

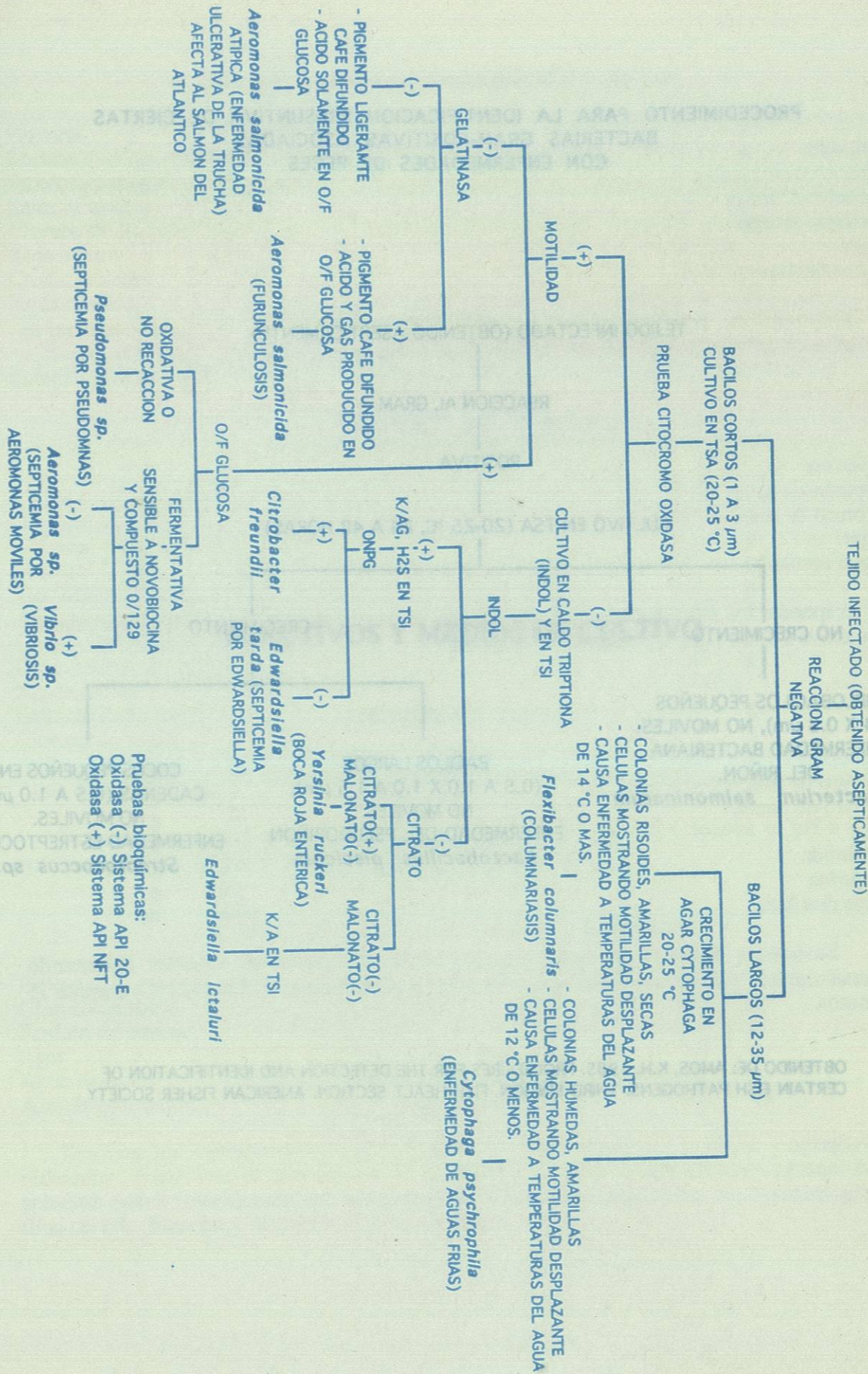
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PROCEDIMIENTO GRAFICO PARA EL ANALISIS BACTERIOLOGICO Y FISICO QUIMICO DE AGUA

CAPILLA ALICANTINA

PROCEDIMIENTO PARA LA IDENTIFICACION POSITIVA DE CIERTAS BACTERIAS GRAM-NEGATIVAS ASOCIADAS CON ENFERMEDADES DE PECES.



OBTENIDO DE: AMOS, K.H. 1985. PROCEDURES FOR THE DETECTION AND IDENTIFICATION OF CERTAIN FISH PATHOGENS. THIRD EDITION. FISH HEALTH SECTION, AMERICAN FISHER SOCIETY

