

Tur'bî-nâte, *n.* [L. *turbanus*, top-shaped; *turbi-*nat-ed,] *turbo*, *turbanis*, a spinning-top.] Shaped like a spinning-top; spiral; conical; top, a spindle. A kind of water-wheel.

Tur'bot, *n.* [L. *turbo*, *turbinus*, a whirlwind, from its rhomboidal shape.] A delicate flat fish.

Tur'bû-lence, *n.* [L. *turbulentia*.] Tumult; confusion; disorder.

Tur'bû-lent, *a.* [L. *turbulentus*; *turbere*, to disturb; *turba*, a crowd.] Disorderly; tumultuous; violent; refractory; seditious; factious.

Tu-reñ', *n.* [Fr. *terrine*; L. *terrenus*, earthen; *terra*, the earth.] A deep vessel for soups, &c.

Turf, *n.* [A.-S. & Dut. *turf*; Icel., Ger., & Sw. *torf*; Dan. *tørv*.] A clod covered with grass; a sod:—peat for fuel.—race-ground.—2, *v. a.* [pp. *turfing*, *turfed*.] To cover with turfs.

Turfi-ness, *n.* State of abounding with turfs.

Turfy, *a.* Full of turfs; covered with turf.

Tur'gës'cence, *n.* [L. *turgescere*, inceptive of *turgescen-cy*,] *turgere*, to swell.] State of being turgid; act of swelling.

Tur'gës'cent, *a.* Growing large; swelling.

Tur'gid, *a.* [L. *turgidus*; *turgere*, to swell.] Dis-tended beyond its natural size; inflated; tumid; bombastic; pompous.

Tur'gid-i-tyz, *n.* State of being turgid; turges-tion.

Tur'gid-ness, *s.* cence:—bombast.

Tur'key (*tür-ke*), *n.* [So named from the country of Turkey, from which it was once popularly supposed to have been brought.] A large domestic fowl.

Tur'kois' (*tür-kéz'* or *tür-köyz'*), *n.* [Fr. *turquois*, Turkish.] A blue mineral or gem; turquoise.

Tur'mer-ic, *n.* [Arab. *karkam*, or *karkum*; whence, by corruption, the L. *terra merita*, Fr. *terre-mérite*, turmeric.] An East Indian root, used in dyeing and in cookery.

Tür'möll, *n.* [Possibly from TEAT and MÖLL.] Trouble; disorder.

Türn, *v. a.* [Fr. *tourner*, to turn; L. *tornare*, to turn in a lathe; *tornus*, a lathe; Gr. *τόνω*, a carpenter's compasses; *τοπεύειν*, to turn.] [pp. turning, turned.] To move round; to revolve:—to change; to transform; to alter; to shape.—2, *v. n.* To move round:—to change posture; to alter:—to return:—to become acid.—3, *a.* Act of turning; change; a change of direction; a rotation:—inclination; direction; form; manner.

Tür'n'er, *n.* One who forsakes his principles.

Tür'n'er-y, *n.* The art of turning:—things turned.

Tür'n'ing, *n.* A flexure; a winding.

Tür'nip, *n.* [Cf. A.-S. *næp*, L. *napus*, Gael. *neip*, a turnip.] A white, esculent root.

Tür'n'key (*türn-ké*), *n.* A person who has the charge of the keys of a prison.

Tür'n'-éät, *n.* A place on a railroad for cars to turn out:—a mutiny among laborers:—an equi-page.

Tür'n'pike, *n.* [Formerly a gate of four *pikes*, or staves, turning on a post.] A gate on a road; a toll-gate; a turnpike-road.—2, *v. a.* [pp. turn-piking, turnpiked.] To form like a turnpike-road.

Tür'n'pike-roåd, *n.* A road on which turnpikes are erected and tolls are paid.

Tür'n'spit, *n.* One that turns the spit; a dog that turns a spit.

Tür'n'stile, *n.* A revolving frame in a foot-path.

Tür'pen-tine, *n.* [L. *terebinthinus*, made from the terebinth (*q. v.*).] A resinous juice from trees of the pine and fir species:—the terebinth-tree.

Tür'pi-tüde, *n.* [L. *turpitudine*; *turpis*, shameful.] Moral baseness or vileness; depravity; wickedness; enormity. [KOIS.]

Tür'quois'e' (*tür-kéz'* or *tür-kwöiz'*), *n.* See TUR-TURET.

Tür'ret, *n.* [O. Fr. *tourette*, dim. of *tour*, a tower (*q. v.*).] A tower or eminence.

Tür'ret-ship, *n.* Same as MONITOR.

ä, ē, i, ö, ü, ÿ, long; å, ã, ï, õ, ÿ, short; q, ç, i, ñ, q, ü, x, obscure.—Fâre, fär, fâst, fâll, hâir, hér;

Tür'tle (*tür'lî*), *n.* [A.-S. *turtl*; L. *turtur*; Ger. *turtel*; Sp. *tortola*: imitative of its call.] The turtle-dove:—[L. *torquere*, *tortum*, to twist.—See TORRESE] A tortoise:—a sea-tortoise.

Tür'tle-döve, *n.* A species of dove noted for its gentleness and tenderness.

Tüs'h, *interj.* Expressing a check or rebuke; an exclamation of impatience.—2, *n.* [A South-English form of TUSK.] A tusk; a long tooth.

Tük, *n.* [A.-S. *tur*, or *tuse*; O. Fr. *tusk*, *tosch*.] A long, pointed tooth; a fang.

Tüs'sle (*tüs'sl*), *n.* [A diminutive or frequentative of TOUSE.] A struggle; a contest.—2, *v. n.* [pp. *tussling*, *tussled*.] To struggle; to scuffle.

Tüs'sock, or Tüs'sac, *n.* [Gael. *dosach*, tufted; Dan. *dusk*, a tuft.] A tuft; a kind of grass.

Tüt, *interj.* Noting rebuke or check; tush.

Tü'te-lag, *n.* [L. *tutela*, protection.—See TUTOR.] Guardianship; protection.

Tü'te-lar, *n.* [L. *tutelaris*.—See TUTOR.] Relating to a tutor or guardian; protecting; guarding.

Tü'te-näg, *n.* [Late L. *tutenum*.—See TUTTY.] Alloy of copper, zinc, and nickel.

Tü'tor, *n.* [L. for "guardian," "teacher;" *tutus*, *saepe*, to protect, to look after, to see.] One who instructs; a preceptor; an instructor in a college or university.—2, *v. a.* [pp. *tutoring*, *tutored*.] To instruct; to teach; to discipline.

