

LAV

LAUREL, *lah-oo-rel*, *sm.* 1. (Bot.) Laurel. *Laurus*, *L.* 2. A crown of bays as a reward.
 LAURENTE, *lah-oo-rent-tay*, *sm.* Workman who takes the mould from the vat-man in paper-mills.
 LAUREOLA, *lah-oo-ray-oh-ah*, *sf.* 1. A crown of laurel. *Laureola hembra*, Mezereon daphne. *Daphne mezereum*, *L.* *Laureola macho*, Spurge laurel. *Daphne laureola*, *L.* 2. Diadem.
 LAURINO, *sa*, *lah-oor-in-ye-o*, *ah*, *a.* Belonging to laurel.
 LAURO, *lah-oor-o*, *sm.* 1. Glory, honor, fame, triumph. 2. (Bot.) *V. LAUROCERASO*.
 LAUROCERASO, LAURO REAL, *lah-oor-o-ther-as-so*, *sm.* (Bot.) Common laurel or common laurel plum-tree. *Prunus lauruscercus*, *L.*
 LAUTO, *ta*, *lah-oot-toe*, *tah*, *a.* Rich, wealthy.
 LA'VA, *lah'-vah*, *sf.* 1. Washing of metals in mines. 2. Lava, a volcanic production.
 LAVACARAS, *lah-vah-car-as*, *sm.* (Coll.) 1. Water which washed the face. 2. Flatteries or caresses.
 LAVA'CIAS, *lah-vah'-e-as*, *sf.* (Prov.) Foul water which runs from a washing-place.
 LAVACION, *lah-vah-e-on*, *sf.* Lotion, wash.
 LAVACRO, *lah-vah'-cro*, *sm.* 1. Washing-place, a lavatory. 2. Place where baptism is administered; baptistry.
 LAVADERO, *lah-vah-der-o*, *sm.* 1. Washing-place, where wool and other things are washed. 2. Vat or pit in which tanners clean their skins. 3. Laundry, the room in which clothes are washed. 4. (Am.) Places where gold is separated from the sand.
 LAVADOR, *ra*, *lah-vah-dore*, *ah*, *s.* 1. Washer, one who washes wool. 2. Burnisher, an instrument which serves to clean and brighten fire-arms.
 LAVADURA, *lah-vah-doo'-rah*, *sf.* 1. Wash, washing, lavation, the act of washing any thing. 2. Composition of water, oil, and eggs, beat together, in which glove-leather is prepared. 3. *V. LAVAZAS*.
 LAVAJOS, *lah-vah'-ho*, *sm.* Pool where cattle go to drink; morass.
 LAVAMANOS, *lah-vah-mah'-nos*, *sm.* A washing-stand.
 LAVANCO, *lah-vah'-co*, *sm.* A kind of wild duck.
 LAVANDERA, *lah-van-der'-ah*, *sf.* Laundress, a washer-woman.
 LAVANDERO, *lah-van-der'-o*, *sm.* 1. Washer, he who washes, launderer. 2. One who carries and brings foul linen to be washed.
 LAVANDULA, *sf.* (Obs.) Lavender. *V. ESPLIEGO*.
 LAVAR, *lah-var*, *va.* 1. To wash, to cleanse by ablution, to lave, to launder. 2. To clear from an imputation or charge of guilt. 3. To white-wash a wall with lime or chalk. *Lavar de lana á alguno*, (Obs.) To dive into the truth of any thing.
 LAVATIVA, *lah-vah-tee'-vah*, *sf.* 1. Clyster, a medicinal injection. 2. A clyster-pipe; a syringe.
 LAVATORIO, *lah-vah-tor'-e-o*, *sm.* 1. Lavation, the act of washing. 2. Medicinal lotion with which dis-

eased parts are washed. 3. Ceremony of washing the feet on Holy Thursday. 4. *V. LAVAMANOS*.
 LAVA'ZAS, *lah-vah'-as*, *sf. pl.* Foul water running from a washing-place.
 LA'VE, *lah'-vay*, *sm.* Washing of metals in mines.
 LAXACION, *lah-sah-e-on*, *sf.* Loosening, laxation, slackening.
 LAXAMIENTO, *lah-sah-me-en'-toe*, *s.* Laxation, laxity, laxness, loosening.
 LAXANTE, *lah-san'-tay*, *pa.* Loosening, softening.—*s.* and *a.* (Med.) Laxative.
 LAXAR, *va.* To loosen, to soften.
 LAXATIVO, *va*, *lah-sah-tee'-co*, *vah*, *a.* Laxative, lenient.
 LAXIDA'D, *sf.* *V. LAXITUD*.
 LAXITUD, *lah-se-too'd*, *sf.* 1. Lassitude, weariness. 2. Laxity, laxness.
 LA'XO, *xa*, *lah'-so*, *sah*, *a.* 1. Lax, slack, not tense, feeble. 2. (Met.) Lax, vague: applied to loose opinions or morals.
 LA'YA, *lah'-yah*, *sf.* 1. Quality, nature. 2. (Prov.) A two-pronged instrument, with which the ground is turned up.
 LAYADOR, *lah-jah-dore*, *sm.* He who labors the soil with a two-pronged instrument.
 LAYAR, *lah-jar*, *va.* To turn up the ground with a *laya*.
 LAZADA, *lah-ah'-dah*, *sf.* 1. Knot formed with a ribbon, cord, thread, &c. 2. Any ornament made in the form of a knot. (Am.) The knot or slip made with a *lazo* on an animal's horns or neck, to keep him fast.
 LAZADOR, *lah-ah-dore*, *sm.* He who catches with the lasso.
 LAZAR, *lah-ar*, *va.* (Mex.) To catch with a lasso.
 LAZARETO, *lah-ar-ay'-toe*, *sm.* Lazaretto, lazaret, a public building for the reception of persons coming from places suspected of being infected with the plague, to perform quarantine.
 LAZARILLO, *lah-ar-ell'-lyo*, *sm.* Boy who guides a blind man; a blind person's guide.
 LAZARINO, *na*, *lah-ar-ee'-no*, *nah*, *a.* (Prov.) Leprous, lazarlaze.
 LAZARO, *lah-ar-o*, *sm.* Lazar, a person deformed and nauseous with filthy and pestilential diseases.
 LAZO, *lah'-o*, *sm.* 1. Bow, a slip knot. 2. Any knot or complication of thread, ribbon, string, &c. 3. Ornament in the shape of a knot. 4. Snare, trick, scheme. 5. Tie, bond, chain. 6. The act of decoying or driving the game to a certain spot. (Am.) Lasso, a line or rope for catching wild animals.—*pl.* 1. Figures in dancing. 2. Flourishes with the pen.
 LE, *lay*, *pron.* Him or her, to him, to her, dat. and acc. sing. of the personal pronoun *él*, he or it; and of its feminine, *ella*, she.
 LEAL, *lay-al*, *a.* 1. Loyal, true to government. 2. Faithful, gentle, tame: applied to animals.
 LEAL, *lay-al*, *sm.* Loyalist.
 LEALMENTE, *ad.* Loyally, faithfully.
 LEALTA'D, *lay-al-tad*, *sf.* 1. Loyalty, fidelity, attachment to the

