'-cray, sm. Sealing-Labor, work.

LABRA'R, lah-brar', va. 1. To work, to labor. 2. To till, to cultivate the ground. V. ARAR. 3. To build, to construct buildings. 4. To do needle-work, to embroider. 5. To inform, to insurance of excelsish, to polish to the degree of excelsish to the degree of

LABRE'RO, RA, lah-brer'-o, ah, Applied to a kind of fishing-net. LABRIE'GO, lah-bre-ay'-go, sm.

LA'BRIO, LA'BRO, sm. (Obs.) V. Labio. LABRU'SCA, lah-broos'-cah, sf.

A wild vine. LABU'RNO, lah-boor'-no, (Bot.) Laburnum. Cytissus labur-

um, L. LA'CA, lak'-cah, sf. 1. Lac, or gum-lac, a red, brittle, resinous sub-stance, brought from India, and used for dyeing and making sealingboriously, painfully.

LABORIOSIDA'D, lah-bor-e-os&-dad', sf. Laboriousness, industablillas, Shell lac. 2. Red color. 3.

Lacker, a kind of varnish.

LACA'RGAMA, lah-car'-gahnah, sf. (Bot.) Alkanet, red-rooted bugloss. Anchusa tinctoria. L. LACA'YO, lah-cah'-jo, sm.

Lackey, footman, servant, footboy. 2. Knot of ribbons worn by women. LACAYUE'LO, lah-cah-joo-el'-o,

sm. dim. Foot-boy.

LACAYU'NO, NA, lah-cah-joo'no, nah, a. Belonging to a lackey or
footboy.

LACEAR, lath-ay-ar', va. 1. To dorn with ribbons tied in bows; to lace. 2. To pin up the game or drive it into an appointed place.

LACERACIO'N, lath-er-ath-e-on', sf. Laceration, lancination,

LACERA'DO, DA, lath-er-ah!-

Labor, fatigue. 3. (Obs.) Leprosy, scrofula. 4. A set of nets laid out together for some particular pur-

LACERIO'SO, SA, lath-er-e-08p, sah, a. Miserable; scrofulous. LA'CHA, sf. Shad. V. Alacha. LA'CIO, cia, lath-e-o, ah, a. Fa-

withered, dried up; flaccid, LACIVIO'SO, SA, a. V. LASCIVO.

LACO'NICAME'NTE, ad. Laonically, concisely.

LACO'NICO, ca, lah-co'-ne-co, cah, a. Laconic, brief, concise. LACONI'SMO, lah-co-nees'-mo.

wax. LACREA'R, lah-cray-ar', va. (Littl. us.) To seal with sealing-

LACRIMACIO'N, &f. (Obs.) Ef-

co, sah, a. Weeping, shedding tears. LA'CRIS, lah'-cris, sm. Fruit of

LACTA'NCIA, lac-tan'-thieh-ah, f. Lactation, the act or time of giving suck. LACTA'NTE, lac-tan'-tay, sm.

Sucker, one who sucks milk. LACTA'RIO, RIA, lac-tar'-e-o, ah, Lactary, lacteous, lactescent.
 LACTA'TO, lac-tah'-toe, sm.

I.AUTATO, tac-une-toe, one. (Chem.) Lactate.
LA'OTEO, TEA, lac'-tay-o, ah, a.
Lacteous, milky, lacteal, lactean, lactescent. Via lactea, (Astr.) Ga-

laxy, the milky-way.

LACTICI'NIO, lac-teeth-ee'-ne-o, sm. Milk-pottage, and, in general, all sorts of food prepared with milk.

LACTICINO'SO, s.A.a.V. La'oreo.

LACTI'FAGOS, lac-tee' fak-gos,

AACTI FAGOS, ue-tee-fun-gos, sm. pl. (Littl. us.) Galactiphagy. LACTI FERO, RA, lac-tee-fer-o, ah, a. Lactiferous, lacteal, milky. LACTU MEN, lac-too'-men, sm. Scab breaking out on the head of sucking children.

LACU'STRE, a. (Obs.) Marshy, belonging to lakes.
LA'DA, sf. V. JARA.
LA'DANO, lah'-dah-no, sm. Lab-

danum, a resin which exudes from a shrub.

LADEA'DO, DA, lah-day-ah'-doe,
dah, a. and pp. of LADEAE. Turned
to one side, inclined, lopsided.
LADEAMIE'NTO, sm. V. LA

LACERA'DO, DA, lath-er-ah'doe, dah, a. 1. Unfortunate, unhapye. 2. Leprous.—pp. of Lacerar.
LADEA'R, lath-day-ar', va. To
margle, to tear in pieces, to lacerate. 2. (Obs.) To suffer, to labor
under pains or fatigues. 3. (Obs.)
LADEA'R, lath-day-ar', va. To
margle, to tear in pieces, to lacerate. 2. (Obs.) To suffer, to labor
under pains or fatigues. 3. (Obs.)
LADEA'R, lath-day-ar', va. To
move or turn to one side; to go
side by side; to go along rails.—vn
LABRADOR, rat, lath-brah-dore',
under pains or fatigues. 3. (Obs.)
To lead the life of a miser.
LACE'RIA, lath-er'-e-ah, sf. 1.
Misery, poverty, wretchedness. 2. an opinion or party.

LADE'O, lah-day'-o, sm. Inclina-LADE'RA, lah-der'-ah, sf. De clivity, gradual descent.—pl. 1. Rails or staves of a common cart.

