

NOR = NI, une elementos iguales en forma negativa.

THAT = QUÉ, une una explicación o complemento.

La disyuntiva OR = O, es la que ofrece otra posibilidad.

Examples: (Ejemplos):

Pablo dreams about beautiful girls AND Tomás dreams about money.

Pablo sueña con muchachas bonitas y Tomás sueña con dinero.

She doesn't like candies NOR ice cream.

A ella no le gustan los dulces NI la nieve.

They described the burglars THAT stole the money. (Ellos) Describieron a los ladrones QUE robaron el dinero.
 before the verb it is necessary.

Barbara sang the song THAT I like.

Barbara cantó la canción QUE me gusta.

Susan works hard AND Margaret rests a lot.

Susan trabaja arduo Y Margaret descansa mucho.

Ana will paint the walls AND Pedro will paint the windows.

Ana pintará las paredes y Pedro pintará las ventanas.

They listened to the concert THAT you told me. (Ellos) Escucharon el concierto QUE me dijiste.

Joseph AND Peter are here.

I don't want to go NOR stay.

James OR Jack can go.

José y Pedro están aquí.

(Yo) No quiero ir NI quedarme.

James O Jack pueden ir.

1.3.8. WRITE IN SPANISH THE FOLLOWING WORDS.

1. And y

2. nor ni

3. that que

4. or O

1.3.9. WRITE THE WORDS: AND, NOR, THAT, OR.

Example: Cathy and Cecile are sisters.

1. John is the boy that you know.

2. I don't like beans nor rice.

3. Peter and Susan love each other.

4. We watched the film that you recommended.

5. Who did it? Luis or Paco?

6. English nor Mathematics are easy.

7. Alex didn't buy apples nor oranges.

8. We visited the museum and they visited the zoo.

9. The boy that is in my class is intelligent.

10. Do you want to play or watch?

1.3.10. TRANSLATE.

Example: They didn't know how to write nor read. Ellos no sabían como escribir ni leer.

1. Eighty or more people are needed

80 o más personas se necesitan

2. He may decide that he doesn't like his part.

El puede decidir que no le gusta su parte

3. Students must play and rest during their vacation.

Los estudiantes deben jugar y descansar durante sus vacaciones

4. One or more girls are selected.

una o mas muchachas son seleccionadas

5. She doesn't speak English nor Spanish.

Ella no habla inglés ni español

6. We live, reproduce and die.

Nosotros vivimos, nos reproducimos y morimos

7. The people that want to represent their country prepared a speech.

La gente que quiere representar su país preparó un discurso

8. They educated the body and the mind.

Ellos educaron el cuerpo y la mente.

9. Boys that wanted to enter politics must go to prepa school first.

Los muchachos que querían entrar en política deben ir a la prepa

10. You will go today or tomorrow. #1

Yo ire hoy o mañana

D. Adversativas y Causales.

Las conjunciones adversativas son las que establecen una limitación o bien, contradicción u oposición. y las causales acompañan a una causa. Aprendelas:

| INGLES: | ESPAÑOL: |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| <u>ADVERSATIVAS</u> | |
| BUT | = PERO |
| UNLESS | = A MENOS QUE |
| ALTHOUGH | = AUNQUE |
| EVEN THOUGH | = AUNQUE |
| IN SPITE OF | = A PESAR DE |
| <u>CAUSALES</u> | |
| BECAUSE | = PORQUE |
| BECAUSE OF | = DEBIDO A, POR |
| THEREFORE | = POR LO TANTO (QUE) |

Las palabras ALTHOUGH y EVEN THOUGH (aunque), significan lo mismo y se pueden usar indistintamente.

La expresión formada por IN SPITE OF, une solamente sustantivos o gerundios (verbos + -ing) o las palabras THE FACT THAT. . . (El hecho que...)

La conjunción BUT une oraciones diferentes y puede llevar en la segunda oración la palabra ANYWAY, (de todos modos).

BECAUSE, une dos o más oraciones mientras que BECAUSE OF, no puede llevar oración completa, une sustantivos o sustantivos con adjetivos.

Examples. (Ejemplos):

I don't want to talk to you BECAUSE you are crazy. (yo) NO QUIERO hablarte PORQUE (tú) estás loco.

She will not travel this year BECAUSE dollars are very expensive. (Ella) No viajará este año PORQUE los dólares están muy caros.

Amherst is a small town ALTHOUGH it has a world famous university.

Amherst es un pequeño pueblo AUNQUE tiene una universidad mundialmente famosa.

Tina will fly the kite IN SPITE OF her father's prohibition.

Tina volará la cometa A PESAR DE la prohibición de su padre.

He is a young man BUT he looks old.

(El) Es un hombre joven PERO parece viejo.

Maria is going to swim UNLESS the pool is closed.

Maria va a nadar A MENOS QUE la alberca -- esté cerrada.

The road is destroyed BECAUSE OF the bad weather. El camino está destruido DEBIDO A (POR) el mal tiempo.

He became a Mexican Citizen EVEN THOUGH he was born in Switzerland.

(El) Se hizo ciudadano mexicano AUNQUE nació en Suiza.

He will have a shot; THEREFORE he will get well. A él lo inyectarán POR LO TANTO se aliviará.

It is rainy but sunny.

Está lluvioso PERO soleado.