Tü'ty, *n.* [Late L. *tutia*; Per. *tutija*.] An impure oxide of zinc.

Twad'dle (*twad'll*), *n.* [A parallel form of TATTLE.] Idle talk:—nonsense. [twice one.]

Twain, *a. & n.* [A.-S. *twegen*, two (*q. v.*).] Two; *ang*, *v. n.* [Initiate.] [pp. *twanging*, *twanged*.] To sound with a *qu*;—snappy noise.—2, *v. a.* To make to sound sharply.—3, *n.* A sharp, quick sound; a nasal sound:—a relish.

Tweak, *n.* [A-S. *twican*.] Low Ger. *twicken*; Ger. *zwicken*, *zwacken*.—See TWITCH.] A twitch; a pull.—2, *v. a.* [pp. *tweaking*, *tweaked*.] To twitch; to pull rudely.

Tweed, *n.* [Made in the valley of the river Tweed, in Scotland.] A light woolen cloth.

Tweezer's, *n. pl.* [Fr. *cise*, a case; Port. *estajo*, a tweezer-case; Sp. *estache*, scissors; a scissor-case.] Small pincers to pluck out hairs.

Twelfth, *a.* [A.-S. *twelf*.] Second after the tenth.

Twelfth'-night, *n.* Evening before the Epiphany.

Twîse, *a. & n.* [A.-S. *twelf*; Dut. *twelf*; Dan. *tolv*; Ger. *zülf*; roots of Two and LEAVE, or Two and LIVE in the sense of to remain.] Two and ten; twice six. [year.]

Twelve'month [*twel'month*, S. W. E. Ja.], *n.* A Twen'ti-eth, *a.* The ordinal of twenty.

Twen'ty, *a. & n.* [A.-S. *twentig*; *twegen*, twain, and root of Goth. *tigus*, ten; Dut. *twintig*; Ger. *zwanzig*.] Twice ten; a score.

Twice, *ad.* [A.-S. *twiges*.] Two times; doubly.

Twid'dle (*twid'll*), *n. v.* [Perhaps a frequentative of TWICH.] [pp. *twiddling*, *twiddled*.] To trifle; to quibble; to twirl.

Twig, *n.* [A.-S. *twig*; Dut. *twig*; Ger. *zweig*.] A small shoot; a little branch.—2, *v. a. & v. n.* [Gael. *twig*, Irish *tuigim*, to understand.] [pp. *twiggings*, *twigged*.] To observe:—to understand. [Slang.]

Twi'light (*twi'lî*), *n.* [A.-S. *twi*, double, or half, and LIGHT; Ger. *zweielicht*; O. Dut. *treeelicht*, *twielicht*.] The faint light before sunrise and after sunset; obscure light.—2, *a.* Obscure; shaded.

Twill, *v. a.* [Norw. *trilla*, to twist; a twist; Low Ger. *trillein*, to double: allied to Two.] [pp. *twilling*, *twilled*.] To weave in ribs; to quill.—2, *n.* A rib in cloth; ribbed cloth.

Twîn, *n.* [A.-S. *gewîne*, Icel. *trinn*, Lith. *duini*, twins; Goth. *twiehna*, two apiece.—Cf. TWAIN.] One of two children born at the same birth.—pl. Gemini, a sign of the zodiac.

Twine, *v. a.* [A.-S. *twin*, doubled thread, twist; Dut. *twijnen*, *twinen*, to twine; Icel. *trinn*, to

twine; *twinna*, to twist,—properly, to double.—See TWAIN.] [pp. *twining*, *twined*.] To twist; to wind.—2, *v. n.* To be convolved; to wind; to cling.—3, *n.* A twisted thread; twist; embrace.

Twinge, *v. a.* [O. Fr. *twinga*, Dut. *dwingen*, Ger. *zwingen*, to constrain.] [pp. *twinging*, *twinged*.] To torment; to pinch.—2, *v. n.* To feel a twinge or sharp pain.—3, *n.* Short, sudden, sharp pain.

Twin'kle (*twin'kl*), *v. n.* [A.-S. *twincian*, frequentative from *twiecan*, to twitch.] [pp. *twinkling*, *twinkled*.] To sparkle; to flash; to quiver; to open and shut the eye by turns.

Twin'kle, *n.* A sparkling light; a motion of twinkling.

Twirl, *v. a. & v. n.* [Dut. *dwaren*, frequentative from O. Ger. *twaran*, to whirl.] [pp. *twirling*, *twirled*.] To turn round; to revolve.—2, *n.* Rotation; a circular motion; a twist.

Twist, *v. a.* [Dan. *twist*, Dut. *twist*, Ger. *zwick*, a stripe, a twist; Dan. *disten*, Dut. *disten*, to strive: related to TWINE.] [pp. *twisting*, *twisted*.] To contort; to wind.—2, *v. n.* To be contorted or convolved.—3, *n.* Any thing twisted; sewing-silk; cord; string:—contortion; a writh.

Twit, *v. a.* [A.-S. *atwican*, to twit; *at*, at, and *witan*, to see, to notice;—hence, to blame.] [pp. *twitting*, *twitted*.] To upbraid; to flout; to reproach.—2, *n.* A taunt; a flout.

Twitch, *v. a.* [A variant of TWEAK.] [pp. *twitching*, *twitched*.] To pluck forcibly; to snatch.—2, *v. n.* To contract suddenly; to jerk.—3, *n.* A quick pull; a sudden snatch.

Twit'ter, *v. n.* [Imitative.—Cf. TITTER.] [pp. *twittering*, *twittered*.] To make a noise, as swallows:—to flutter;—to laugh; to titter.—2, *n.* One who twits:—a small noise:—a sort of laughter.—a flutter, as of the nerves.

'Twixt. A contraction of between.

Twô, *a. & n.* [A.-S. *twegen*, *twa*, *tu*, *twain* (*q. v.*); Dut. *twee*; Dan. *to*; Goth. *twia*, *twos*; Ger. *zwei*; Fr. *deux*; Irish, *du*; Sp. *dos*; L. *duo*; Gr. *δύο*; Skr. *dvaa*.] *two*; a *one*.

Twô'fold (*twô'föld*), *a.* [A.-S. *twifeld*, *twifeald*.] Double; two; of two of the same kind:—twice as much.—2, *ad.* Doubly.

Two'pence (*twô'pens* or *tip'çns*), *n.* Two pennies:—a small English coin.

Twopenny (*tip'çn*-*ç* or *tip'çn*-*ç*), *a.* Valued at, or worth, twopence:—of little or no value.