2. Cheeks of a gun-carriage. LADERI'CA, illa, ira, lah-der-ee'-cah, sf. dim. A small declivity LADIE'RNA, lah-de-er'-nah, sf. (Bot.) Buckthorn. Rhamnus ala

LADIE'RNAGO, sm. (Bot.) V.

FILERA.

LADI'LLA, lah-deell-lyah, sf. 1.
Crablonse. Pediculus pubis, L. 2.
(Coll.) Hang-by, hanger-on. 3.
(Bot.) Common barley. Hordeum

LADI'LLO, lah-deel'-lyo, sm. Shifting panel placed in the sides

LADINAME'NTE, ad. Sidewise, artfully, sagaciously.

LADI'NO, NA, lah-dee'-no, nah,
a. 1. Versed in an idiom, speaking different languages fluently.

gacious, cunning, erafty. 3. Negro ludino, (Am.) A negro that speaks Spanish so as to be understood. LATO, luki-doe, sm. 1. Side, that part of the human body which extends from the arm-pit to the hip-bone. 2. Side or half of an animal. 3. Side, the right or left. 4. Side, part of any body opposed to another part. 5. Side, any part placed in contradistinction or opposition to another. 6. Side, the margin, edge, or verge of any thing. 7. (Met.) Side, party, faction, interest. 8. (Met.) Companion, comrade. 9. Mat used to cover carts, &c. 10

Course, manner; mode of proceeding, 12. Side: it is used to note consanguinity. Al lado, Just by at hand, or near at hand. De lado Incidentally. A' un lado, Clear the

way.
LADO'N, 8m, V. Jara.
LADRA, lah'-drah, sf. 1. Barking. 2. Cry of hounds after the

LADRADO'R, RA, lah-drahdore, ah, s. 1. Barker, one that barks or clamors. 2. (Coll.) Talk-er, one who talks much and to no

purpose. LADRA'NTE, lah-dran'-tay, pa.

Barking, latant; barker.

LADRA'R, lah-drar', vn. 1. To bark, howl, or cry like a dog. 2. To use empty threats. 3. To clamor, to vociferate, to make outcries. Larar el estómago, To be hungry.

LADRI'DO, lah-dree'-doe, sm. 1

Barking or howling of a dog. Vociferation, outery; calumny; in

LADRILLA'DO, lah-dril-lyah'oe, sm. Floor made with bricks. LADRILLADO'R, sm. V. Enla-

LADRILLA'L, LADRILLA'R, lah-dril-lyal', lah-dril-lyar', sm. Brick-field, brick-kiln, a place

where bricks are made. LADRILLA'ZO, lah-dril-lyath'o, sm. Blow with a brick-bat. LADRILLE'JO, lah-dril-lyay-ho, sm. 1. (Dim.) Little brick. 2. 's amusement of knocking at

LADRILLE'RA, lah-dril-lyer'sh, sf. Brick-kiln.

JADRO'N, NA, lah-drone', ah, s. an, t. Thief, robber, highwayman, cutpurse. 2. Lock, sluice-gate. 3. Snuff of a candle that makes it

shly, dissemblingly.
LADRONCI'LLO, illa, lah-

dron-thiel'-lyo, sm. dim. Filcher, cut-purse, a petty thief. LADRONE'RA, lah-dron-er'-ah,

LADRONI'CIO, lah-dro-neeth'-eo, sm. Larceny, theft, robbery,
LAGA'NA, lah-gan'-yah, sf. A
slimy humor running from the

olied to animals.

3. Gusset, a piece of lace put into the side of a surplice. 4. A large

LAGANO'SO, sa, lah-gan-yos'so, sah, a. Blear-eyed, troubled
with a running from the eyes.
LAGA'R, lah-gar', sm. 1. Place
where grapes are pressed. 2. Winepress, an engine for squeezing the
juice from grapes

juice from grapes. LAGARE'JO, lah-gar-ay'-ho, sf.

lakes. LAGUNO'SO, sa, lah-goo-nos'-so, sah, a. Marshy, fenny, abounding A small wine-press.

LAGARERO, lah-gar-er'-o, sm.

1. Wine-presser, one employed in pressing grapes. 2. One employed in expressing the juice of olives.

n expressing the juice of onves. LAGARETA, lah-gar-ay-tah,

sf. Small wine-press. LAGA'RTA, lah-gar'-tah, sf. Fe-LAIDO, DA, a. (Obs.) V. IGNOmale lizard. LAGARTA'DO, DA, a. V. ALA-

LAI'DO, DA, a. (Obs.) V. IGNO-MINIOSO and FEO.
LAI'A, sf. A thin flat stone.
LAIRE'N, lah-ir-en', a. Applied
to a kind of grapes, and to the
vines where it is produced.
LAMA, sf. 1. Mud, slime, ooze,
2. Lama de oro or de plata, Lama,
gold or silver cloth. 8. (Prov.) A ARTADO.

LAGARTE'RA, lah-gar-ter'-ah. sf. Lizard-hole, a place under

LAGARTE'RO, RA, lah-gar-ter'o, ah. a. Catching lizards: applied to animals fond of devouring lizards. flat even country. 4. (Prov.) Fine sand used for mortar. 5. Foam on LAGARTI'JA, lah-gar-tee'-hah, F. Eft, newt, a small lizard.

LAGARTIJE'RO, RA, lah-garthe surface of water. 6. Dust of -hehr'-o, ah, a. Catching efts: ap-

the surface of water. 6. Dust of ores in mines.