laws and government, fealty. 2. Gentleness towards a master: applied to beasts.
 LEBE'CHE, *lay-bay'-chay*, *sm.* South-west wind.
 LEBRA'DA, *lay-brah'-dah*, *sf.* Fricassee made of hare.
 LEBRATO'N, *lay-bras-ton*, *sm.* 1. (Obs.) An old hare. 2. (Coll.) A cunning, crafty fellow.
 LEBRATICO, *ilro*, *iro*, *lay-brah-tee'-co*, *sm. dim.* A young hare, a leveret.
 LEBRATO, *lay-brah'-toe*, *sm.* Young hare.
 LEBREL, *lay-brel*, *sm.* Greyhound. *Canis variegatus*, *L.*
 LEBRELA, *lay-brel'-ah*, *sf.* Greyhound bitch.
 LEBRE'RO, *ra*, *lay-brer'-o*, *ah*, *a.* Applied to dogs for hunting hares.
 LEBRILLO, *lay-brel'-lyo*, *sm.* A glazed earthen-ware tub or pan.
 LEBRON, *lay-bron*, *sm.* 1. A large hare. 2. Coward, poltroon.
 LEBRONCILLO, *lay-bron-thieel'-lyo*, *sm.* *V. LEBRATO*.
 LEBRU'NO, *na*, *lay-bruot'-no*, *nah*, *a.* Leporine, of the hare kind.
 LECION, *lec-thiech-on*, *sf.* 1. Art of reading; reading. 2. Lesson, any thing read or repeated to a teacher. 3. Lecture, a discourse upon any subject. 4. Llection.
 LECIONARIO, *lec-thiech-on-ar'-e-o*, *sm.* Lesson-book of the matins.
 LECIONCITA, *lec-thiech-on-thieel'-tah*, *sf. dim.* A short lecture or lesson.
 LECHA'DA, *lay-tchah'-dah*, *sf.* Lime slaked in water.
 LECHAL, *lay-tchal*, *a.* 1. Sucking: applied to all mammiferous animals. 2. Lactiferous, milky.
 LECHAL, *lay-tchal*, *a.* 1. *V. LECHAL*. 2. Applied to a woman who has milk in her breast.
 LE'CHE, *lay'-chay*, *sf.* 1. Milk. 2. Milk or white fluid in plants. *Cochimillo de leche*, Sucking pig. *Vaca de leche*, Milk cow. *Leche de canela*, Oil of cinnamon. *Leche de gallina* or *leche de ave*, Common star of Bethlehem. *Ornithogalum umbellatum*, *L.* 3. First principle of a science or art. 4. Blanching of coined silver in Mexico. *Hermano de leche*, Foster-brother. *Leche de los viejos*, (Coll.) Old wine. *Estar alguna cosa en leche*, Not to have attained a state of maturity. *Estar la mar en leche*, The sea being calm and smooth. *Mamarlo en la leche*, To imbibe in one's infancy. *Leche de tierra*, Magnesite. *Como una leche*, (Coll.) Applied to any thing very soft and tender. *Leche crema* or *quemada*, Custard.
 LECHECILLAS, *lay-tcheth-ell-lyas*, *sf. pl.* 1. Sweetbread of calves, lambs, and kids. 2. Livers and lights.
 LECHERA, *lay-tcher'-ah*, *sf.* 1. Milkwoman, milkmaid, dairymaid. 2. (Prov.) Milk-pan. 3. (Obs.) *V. LITERA*. 4. (Obs.) Bier. 5. (Mil.) Esplanade.
 LECHERA, *a.* Applied to animals, and sometimes to women who are suckling.
 LECHERIA, *lay-tcher-ee'-ah*, *sf.* Cow-house, dairy, lactary.
 LECHERO, *ra*, *lay-tcher'-e*, *ah*, *a.* (Coll.) Milky.

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LECHERO, *sm.* 1. Milkman. 2. Tan-pit, where the ooze of bark is prepared.
 LECHERON, *lay-tcher-on*, *sm.* (Prov.) 1. Milk-pail, milk-vessel. 2. Flannel in which new-born infants are rolled.
 LECHETRE'ZNA, *lay-tchay-treh'-nah*, *sf.* (Bot.) Spurge. *Euphorbia*, *L.*
 LECHIGA'DA, *lay-tche-gah'-dah*, *sf.* 1. Litter, a number of pigs farrowed at once. 2. Crowd of people; band of ruffians.
 LECHIN, *lay-tcheen*, *sm.* 1. Tent, pledged. 2. (Prov.) Olives rich in oil.
 LECHINO, *lay-tchee'-no*, *sm.* 1. Tent, a roll of lint put into a sore. 2. Small tumor in horses.
 LECHO, *lay-tcho*, *sm.* 1. Bed, a couch. 2. Litter, straw laid under animals. *Lecho de lobo*, Haunt of a wolf. *Lecho de respedo*, Bed of state. 3. Bed of a river; horizontal surface of a seat. 4. Layer, a stratum or row.
 LECHON, *lay-tchon*, *sm.* 1. A sucking pig; pig of any size. 2. A dirty fellow in point of dress or manner of living.
 LECHONA, *lay-tcho'-nah*, *sf.* 1. Sucking female pig. 2. (Coll.) A dirty woman in point of dress.
 LECHONCILLO, *ilro*, *iro*, *lay-tchon-thieel'-co*, *sm. dim.* A very young pig.
 LECHOSO, *sa*, *lay-tchos'-so*, *sah*, *a.* Milky: applied to plants or fruits full of juice.
 LECHUGA, *lay-tchoo'-gah*, *sf.* 1. (Bot.) Lettuce. *Lactuca*, *L.* 2. *V. LECHUGILLA* for a frill.
 LECHUGADO, *da*, *lay-tchoo-gah'-doe*, *dah*, *a.* Having leaves like lettuce.
 LECHUGUERO, *ra*, *lay-tchoo-ger'-o*, *ah*, *s.* Retailer of lettuce.
 LECHUGUILLA, *lay-tchoo-geel'-lyah*, *sf.* 1. (Dim.) Small lettuce. 2. Frill formerly worn around the neck. (Amer.) A plant that affords strong fibres like the manilla sea-grass.
 LECHUGUINO, *lay-tchoo-geel'-no*, *sm.* Plot of small lettuces. (Coll.) *sm.* and *f.* Dandy, dandizette.
 LECHUZA, *lay-tchooth'-ah*, *sf.* (Orn.) Owl. *Strix passerina*, *L.*
 LECHUZO, *za*, *lay-tchooth'-o*, *ah*, *a.* 1. Suckling: applied to colts and fillies. 2. Collecting debts in trust for another.
 LECHUZO, *lay-tchooth'-o*, *sm.* 1. Nickname of an agent, collector, or commissioner who collects money or debts. 2. Nickname of persons resembling owls in any of their qualities. 3. Filly one year old.
 LECITO, *lech-ee'-toe*, *sm.* Ancient vase like a bottle.
 LECTICARIO, *lec-te-car'-e-o*, *sm.* With the Romans, a maker of sedan-chairs.
 LECTISTERNIO, *lec-tis-ter'-ne-o*, *sm.* Banquet of the heathen gods.
 LECTIVO, *va*, *lec-tee'-vo*, *vah*, *a.* Applied to the time of lecture in universities.
 LECTOR, *ra*, *lec-tor'-e*, *ah*, *s.* 1. Reader. 2. In monastic orders, a lecturer, teacher, or professor. 3. In the Roman Catholic church, the second of the four minor orders.
 LECTORADO, *lec-tor-ah'-doe*, *sm.* Institution of lecturer.