Týke, *n.* A dog; a base fellow. See TIKE.

Tým'bal, *n.* [Fr. *timbale*; Sp. *timbal*.—See TIMPANUM.] A kind of kettle drum.

Tým'pan, *n.* [See TIMPANUM.] The frame of a printing-press on which the sheets are laid to be printed:—a panel:—a drum; tympanum.

Týr'ô, *n. pl.* Tý'rôs. [L. *tiro*, a new recruit.] A beginner in learning, or in any pursuit; a novice; a student:—written also *tiro*.

Tzár (zär), *n.* The czar. See CZAR.

Tým-pa-ni'tës, *n.* [Gr. *τύμπανον*, a drum.] Distention of the abdomen by gas; excessive flatulence.

Tým-pa-ni'tje, *a.* [Gr. *τύμπανικός*.] Distended with air or gases; flatulent.

Tým-pa-nûm, *n.* [L. *[Gr. τύμπανον*, a drum; *τύπτειν*, to beat.] A drum:—the drum or barrel of the ear; tympan.

Týpe, *n.* [L. *typus*, Gr. *τύπος*, a stamp, a figure, a mark; *τύπτειν*, to strike.] A symbol or figure of something to come; an emblem:—a model; a pattern; specimen; a stamp:—a metallic printing-letter.

Týpe'-mét-al, *n.* An alloy of lead and antimony.

Týpe'-wrít-er (*-rit-er*), *n.* An instrument for writing in type by the touch of the operator's fingers on keys.

Týphöd, *a.* [See TYPHUS.] Relating to, or like, typhus.—2, *n.* Enteric fever.

Týphöd'n, *n.* [Chinese *tu*, great, and *feng*, wind: not related to Gr. *τύφων*, a whirlwind.] A violent tornado in the Chinese seas:—a hot, suffocating wind.

Týphus, *n.* [L. *τύφος*, mist, smoke, stupor.] (Med.) A fever characterized by great debility and much cerebral disturbance.

Týpic, *a.* [Gr. *τυπικός*.—See TYPE.] Relating to types; emblematical; figurative; metaphorical.

Týpic'-cal, *lat.* relating to types; emblematical; figurative; metaphoric.

Týpic'-ly, *ad.* In a typical manner.

Týpic'-fy, *v. a.* [From TYPE.] [pp. *typifying*, *typified*.] To figure; to show in emblem.

Týp'gráph'ie, *n.* A printer.

Týp'gráph'ie, *a.* Relating to printing.

Týp'gráph'ie-cal, *or* Týp'ç-gráph'ie-cal, *a.* Relating to printing.

Týp'gráph'ie-cal-ly, *ad.* By use of types.

Týp'gráph'ie-phý, *n.* [Gr. *τύπος*, a type, and *γράφειν*, to write.] The art of printing.

Týr'an-ni'cal, *a.* [Gr. *τυραννικός*.] Relating to tyranny or to a tyrant; cruel; despotic.

Týr'an-ni'cal-ly, *ad.* In a tyrannical manner.

Týr'an-ni'cide, *n.* A killer or killing of a tyrant.

Týr'an-nize, *v. n.* [Gr. *τυραννίζειν*.] [pp. *tyran-nizing*, *tyrannized*.] To play or act the tyrant.

Týr'an-nous, *a.* Despotic; tyrannical.

Týr'an-nus, *n.* [Gr. *τυράννιος*.—See TYRANT.] The government or conduct of a tyrant; cruel government; despotism.

Týrant, *n.* [L. *tyrannus*; Gr. *τύραννος*, a lord, a master: said to be a Lydian word.] An absolute monarch; a cruel, despotic ruler or master; a despot.

Týr'ro, *n.* pl. Tý'rôs. [L. *tiro*, a new recruit.] A beginner in learning, or in any pursuit; a novice; a student:—written also *tiro*.

U.

U, the fifth English vowel, was formerly the same letter as the consonant V. But the consonant and the vowel have very different uses, and are now different characters.

Ü-biq'ui-tox (*ü-bik'wet-ts*), *a.* Being or existing everywhere; ubiquitous.

Ü-biq'ui-tx (*ü-bik'wet-ts*), *n.* [Fr. *ubiquité*; Late L. *ubiquitas*; L. *ubique*, everywhere; *ubi*, where.] Omnipresence.

Ü'd'der, *n.* [A.-S. *uder*; Dut. *wijer*; L. *uber*; Gr. *οὐθαρ*; Skr. *udhar*.] The bag and ducts of a cow.

Üg'li-ness, *n.* State of being ugly.

Ül'cer-â-te, *v. n.* [pp. *ulcerating*, *ulcerated*.] To turn to an ulcer.—2, *v. a.* To disease with ulcers.

Ül'cer-â-tion, *n.* Act of ulcerating; a sore.

Ül'cer-ös, *a.* Afflicted with ulcers or sores.

Ül'ge-i-nös, *a.* [L. *alginosus*, moist; *uligo*, moisture; *vere*, to be moist.] Slimy; muddy; oozy.

Ül'na, *n.* [L.—See ELL.] The larger bone of the forearm.

Ül-te'ri-or, *a.* [L. *ultra*, beyond; *ulter*, on the other side; *ulterior*, still farther.] Lying beyond; farther; more remote.

mien, sir; môle, sôn; bâll, bür, rûle, tise.—ç, ç, ç, ç, ç, soft; ç, ç, ç, ç, hard; ç as z; x as gz; this.

nate, *a.* [L. *ultimare*, *ultimum*, to be last; *a*, beyond; *ultimus*, last.] Being the last; *ad*; farthest; utmost; most remote; extreme. *ti-mate*, *v. n.* [*pp.* ultimating, ultimated.] To terminate; to issue.

Ul-ti-mate-ly, *ad.* In the last consequence.

Ul-ti-ma-tum, *n.* [L.] The last offer.

Ul-ti-mō, *[L.]* contracted to *ult.*, *mense*, month, being understood. In the last month.

Ul-tra- [L.] A Latin adverb often used in composition, and signifying beyond; used also as an adjective in the sense of extreme.

Ul-tra-ma-rine, *n.* [Sp. *ultramarino*, beyond sea, foreign,—applied to a foreign or imported pigment; L. *ultra*, beyond, and *mare*, the sea.] A beautiful blue color.—*2*, *a.* Beyond sea; foreign.

Ul-tra-mōn-tane, *a.* [L. *ultra*, beyond, and *mōn-tane*, a mountain.] Being beyond the mountains or the Alps; trantmontane:—holding high or extreme views of the pope's authority.

Ul-tra-mōn-ta-nism, *n.* Ultramontane principles.