LAMA'R, va. (Obs.) V. LLAMAR
LAMBE'R, va. (Obs.) V. LAMER.
LAMBREQUI'NES, lam-bray-kee-ness, sm. pl. (Blaz.) Ornaments
which hang from helmets.

LAMBRI'JA, lam-bree-hah, sf.

phed to animals.

LAGARTI'LLO, lah-gar-teel-lyo, sm. dim. A small lizard.

LAGA'RTO, lah-gar'-toe, sm. 1.

Lizard. Lacerta agilis, L. 2. (Obs.)
Insignia of the order of Santiago. 1. Worm bred in the human body. V. Lombriz. 2. (Coll.) Meagre, lender person.

LAMEDA'L, lah-may-dal', 8m.

muscle of the arm. 5. A sly, artful DA'GO, lah'-qo, sm. A lake; a arge quantity of any liquid. Lago de leones, A den of lions.

LAGOSTI'N, sm. V. LANGOSTIN. LAGOTEA'R, lah-go-tay-ar', vn. Coll.) To flatter, to wheedle, to

LAGOTERI'A, lah-go-ter-ee'-ah, o insure greater success.

LAMEDURA, tah-may-doo'-rah, sf. Act of licking LAMELA'R, hih-mel-ar', va. To

LAGOTERIA, tah-go-ter-e-ah, sf. (Coll.) Flattery, adulation.
LAGOTERO, RA, lah-go-ter-o, ah, a. (Coll.) Flattering, soothing, LA'GRIMA, lah-gre-mah, sf. 1.
A tear. 2. Any moisture trickling in drops; a drop or small quantity.
3. (Bot.) Gray-mill, gromwell. Liroll copper into sheets.

LAMENTA'BLE, lah-men-tah-

LADRILLE'RO, lah-dril-lyer'-o, sm. Brick-maker.

LADRI'LLO, lah-dreel'-lyo, sm. Coix lacryma Jobi, L. 4. Wing extracted from the grape by very slight pressure, in order to have slight pressure, in order to have Sake of chocolate.

LADRILLOSO, sa, lah-drilyos'-so, sah, a. Made of brick.

LADRO'N, na, lah-drone, ah, s.

Thief, robber, highwayman, cutburse. 2. Lock, sluice-gate. 3.
Shuff of a candle that makes it
nett.

LADRONAME'NTE, ad. Thievshly, dissemblingly.

LADRONGME'S transport of the green are the nose.

LAGRIMA'L, lah-gre-mal', sm.

LAGRIMA'L, lah-gre-mal', sm.

LAGRIMA'L, lah-gre-mal', sm.

Corner of the eye near the nose.

LAGRIMA'R, LAGRIMEA'R,
lah-gre-mar', vn. To weep, to shed

tears. LAGRIMULLA, fra, lah-gre-moil-ly-eah, sf. dim. A little tear.
LAGRIMULLA, fra, lah-gre-mill-ly-eah, sf. dim. A little tear.
LAGRIMO'N, lah-gre-monel, sm.
LADRONERI'A, sf. V. LADRO-NICIO.
LADRONE'SCO, oa, lah-dron-es-co, cah, a. (Coll.) Belonging to thieves, thievish.
LADRONI'CIO, lah-dron-nesth tears.
LAGRIMO'N, lah-gre-mosl-so, sah, a. 1. Weeping, shedding tears. 2. Watery: applied to humors running from the eye; lachrymary.
LAGRIMO'N, lah-gre-mosl-so, sah, a. 1. Weeping, shedding tears. 2. Watery: applied to humors running from the eye; lachrymary.

Lake, a large diffusion of stagnant water, marsh. 2. An uneven coun-

in lakes; laky. LAICA'L, lah-e-cal', a. Laical,

belonging to the laity or people, as distinct from the clergy.

LAI'CO, ca, lah-ee'-co, cah, a. V.

A musty, miry place.

IAMEDO'R, RA, lah-may-doré,
ah, s. 1. Licker, one that laps and
licks. 2. (Pharm.) Loch, a soft

medicine between a sirup and an electuary. 3. (Met.) Enticement, allurement, wheedling. Dar lamedor, To feign losing at play in order

LAMENTABLEME'NTE, ad. Lamentably.
LAMENTACIO'N, lah-men-tathe-on', sf. Lamentation, lamenting,

LAMENTADO'R, RA, lah-mentah dore', ah, s. Lamenter, weeper,

LAM

uncarner, complainer.

LAMENTA'R, lah-men-tar', va.

Fo lament, to mourn, to bewail, to moan.—vn. and r. To lament, to grieve, to wail, to complain, to cry.

LAME'NTO, lah-men'-toe, sm. Lamentation, lament, moan, groan-

ing, mourning, cry. LAMENTO'SO, sa, lah-men-tos'o, sah, a. Lamentable, mournful, to

LAMEPLA'TOS, lah-may-plah'-LAMEPLATOS, lah-may-plah'tos, sm. Lick-plate, nickname given to the servants who attend at table.

LAMER, lah-mer', va. 1. To lick, to pass over with the tongue.

2. To lick, to lap, to take in by the tongue.

3. To touch slightly.

LAMERO'N, NA, lah-mer-on', ah, s. (Coll.) A person very fond of dainties or delicacies.

LAMERONAZO, za, lah-mer-on-ahl'-o, ah, s. augm. (Coll.) A person extremely fond of dainties.

LAMPI'NO, RA, lam-peen'-yo, yah, a. Beardless; having little hair.