LECTORAL, *lec-tor-al*, *sf.* 1. A prebendary dignity in cathedral churches of Spain. 2. *sm.* The person who enjoys the prebend called *lectoral*.
 LECTORAL, *lec-tor-al*, *a.* Applied to the prebend or canonry called *lectoral* in Spain, and to the prebendary who enjoys it.
 LECTORIA, *lec-tor-ee'-ah*, *sf.* Lectureship, in monastic orders, the place and office of a lecturer.
 LECTURA, *lec-too'-rah*, *sf.* 1. Reading, lecture, the act of reading. 2. The act of teaching by way of lectures. 3. In the Spanish universities, the subject of a professor's lectures. 4. A discourse delivered in public examinations. 5. *V. LECTORIA*. 6. Among printers, small pica.
 LECAMENTE, *ad.* Merrily, cheerfully.
 LEDO, *da*, *lay-doe*, *dah*, *a.* Gay, merry, cheerful, glad, joyful.
 LEER, *lay-er*, *va.* 1. To read. 2. To lecture, to instruct publicly. 3. To read one's thoughts.
 LEGA, *lay-gah*, *sf.* A lay-sister who serves the community.
 LEGACIA, LEGACION, *lay-gath-ee'-ah*, *lay-gath-e-on*, *sf.* 1. Embassy, legation, deputation. 2. Legateship, office of a legate. 3. Message sent by an ambassador or deputy. 4. Province of the ecclesiastical states governed by a legate. 5. Duration of a legate's embassy or government.
 LEGADO, *lay-gah'-doe*, *sm.* 1. Deputy, ambassador, legate. 2. Legacy, a particular thing given by last will and testament. *Legado á látere*, Legate, an ambassador from the pope to a foreign power, generally a cardinal or bishop.
 LEGADOR, *lay-gah-dore*, *sm.* (Prov.) Day-laborer, who ties the feet of sheep.
 LEGADURA, *lay-gah-doo'-rah*, *sf.* Ligature, cord, or strap for tying or binding the feet of sheep.
 LEGAJICO, *ilro*, *iro*, *lay-gah-hee'-co*, *sm. dim.* A small bundle of loose papers tied together.
 LEGAJO, *lay-gah'-ho*, *sm.* 1. Bundle of loose papers tied together. 2. Small packet.
 LEGAL, *lay-gal*, *a.* 1. Legal, lawful, constitutional. 2. Loyal, true, faithful in the performance of duty, punctual.
 LEGALIDAD, *lay-gah-le-dad*, *sf.* Legality, fidelity, punctuality; lawfulness, legitimacy.
 LEGALIZACION, *lay-gah-leeth-ath-e-on*, *sf.* 1. Attestation of a signature or subscription by which an instrument or writing is legalized. 2. Notarial certificate.
 LEGALIZAR, *lay-gah-leeth-ar*, *va.* To legalize, to authorize, to make lawful.
 LEGALMENTE, *ad.* Legally, lawfully; faithfully.
 LEGAMENTE, *ad.* Ignorantly, in an illiterate manner.
 LEGAMO, *lay-gah-mo*, *sm.* Slime, mud, or clay left by water.
 LEGAMOSO, *sa*, *lay-gah-mos'-so*, *sah*, *a.* Slimy, greasy.
 LEGANA, *lay-gan'-ye-ah*, *sf.* Lippitude, blearedness of eyes.
 LEGAR, *lay-gar*, *va.* 1. To depute, to send on an embassy. 2. To bequeath, to leave by last will or

testament. 3. (Obs.) *V. LIGAR* and *LEGAR*.
 LEGATARIO, *lay-gah-tar'-e-o*, *sm.* Legatee, a person to whom a legacy is left, legatary.
 LEGATINA, *lay-gah-tee'-nah*, *sf.* A stuff made of silk and wool.
 LEGENDA, *sf.* (Obs.) Legend, traditional history of saints, &c.
 LEGENDARIO, *lay-hen-dar'-e-o*, *sm.* 1. Legend, a chronicle or register of the lives of saints. 2. Legendary, author of a legend.
 LEGIBLE, *lay-hee'-lay*, *a.* Legible, such as may be read.
 LEGIBLEMENTE, *ad.* (Littl. us.) Legibly.
 LEGICON, *lay-he-con*, *sm.* (Littl. us.) Dictionary.
 LEGION, *lay-he-on*, *sf.* 1. Legion, a Roman corps. 2. Legion, an indefinite number.
 LEGIONARIO, *ra*, *lay-he-on-ar'-e-o*, *ah*, *a.* Legionary, belonging to a legion.
 LEGISLACION, *lay-his-lath-e-on*, *sf.* Legislation, collection of the laws of a country.
 LEGISLADOR, *lay-his-lah-dore*, *sm.* 1. Legislative, lawgiver, law-maker. 2. Censor, censurer, he that blames or censures.
 LEGISLADORA, *lay-his-lah-dor'-ah*, *sf.* Legislatress, a female lawgiver.
 LEGISLAR, *lay-his-lar*, *va.* 1. To legislate, to enact laws. 2. To censure, to criticize.
 LEGISLATIVO, *va*, *lay-his-lah-tee'-vo*, *vah*, *a.* Legislative, lawgiving; constitutive.
 LEGISLATURA, *lay-his-lah-toe'-rah*, *sf.* Legislature, the power that makes laws.
 LEGISPERITO, *lay-his-per-ee'-toe*, *sm.* *V. JURISPERITO*.
 LEGISTA, *lay-his-tah*, *sm.* Legist, one skilled in law; a professor of laws; a student of jurisprudence.
 LEGITIMA, *lay-hee-te-mah*, *sf.* Portion or share of the paternal or maternal estate, which belongs to the children, according to law.
 LEGITIMACION, *lay-he-te-math-e-on*, *sf.* Legitimation, the act of investing with the privileges of lawful birth.
 LEGITIMAMENTE, *ad.* Legitimately, lawfully.
 LEGITIMAR, *lay-he-te-mar*, *va.* 1. To prove, to establish in evidence. 2. To legitimate, to procure to any the rights of legitimate birth. 3. To make legitimate or adequate: to legalize.
 LEGITIMIDAD, *lay-he-te-me-dad*, *sf.* Legitimacy, legitimacy; legality, lawfulness.
 LEGITIMO, *ma*, *lay-hee-te-mo*, *mah*, *a.* 1. Legitimate, born in marriage, lawfully begotten. 2. True, certain. 3. Legal, lawful, authentic.
 LEGO, *lay-go*, *sm.* 1. Layman, laic, one of the people distinct from the clergy. 2. Lay-brother or lay-friar, a person admitted for the service of a religious body. *Carta de legos*, Decree which excludes an ecclesiastical judge from the cognizance of civil causes.—*a.* 1. Laical, lay, laic. 2. Ignorant, illiterate.
 LEGONCILLO, *lay-gon-thieel'-lyo*, *sm. dim.* A small spade.
 LEGRA, *lay-grah*, *sf.* Trepan, surgeon's instrument.

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LEGRACION, LEGRADURA, *lay-grath-e-on'*, *sf.* Act of trepanning.
 LEGRAR, *lay-grar'*, *va.* To trepan, to perforate the skull with a trepan.
 LEGRUA, *lay-goo-ah*, *sf.* League, a linear measure; 17½ Spanish leagues make a geographical degree: 8000 Spanish yards make a Spanish league, or nearly four English miles.
A' legua, á la legua, á leguas, de cien leguas, de muchas leguas or desde media legua. Very far, at a great distance.
 LEGUILLA, *sf.* V. LIGILLA.
 LEGUMBRE, *lay-goom-bray*, *sm.* 1. Pulse, leguminous plants; pot-herbs, garden-stuff, legume or legumen. 2. (Joc.) The people distinct from the clergy.—*pl.* (Prov.) Greens.
 LEGUMINOSO, *sa*, *lay-goo-me-nos-so*, *sa*, *u.* (Bot.) Leguminous: applied to plants which bear legumes or pods.
 LEIBLE, *lay-el-blai*, *a.* Legible, readable.
 LEIDO, *da*, *lay-el-doe*, *dah*, *a.* Having read much, book-learned.—*pp.* OF LEEDE.
 LEIJAR, LEJAR, *va.* (Obs.) V. DEJAR.
 LEILA, *lay-el-lah*, *sf.* A Moorish dance.
 LEIMMA, *lay-im-mah*, *sm.* Interval of music.
 LEJANIA, *lay-hah-neel-ah*, *sf.* Distance, remoteness in place.
 LEJANO, *na*, *lay-hah-no*, *nah*, *a.* Distant, remote, far.
 LEJIA, *lay-hee-ah*, *sf.* 1. Lye or lie, water boiled with ashes. 2. (Met.) Severe reprehension.
 LEJO, *lay-hee-o*, *sm.* Among dyers, lye.
 LEJIVIA, *lay-he-ee-ah*, *a.* Lixivial.
 LEJOS, *lay-hos*, *ad.* At a great distance, far off. *Buen lejos*, Looking best at a distance.
 LEJOS, *lay-hos*, *sm.* 1. Perspective, distant prospect. 2. (Met.) Similarity, appearance, resemblance. *A' lo lejos, de lejos, de muy lejos or desde lejos*, At a great distance.
 LEJOS, *jas*, *lay-hos*, *has*, *a.* Distant, very remote: generally used in the feminine.
 LEJUELOS, *lay-hoo-el-os*, *ad.* *dim.* At a little distance.
 LEJILP, *lay-le-tee*, *sm.* War-whoop of the Moors.
 LELO, *la*, *lay-to*, *lah*, *a.* Stupid, ignorant, crazy.
 LEMA, *lay-mah*, *sm.* 1. Argument of a poem explained in the title; motto. 2. Lemma, a proposition previously assumed.
 LEME, *lay-may*, *sf.* (Nau.) Tiller.
 LEMERA, *lay-mer-ah*, *sf.* (Nau.) V. LOMERA.
 LEMOSIN, *na*, *lay-mos-seen'*, *ah*, *a.* Relating to the Lemosin language, or that of the Troubadours.
 LEMOSIN, *lay-mos-seen'*, *sm.* The Lemosin language.
 LEN, *a.* Applied to soft untwisted silk.
 LENCEIRA, *len-th-er-ah*, *sf.* A woman who deals in linen; the wife of a linen-draper.
 LENCERIA, *len-th-er-ee-ah*, *sf.* 1. An assortment of linen; plenty