Ul-tra-mōn-ta-nist, *n.* One holding extreme views in regard to the papal supremacy.

Ul-ti-lati-on, *n.* [L. *ultilatio*; *ultrale*, to howl (*q. v.*)] A howling; a wailing.

Um-bei, *n.* [L. *umbella*, an umbrella; dim. of *umbra*, a shade.] A fan-like form of inflorescence, as in the caraway.

Um-bel-late, *a.* (*Bot.*) Having umbels.

Um-bel-lat, *n.* A little umbel.

Um-bel-ler-o-us, *a.* [UMBEL, and L. *ferre*, to bear.] Bearing umbels.

Um-be-r, *n.* [It. *ombra*; from L. *umbra*, a shadow.] An earthy substance used as a pigment.

Um-bil-i-cal, *a.* [L. *umbilicus*, Gr. *ομφαλός*, the navel.—Cf. L. *umbo*, a boss; Skr. *nabhi*, the navel (*q. v.*)] Belonging to the navel.—*Umbilical cord*, the navel-string.

Um-bē, *n.* [L.] A protuberance; a boss.

Um-brage, *n.* [Fr. *ombrage*; L. *umbra*, a shadow.] Shade; shadow:—slight show:—resentment; an affront; offence.

Um-brā-ge-o-us, *a.* [L. *umbraticus*; Fr. *ombrageux*.] Shady:—casting a dense shade.

Um-brēl'la, *n.* [It. *umbrella*, *ombrella*; L. *umbrella*, dim. of *umbra*, a shade.] A portable screen from the sun or rain.

Umlaut (ööm'lööft), *n.* [Ger.; *um*, about, and *laut*, sound.] An assimilation or modification of vowel sounds.

Um-pi-ra-ge, *n.* Arbitration; friendly decision.

Um-pire, *n.* [O. Fr. *nompair*, odd, uneven, an umpire; *non*, not, and *pair*, equal.—Cf. L. *umpar*, odd, uneven,—also an umpire; *in*, not, and *par*, even.] One who settles disputes; an arbitrator; a judge.—*2*, *v. a.* [*pp.* unumping, unprieved.] To act as umpire upon; to adjudicate.

Um- An Anglo-Saxon prefix, implying negation. It is prefixed chiefly to adjectives, participles, and adverbs, and almost at pleasure.—*Um* and *in* are of like import, and are in some cases used indifferently; as, infrequent or unfrequent.

Um-a-bāt, *ad.* Not abated; undiminished.

Um-äble, *a.* Not able; not having ability; weak; impotent; incapable.

Um-ac-ept'a-ble, *a.* Not acceptable; displeasing.

Um-ac-com-plished (-plisht), *a.* Not accomplished; incomplete.

Um-ac-cou-nt'a-ble, *a.* Not accountable; strange.

Um-ac-cou-nt'a-bly, *ad.* Inexplicably.

Um-ac-cus-to-med (-tumid), *a.* Not used.

Um-ac-knōwl-edged (-nōl'ed), *a.* Not owned.

Um-ac-quaint'ed, *a.* Not acquainted.

Um-a-dörned (un-a-dörnd'), *a.* Not decorated.

Um-a-düll'er-ät-ed, *a.* Not adulterated.

Um-ad-vis'a-ble, *a.* Not advisable; indiscreet.

Um-ad-vis'd (-vīzd'), *a.* Indiscreet; rash.

Um-ad-vis'ed-ly, *ad.* Indiscreetly.

Um-affec'ted, *a.* Not affected; real; sincere.

Um-affec'ted-ly, *ad.* Really; sincerely.

Um-aid'ed, *a.* Not assisted; not helped.

ä, ē, i, ö, ü, ÿ, long; å, ð, i, ð, u, ÿ, short; æ, e, i, o, u, y, obscure.—Färé, fär, fäst, fäll; hér, hér;

Um-al-löyed' (-löid'), *a.* Unmixed; not debased.

Um-al'-ter-a-ble, *a.* Unchangeable.

Um-al'-ter-a-bly, *ad.* Unchangeably.

Um-al'-tered (un-al'tered), *a.* Not changed.

Um-an'-i-mo-ble, *a.* Not amiable; not lovely.

Um-an'-i-mated, *a.* [A.-S. *an*, not, *an*, on, and *elan*, to oil.] Not shriven; not having received extremeunction.

Um-na-nim'i-ti, *n.* [L. *unanimitas*.] State of being unanimous; harmony; agreement.

Um-nän'i-mous (yü-na-nän'e-müs), *a.* [L. *unanimus*; *unus*, one, and *animus*, a mind.] Being of one mind; agreeing in opinion; harmonious.

Um-nän'i-mous-ly, *ad.* With unanimity.

Um-an'-swet'-a-ble (ün-an'ser-a-bl), *a.* That cannot be answered; irrefutable.

Um-an'-swet'-a-bly, *ad.* Beyond confutation.

Um-an'-swered (ün-an'ser'd), *a.* Not answered.

Um-ap-palled' (ün-ap-pald'), *a.* Not daunted.

Um-ap't, *a.* Not apt; dull; unfit; improper.

Um-ap'tly, *ad.* Not aptly; unfitly; improperly.

Um-ärmed' (ün-ärnd'), *a.* Having no arms.

Um-as-pir'ing, *a.* Not aspiring; unambitious.

Um-as-sist'ed, *a.* Not assisted or helped.

Um-as-sum'ing, *a.* Not assuming; modest.

Um-at-tain'-a-ble, *a.* That cannot be attained.

Um-at-tend'ed, *a.* Having no attendants.

Um-at-trac'tive, *a.* Not attractive.

Um-äuthor'-ized (-izd'), *a.* Not authorized.

Um-a-vail'a-ble, *a.* Not available; useless.

Um-a-vail'ing, *a.* Not availing; ineffectual.

Um-a-void'a-ble, *a.* Not avoidable; inevitable.

Um-a-wäre, *a.* Not aware; inattentive.

Um-a-wäres', *ad.* Unexpectedly; by surprise.

Um-bal'anced (ün-bal'anst), *a.* Not balanced.

Um-bap-tized' (ün-bap-tizd'), *a.* Not baptized.

Um-bäl, *v. a.* [*pp.* unbarring, unbarred.] To remove a bar from; to unbolt.

Um-bea'r'ab (ün-beär'ab), *a.* Insufferable.

Um-be-cöm'ing, *a.* Not becoming; unsuitable.

Um-be-cöm'ing-ly, *ad.* Unsuitably.

Um-be-knōwn, *a.* Not known.