LAMPIO'N, lam-pe-on', sm. A large lantern.

m-alk-o, ah, s. augm. (Coll.) A
person extremely fond of dainties.
LAMETA'DA, lah-may-tak-dah,
sf. Thing licked or polished.
LA'MIA, lak-me-ah, sf. 1. Lamia,
sf. shulous, monster, sf. 7.

a fabulous monster. 2. Kind of shark. 3. (Met.) Harlot, a woman the town. LAMI'DO, DA, lah-mee'-doe, dah,

a. Deformed, worn out with use. pp. of Lamer. LAMIE'NTE, lah-me-en'-tay, pa.

M. GOLOSINA.

LA'MINA, lak'-me-nah, sf. 1. (
Plate, sheet of metal, any thin of plate, lamina, or flake. 2. Copper-plate, on which a picture is engraved, and the print or impression

ah, s. Manufacturer of metal plates; one who makes shrines for relics. LAMINE'RO, RA, a. (Prov.) V. Spong

LAMISCA'R, lah-mees-car', va. To lick with haste and great eager-

LAMIZNE'RO, RA, lah-meeth-ner'so, ah, a. (Prov.) Lickerish, lickerous

lekerous.

LAMO'SO, sa, lah-mos'-so, sah, a. (Nan.) Oozy, slimy: applied to anchoring-ground.

LAMPACEA'R, lam-path-ay-ar', ea. (Nan.) To swab, to clean the decks with a swab.

LAMPADA'FORO, lam-pah-dah'-for-o, sm. The victor in ancient access with too leave trailing.

placed at the door on festivals or rejoicings. Lámpara de bitácora, (Nau.) Binnacle-lamp.
LAMPARE'RO, RA, lam-par-er'o, ah, s. Lamp-lighter.
LAMPARI'LLA, lam-par-eel'LAMPARI'LLA, lam-par-eel'lamb of t. (Dim.) A small lamp.

large lantern.

LA'MPO, lam'-po, sm. (Poet.)

Light, splendor, blaze.

LAMPO'TE, lam-pot'-ay, sm.

Cotton cloth made in the Philippine isles.

LAMPRE'A, lam-pray'-ah, sf. lichth.) Lamprey. Petromyzon, L. LAMPREA'R, lam-pray-ar', va.

To dress a lamprey.

LAMPREHUE'LA, LAMPREI'LLA, lam-pray-oo-el-ah, sf. Kind

LAMI'N, lah-meen', sm. (Prov.) of small lamprey.

GOLOSINA. LAMPSA'NA, lamp-sah'-nah, sf.

LAMI'SA'NA, tamp-sah'-nah, sf. Common nipplewort. Lampsana communis, L.
LAMPU'GA, tamp-pool-gah, sf. sf. (Ichth.) Lampuga, a kind of crab.
LA'NA, tah'-nah, sf. 1. Wool, the fleece of sheep. 2. Short curled hair of some animals. 3. Woollen amanufacture in canarial 4. (Call) the fleece of sheep. 2. Short carled hair of some animals. '3. Woollen manufacture in general. 4. (Coll., Cash, a. Covered with plates or aminas, lamellated or laminated.

LAMINA'R, lah-me-nar', va. (Prov.) 1. To lick, to guzzle dainties. 2. To roll or beat metal into sheets.

LAMINE'RA, lah-me-ner'-ah, sf. (Prov.) Bee advanced before its companions.

LAMINE'RO, RA, lah-me-ner'-o, ah, s. Manufacture of metal plates; wool. Lana feltrada, Felt wool. Lana de camello, Ca

LANA'DA, lah-nah'-dah, sf. Sponge for cleaning cannons. LANA'DO, DA, lah-nah'-doe, dah,

V. LANUGINOSO.
LANA'R, lah-nar', a. Woolly, lothed with wool: applied to

heep. LANATIA, lah-nar'-e-ah, sf. Bot.) Cud-weed. LA'NCE, lanth'-ay, sm. 1. Cast.

LAMO'SO, sa, lah-mos'-so, sah, a. (Nan.) Oozy, slimy: applied to anchoring-ground.

LAMO'SO, sa, lah-mos'-so, sah, a. (Nan.) Oozy, slimy: applied to anchoring-ground.

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LAMO'SO, sa, lah-mos'-so, sah, a. (Nan.) Oozy, slimy: applied to anchoring-ground.

LAMO'SO, sa, lah-mos'-so, sah, a. (Nan.) Oozy, slimy: applied to anchoring-ground.

LAMO'SO, sa, lah-mos'-so, sah, a. (Sat, slims).

LA'NCE, lanth'-ay, sm. 1. Cast, throw. 2. Casting of a net to catch fish. 3. A favorable opportunity, critical moment. 4. Chance, casulty, accident, fortuitous event, occurrence. (Met.) Transaction. 5. Skill and industry of a player. De lance, Cheap, at second hand.—pl. 1. Missile weapons. 2. Plot or intrigues of a play. A' poosy lances, In a short time and with little labor.

LAMOOSTI'NO, lan-gos-tee'-no, sus, L. (Sat, throw. 2. Casting of a net to catch fish. 3. A favorable opportunity, critical moment. 4. Chance, casulty, accident, fortuitous event, occurrence. (Met.) Transaction. 5. Skill and industry of a player. De lance, Cheap, at second hand.—pl. 1. Missile weapons. 2. Plot or intrigues of a play. A' poosy lances, In a short time and with little labor.

LAMGOSTI'NO, lan-gos-tee'-no, sus, L. (LANGOSTO'N, lan-gos-tee'-no, sus, L. (LANGOSTO'N,

LAMPARI'ILA, lam-par-eel-lyah, sf. 1. (Dim.) A small lamp. 2. A small bit of paper, twisted at the pike or lance. 2. Maker of pikes. LAMPARI'N, lam-par-een', sm. 1. LAMPARI'N, lam-par-een',

lighted serves for a lamp. 8. A sort of coarse camlet.

