MEXICO ILLUSTRAO.

DEPARTAMENTO DE GOBIERNO.

HASTA Y CREDITO PUBLICO.

Este departamento tiene a su cargo la percepción de todas las deudas y impuestos federales, la custodia de la caja, y el manejo de los fondos federales, la administración de todas las agencias federal, el manejo de las cuentas financieras del gobierno federal, y el manejo de las cuentas de los departamentos federales.

DEPARTAMENTO DE INSTRUCCION PUBLICA.

Este departamento tiene como objetivo la educación y la formación de los ciudadanos para que se conviertan en ciudadanos modelos. Se encarga de la creación y administración de las escuelas, colegios y universidades federales, así como de la promoción de la cultura y el arte.

DEPARTAMENTO DE Fomento, Colonizacion e Industria.

Este departamento se encarga de la promoción y desarrollo de la agricultura, la industria y la minería en el país. Se encarga de la promoción de la inversión extranjera, así como de la exportación de productos agrícolas y minerales.

COMUNICACIONES Y OBRAS PUBLICAS.

Este departamento se encarga de la gestión de las telecomunicaciones, el correo, el transporte y el transporte público en el país. También se encarga de la construcción y mantenimiento de las carreteras y caminos en el país.

DEPARTAMENTO DE DEFENSA.

Un subsecretario y seis oficiales se encargan del manejo de los asuntos de guerra y marina. Dependiendo de él, hay varias dependencias, como la Dirección General de Guerra, la Dirección General de Guerra, y la Dirección General de Guerra.

MEXICO ILLUSTRADO.

Paco Velasco, Ariel de la Vega.

FINANCE AND PUBLIC CREDIT.

This department has under its charge the collection of all federal taxes and import duties, the purchase, sale, and management of all national property, all matters relative to institutions of credit and commerce, the administration of all tax matters, the regio of the public debt of the nation.

SANTA ANITA, VEGA, GARCIA.

DEPARTMENT OF WAR AND MARINE.

A sub-secretary and six clerks of business assist in the work of this department, which has under its control everything pertaining to the military and naval service of the nation. Depending on it are the general staff, the military school at Chapultepec, and the various departments for instruction in the various branches of the military and naval service. The Supreme Military Court and its subordinate tribunals, as well as various commissions for the advancement and improvement of the service and to prepare maps and charts of the Republic, are also subject to the control of this department.
MEXICO ILLUSTRADO.

Resumen Histórico.

A brief résumé of the principal events in the history of the City of Mexico will suffice for the purpose of this book. The first settlement was in 1521 by Cortés under the rule of Hernán Cortés, as Governor and Captain-General of the new country, which was named New Spain. Before the rule of Cortés, the city was governed by five governors and two councils. Among the sixty-six viceroys who governed Mexico, many were men of marked administrative ability, but others permitted many abuses and promoted oppression, finally culminating in the rebellion against the Spanish autocratic government. Under the leadership of the Mexican patriots, Miguel Hidalgo and Costilla, at the city of Dolores, State of Guanajuato, in 1810, independence was proclaimed, and on the 17th of September 1821, Mexico was declared free and independent. The first constitution was in 1857, after the War of the Reformers. Mexico had a president, and the National Congress was convened, and on May 10, 1871, the constitution was adopted. The country was divided into 31 states, and the capital was Mexico City. The Mexican War of 1846-1848 was fought between the United States and Mexico, resulting in the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, which ceded California, New Mexico, and Arizona to the United States. The Mexican Revolution of 1910-1917 was a series of civil wars that lasted until 1920, resulting in the establishment of the Mexican Republic. The Mexican Revolution led to the creation of the Constitution of 1917, which established a federal system of government and granted social and economic rights to the people. The Constitution of 1917 is still in effect today.
Algunas de las Farolas de México.—Departamento de la Secretaría de Comunicaciones y Obras Públicas.
Some of the Lighthouses of Mexico.—Department of Communications and Public Works.