Um-be-liß' (ün-be-leß'), *n.* Want of belief; incredulity; disbelief; infidelity.

Um-be-liév'er, *n.* A disbeliever; an infidel.

Um-bēd', *v. a.* [*pp.* unbending, unbent.] To straighten:—to relax.—*2*, *v. n.* To become relaxed or unbent.

Um-bēd'ing, *a.* Not yielding; resolute.

Um-bēnt, *a.* Not bent; unshrunk; relaxed.

Um-bias, *v. a.* [*pp.* unbiassing, unbiased.] To free from bias or prejudice.

Um-bid'ed (ün-bid'dn), *a.* Not bid or bidden.

Um-bind', *v. a.* [*pp.* unbinding, unbound.] To loose; to untie; to set free.

Um-bläm'g-ble, *a.* Not culpable; innocent.

Um-bläm'ished (ün-bläm'ish), *a.* Not stained; unspotted; spotless; irreproachable.

Um-blést', *a.* Not blessed; wretched; unhappy.

Um-böl't, *v. a.* [*pp.* unbolting, unbolted.] To remove a bolt from; to unfasten; to set open; to unbar.

Um-bör'n, *a.* Not born; future.

Um-bör'rowed (ün-bör'réd), *a.* Not borrowed.

Um-bös'om (ün-bös'üm), *v. a.* [*pp.* unbosoming, unbosomed.] To disclose.

Um-bought' (ün-båwt'), *a.* Not purchased.

Um-bönd', *a.* Not bound; wanting a cover.

Um-bönd'ed, *a.* Unlimited; unrestrained.

Um-bri'ble (ün-bri'bl), *v. a.* [*pp.* unbridling, unbridled.] To free from the bridle.

Um-bri'dled (ün-bri'dld), *a.* Loose; licentious.

Um-bro'ken (ün-bro'kn), *a.* Not broken.

Um-bük'kle (ün-bük'kl), *v. a.* [*pp.* unbuckling, unbuckled.] To loose from buckles.

Um-bür'den (ün-bür'dn), *v. a.* [*pp.* unburdening, unburdened.] To rid of burden.

Um-bur'ied (ün-bér'rid), *a.* Not buried.

Um-cän'did, *a.* Not candid; void of candor.

Um-äo-nöñ'i-cal, *a.* Not canonical.

Um-cáp', *v. a.* [*pp.* uncapping, uncapped.] To remove the cap from.

Um-cer-e-mō-ni-ous, *a.* Not ceremonious.

Um-cer'tain (ün-ser'tin), *a.* Not certain; doubtful; dubious; equivocal; ambiguous.

Um-cer'tain-ty, *n.* Want of certainty; doubt.

Um-chäin', *v. a.* [*pp.* unchaining, unchained.] To free from chains.

Um-chänge'a-ble, *a.* Not subject to change.

Um-change'a-bly, *ad.* Immutably.

Um-changed' (ün-chändj'), *a.* Not changed.

Um-chang'ing, *a.* Not changing.

Um-chär-i-ta-ble, *a.* Not charitable.

Um-chär-i-ta-ble-nés, *n.* Want of charity.

Um-chär-i-ta-bly, *ad.* Without charity.

Um-chäste, *a.* Not chaste; lewd; not pure.

Um-chris'tian (ün-krist'yän), *a.* Not Christian.

Um-chürch', *v. a.* [*pp.* unchurching, unchurched.] To deprive of the character, privileges, or authority of church.

Um-cial (ün'shal), *a.* [L. *uncialis*, belonging to an inch; *uncia*, an inch (*q. v.*)] Notting letters of large size, used in ancient manuscripts and in inscriptions.—*2*, *n.* An uncial or large letter.

Um-cir-cum-cised (-sizd), *a.* Not circumcised.

Um-civ'il, *a.* Not civil; impolite; rude.

Um-civ'il-ized (ün-civ'il-izd), *a.* Not civilized.

Um-clasp', *v. a.* [*pp.* unclasping, unclasped.] To open what is shut with clasps.

Um-cläs'si-cal, *a.* Not classical.

Um'ele (ün'kli), *n.* [Ger. *onkel*, Fr. *oncle*, L. *avunculus*, an uncle; dim. of *avus*, a grandfather.] The brother of one's father or mother:—also the husband of one's aunt.

Um-clän', *a.* Not clean; foul; dirty; filthy.

Um-clän'ly (ün-klen'le), *a.* Not cleanly; foul.

Um-clän'ness, *n.* Filthiness; impurity; sin.

Um-clös', *v. a.* [*pp.* unclogging, unclogged.] To free from clogs; to free.

Um-clös'ing, *v. a.* [*pp.* unclosing, unclosed.] To open; to disclose.

Um-clöthe', *v. a.* [*pp.* unclothing, unclothed.] To strip; to make naked.

Um-clöhd', *v. a.* [*pp.* unclouding, unclouded.] To unveil; to free from clouds or from obscurity.

Um-clöld' (ün-kül'yd), *a.* Not colored.

Um-cöme'ly, *a.* Not comely; wanting grace.

Um-cöm'fort-a-ble, *a.* Wanting comfort; dismal; unhappy; miserable.

Um-cöm'fort-a-bly, *a.* Without comfort.

Um-cöm'mis'ioned (-mish'nd), *a.* Not commissioned; non-commissioned.

Um-cöm'mon, *a.* Not common; rare; unusual.

Um-cöm'mit'ni-ca-tive, *a.* Reserved.

Um-cöm'pöind'ed, *a.* Simple; not mixed.

Um-cöm'pro-mis-ing, *a.* Flexible; not compli-

cant.

Um-cöm'cérn'.

Um-cöm'cérn'ed

(-sérnd)

, *a.* Not concerned.

Um-cöm'cérn'ed-ly

, *ad.* Without concern.

Um-cöm'di'tion-al

(-ün-kön-dish'ün-al)

, *a.* Not conditional; unrestricted; absolute.

Um-cöm'fir'med

(-firmd)

, *a.* Not confirmed.

Um-cöm'neét'ed

, *a.* Not connected; lax.

Um-cöm'quer-a-ble

(ün-kön'ker-abl)

, *a.* Not conquerable; insuperable; invincible.

Um-cöm'quer-a-bly

, *ad.* Invincibly.

Um-cöns'cion-a-ble

(ün-kön'shün-ə-bl)

, *a.* Unreasonable; unjust; enormous; vast.

Um-cöns'cion-a-bly

, *ad.* Unreasonably.

Um-cöns'cious

(ün-kön'shus)

, *a.* Not conscious.