LAMPARI'N, lam-par-een', sm.
Case into which a glass lamp is put.

LAMPARISTA, lam-par-ees' tah, s. com. Lamp-lighter.

LAMPARO'N, lam-par-on', sm.

King's evil, a scirrhous tumor in the neek. thin and flat piece of stone. 2. (Nau.) Barge, lighter; long-boat of a ship of war; lanch or launch. Lancha de socorro, Life-boat. Landa de socorro, Life-boat. LAMPATA'N, lum-pah-tan', sm. cha cañonera, G.2-boat. 3. Snare

for partridges.

LANCHA'DA, an-tchah'-dah,

sf. A lighter full of goods; as much
as a lighter carries at once. LANCHA'ZO, lan-tchath'-o, sm.

Blow with a flat stone.

LANCHO'N, lan-tchone, sm.

(Nau.) Lighter. Lanchon de lustrar, Ballast lighter.

LANCHONERO, lan-tchon-er-osm Lightersen.

sm. Lighterman. LANCIO'N, lan-thieh-on', sm. (Nau.) A kind of guardship in In-

LANCITA, lan-thieht-tah, sf. dim. A small lance. LANCURDI'A, lan-coor-dee'-ah,

LANCURDI'A, lan-coor-dee-au, sf. Small trout.

LA'NDA, land'-ah, sf. An extensive tract of heath-land.

LA'NDE, lan'-day, sf. (Ast.)

Acorn, the fruit of the oak-tree.

LANDGRA'VE, lan-grah'-vay, sm. Landgrave, a German title.

LANDGRAVIATO, lan-grah-ve-ah'-doe, sm. Landgraviate. ce-ah'-doe, sm. Landgraviate. LANDO', lan-doe', sm. Landau,

a kind of carriage.

LA'NDRE, lan'-dray, sf. 1. A

LA'NDRE lan'-dray, sf. 2.

LANDRILLA, lan-dreel'-byah, sf. Small grain which grows under the tongues of hogs.

LANERI'A, lan-er-ee'-ah, sf. Shop where washed wool is sold.

LANERRO, lan-er'-o, sm. 1. Dealer in wool. 2. Warchouse for wool.

LANGARU'TO, TA, lan-gar-oo'-toe, tah, a. (Coll.) Tall, lank, ill-shaped.

shaped. LANGO'R, sm. (Obs.) Languor, LANGO'K, sm. (Obs.) Languor, faintness; a decay of spirits.

LANGO'STA, lan-gos'-tah, sf. 1.
Locust, a devouring insect. Gryllus, L. 2. Lobster, a crustaceous sea-fish. Cancer homarns, L. 3.
One who extorts money.

LANGOSTI'N, lan-gos-teen', sm. A small locust.

LA'NGUIDAME'NTE, zd. Languidly, languishingly.

LANGUIDE'Z, LANGUIDE'ZA, lan-gee-deth', sf. 1. Languishment, languidness, languishing, heaviness, languor, weariness, faint ness. 2. Decay of spirits, melan-

choly.

LA'NGUIDO, DA, lan'-gee-doe, dah, a.1. Languid, faint, weak, languishing, feeble. 2. Dull, heartless. LANGUO'R, sm. Languor. V

LANI'FERO, RA, lah-ned-fer-o,

ah, a. (Poet.) Laniferous. LANIFICACIO'N, LANIFI'-CIO, lah-ne-fe-cath-e-on', s. Woollen nanufacture, the art of manufactur-

TANITIA, lah-neel'-luah, sf. 1 Nap of cloth, down, villous substance. 2. Swan-skin, a very fine flannel. 3. (Nau.) Bunting, a thin woollen stuff, of which flags are

made.
LANI'O, A, lah-nee'-o, ah, a, Woolly. V. LANAR.
LANOSIDA'D, lah-nos-se-dad',

ff. Down of the leaves of plants.
LANO'SO, SA, lah-nos'-so, sāh, a.

LANTE'JA, sf. Lentil. V. LEN-

skin after a sore. LANTE'RNA, lan-ter'-nah, sf (Prov.) Lantern, lanthorn. V. Lin-

L'ANTI'A DE BITA'CORA, lan-tee'-ah day be-tah'-cor-ah, sf. (Nau.) Bin-

acle-lamp. LANU'DO, DA, lah-noo'-doe, dah a. Woolly, consisting of wool, clothed with wool, langerous, fleecy.

LANUGINO'SO, sa, lah-noo-he-nos'-so, sah, a. Lanuginous, langer-

ous, downy; covered with soft hair. LA'NZA, lanth'-ah, sf. 1. Lance, spear, javelin. 2. Pole of a coach or wagon. 8. Pikeman, soldier armed with a pike. Lanza en ristre, Ready for action. A' punta de lanza, Strennonsly, with all one's might. Lanzas, Duty paid to the Spanish government by the grandees and nobility of the realm, in lieu of mili-Lanzas, Lanzas, L

tary services.

LANZA'DA, lanth-ah'-dah, sf. Blow or stroke with a lance. A moro muerto gran lanzada, (Prov.

Even hares can insult a dead lion. LANZADE'RA, lanth-ah-der' LANZADE'RA, ah, sf. Shuttle, a weaver's instru-

LANZADO'R, RA, lanth-ah-dore'.

ah, s. Thrower, ejecter.

