

| PAST | PRESENT | PAST | PRESENT |
|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| SWUNG | SWING | SPOKE | SPEAK |
| TOOK | TAKE | SPENT | SPEND |
| TAUGHT | TEACH | SPUN | SPIN |
| TORE | TEAR | SPIT | SPIT |
| TOLD | TELL | SPREAD | SPREAD |
| THOUGHT | THINK | SPRANG | SPRING |
| THREW | THROW | STOOD | STAND |
| WOKE | WAKE | STOLE | STEAL |
| WORE | WEAR | STUNG | STING |
| WON | WIN | STRUCK | STRIKE |
| WORKED | WORK | SWORE | SWEAR |
| WROTE | WRITE | SWEPT | SWEEP |
| | | SWAM | SWIM |

NOUNS

Nouns are names of persons, places, things, ideas, qualities, activities, etc.

Forming the Plurals of Nouns following nouns. Use a pair of when necessary.

Most plurals are formed by adding S.

desk phone phones basket baskets

Nouns ending in S, Z, CH, SH, or X form plurals by adding ES.

glass glasses tax taxes

Add S to form plurals of letters and numbers.

woman M Ms 8 8s

Nouns ending in Y form plurals in two ways:

If a consonant precedes the Y, change the Y to I and add ES.
ash tray baby babies candy candies

If a vowel precedes the Y, follow the general rule for plurals, that is, add an S.

potato monkey monkeys toy toys

Nouns ending in O form plurals in two ways:

If a consonant precedes the O, add ES.
elephant tomato tomatoes hero heroes

If a vowel precedes the O, add S.
city radio radios studio studios

Unusual Plural Nouns

Some are completely irregular and must be memorized.

| | | | | |
|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| leaf | child | children | woman | women |
| mango | mouse | mice | goose | geese |
| lady | tooth | teeth | wife | wives |
| | loaf | loaves | foot | feet |

Uncountable Nouns

Uncountable when as the name implies they can not be counted and -- therefore do not admit plural form. They may be liquids: tea, milk goods that may be weighed or measured: rice, wheat, flour; and -- gaseous substances: air, hydrogen, oxygen, etc. There are many -- others that have no classification and must be learned by usage: -- money, bread, butter, etc.

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If a consonant precedes the O, add ES.

If a vowel precedes the O, add S.

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Exercises: Give the plural of the following nouns. Use a pair of when necessary.

a) Give the plural of the following nouns. Use a pair of when necessary.

| | |
|-----------|------------|
| desk | socks |
| child | eraser |
| picture | foot |
| woman | shelf |
| cuff | cufflinks |
| ash tray | pliers |
| wolf | watch |
| potato | mouse |
| church | eye |
| pants | deer |
| elephant | king |
| city | university |
| dish | binoculars |
| waiter | hero |
| leaf | goose |
| mango | policeman |
| lady | check |
| flask | |
| alligator | |
| beard | |
| snake | |

Exercises:

a) Give the plural of the following nouns. Use a pair of when necessary.

desk _____ socks _____

child _____ grass _____

picture _____ foot _____

woman _____ shelf _____

cuff _____ cufflinks _____

ash tray _____ pliers _____

wolf _____ watch _____

potato _____ mouse _____

church _____ eye _____

pants _____ deer _____

elephant _____ king _____

city _____ university _____

dish _____ binoculars _____

waiter _____ hero _____

leaf _____ goose _____

man _____ policeman _____

lady _____ check _____

LIST OF PRONOUNS

b) Use the following un-countable (mass) nouns in simple sentence. Give the containers where possible.

| PEI | POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES | POSSESSIVE |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| wine It is a goblet of wine | | |
| coffee It is a cup of coffee | MY | MINE |
| cotton _____ | YOU | YOURS |
| soap _____ | YOUR | |
| soup _____ | HIM | HIS |
| toast _____ | SHE | HERS |
| money _____ | HER | |
| cake _____ | IT | ITS |
| ink _____ | WE | OURS |
| tea _____ | US | |
| hydrogen _____ | YOU | YOURS |
| corn _____ | THEY | THEIRS |
| paint _____ | THEM | |
| meat _____ | | |
| syrup _____ | | |
| honey _____ | | |
| butter _____ | | |
| flame _____ | | |
| flask _____ | | |
| alligator _____ | | |
| bear _____ | | |
| snake _____ | | |

Personal Pronouns

These pronouns usually substitute the subject we refer to them as:

1st. person singular I
 3rd. person singular He, She, it
 3rd. person plural You, We, They

These pronouns can be used as follows.

Subject + To Be + Adjective
 He is old

Subject + To Be + Noun
 Example It is a dog

b) Use the following un-countable (mass) nouns in simple sentences.
Give the containers where possible.

Wine It is a goblet of wine

Coffee It is a cup of coffee

Cotton _____

Soap _____

Soup _____

Toast _____

Money _____

Cake _____

Ink _____

Tea _____

Hydrogen _____

Corn _____

Paint _____

Meat _____

Syrup _____

Honey _____

Butter _____

Flame _____

Flask _____

Aligator _____

Beer _____

Snake _____

LIST OF PRONOUNS

Exercises: Fill in the blank with the correct personal pronoun

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|
| 1. - The boy is here. PERSONAL | OBJECTIVES | POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES | POSSESSIVE |
| 2. - The girl is happy. | | | |
| 3. - Susan and I are friends. I | ME | MY | MINE |
| 4. - Sus and Ann are tall. | | | |
| 5. - YOU are old. | YOU | YOUR | YOURS |
| 6. - The men are young. HE | HIM | HIS | HIS |
| 7. - She and John are short. | | | |
| 8. - SHE and John are brothers. | HER | HER | HERS |
| 9. - Tom is angry. IT | IT | ITS | ITS |
| 10. - Mary Ann is intelligent. | | | |
| WE | US | OUR | OURS |
| YOU | YOU | YOUR | YOURS |
| THEY | THEM | THEIR | THEIRS |

Possessive Pronouns come in place of the noun.

Personal Pronouns

That is yours.

P.P.

P.P.

These pronouns usually substitute the subject we refer to them as:

Exercises: 1st. person singular I

3rd. person singular He, She, It

3rd. person plural You, We, They

These pronouns can be used as follows.

3. - These cigarettes are old. Subject + To Be + Adjective

Example He is old

4. - Charles has a horse. The horse is his. Subject + To Be + Noun

5. - Example It is a dog. It belongs to you.

6. - This desk belongs to Paul and Dick. It is his desk.