Um-cöns'ti-tü'tion-al

(-ün-kön-dish'ün-al)

, *a.* Not constitutional.

Um-cönt'rol'la-ble

, *a.* That cannot be controlled; ungovernable.

Um-cöny-vért'ed

, *a.* Not controverted.

Um-cönen'vien'ed

(-vinst)

, *a.* Not convinced.

Um-cörk

, *v. a.* [*pp.* uncorking, uncorked.] To draw the cork from.

Um-cörp'ru't

, *a.* Not corrupt; honest.

Um-cörs'om

, *n.* mēve, nör, sön; bühl, bür, rüle, use.—*Q, G, ß, §, soft*; *Ø, B, S, Þ, hard*; *g as z*; *x as gz*; *this*.

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men, sir; mēve, nör, sön; bühl, bür, rüle, use.—*Q, G, ß, §, soft*; *Ø, B, S, Þ, hard*; *g as z*; *x as gz*; *this*.

Underlie', *v. a.* [*i.* underlay; *pp.* underlying, underlain.] To lie under, as a stratum.

Un-der-line', v. a. [pp. underlining, underlined.] To draw a line under.
Un-der-ling, n. An inferior or mean person.
Un-der-mine', v. a. [pp. undermining, undermined.] To dig cavities under; to sap:—to injure or ruin secretly.
Un-der-mōst, a. Lowest in place or rank.
Un-der-nēath, prep. [See *BENEATH*.] Under; beneath; below.—*2*, ad. In a lower place; below.
Un-der-piñning, n. Stone-work, or masonry, under a building, and supporting it.
Un-der-rāte', v. a. [pp. underrating, underrated.] To rate too low.
Un-der-rāte, n. A price less than the value.
Un-der-scōre', v. a. [UNDER and SCORE.] [pp. underscoring, underscored.] To mark under; to draw a line under; to underline.
Un-der-sell', v. a. [pp. underselling, undersold.] To sell cheaper than another.
Un-der-shirt, n. A shirt worn next the skin.
Un-der-shōt, a. Moved by water flowing underneath.
Un-der-shrūb, n. A low plant of woody habit.
Un-der-sign' (*sín'*), v. a. [pp. undersigning, undersigned.] To sign under; to write one's name under; to subscribe.
Un-der-stānd', v. a. [A-S. understandan, to stand under, to comprehend.] [i. understood; pp. understanding, understood.] To comprehend; to know the meaning of; to apprehend.—*2*, v. n. To have understanding.
Un-der-stānd'ing, n. The faculty of the mind by which it receives ideas and understands subjects presented to it; intellect; reason; sense; intelligence.—agreement.—*2*, a. Knowing; skilful.
Un-der-stāte', v. a. [pp. understating, understated.] To state too low.
Un-der-stād' (stād'), i. & p. from *understand*.
Un-der-strāp'per, n. An inferior agent.
Un-der-take', v. a. [i. undertook; pp. undertaking, undertaken.] To take upon one's self; to attempt; to engage in; to enter upon.—*2*, v. n. To assume any business. [manages funerals.
Un-der-tāk'er, n. One who undertakes:—one who under-takes.
Un-der-tāk'ing, n. Enterprise; engagement.
Un-der-tōne, n. A tone lower than usual:—a low subordinate tone.
Un-der-took' (*tuk'*), i. from *undertake*.
Un-der-tōw, n. The undercurrent, or waves rolling back to the sea after a breaker.
Un-der-väl-hā'stion, n. The act of undervaluing; a rate below the value or worth.
Un-der-väl'hē (*un-der-väl'yū*), v. a. [pp. undervaluing, undervalued.] To rate too low; to underrate; to despise.
Un-der-wear' (*wär'*), n. Underclothing.
Un-der-wēnt', i. from *undergo*.
Un-der-wood' (*wud'*), n. Small trees or shrubs.
Un-der-work' (*würk'*), v. a. & v. n. [i. underworked or underwrought; pp. underworking, underworked.] To labor less than enough:—to work for less than others:—to undermine.
Un-der-write' (*un-der-rīt'*), v. a. [i. underwrite; pp. underwriting, underwritten.] To write under something else:—to insure.
Un-der-writ'er, n. An insurer.
Un-de-served' (*un-de-zérvd'*), a. Not merited.
Un-de-serv'ed-ly, ad. Without desert.
Un-de-sérving, a. Not deserving.
Un-de-signed' (*un-de-sind'*), a. Not designed.
Un-de-sir'a-ble, a. Not desirable.
Un-de-sired' (*un-de-zird'*), a. Not desired.
Un-de-tār'mined (*in-de-tér'mind*), a. Not determined; undecided; unsettled.
Un-did', i. from *undo*.
Un-di-gest'ed, a. Not digested or concocted.
Un-di-min'ished (*-ish't*), a. Not diminished.
**Un-dine' (*in-din'*) (*in-din', I.*), n. [L. *unda* a wave.] A water-spirit.
Un-dis-cern'i-ble (*-zérn'*), a. Not discernible; imperceptible; invisible.**

ä, å, ö, ü, ÿ, long; å, ö, ü, å, ý, short; q, ç, i, o, u, y, obscure.—Färé, fär, fäst, fäll; hér, hér;