of linen. 2. Linen-draper's shop; linen-hall, where linen is sold. 3. Linen trade.
 LENCERO, *ra*, *len-th-er-o*, *ah*, *s.* Linen-draper.
 LENDEL, *len-dell*, *sm.* Circle described by a horse turning a wheel to raise water out of a well.
 LENDREIRA, *len-drer-ah*, *sf.* A close comb for taking out nits.
 LENDREIRO, *len-drer-o*, *sm.* Place full of nits.
 LENDROSO, *sa*, *len-á-os-so*, *sa*, *u.* Nitty, full of nits.
 LENE, *lay-nay*, *a.* (Obs.) Mild, soft, bland.
 LENGUA, *len-goo-ah*, *sf.* 1. The tongue. 2. Language, idiom. 3. Interpreter. 4. Information, advice. 5. Speech, discourse. 6. Tongue or needle of a balance. 7. Clapper of a bell. *Lenguas*, In the order of Malta, the provinces into which the possessions of the order are divided. *Lengua del agua*, At the edge of the water. *Lengua de tierra*, Neck of land running out into the sea. *Con la lengua de un palmo, or con un palmo de lengua*, With great anxiety or eagerness. *Tener algo en el pico de la lengua*, To have any thing at the tongue's end. *Lengua sabia*, Learned language. *Lengua canina or de perro*, (Bot.) Hound's-tongue. *Cynoglossum*, *L. Lengua de bucy*, (Bot.) Common bugloss. *Anchusa officinalis*, *L. Lengua cereal*, Hart's-tongue or common hart's tongue. *Asplenium scolopendrium*, *L. Lengua de vaca*, Neat's tongue. *De lengua en lengua*, From mouth to mouth. *Poner la lengua en algarano*, (Met.) To backbite, to speak ill of a person. *Irse la lengua*, To give a loose to one's tongue.
 LENGUA'DO, *len-goo-ah'-dos*, *sm.* (Ichth.) Sole. *Pleuronectes solea* et *linguatus*, *L.*
 LENGUAJE, *len-goo-ah'-hay*, *sm.* 1. Language, idiom, speech. 2. Language, style, manner of speaking or writing. *Lenguaje bajo or obsceno*, Ribaldry.
 LENGUARA'DA, *sf.* V. LENGUETADA.
 LENGUARA'Z, *len-goo-ar-ah'*, *a.* 1. Languaged, having various languages. 2. Fluent, voluble. 3. Forward, petulant. 4. Talkative, freetongued. It is sometimes used as a substantive for a linguist.
 LENGUA'Z, *len-goo-ah'-a*, *a.* Loquacious, garrulous.
 LENGUEAR, *len-goo-ay-ar'*, *va.* (Obs.) To spy, to watch.
 LENGUECA, *illa*, *ita*, *len-goo-eth-ee-cah*, *sf.* *dim.* A small tongue.
 LENGUETA, *len-goo-ay-tah*, *sf.* 1. (Dim.) A small tongue. 2. Languet, any thing cut in the form of a tongue. 3. (Anat.) Epiglottis. 4. Needle of a balance. 5. Bookbinder's cutting-knife. 6. The iron point of an arrow, a fish-hook, an anchor, &c. 7. (Arch.) Buttress; moulding. 8. Borer used by saddlers and chair-makers. *Lenguetas*, Movable plates or valves in wind instruments. V. LENGOTE.
 LENGUETADA, *len-goo-ay-tah'-dah*, *sf.* The act of licking.
 LENGUETERIA, *len-goo-ay-ter-ee-ah*, *sf.* Collection of tubes with valves in an organ.

LEN

LEO

LENGUEZUELA, *len-goo-eh'-oo-el-ah*, *sf.* *dim.* A small tongue.
 LENGUETERO, *ra*, *len-goo-ay-ter-o*, *ah*, *sm.* and *u.* (Littl. is.) Linguist, languaged.
 LENIDA'D, *len-e-dad'*, *sf.* Lenity, mildness, favor.
 LENIENTE, *sm.* (Med.) Lenient, an emollient.
 LENIFICAR, *len-e-fe-car'*, *va.* To lenify, to soften. V. SUAVIZAR.
 LENIFICATIVO, *va*, *lay-ne-fe-cah-tee-vo*, *vah*, *a.* Mollifying, softening.
 LENIR, *lay-nir'*, *va.* (Obs.) To mollify, to assuage.
 LENITIVO, *va*, *lay-ne-tee-vo*, *vah*, *a.* Lenitive, assuasive, lenient, mitigant.
 LENITIVO, *lay-ne-tee-vo*, *sm.* Emollient, mitigator, lenient.
 LENIZAR, *lay-neeth-ar'*, *va.* (Littl. us.) To soften, to mollify.
 LENOCINIO, *lay-noth-ee-ne-o*, *sm.* Pimping, pandering. V. ALCAHUETERIA.
 LENO', *lay-nol*, *sm.* Book muslin: it is also called *linon*.
 LENOIN, *sm.* (Obs.) V. ALCAHUETERIA.
 LENTAMENTE, *ad.* Slowly, heavily, lazily, lingeringly.
 LENTE, *len-tay*, *sf.* Lens, a glass spherically convex on both sides.
 LENTEJA, *len-tay'-hah*, *sf.* (Bot.) Lentil. *Cicer lens*, *L. Lenteja de agua*, Gibbous duck-weed. *Lemma gibba*, *L.*
 LENTEJUELA, *len-tay-hoo-ay-lah*, *sf.* Strangle, a small plate of shining metal.
 LENTEZA, *len-teth-ah*, *sf.* (Obs.) Slowness.
 LENTICULAR, *len-ee-so-lar'*, *a.* Lenticular, in the form of a lentil.
 LENTISCO, *len-tee-so*, *sm.* (Bot.) Mastich-tree. *Pistacia lentiscus*, *L.*
 LENTITUD, *len-te-tood'*, *sf.* Slowness, sluggishness, coldness.
 LENTO, *ra*, *len-toe*, *tah*, *a.* 1. Slow, sluggish, tardy, heavy, long, lingering. 2. (Met.) Glutinous. 3. (Mus.) Largo.
 LENTOR, *len-toe'*, *sm.* Lensor, a viscous humor.
 LENZUELO, *len-th-oo-el'-oh*, *sm.* Handkerchief.
 LEÑA, *len-yah*, *sf.* Wood, timber.
 LEÑADOR, *ra*, *len-yah-dor'*, *ah*, *s.* Woodman, wood-cutter, dealer in wood.
 LEÑAR, *len-yar'*, *va.* To cut wood.
 LEÑERA, *len-yer-ah*, *sf.* Place for fire-wood.
 LEÑAZGO, *len-yath-go*, *sm.* Pile of wood or timber.
 LEÑERO, *len-yer-o*, *sm.* 1. Timber-merchant. 2. Timber-yard. 3. a logman.
 LEÑO, *len-yo*, *sm.* 1. Block, a heavy piece of timber; a log; the trunk of a tree cut down. 2. (Poet.) Ship, vessel. 3. (Met.) Person of little talent or ability. *Leño hediondo*, (Bot.) V. HEDIONDO. *Leño blanco*, (Am.) *Begonia leucoxyllum*. *Leño japon*, V. PALO-MANTECA.
 LENOZO, *sa*, *len-yos-so*, *sa*, *a.* Woody, ligneous.
 LEON, *lay-on'*, *sm.* 1. Lion. *Felis leo*, *L. Leon pardo*, V. LEOPARDO. 2. (Astr.) Leo, the fifth sign