LANZAMIE'NTO, lanth-ah-me-en'-toe, sm. 1. The act of launching, easting, or throwing. 2. Jaculation the act of throwing missive wea pons. 3. (Law) Dispossessing, eject-ment. 4. (Nau.) Flaring of the bows

stern-post.
LANZA'R, lanth-ar', va. 1. To a stick. fling. 2. To cast up, to vomit. 3.

(Law) To eject, to dispossess. 4.

To let loose.—vr. To rush or dart

flat of swine and other animals.

upon; to launch.
LANZO'N, lanth-on', sm. augm. A short and thick lance.

LA'NA, lan'-yah, sf. 1. Cramp or cramp-iron. 2. Green cocoa nut.

LANA'R, lan-yar', va. 1. To
cramp, to fasten two things together
with a cramp-iron. 2. (Prov.) To
open and gut fish. 3. To lament.

LA'PA, lah'-pah, sf. 1. Seum of ellicle raised on the surface of some liquors. 2. (Ichth.) A kind of shell-fish. Lepas, L. 3. (Bot.) Goose-grass, cleavers. Galium aparine, L. LAPACHA'R, lah-pah-tchar', sm.

LAPACHA'R, lah-pah-tchar', sm. Hole full of mud and mire.

LAPA'DE, lah-pah'-day, sf. (Ichth.) Acorn shell-fish. Lepas, L.

LAPA'ZA, lah-path'-ah, sf. (Prov.) Rough panic-grass. Panicum verticillatum, L.

LAPICE'RO, lah-pith-er'-o, sm.

LAPIDA'RIO, RIA, lah-pe-dar'-e-

le, sf. Lapis-lazuli, an azure stone, of which the ultra-marine color is prepared by calcination.

LATIZ, lah'-pith, sm. Black chalk

draw or delineate with black chalk Than of define are with black chair or black lead.

LAPO, lah'-po, sm. (Coll.) Blow with the flat side of a sword.

LAPSA'NA, lap-sah'-nah, sf.

Bot.) V. LAMPSANA. LA'PSO, lap'-so, sm. (Law) Lapse

and knuckle-timbers; rake of the stem and stern-post. Lanzamien-LARDA'R, LARDEA'R, lartos, Length of a ship from stem to dar, lar-day-ar, va. 1. To baste stern-post.

Length of a ship from stem to dar, lar-day-ar, va. 1. To baste meat on the spit. 2. To beat with

LARDE'RO, lar-der'-o, a. Ap-

LARDO'N, lar-done', sm. A marginal note, observation, or addition, in a book or in a proof.

LARDOSICO, ica, illo, inla: iro, ira, a. dim. Greasy, dirty with LARDO'SO, sa, lar-dos'-so, sah,

LARES, sm. pl. 1. House-gods of the ancient Romans. 2. Home. 3. Pot-hooks, hooks on which pots

LA'RGA, lar'-gah, sf. Delay, procrastination : commonly used in the plural. A' la larga, Slowly; at length; in the long run; in the course of time. V. Largo.

LARGAME'NTE, ad. Largely, copiously; completely; liberally, frankly; for a long time.

LAPIDARIA, lah-petar-e-a, sf. Corporally consults of the larger l

LANTE JA, sf. Lentil. V. Len
TEFA.

LANTE JUE LA, lan-tay-hoo-el
ah, sf. 1. Spangle, a small plate of
shining metal. 2. Scurf left on the
skin after a sore.

LANTE FNA, lan-ter-nah, sf.

LAPIDATO, RIA, lah-pe-day-e,
o, ah, a. Lapidary.
LAPIDATO, RIA, lah-pe-day-e,
the property of the nature of stone.

LAPIDITION, lah-pe-day-e,
the property of the nature of stone.

LAPIDITION, lah-pe-day-e,
the property of the nature of stone.

LAPIDATO, RIA, lah-pe-day-e,
the property of a certain measure in length.
Long, of a certain measure in length.
the property of the nature of stone.

LAPIDATO, RIA, lah-pe-day-e,
the property of a certain measure in length.
the property of the nature of stone.

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the property of a certain measure in length.
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the property of the nature of stone.

LAPIDATO, RIA, lah-pe-day-e,
the property of the nae-cath-e-on', sf. Petrification, lapi-lification.

LAPIDIFICA'R, lah-pe-de-fe-guarded with the tongue; to be mor-LAPIDIFICA'R., tan-pe-ae-je-dardew white the tongue, be this car', va. (Obs.) To petrify. dacious. Largo de whas, light-ingered. De largo à largo or à lo co, cah, a. Lapidescent, lapidific, growing or turning to stone. co, cah, a. Lapidescent, Iapidine, growing or turning to stone.

Liapido'So, sa, lah-pe-dos'-so, sah, a. Lapideous, stony.

Lapideous, stony.

Lapideous, stone.

sah, a. Lapidescent, Iapidine, lalong the coast. Pasar de largo, To pass by without stopping. A' la larga, At length, extensively; gently, at the end of time. A' lo largo, At a distance. Hacerse à lo largo, (Coll.) To keep at a distance. Gastar largo y tendido, To spend latar largo y tendido, To spend la-vishly. Pasar de largo, To pass by person without taking notice of nim. Ese es cuento largo, That is a

LA'RGO, lar'-qo, sm. 1. V. Lox-GITUD. 2. (Mus.) Largo. LARGOMI'RA, lar-go-mir'-ah, sf.