Un-fä'sten (*ün-fä'ssn*), v. a. [pp. unfastening, unfastened.] To loose; to unfix.
Un-fäth'om-a-ble, a. Not fathomable.
Un-fä'vor-a-bly, ad. Not favorable; unkind.
Un-fel'ing, a. Void of feeling; insensible.
Un-feigned (*ün-fänd'*), a. Real; sincere.
Un-feign'ed-ly (*ün-fän'ed-ly*), ad. Truly.
Un-fer-mēnt'ed, a. Not fermented.
Un-fetter'ed, v. a. [pp. unfettering, unfettered.] To free from fetters.
Un-fil'ial (*ün-fil'yal*), a. Not filial.
Un-fin'ished (*ün-fin'isht*), a. Incomplete.
Un-fit', a. Not fit; improper; unsuitable.—*2*, v. a. [pp. unfitting, unfitted.] To make unfit; to disqualify.
Un-fit'ness, n. Want of fitness.
Un-fix', v. a. [pp. unfixing, unfixed.] To loosen; to make less fast.
Un-flēdg'd (*ün-flēdg'*), a. Without feathers.
Un-fold', v. a. [pp. unfolding, unfolded.] To expand; to disclose; to display; to open; to disclose; to declare.—*2*, v. n. To be expanded; to open.
Un-for-bid'den (*-bid'dn*), a. Not forbidden.
Un-for-sēen', a. Not seen or known before.
Un-for-giv'en (*ün-for-giv'n*), a. Not forgiven.
Un-for-giv'ing, a. Releventless; implacable.
Un-formed' (*ün-form'd*), a. Not formed.
Un-fort'u-nate, a. Not fortunate; unhappy.
Un-fort'u-nate-ly, ad. Unhappily.
Un-found'ed, a. Void of foundation; false.
Un-frēquent, a. Not frequent; infrequent.
Un-frē-quēnt'ed, a. Rarely visited.
Un-frē-quēnt-ly, ad. Not frequently.
Un-friend'ed, a. Wanting friends.
Un-friend'li-ness, n. Want of friendliness.
Un-friend'ly, a. Not friendly; not kind.
Un-fruit'ful (*ün-frut'ful*), a. Not fruitful.
Un-fruit'full-ness, n. Barrenness.
Un-frui-filled' (*-fild'*), a. Not fulfilled.
Un-furi', v. a. [pp. unfurling, unfurled.] To expand; to unfold; to open.
Un-fur'nish, v. a. [pp. unfurnishing, unfurnished.] To deprive; to strip.
Un-gain'li-ness, n. State of being ungainly; awkwardness; uncouthness.
Un-gain'ly, a. [O. E. *ungean*, inconvenient; *mr*, not, and *Icel. geyn*, ready, convenient.—See AGAIN.] Awkward; uncouth.
Un-gen'erous, a. Not generous; illiberal.
Un-gen'teal, a. Not genteel; impolite.
Un-gen'tle, a. Not gentle; harsh; rude.
Un-gen'tle-man-ly, a. Not becoming a gentleman.
Un-gen'tly, ad. Not gently; harshly; rudely.
Un-gird', v. a. [pp. ungirding, ungirded.] To loose from a girdle or bandage.
Un-glazed' (*ün-glaz'd*), a. Not glazed; not furnished with glass.
Un-gōd'li-ness, n. Impiety; wickedness.
Un-gōd'ly, a. Wicked; impious; profane.
Un-gōv'ern-a-ble, a. Not governable.
Un-grace'ful, a. Not graceful; awkward.
Un-graci'ous (*-shüs*), a. Not gracious:—odious; offensive.
Un-gram-māti-cal, a. Not grammatical.
Un-grate'ful, a. Not grateful; unacceptable.
Un-grate'ful-ly, ad. With ingratitude.
Un-ground'ed, a. Having no foundation.
Un-grind'ing, a. Without grudge; hearty.
Un-gual, a. [L. *unguis*, a claw.] Relating to the nail, claw, or hoof.
Un-guard'ed (*gärd'*), a. Not guarded.
Un-guent (*ün-gweut*), n. [L. *unguentum*, ointment; ungere, to anoint (g. v.)] An ointment.
Un-gui'cūlate, a. [L. *unguis*, a claw.] Having claws; clawed; resembling a claw.
Un-gu'late, a. [L. *ungula*, a hoof; dim. of *unguis*, a claw.] Having hoofs; like a hoof.
Un-häl'low, v. a. [pp. unhallowing, unhallowed.] To profane; to desecrate.

mén, sîr; möve, nör, sön; bûll, bür, rûle, üse.—ç, q, ö, ü, soft; ç, q, ö, ü, hard; s as z; x as gz; this

Un-händ', v. a. [pp. unhanding, unhandled.] To loose from the hand.

Un-händ'some (*ün-hän'sum*), a. Not handsome; ungraceful; illiberal; disingenuous.

Un-hän'dy, a. Awkward; not dexterous.

Un-häp'pi-ly, ad. Misery; unfortunately.

Un-häp'pi-ness, n. Infelicity; misfortune.

Un-häp'py, a. Miserable; unfortunate.

Un-härm'd (*ün-härm'd*), a. Not injured.

Un-här'ness, v. a. [pp. unharnessing, unhar-

nessed.] To loose from harness.

Un-healt'hy, a. Not healthful.

Un-healt'hy-ly, ad. Unwholesomely.

Un-healt'hy-ness, n. Want of health.

Un-healt'hy, a. Not healthy; sickly.

Un-heard', a. Not heard; unknown.

Un-heed'ed, a. Disregarded; neglected.

Un-heed'ing, a. Negligent; careless.

Un-hewn (*ün-hün'*), a. Not hewn.

Un-hin'dered (*-derd*), a. Not hindered.

Un-hinge', v. a. [pp. unhinging, unhinged.] To take from hinges; to loose.

Un-hitch', v. a. [pp. unhitching, unhitched.] To undo; to set free.

Un-hö'l-i-ness, n. Profaneness; wickedness.

Un-hö'l'y, a. Not holy; profane; impious.

Un-hon'ored (*ün-on'urd*), a. Not honored.

Un-hop'd (*ün-hopt'*), a. Not hoped.

Un-horse', v. a. [pp. unhorsing, unhorsed.] To throw from the saddle.

Un-hurt', a. Not hurt; free from injury.

Ün'ji-cörn (*yü'-ng-körn*), n. [L. *unicornis*, one-horned; *unus*, one, and *cōrn*, a horn.] A fabulous quadruped that has only one horn:—a bird:—a fish.

[of being united.]

Ün'ni-fi-cā-tion, n. The act of uniting; the state

Ün'ni-form (*yü'-ne-form'*), a. [L. *uniformis*; *unus*, one, and *formā*, a form.] Unvaried in form; alike; equal; equitable; regular; consistent.—*2*, n. A like or uniform dress:—the regimental dress of a soldier.

Ün'ni-form'i-ty, n. State of being uniform.

Ün'ni-form-ly, ad. Without variation.

Ün'ni-fy, v. a. [L. *unus*, one, and *faciere*, to make.] [pp. unifying, unified.] To unite into one; to regard as one.

Ün'ni-lat'er-al, a. [L. *unus*, one, and *latus*, lateris, a side.] Having or pertaining to one side.

Ün'im-äf'i-na-ble, a. Not to be imagined.

Ün-im-pas'ioned (*ün-im-pash'und*), a. Not impassioned; tranquil; calm; quiet.

Ün-im-peach'able, a. Not to be impeached.

Ün-im-peach'd (*-pecht'*), a. Not impeached.

Ün-im-por'tant, a. Not important.

Ün-im-prö'ved (*ün-prövd'*), a. Not improved.

Ün-in-flam'ma-ble, a. Not inflammable.

Ün-in-form'd (*-form'd*), a. Not informed.

Ün-in-häb'it-a-ble, a. Unfit to be inhabited.