LET

of the zodiac. 3. (Met.) An irritable and cruel person.
 LEONA, *lay-on-ah*, *sf.* Lioness.
 LEONA'DO, *da*, *lay-on-ah'-doe*, *dah*, *a.* Lion-colored, fallow.
 LEONCICO, *illo*, *iro*, *lay-on-the-co*, *sm.* Whelp of a lion.
 LEONERA, *lay-on-er-ah*, *sf.* Cage or place where lions are shut up; a menagerie.
 LEONERO, *lay-on-er-o*, *sm.* 1. Keeper of lions. 2. Master of a gambling-house.
 LEONICA, *lay-d-ne-cah*, *sf.* Vein or gland under the tongue: chiefly used of horses.
 LEONINO, *na*, *lay-o-neel-no*, *nah*, *a.* 1. Leonine, belonging to lions. 2. Leonine verses, the end of which rhymes to the middle.
 LEONINA, *lay-o-neel-nah*, *sf.* Elephantiasis, a kind of leprosy.
 LEONTEPETALON, *lay-on-tay-pay-tah-lon'*, *sm.* (Bot.) A plant, the root of which is an antidote for the poison of a snake.
 LEONURO, *sm.* (Bot.) Lion's-tail. *Philomis leonurus*, *L.*
 LEOPARDO, *lay-o-par'-doe*, *sm.* A leopard. *Felis pardus*, *L.*
 LEPTIDO, *lay-pee-de-o*, *sm.* (Bot.) Pepper-wort. *Lepidium*, *L.*
 LEPIDOPTERA, *lay-pe-doe-ter-ah*, *sf.* (Ent.) Lepidoptera.
 LEPIRA, *lay-prah*, *sf.* Leprosy.
 LEPROSIDAD, *lay-pros-se-dad'*, *sf.* (Med.) Leprousness.
 LEPROSO, *sa*, *lay-pros-so*, *sa*, *u.* Leprous, leperous.—*s.* Leper.
 LERDA, *ler-dah*, *sf.* (Veter.) V. LERDON.
 LERDAMENTE, *ad.* Slowly, heavily, lumpishly, obtusely.
 LERDEZ, *ler-deth*, *sf.* Slowness, tardiness, heaviness.
 LERDO, *da*, *ler-doe*, *dah*, *a.* Slow, heavy; dull of comprehension, lumpish, obtuse.
 LERDON, *ler-done'*, *sm.* (Veter.) Tamor in a horse's pastern.
 LESION, *les-se-on'*, *sf.* Hurt, damage, wound; injury; wrong.
 LESIVO, *va*, *les-ee-vo*, *vah*, *a.* Prejudicial, injurious.
 LESNA, *les-nah*, *sf.* Awl, a pointed instrument to bore holes.
 LESNORDESTE, *les-nor-des-tay*, *sm.* (Nau.) East-north-east wind.
 LESO, *sa*, *les-so*, *sa*, *a.* Wounded, hurt, damaged; perverted. *Les-so majestad*, *Leze majesty*; high treason.
 LEST, *lest*, *sm.* (Obs.) 1. Last, a certain weight or measure. 2. East, Levant.
 LESTE, *les-tay*, *sm.* East wind, east.
 LESUESTE, *les-soo-ee-tay*, *sm.* (Nau.) East-south-east wind.
 LETAL, *lay-tal'*, *a.* Mortal, deadly, destructive, lethal.
 LETAME, *sm.* (Obs.) Mud, mire, manure.
 LETANIA, *lay-tah-neel-ah*, *sf.* 1. Litany, a form of prayer. *Letanias*, Supplicatory processions. 2. (Coll.) List or enumeration of things.
 LETARGICO, *ca*, *lay-tar'-he-co*, *vah*, *a.* Lethargic, lethargical.
 LETARGO, *lay-tar'-go*, *sm.* Lethargy, a morbid drowsiness.
 LETEO, *a*, *lay-tay-o*, *ah*, *a.* (Poet.) Lethaean.
 LETICIA, *lay-teeth-ee-ah*, *sf.* (Obs.) Joy, mirth.

LEV

LETIFERO, *ra*, *lay-tee-fer-o*, *ah*, *a.* Lethiferous, deadly, that which is the cause or sign of death.
 LETIFICANTE, *lay-te-fe-can'-tay*, *pa*, Exhilarating.
 LETIFICAR, *lay-te-fe-car'*, *va.* (Littl. us.) To rejoice, to make merry.
 LETIJO, *sm.* (Obs.) V. LIRIJO.
 LETRA, *lay-trah*, *sf.* 1. Letter, one of the elements of syllables. 2. Hand, character, or peculiar manner of writing. 3. Letter, type, a printing letter. 4. Motto, inscription. 5. A kind of Spanish poetical composition. 6. Words of a song. 7. Letter, the verbal expression, the literal meaning, the grammatical sense of a phrase. 8. An arithmetical character, a cipher. 9. (Coll.) Sagacity, acuteness. *Letra or letra de cambio*, Bill of exchange. *A' la letra*, Literally, punctually, entirely. *Tener mucha letra*, To be very artful and cunning. *Letras*, 1. Letters, learning; the learned professions. 2. Rescript, dispatch. 3. (Prov.) Certification, testimony. *Letras humanas*, V. HUMANIDADES. *Tener las letras gordas*, To be dull or ignorant in point of sciences and learning.
 LETRA'DA, *lay-trah'-dah*, *sf.* (Coll.) Lawyer's wife.
 LETRADERIA, LETRADURA, *lay-trah-der-ee-ah*, *sf.* 1. (Low) Body or society of lawyers, inn. 2. A foolish speech pompously uttered.
 LETRA'DO, *da*, *lay-trah'-doe*, *dah*, *a.* 1. Learned, erudite, lettered. 2. (Coll.) Vain, presumptuous.
 LETRA'DO, *lay-trah'-doe*, *sm.* Lawyer, professor of law; advocate, counsellor. *A' lo letrado*, As a lawyer, like a counsellor.
 LETRE'RO, *lay-trer-o*, *sm.* An inscription, a title, sign, label; a legend on medals or coins.
 LETRI'LLA, *lay-treel'-yah*, *sf.* 1. (Dim.) A small letter. 2. A short poem adapted to music.
 LETRI'NA, *lay-treel-nah*, *sf.* Privy.
 LETRON, *lay-tron'*, *sm.* *augm.* A large letter.
 LETRONES, *lay-tro'-nes*, *sm. pl.* Capital letters or large characters written at the door of churches.
 LETURA, *lay-toor-ah*, *sf.* Among printers, small piece.
 LEUDA'R, *lay-oo-dar'*, *va.* To ferment dough with leaven.
 LEUDO, *da*, *lay-oo-doe*, *dah*, *a.* Fermented, leavened: applied to bread.
 LEVA, *lay-vah*, *sf.* 1. (Nau.) Act of weighing anchor. *Pieza de leva*, Shot fired as a signal for weighing anchor. 2. Levy, the act of raising men for military service; press. *Ronda or piquete de leva or matricula*, Press-gang. 3. (Nau.) Swell of the sea. *Hay mar de leva*, There is a swell in the offing.—*pl.* 1. Tricks, artful devices. 2. In powder-mills, the lifters, which raise the pounding pestles.
 LEVADA, *lay-vah'-dah*, *sf.* 1. Silkworm which moves from one place to another. 2. Salute or flourish made with the foil by fencers before they set to. V. LLEVADA.
 LEVADE'RO, *ra*, *lay-vah-der-o*, *ah*, *a.* That which is to be demanded.
 LEVADA, *sf.* Joy, mirth.