LARGO'N, NA, lar-gone, ah, a.

ugm. Very long. LARGO'R, lar-gore, sm. Length, the extent of any thing from end to

end.
LARGUEA'DO, DA, lar-gay-all-doe, dah, a. Striped. V. LISTADO.
LARGUE'RO, lar-gayr'-o, sm.
Jamb-post of a door or window. V.

LAPSUS LI'NGUÆ, lap'-soos
in'-goo-ay, sm. Slip of the tongue.
LA'QUE, lah'-kay, sm. Running
footman.
LAR, sm. 1. V. Hogar. 2. An
amphibions bird.
LARA'RIO, lar-ar'-e-o, sm. Place
LARA'RIO, lar-ar'-e-o, sm. Place
LARA'RIO, lar-ar'-e-o, sm. Place
LARGUITO, ira, lar-gee'-toe,
tah. a. Not very long.

tah, a. Not very long. LARGU'RA, lar-goo'-rah, sf ength, longitude. LA'RICE, lar'-eeth-ay, sm. (Bot.)

Larch-tree. Pinus larix, L.
LARICI'NO, NA, lar-ieth-eel-no,
nah, a. Belonging to the larch-tree.
LARI'JE, lar-eel-hay, a. Applied

to a kind of very red grapes.

LARINGA, lar-in-gab, sf. Turpentine extracted from the larehtree; Venice turpentine.

LARI'NGE, lar-in'-hay, sm. (Anat.) Larynx, the upper part of the trachea, through which the voice

LAS

LARINGOTOMI'A, lar-in-go-to mee'-ah, sf. (Surg.) Laringotomy. LA'RO, lar'-o, sm. (Orn.) Gull, sea-gull. Larus, L.

sea-gull. Larus, L. LA'RVA, lar-vah, sf. 1. Mask. V. Ma'scara and Fantasma. 2. (Ent.) Larva, grub-state of an in-sect. Larvas, Hobgoblins; lemures. LARVA'L, lar-val', a. 1. Frightful, ghastly. 2. Larvated, like a

LASAME'NTO, las-sah-men'-toe. sm. Lassitude, weariness. V. Lasi-

LASA'ÑA, las-san'-yah, sf. A sort of paste fried in a pan. LASA'RSE, vr. (Obs.) To fatigue

LA'SCAR, las'-car, sm. Lascar, a native seaman or gunner in India. LASCA'R, las-car', va. (Nau.) To ease off, to slacken, Lascar el virador de combes, (Nau.) To surge the

LASCIVAME'NTE, ad. Lasciviously, lustfully, libidinously.

LASCI'VIA, las-thieh'-ve-ah, sf.

 Luxuriance, luxury; excess in delicious fare.
 Lasciviousness, lewdness, lubricity, lust.
LASCI'VO, va, las-thieh'-vo, vah, a. 1. Lascivious, lewd, lustful, libi-dinous. 2. Luxuriant, exuberant.

LA'SER, las'-ser, sm. (Bot.) Ben-LASERPI'CIO, las-er-pieth'-e-o, em. (Bot.) Laserwort. Laserpi-

LASITU'D, las-se-tood', sf. Las-

kitude, weariness, faintness.

LA'SO, sa, las'-so, sah, a. 1.

Weary, tired with labor, subdued by fatigue. 2. Lax, flaccid.

LASTA'R, las-tar', va. To pay, answer, or suffer for another.

LA'STIMA, las'-te-mah, sf. 1. Grief, compassion, pity, condolence.

2. Object of compassion or pity. Object of compassion or pity.

astima es, It is a pity.

LASTIMA'R, las-te-mar', va. 1. To hurt, to wound, to offend. 2. To move to compassion, to excite pity, to pity.—vr. To be moved to comon, to grieve, to be sorry, to

LASTIMERAME'NTE, ad. Sad-LASTIME'RO, RA, las-te-mer'-o,

ah, a. Sad, doleful, mournful, miserable, moving, lamentable, grievous.

LASTIMOSAME'NTE, ad. Miserably, pitifully, grievously, lament-

LASTIMO'SO, sa, las-te-mos'-so, wh, a. Doleful, sad. V. Lastimero.
LA'STO, las'-toe, sm. Receipt given or belonging to him who has

LASTRA, las'-trah, sf. (Nau.)
Boat, lighter. V. Lancha.
LASTRA'R, las-trar', va. 1.
(Nau.) To ballast a ship. 2. To keep any thing steady by means of a weight. Vela de lastrar, (Nau.)
Bollast-lighter.
LASTRE, las'-tray, sm. 1. Rough stones used to ballast ships or build walls. 2. Ballast, a weight put at the bottom of ships to keep them steady, lastage. Lastre graeso, Heavy ballast. Lastre lavado, Washed bal
the language of the old Romans.
2. Belonging to the Latin language, or to the country of Latium. 3.
Applied to the Western church, opposed to the Greek. A' la latina.
In a lateen or triangular fashion.
LATI'NO, NA, lab-teel-no, nab, s.
1. Latinist, one who knows the Latin language. 2. A native of Latium.
LATI'R, lab-tir', vn. 1. To pal
LAUREA', lah-oo-ray-ah, sf. A
LAUREA'DO, DA, lah-oo-ray-ah'-doe, dab, a. and pp. of Laureate, laurelled.
LAUREA'NDO, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'R, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'ROO, DA, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'NDO, Lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'NDO, DA, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'NDO, DA, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'NDO, DA, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'NDO, Lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
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LAUREA'NDO, DA, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a university.
LAUREA'NDO, DA, lah-oo-ray-an'-doe, sm. He who is to receive a degree in a univers

LAT

tah or o'-hah day lah'-tah, sf. Tin-plate or tinned iron-plate. Latas, Laths, ledges. Poner latas en los techumbres, To lath. LATAME'NTE, ad. Largely,

amply. LATA'STRO, sm. (Arch.) V.