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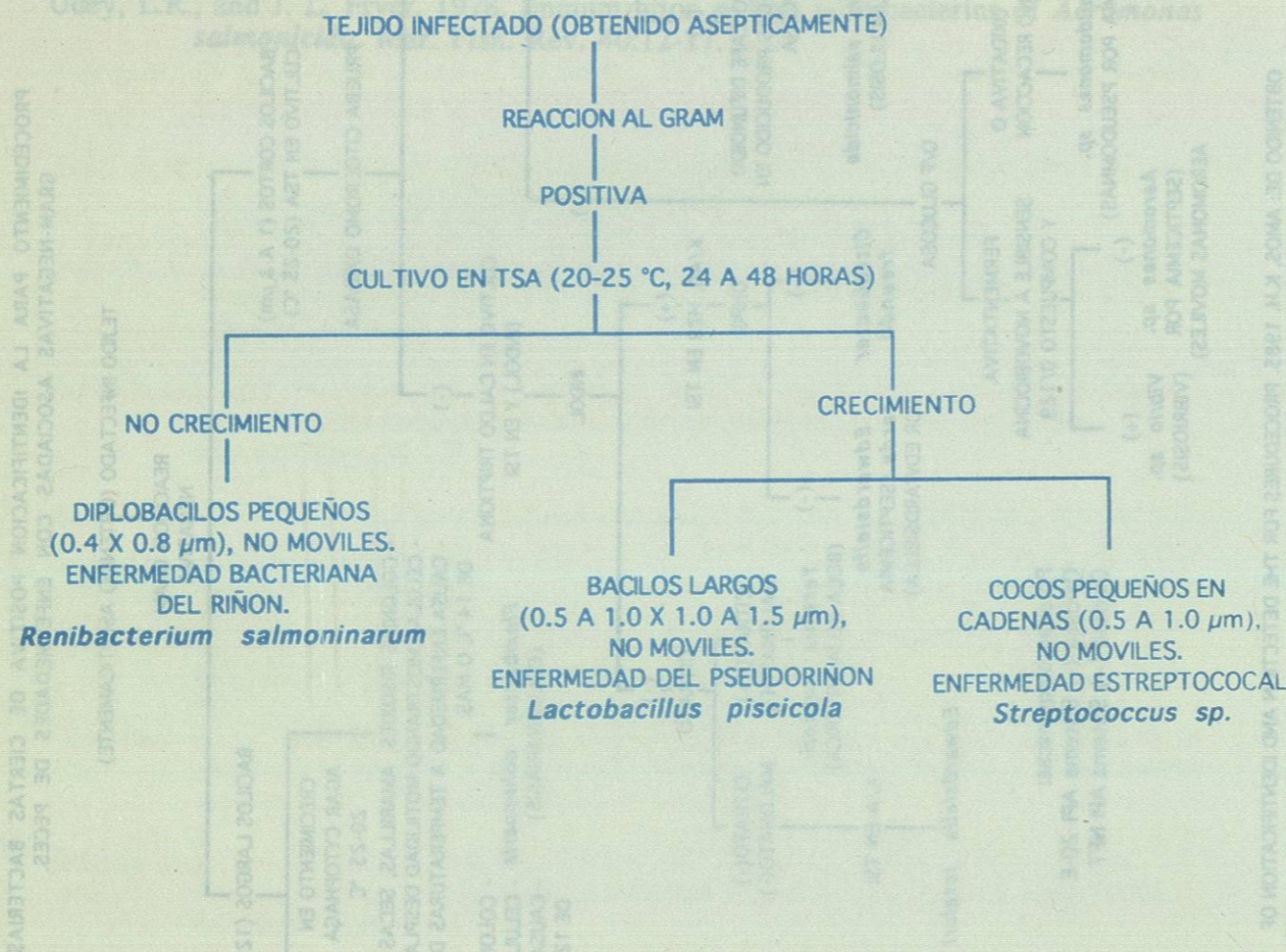
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PROCEDIMIENTO PARA LA IDENTIFICACION PRESUNTIVA DE CIERTAS BACTERIAS GRAM-POSITIVAS ASOCIADAS CON ENFERMEDADES DE PECES



OBTENIDO DE: AMOS, K.H. 1985. PROCEDURES FOR THE DETECTION AND IDENTIFICATION OF CERTAIN FISH PATHOGENS. THIRD EDITION. FISH HEALTH SECTION. AMERICAN FISHER SOCIETY

AGAR CYTOSINICO (FARBER Y ORDAL)

Peptona	g	10.0
Lactosa	g	0.5
Proteosa peptona	g	0.2
Sales biliares	g	0.2
Cloruro de Sodio	g	0.2
Rojo neutro	g	0.0
Cristal violeta	mg	1000
Agua destilada	ml	1000

Suspender los ingredientes en el agua destilada, hervir durante 2 minutos, esterilizar en autoclave a 121°C durante 15 minutos, enfriar a 70°C, suspender en el esteroilizado.

AGAR SOYA TRIPTRICASA

Tripton	g	10.0
Peptona de soja	g	10.0
Cloruro de sodio	g	0.5
Agar	g	10.0
Agua destilada	ml	1000

REACTIVOS Y MEDIOS DE CULTIVO

AGAR CETRIMIDA

Peptona	g	10.0
Cloruro de magnesio	g	0.5
Sulfato de potasio	g	0.5
Agar a pH 7.2	g	10.0
Cetrinida	g	0.5
Glicerina	ml	10.0
Agua destilada	ml	1000

Suspender el polvo en agua, agregar 10 ml de glicerina, calentar cuidadosamente y dejar hervir 1 minuto. Esterilizar en autoclave a 121°C durante 15 minutos.

Fosfato de sodio	g	10.0
Agar	g	10.0
Agua destilada	ml	1000
Azul de bromocresol	mg	10.0

Disolver los ingredientes en agua destilada, ajustar el pH a 7.1, filtrar y agregar el indicador. Esterilizar en autoclave a 121°C durante 15 minutos. Asepticamente agregar una solución estéril de 1% de azul de bromocresol para tener una concentración final de 1%. Reservar en frascos estériles.