LEVADIZO, *za*, *lay-vah-deeth'-o*, *ah*, *a.* That can be lifted or raised.
 LEVADURA, *lay-vah-doo'-rah*, *sf.* 1. Ferment, leaven, yeast. 2. Board cut from a piece of timber, to give it the proper dimensions.
 LEVANTADA, *lay-van-tah'-dah*, *sf.* (Coll.) Rise, the act of rising.
 LEVANTADAMENTE, *ad.* In an elevated or exalted manner.
 LEVANTADOR, *ra*, *lay-van-tah-dor'*, *ah*, *s.* 1. One who raises or lifts up. 2. Disturber, rioter. 3. (Surg.) Levator.
 LEVANTAMIENTO, *lay-van-tah-me-en-toe*, *sm.* 1. Elevation, the act of raising; sublimity. 2. Insurrection, revolt, rebellion, commotion. 3. (Prov.) Balance of accounts.
 LEVANTA'R, *lay-van-tar'*, *va.* 1. To raise, to lift or lift up, to heave, to get up, to hold up, to hang up, to mount, to set upright. 2. To build up, to raise, to erect a building. 3. To raise, to excite to tumult or war, to stir up. 4. To impute or attribute falsely. 5. To rouse, to raise, to excite to action. 6. To elevate, to aggrandize, to promote. 7. To rouse or start game. 8. To cut the cards. 9. To levy, to raise men for military service. 10. To increase, to enlarge. 11. To raise the voice, to utter loudly. 12. To raise, to occasion; to begin.—*vr.* 1. To rise, to change a jacent or recumbent for an erect posture, to get up from a fall. 2. To rise, to get up from a bed. 3. To stand up. 4. To rise, to have more elevation than some other thing. 5. To rise, to break in commotions or insurrections. 6. To start or to rise suddenly: applied to game. *Levantar un plano, mapa, &c.*, To draw the sketch of a place. *Levantar falso testimonio*, To accuse falsely. *Levantar la casa*, To break up house, to move to another place. *Levantar velas*, (Met.) To abandon one's residence. *Levantar la cerviz*, (Met.) To exalt, to extol one's self. *Levantar polvareda*, To raise a dust, to excite disturbances. *Levantar el caballo*, To drive a horse at the gallop. *Levantar la mesa*, To clear the table. *Levantarse con algo*, To take possession of any thing.
 LEVANTE, *lay-van'-tay*, *sm.* 1. Levant, particularly the coasts of the Mediterranean east of Italy. 2. Rise, the act of getting up. 3. East; east wind. *Esar de levante*, To be ready to set sail. *Comercio de Levante*, The Levant trade.
 LEVANTIN, *lay-van-tin'*, *sm.* Levantine: generally used in the plural.
 LEVANTINO, *na*, LEVANTISCO, *ca*, *lay-van-tee-no*, *nah*, *a.* Levantine, relating to the Levant.
 LEVA'R, *lay-var'*, *va.* 1. (Obs.) To carry, to transport. 2. (Nau.) To weigh anchor.
 LEVE, *lay-vay*, *a.* Light, of little weight; trifling.
 LEVEDAD, *lay-vay-dad'*, *sf.* Lightness, levity; inconstancy.
 LEVEMENTE, *ad.* Lightly, gently; venially.
 LEVIATA'N, *lay-vee-ah-tan'*, *sm.* Leviathan, a water animal.
 LEVIGAR, *lay-ve-gar'*, *va.* (Littl. us.) To levigate.

LIB

LEVITA, *lay-vel-tah*, *sm.* 1. Levite, one of the tribe of Levi. 2. V. Diacono.
 LEVITA, *lay-vel-tah*, *sf.* Great coat, frock-coat.
 LEVITICO, *lay-vel-te-co*, *sm.* 1. Book of Leviticus. 2. (Coll.) Ceremonial used at a festival.
 LEVITICO, *ca*, *lay-vel-te-co*, *ca*, *a*. (Coll.) Levitical, priestly.
 LEXICOGRAPHIA, *lec-se-co-grah-fee-ah*, *sf.* Lexicography, the art of writing dictionaries.
 LEXICOGRAPHO, *lec-se-co-grah-fo*, *sm.* Lexicographer, author or writer of a dictionary.
 LEY, *lay-e*, *sf.* 1. Law, an ordinance, constitution, or statute, publicly established. 2. Law, a rule of action. 3. Loyalty, faithful attachment to a superior or master. 4. Religion. 5. Alloy, base metal.
 Ley del encaje, (Coll.) Dictamen of a judge without regard to the laws.
 Ley de la trampa, Fraud, deceit. *A la ley*, With propriety and neatness. *A toda ley*, Perfectly, according to rule.—*pl.* 1. Body or collection of laws. 2. Study and profession of the law.
 LEYENDA, *lay-jen-tah*, *sf.* Reading, lecture, legend, what is read.
 LEYDA, *leh-tah*, *sf.* Ancient tax on merchandise.
 LIA, *lee-ah*, *sf.* 1. A thin bass-ropes. 2. Husk of pressed grapes. *Estar hecho una lia*, (Coll.) To be tipsy. 3. (Am.) A hamper made of thongs of the hide of the danta, or American tapir.
 LIA'R, *le-ar'*, *va.* To tie, to bind, to fasten.—*vr.* To contract an alliance. *Liarlas*, (Met. Coll.) To clope, to die.
 LIARA, *le-ar'-ah*, *sf.* (Prov.) V. ALIARA and CUERNA.
 LIAZA, *le-ah-ah*, *sf.* Collection of hoops used by coopers.
 LIBACION, *le-bah-e-on'*, *sf.* Libation, pouring out wine for a sacrifice.
 LIBAMIENTO, *le-bah-me-on'-toe*, *sm.* The offering in ancient sacrifices.
 LIBAR, *le-bar'*, *va.* 1. To suck, to sip, to extract the juice; to taste. 2. To perform a libation.
 LIBELAR, *le-bel-ar'*, *va.* To petition, to sue at law.
 LIBELATICO, *ca*, *le-bel-ah-te-co*, *ca*, *a*. Applied to the Christians who renounced the Christian religion in a written declaration, for which the Roman emperors exempted them from persecution.
 LIBELISTA, *le-bay-tist-tah*, *sm.* (Litt. us.) Libeller, author of libels.
 LIBELO, *le-bay-to*, *sm.* 1. Petition, libel; a declaration of charge in writing against a person in court. 2. A defamatory writing, lampoon, libel.
 LIBERAL, *le-ber-al'*, *a.* 1. Liberal, generous, free, open, large, munificent, openhearted. 2. Quick in the performance of a thing; brisk, active. 3. Liberal: applied to the arts, as opposed to mechanics.
 LIBERALIDAD, *le-ber-ah-le-dad*, *sf.* Liberality, generosity, largeness, munificence, frankness, openheartedness; gallantry.
 LIBERALIZAR, *le-ber-ah-leth-ar'*, *va.* To liberalize: modern word.
 LIBERALMENTE, *ad.* Liberal-

ly, expeditiously, largely, munificently, generously, frankly, freely.
 LIBERAMENTE, *ad.* (Obs.) V. LIBERAMENTE.
 LIBERRIMO, *ma*, *le-ber-re-mo*, *ma*, *a*, *sup.* Most free.
 LIBERTA'D, *le-ber-tad'*, *sf.* 1. Liberty, freedom, the power of doing without inconvenience what is not contrary to the laws or established customs. 2. Liberty, freedom, as opposed to slavery. 3. Liberty, freedom, the state of one who is not a prisoner. 4. Liberty, freedom, license, assumed familiarity, relaxation of restraint. 5. Liberty, freedom, exemption, privilege, immunity. 6. Freedom, agility, address; independence.
 LIBERTADAMENTE, *ad.* Freely.
 LIBERTA'DO, *da*, *le-ber-tah-doe*, *dah*, *a.* 1. Libertine, impudent. 2. Free, ungoverned. 3. Idle, disengaged.—*pp.* of LIBERTAR.
 LIBERTA'DOR, *ra*, *le-ber-tah-dore'*, *ah*, *s.* Deliverer, liberator.
 LIBERTA'R, *le-ber-tar'*, *va.* 1. To free, to set at liberty, to liberate. 2. To exempt, to free, to excuse, to clear from an obligation or debt, to acquit. 3. To free, to rid from, to clear from any thing ill. 4. To preserve.
 LIBERTINAJE, *le-ber-te-nah-hay*, *sm.* Libertinism, licentiousness of opinion or practice; libertinage, license, irreligion.
 LIBERTINO, *na*, *le-ber-teel-no*, *nah*, *s.* Child of a freed man.—*a.* Libertine, irreligious, dissolute, impudent, licentious, lewd.
 LIBERTO, *le-ber-toe*, *sm.* A freed man, an emancipated slave.
 LIBI, *lee-be*, *sm.* At Buenos Ayres, an instrument with which the Indians catch ostriches.
 LIBICOFRICO, *le-be-co-ah-fre-co*, *sm.* Westerly wind.
 LIBICONOTO, *le-be-co-no'-toe*, *sm.* South-west wind.
 LIBIDINOSAMENTE, *ad.* Libidinosely.
 LIBIDINOSO, *sa*, *le-be-de-nos-so*, *sa*, *a.* Libidinous, lewd, lustful.
 LIBITUM (Ad), *lee-be-toom*, *ad.* (Lat.) At will.
 LIBRA, *lee-brah*, *sf.* 1. Pound, a certain weight, consisting in general of sixteen ounces in Spain. *Libra medicinal*, Pound troy, of twelve ounces; apothecaries' weight, troy weight. *Libra carnica*, Flesh-pound of thirty-six ounces. 2. *Libra esterlina*, A pound sterling. *Libra tornesa*, A French livre. 3. In oil-mills, weight with which the husks of olives are pressed. 4. (Astr.) Libra, sign of the zodiac.
 LIBRA'CHO, *le-brah-cho*, *sm.* (Coll.) An old worm-eaten book or pamphlet; a bad book.
 LIBRACION, *le-brah-e-on'*, *sf.* Libration, the state of being balanced.
 LIBRADOR, *le-brah-dore'*, *sm.* 1. Deliverer. 2. In corn-mills, a shoe with a hole and feeder, through which the corn falls into the eye of the millstone. 3. Store-keeper of the king's mews. 4. Copper shovels, used by grocers and confectioners, to take out dry sweetmeats, brown sugar, &c. 5. The drawer of a bill of exchange.