LATERA'L, a. Lateral, belong-

LATERALME'NTE, ad. Later-LATERANE'NSE, lah-ter-an-

dog after game.—pp. of LATIR.

LATIE'NTE, tah-te-en'-tay, pa.

Palpitating, fluttering.

LATIGADE'RA, lah-te-gah-der'ah, sf. (Prov.) Shock received by any thing in a cart from the motion. LATIGA'ZO, lah-te-qath'-o, sm. 1. Lash, crack of a whip, a jerk.
2. Unexpected offence. Dar latigazos, To lash.

LATTIGO, lah'-te-go, sm. 1. Thong or point of a whip. 2. Rope with which any thing to be weighed is fastened to the steel-yard. 3. Plume with which a hat is adorned.

LATIGUEA'R, lah-te-gay-ar', vn.
To smack or crack with the lash of a whin ta lesh or any through

a whip, to lash or ply the whip.

LATIGUE'RA, lah-te-gayr'-ah. f. Cord for fastening to a weight or

LATIGUE'RO, lah-te-gayr'-o, sm. Maker or seller of whip thongs or

LATIGUITLO, lah-te-geel'-lyo, sm. dim. A small whip.

LATI'N, lah-teen', sm. Latin, the

Latin tongue. Saber mucho latin, To be full of wit and cunning. LATINA'JO, lah-te-nah'-hoe, sm.

Latinity, the Latin tongue. LATINI'SMO, lah-te-nees'-mo, sm. Latinism, a mode of speech peculiar to the Latin idiom.

LATINIZA'R, lah-te-neeth-ar', ra. To latinize to give

va. To latinize, to give names a mina, a thin plate of metal 2. Latin termination.—vn. To use Schistous clay for covering houses. Latin termination.—vn. To u words borrowed from the Latin.

the of belonging to thin who has a different factor of the language of the old Romans.

LASTRA, las'-trah, sf. (Nau.)

at, lighter. V. Lancha.

LATTRO, NA. anti-see-play, man, and for another.

bad their detached cells.

LAUREA, lah-ool-ray-ah, sf. A lawell leaf or crown.

last. Ir en lastre, To go in ballast. El lastre se corre, The ballast shifts.

3. Weight, motive, judgment.

LATA or Hora de Lara, lab-

in pursuit of game.

LATITAR, lah-te-tar, en.
(Obs.) To lie concealed, to hide one's self.

LATITU'D, lah-te-tood', sf. 1. Breadth, width, latitude, extent. 2. (Geog.) Latitude, the distance mply.

LATA'STRO, sm. (Arch.) V.

LINTO.

LATEBRO'SO, sa, lah-tay-bros'so, sah, a. (Obs.) Hiding, concealing

of any point from the equator

Latitude corrected, (Nau.) Corrected

latitude. Latitud por encima,

(Nau.) Latitude by dead reckoning

Latitud arribada, (Nau.) Latitude

LATITUDINAL, lah-te-too-der al', a. Relating to the latitude. LA'TO, тл, lah'-toe, tah, a. Large

diffuse, extensive.

LATO'N, lah-tone', sm. Brass, latten, orichalch. Laton en hopal or planchas, Latten brass.

LATONE'RO, lah-ton-er'-o, sm.

LATERANENSE, lah-ter-anen-say, a. Belonging to the church
of St. John of Lateran.

LATI'DO, lah-tee-doc, sm. 1.

Pant, palpitation; motion of the
heart. 2. Howling or barking of a
dog after game.—pp. of Later.

LATONES. lah-ton-es, sm. pl. LATO'NES, lah-ton'-es, sm. pl. (Nau.) Laths or ledges, used on board of ships. LATRI'A, lah-tree'-ah, sf. Latria,

vorship, adoration due to God only LATRI'NA, sf. Privy-house. V

LATROCI'NIO, lah-troth-ee'-neo, sm. V. Ladronicio. LAU'D, lah-ood', sf. 1. Lute, a stringed musical instrument. Merchant vessel.

LAU'DA, sf. (Obs.) Tombstone. LAUDA'BLE, lah-oo-dah'-blay,

Laudable, praiseworthy. LAUDABLEME'NTE, ad. Lau-

LAU'DANO, lah-oo'-dah-no, sm. Laudanum, a tincture from opium. LAUDA'R, lah-oo-dar', va. (Obs.) To praise.

LAUDATO'RIO, RIA, lah-oo-dah-tor'-e-o, ah, a. Laudatory, ae-

lamatory.

LAU'DE, lah-oo'-day, sf. 1. A

tombstone with an epitaph en-graved on it. 2. Prayers read in the Arabic language at Toledo, and LATINA'JO, lah-te-nah'-hoe, sm.
(Coll.) Latin jargon.

LATINAME'NTE, ad. In pure
Latin, latinly.

LATINA'R, LATINEA'R, lahte-nap', va. (Obs.) To speak or
write Latin.

LATINIDA'D, lah-te-ne-dad', sf.
Latinity, the Latin tongue.

LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.
LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.
LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.
LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.

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LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.

LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.

LATINISMO lah-te-ne-dad', sf.

words borrowed from the Latin.

LAU'RA, lah-od-nah, sf. Solitary
LATINO, NA, lah-ted-no, nah,
situation where the ancient monks