1.3.11. WRITE IN SPANISH THE FOLLOWING WORDS.

1. but. pero

2. unless a menos que

3. although aunque

4. even though aunque

5. in spite of a pesar de

6. because porque

7. because of a causa de (debido a)

8. therefore por lo tanto

1.3.12. WRITE THE WORDS IN ENGLISH.

Example: They will practice _____ unless _____ the gymnasium is closed.
a menos que

1. The student bought the books although ^{aunque} they are very expensive.
2. I will play chess with John unless ^{a menos que} he doesn't want to.
3. People won't travel because ^{por} the inflation.
4. People will travel in spite of ^{a pesar de} the inflation.
5. He doesn't know what an Australapithecus is but ^{pero} he likes the word anyway.
6. They work hard in spite of ^{a pesar de} the fact that they have money.
7. I won't write to you again unless ^{a menos que} you answer my letters.
8. We passed the exam although ^{aunque} we didn't study a lot.
9. Ronald speaks English because ^{porque} he was born in England.
10. Some books are expensive but ^{pero} some are unexpensive.

1.3.13. TRANSLATE.

Example: We passed the exam although we didn't study a lot.
(Nosotros) pasamos el examen aunque no estudiamos mucho.

1. Millions of people see a T.V. program but only a few can guess how much work has gone into its creation.
Millones de gente ven un programa T.V. pero solo pocos
dan adivinar cuanto trabajo han ido en su creación.
2. Although you don't like movies you must see "Star War".
Hasta que no te gusta el cine debes ver la guerra de las estrellas

3. They don't record the sounds unless everything is perfect.
Ellos no graban los sonidos a menos que todo sea perfecto
 4. "Superman" is a great film because its techniques are modern.
Superman es una gran película porque sus técnicas son modernas
 5. In spite of the bad weather, I liked the parade.
A pesar de el mal tiempo me gusto el desfile
 6. Charles doesn't like concerts but he goes anyway.
Charles no le gustan los conciertos pero va de todos modos
 7. Egyptians trained people to write because it was necessary to store up knowledge.
Los egipcios ensinaban a la gente a escribir porque era necesario acumular conocimiento
 8. We will be here next week; therefore we will attend the meeting.
Estaremos aquí la próxima semana; por lo tanto asistiremos al encuentro
 9. Mr. Johnson read his poem even though the audience was not interested.
El Sr. Johnson leyó su poema aunque el público no estaba interesada
 10. The actor didn't like the script because of the bad words.
Al actor no le gusto el guion debido a las malas palabras
- ### 1.3.14. TRANSLATE.
- | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. if | <u>si</u> | 7. whenever | <u>siempre que</u> | 13. when | <u>cuando</u> |
| 2. nor | <u>ni</u> | 8. although | <u>aunque</u> | 14. after | <u>después</u> |
| 3. and | <u>y</u> | 9. even though | <u>aunque</u> | 15. while | <u>mientras</u> |
| 4. but | <u>pero</u> | 10. therefore | <u>por lo tanto</u> | 16. unless | <u>al menos que</u> |
| 5. that | <u>que</u> | 11. in spite of | <u>a pesar de</u> | 17. because | <u>porque</u> |
| 6. until | <u>hasta</u> | 12. whether | <u>si o no</u> | 18. before | <u>antes</u> |

1. 4. VOCABULARY.

| | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| actor | = actor | hard and warlike people | = guerreros fuertes |
| alone | = solo | head | = cabeza |
| appoint | = contratar | higher education | = educación superior |
| as long as | = hasta | hunting | = cacería |
| attend(ed) | = asistir (asistir) | hurling the javelin | = lanzamiento de javalín |
| available | = alcanzable | inflation | = inflación |
| body | = cuerpo | unexpensive | = barato |
| behavior | = conducta | Jewish | = judío |
| began | = empezó | knowledge | = conocimiento |
| by finding out | = encontrando | lot | = mucho |
| cameraman | = camarógrafo | lunch | = comida |
| centuries | = siglos | middle class | = clase media |
| cheap | = barato, corriente | military scouting | = disciplina militar |
| chess | = ajedrez | model | = modelo |
| designer | = diseñador | museum | = museo |
| director | = director | nowadays | = actualmente |
| eighty | = ochenta | old | = viejo |
| examination | = examen | ourselves | = nosotros mismos |
| expensive | = caro | parade | = desfile |
| film | = película | part | = parte |
| first | = primero | poor | = pobre |
| free | = gratis | practice | = práctica |
| freedom | = libertad | pretty | = bonito (a) |
| further | = más (posterior) | producer | = productor |
| gain | = obtener | program | = programa |

| | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| public speaking | = oratoria |
| rainy | = lluvioso |
| ready | = listo |
| real | = real |
| rehearse (to) | = ensayar |
| rehearsal | = ensayo |
| respect | = respeto |
| script | = libreto |
| small | = pequeño |
| stages | = niveles |
| started | = empezó (aron) |
| store up (to) | = acumular |
| sunny | = soleado |
| support | = financiar, subvencionar |
| swimming | = nadando |
| tall | = alto |
| throwing the discus | = lanzamiento de disco |
| train (to) | = entrenar |
| traffic | = tráfico |
| under | = bajo |
| weapon | = arma |
| well | = bien |
| wellcome | = bienvenido |
| well to do families | = familias adineradas |
| without | = sin |
| wisdom | = sabiduría |
| wrestling | = lucha |