LIB

LIB

LIBRAMIENTO, *le-brah-me-on'-toe*, *sm.* 1. (Litt. us.) Delivery, the act of delivering. 2. (Obs.) Deliverance, the act of freeing from captivity. 3. Warrant, order of payment. 4. Treasury bill.
 LIBRANCISTA, *le-bran-thiest-tah*, *sm.* 1. One who holds a warrant or order of payment. 2. Clerk who draws up warrants.
 LIBRANTE, *le-bran-tay*, *sm.* Solicitor, procurator.
 LIBRANZA, *le-bran-thah*, *sf.* V. LIBRAMIENTO for a warrant.
 LIBRAR, *le-brar'*, *va.* 1. To free, to deliver, to extricate, to exempt, to preserve from ill. 2. To give a warrant or order for paying a certain sum. 3. To dispatch, to expedite. 4. (Obs.) To give leave to converse in the parlor: applied to nuns. 5. To commit, to intrust. 6. To decide, to sentence. 7. To draw a bill or money. *Librar bien* or *mal*, To get over a thing well or ill. *A bien* or *a buen librar*, The best that could possibly happen.
 LIBRATORIO, *le-brah-tor'-e-o*, *sm.* V. LOCUTORIO.
 LIBRAZO, *le-brat'-o*, *sm.* 1. (Augm.) A large book. 2. Blow with a book.
 LIBRE, *lee-bray*, *a.* 1. Free, unincumbered, unrestrained; independent; unembarrassed. 2. Free, at liberty, not enslaved, not a prisoner. 3. Free, exempt, privileged. 4. Free, innocent, guiltless. 5. Single, unmarried. 6. Free, libertine, loose, unrestrained, frank, licentious, impudent. 7. Rash, bold, forward, thoughtless. 8. Latitudinarian. 9. Free, clear from distress. It has been lately used as a substantive.
 LIBREA, *le-bray-ah*, *sf.* Livery, clothes given to servants.
 LIBREA'R, *le-bray-ar'*, *va.* To weigh, to sell or distribute by pounds.
 LIBREJO, *le-bray-ho*, *sm.* dim. A little book, a pamphlet.
 LIBREMENTE, *ad.* Freely; boldly; audaciously, impudently.
 LIBRERIA, *le-brer-ee-ah*, *sf.* 1. Bookseller's shop, stationer's shop. 2. Profession and trade of a bookseller. 3. Library, a large collection of books. 4. Library, the apartment containing a collection of books.
 LIBRETO, *le-brer'-o*, *sm.* Book-seller.
 LIBRETA, *le-bray-tah*, *sf.* 1. The troy-weight pound. 2. Loaf of bread which weighs sixteen ounces. 3. Small memorandum-book. 4. The book in which each private keeps his account with the sergeant.
 LICITO, *ta*, *leth'-e-toe*, *tah*, *a.* Licit, lawful; just.
 LICOPODIO, *le-co-pod'-e-o*, *sm.* Lycopodium.
 LICOR, *lee-cor'*, *sm.* 1. Liquor, any thing liquid. 2. Liquor, strong drink, spirits.
 LICOROSO, *sa*, *le-cor'-so*, *sa*, *a.* Applied to generous wine.
 LICTOR, *lee-tor'*, *sm.* Licitor, a minister of justice in ancient Rome.
 LICUABLE, *le-coo-ah-blay*, *a.* Liquefiable, that may be melted.
 LICUACION, *le-coo-ah-e-on'*, *sf.* Liquefaction, the act of melting.
 LICUANTE, *le-coo-an-tay*, *pa.*

LIC

LIC

chant's book, a cash-book. *Libro de asiento* or *libro de cuentas*, Account-book. *Libro de facturas*, Invoice-book. *Libro del diario*, (Nau.) Journal. *Libro en blanco*, A paper-book. *Libro mayor*, Ledger. *Libro de memoria*, Memorandum-book. *Libro de las cuarenta hojas*, Pack of cards. *Libro verde*, Book for topographical and genealogical remarks; also the compiler of such writings.
 LIBROTE, *le-bro-tay*, *sm.* Augm. Large book: applied in general to a bad book.
 LIBURNICA, *le-boor'-ne-cah*, *sf.* A kind of light vessel.
 LICANTROPIA, *le-can-tro-pee-ah*, *sf.* Lycanthropy, violent insanity.
 LICENCIA, *leeth-en-thie-ah*, *sf.* 1. Permission, leave, license, liberty. (Mil.) Furlough. 2. Licentiousness, contempt of just restraint, looseness, wantonness. 3. Degree of licentiate.
 LICENCIADILLO, *leeth-en-thie-ah-dil'-lo*, *sm.* Nickname given to a little ridiculous person dressed in clerical habits.
 LICENCIA'DO, *leeth-en-thie-ah-doe*, *sm.* 1. Licentiate, a degree in Spanish universities, and the person who has taken that degree. 2. (Coll.) Any scholar in the Spanish universities. 3. Appellation of juriconsults, although doctors.
 LICENCIA'DO, *da*, *leeth-en-thie-ah-doe*, *dah*, *a.* and *pp.* of LICENCIAR. Licensed; vainglorious.
 LICENCIAMIENTO, *leeth-en-thie-ah-me-on'-toe*, *sm.* The act of taking the degree of licentiate.
 LICENCIA'R, *leeth-en-thie-ah-ar'*, *va.* 1. To permit, to allow; to license; to licentiate. 2. To license, to dismiss, to send away. 3. To make a licentiate. (Mil.) To break off, to disband.—*vr.* To become dissolute.
 LICENCIOSAMENTE, *ad.* Licentiously.
 LICENCIOSO, *sa*, *leeth-en-thie-ah-so*, *sa*, *a.* Licentious, dissolute, free, loose.
 LICEO, *lee-ay-o*, *sm.* Lyceum, a public school.
 LICERA, *leeth-er-ah*, *sf.* (Prov.) V. LISERA.
 LICHERA, *le-cher-ah*, *sf.* (Prov.) Woollen cover of a bed.
 LICIO, *leeth'-e-o*, *sm.* (Bot.) Box-thorn. Lycium, *L.*
 LICION, *sf.* (Obs.) V. LECCION.
 LICITAMENTE, *ad.* Lawfully, justly, licitly.
 LICITANTE, *leeth-e-tan-tay*, *sm.* Bidder or buyer at auction.
 LICITAR, *leeth-e-tar'*, *vn.* To sell at auction.
 LICITO, *ta*, *leeth'-e-toe*, *tah*, *a.* Licit, lawful; just.
 LICOPODIO, *le-co-pod'-e-o*, *sm.* Lycopodium.
 LICOR, *lee-cor'*, *sm.* 1. Liquor, any thing liquid. 2. Liquor, strong drink, spirits.
 LICOROSO, *sa*, *le-cor'-so*, *sa*, *a.* Applied to generous wine.
 LICTOR, *lee-tor'*, *sm.* Licitor, a minister of justice in ancient Rome.
 LICUABLE, *le-coo-ah-blay*, *a.* Liquefiable, that may be melted.
 LICUACION, *le-coo-ah-e-on'*, *sf.* Liquefaction, the act of melting.
 LICUANTE, *le-coo-an-tay*, *pa.*

of LICUAR. Liquefying, dissolving, melting.
 LICUAR, *le-coo-ar'*, *va.* To liquefy, to dissolve, to melt.
 LICUESCENCIA, *le-coo-es-then-thie-ah*, *sf.* Liquescent, aptness to melt.
 LICUESCENTE, *le-coo-es-then-tay*, *a.* Liquescent, melting.
 LID, *leed*, *sm.* Conflict, contest, fight; dispute, argument.
 LIDIADOR, *le-de-ah-dore'*, *sm.* Combatant; one who publicly disputes or argues.
 LIDAR, *le-de-ar'*, *vn.* To fight, to oppose, to contend.—*va.* To run or fight bulls.
 LIDIO, *leed'-e-o*, *a.* (Mus.) Lydian, a species of ancient music.
 LIEBRASTON, *le-ay-bras-ton'*, *sm.* Leveret, a small or young hare.
 LIEBRATICO, *le-ay-brah-te-co*, *sm.* Young hare.
 LIEBRE, *le-ay-bray*, *sf.* 1. Hare. Lepus, *L.* 2. Coward, poltroon. *Coger una liebre*, To fall into mud or mire.—*pl.* 1. (Nau.) Racks or ribs. 2. (Nau.) Dead-eyes.
 LIEBRECI'CA, *illa*, *ita*, *sf.* dim. A young or small hare.
 LIEBRECI'LLA, *sf.* (Bot.) V. AZULEJO.
 LIEBREZUELA, *sf.* dim. V. LIEBRECI'CA.
 LIEBRECI'CO, *illo*, *iro*, *le-en-thay-thie-co*, *sm.* dim. Little linen cloth.
 LIENDRE, *le-en'-dray*, *sf.* Nit, the egg of a louse.
 LIENTERA, LIENTERIA, *le-en-ter-ah*, *le-en-ter-ee-ah*, *sf.* Lientery, diarrhoea which carries off the food undigested.
 LIENTERICO, *ca*, *le-en-ter-ee-co*, *ca*, *a.* Lienteric.
 LIENTO, *ta*, *le-en'-toe*, *tah*, *a.* Damp, moist.
 LIENZO, *le-en-th'-o*, *sf.* 1. Linen, cloth made of flax or hemp. *Lienzo encerado*, Glazed linen. *Lienzo curado*, Bleached linen. 2. Handkerchief. 3. Painting on linen. 4. (Fort.) Curtain, part of a wall lying between the two bastions. 5. Face or front of a building.
 LIEVAR, *va.* (Obs.) V. LLEVAR.
 LIFARA, *sf.* (Prov.) V. ALIFARA.
 LIGA, *lee-gah*, *sf.* 1. A garter. 2. (Bot.) Mistknot. Viscum album, *L.* 3. Bird-lime or lime. 4. League, coalition, confederacy, combination, faction, covenant, consociation, ally. 5. V. LEY, for ally.
 LIGACION, *le-gath-e-on'*, *sf.* 1. Ligation, act of tying. 2. Union, mixture.
 LIGADAS, *le-gath-das*, *sf.* *pl.* (Print.) Ligatures.
 LIGADO, *da*, *le-gath-doe*, *dah*, *a.* and *pp.* of LIGAR. Tied, bound, leagued, confederate.
 LIGADO, *sm.* (Mus.) Snar.
 LIGADURA, *le-gath-doo'-rah*, *sf.* 1. Ligation, any thing tied round another. 2. Ligation, ligation, the act of binding. 3. (Surg.) Ligation. 4. Subjection. 5. V. MALEFICIO.
 6. (Nau.) Seizing, the fastening of two ropes with a thin line; lashing. *Dar una ligadura*, (Nau.) To seize.
 LIGAGAMBA, *sf.* (Obs.) Garter. V. LIGA.
 LIGALLO, *sm.* (Prov.) V. MES-
 TA.
 LIGAMA'ZA, *le-gah-math-ah*,

LIL

sf. Viscous or glutinous matter around fruits.
 LIGAMENTO, *le-gah-men'-toe*, *sm.* 1. (Anat.) Ligament, a cord. 2. Ligament, bond, chain, entanglement.
 LIGAMENTOSO, *sa*, *le-gah-men-tos'-so*, *sa*, *a.* Ligamentous, ligamental.
 LIGAMIENTO, *le-gah-me-on'-toe*, *sm.* 1. Union, act of tying or uniting. 2. Union, concord. 3. (Obs.) Ligament.
 LIGAR, *le-gar'*, *va.* 1. To tie, to bind, to fasten, to knit. 2. To alloy gold or silver for coinage. 3. To league, to coalesce, to confederate. 4. To render impotent by charms or spells. 5. To exorcise, to purify from the influence of malignant spirits.—*vr.* 1. To league, to conspire, to conjoin, to be leagued, to be allied. 2. To bind one's self to the performance of a contract.
 LIGAZON, *le-gath-on'*, *sf.* 1. Union, contexture, confixture, connection, ligament, bond. 2. (Nau.) Futtock-timbers. *Navio que carece de ligazon*, A ship slightly built.
 LIGERAMENTE, *ad.* Swiftly, lightly, easily; giddily.
 LIGEREZA, *le-her-eh'-ah*, *sf.* 1. Lightness, celerity, fleetness, agility, nimbleness. 2. Levity, unsteadiness, inconstancy, fickleness, flippancy, flirtation. 3. Lightness, want of weight. *Ligerera de manos*, Legerdemain, juggler.
 LIGERO, *ra*, *le-her'-e-o*, *ah*, *a.* 1. Light, of little weight. 2. Light, thin: applied to stuff or cloth. 3. Swift, light, active, nimble, fleet. 4. Light, gay, airy, unsteady, giddy. 5. Light, trifling. 6. Easily digestible: applied to food. 7. Unsound, not calm: applied to sleep. *Ligero de dedos*, Light-fingered. *A la ligera*, Lightly, expeditiously. *De ligero*, Rashly; easily.
 LIGERUELA, *le-her-ee-ah*, *a.* Applied to early grapes.
 LIGIO, *a*, *lee-he-o*, *ah*, *a.* Liege, bound by some feudal tenure.
 LIGNUMCRUCIS, *lig-noom-crooth'-is*, *sm.* Relic of the cross of Christ.
 LIGNUM VITAE, *lig-noom-vel-tay*, *sm.* Gnaiaum.
 LIGONA, *sf.* (Prov.) V. AZADA.
 LIGOMELA, *le-go-may'-lah*, *a.* V. LIGERUELA.
 LIGUILLA, *le-geel'-lyah*, *sf.* Kind of narrow ribbon.
 LIGUSTICO, *le-goos'-te-co*, *sm.* (Bot.) Lovage. Ligusticum, *L.*
 LIGUSTRO, *le-goos'-tro*, *sm.* (Bot.) Privet. V. ALHEÑA.
 LIJA, *lee-hah*, *sf.* 1. (Ichth.) Dog-fish. 2. Skin of the dog-fish.
 LIJAR, *le-har'*, *va.* To smooth, to polish.
 LILA, *lee-lah*, *sf.* 1. (Bot.) Lilac-tree. *Syringa vulgaris*, *L.* 2. Lilac flower. 3. A kind of light woollen stuff of various colors.
 LILAC, *le-lac'*, *sm.* (Bot.) Lilac. V. LILA.
 LILALTA, *le-lah-el-lah*, *sf.* 1. Thin woollen stuff. 2. Ridiculous impertinence. 3. Prank, trick.
 LILA'O, *le-lah'-o*, *sm.* (Litt. us.) Ostentation, ambitious display, outward show.
 LILILIL, *le-le-leel*, *sm.* War-whoop of the Moors.