Ün-in-häb'it-ed, a. Having no inhabitants.

Ün-in-jured (*ün-in'jur'd*), a. Not injured.

Ün-in-spire'd (*ün-in-spird'*), a. Not inspired.

Ün-in-tel'li-gi-bl'i-ty, { n. State of being un-

Ün-in-tel'li-gi-bl-e-ness, } intelligible.

Ün-in-tel'li-gi-bly, ad. Not intelligibly.

Ün-in-tén'tion-al, a. Not designed.

Ün-in-ter-est-ed, a. Not having interest.

Ün-in-ter-est-ing, a. Not interesting.

Ün-in-ter-mit'ting, a. Never failing.

Ün-in-ter-rupt'ed, a. Not interrupted; unbroken; constant; incessant.

Ün-in-ter-rupt'ed-ly, ad. Without interruption.

Ün-in-vit'ed, a. Not invited; not asked.

Ün-in-vit'ing, a. Not inviting.

Ün-ion (*yü'-yun*), n. [L. *unio*, union; *unus*, one.]

Act of uniting; junction; concord; conjunction; a confederacy.

Ün-ion-ist, n. A promoter of union:—a member of a trades-union.

Un'ion-jäck, *n.* A small flag containing only the union, or upper and inner corner of an ensign.
Un'-ique' (yū-nēk'), *a.* [Fr.; L. *unicus*, single; *unus*, one.] Sole; without an equal or another of the same kind.
Uni-sqn (yū-nē-sqn), *n.* [Fr. *unisson*.—See below.] Accordance or consonance of sounds; melody; harmony; concord; agreement.—*2. a.* [L. *unisonus*; *unus*, one, and *sonus*, a sound (*q. v.*).] Sounding alone. [*number*.]
Unit (yū-nit), *n.* [See UNITY.] One; the least.
Un-i-tä-ri-an, *n.* [See UNITY.] One who, in contradistinction to a Trinitarian, holds that God exists in one person only; an anti-Trinitarian.—*2. a.* Relating to Unitarianism.
Un-i-tä-ri-an-ism, *n.* Doctrines of Unitarians.
Un-i-tä' (yū-nit'), *n. a.* [L. *unire*, *unitum*; *unus*, one.] [*pp.* uniting, united.] To join two or more into one; to combine; to cause to adhere.—*2. n.* To join; to concur; to coalesce.
Unit-ed-ly, *ad.* With union; so as to join.
Uni-tä, *n.* [Fr. *unité*; L. *unitas*, oneness; *unus*, one (*q. v.*).] State of being one; oneness;—uniformity; concord; agreement; harmony.
Uni-välve, *n.* [L. *unus*, one, and *vale*, a valve (*q. v.*)] A shell having but one valve.—*2. a.* Having one shell or valve.
Uni-väl'vü-lar, *a.* Having but one valve.
Uni-vär'sal, *a.* [L. *universalis*; *universum*, the whole.—See UNIVERSE.] Total; whole; comprising all.—*2. n. (Logic.)* A proposition including a general class of particulars.
Uni-vär'sal-ism, *n.* The doctrine of the ultimate salvation of all men.
Uni-vär'sal-ist, *n.* One who believes that all men will be ultimately saved.
Uni-ver-säl'i-ty, *n.* State of being universal; extension to the whole.
Uni-vär'sal-ly, *ad.* Throughout the whole.
Uni-vär'se, *n.* [L. *universum*, the whole; *universus*, complete, turned into one; *unus*, one, and *vertere*, to turn.] The whole creation, including the solar system and all the starry regions beyond; the world.
Uni-vär'si-ty, *n.* [L. *universitas*, a guild, a corporation.—See UNIVERSE.] A seminary where all the arts and sciences are taught and studied.
Un-just', *a.* Contrary to justice; iniquitous.
Un-jüs'ti-fäld, *a.* Not to be justified.
Un-just'ly, *ad.* In a manner contrary to right.
Un-kämpt', *a.* [O. E. *kemben*, to comb (*q. v.*.)] Not combed;—rude; untidy.
Un-kind', *a.* Not kind; not benevolent.
Un-kind'ly, *a.* Wanting kindness.—*2. ad.* Without kindness.
Un-kind'ness, *n.* Want of kindness; ill-will.
Un-kind'ly, *a.* Unbecoming a king; base.
Un-knit' (ün-nit'), *v. a.* [*i.* unknot or unknotted; *pp.* unknotting, unknot or unknotted.] To unweave; to open.
Un-know'able, *a.* Not to be known.
Un-know'ing (ün-no'ing), *a.* Not knowing.
Un-know'ing-ly, *ad.* Without knowledge.
Un-known', *a.* Not known.
Un-lace', *v. a.* [*i.* unlacing, unlaced.] To loose from laces; to untie.
Un-läd', *v. a.* [*pp.* unlading, unladed.] To empty or remove from a vessel; to unload.
Un-latch', *v. a.* [*pp.* unlatching, unlatched.] To open by lifting up the latch.
Un-law'ful, *a.* Not lawful; illegal.
Un-law'ful-ly, *ad.* In an unlawful manner.
Un-lä'y, *v. a.* [*i.* unlaid; *pp.* unlaying, unlaid.] (*Naut.*) To untwist a cable.
Un-leärn', *v. a.* [*i.* unlearned or unlearnt; *pp.* unlearning, unlearned or unlearnt.] To forget or lose what has been learned.
Un-leärn'ed, *a.* Not learned; ignorant.
Un-leäsh', *v. a.* [*pp.* unleashing, unleashed.] To slip or set free from the leash; to let go.—said of dogs.

ä, å, ï, ö, ü, ý, long; å, ö, ï, ö, ü, ý, short; æ, ø, i, ø, y, y, obscure.—Färe, fär, fast, fall; héis, hér;

mien, sir; möve, nör, sön; bäll, bür, rüle, üse.—g, g, g, g, soft; ç, ç, ç, hard; s as z; x as gz; this.

Un-pë'n, *v. a.* [*pp.* unpenning, unpenned.] To open; to set free.
Un-pe'ple (ün-pe'pl), *v. a.* [*pp.* unpeopling, unpeopled.] To depopulate.
Un-per-ceive'd (ün-per-sv'd), *a.* Not perceived.
Un-per-pléxed (ün-per-pléks't), *a.* Not perplexed.
Un-phil-o-soph'i-cal, *a.* Not philosophical.
Un-pit'y-ing, *a.* Having no compassion.
Un-plëas'ant (ün-plëz'ant), *a.* Not pleasant.
Un-plëas'ant-ly, *ad.* Not pleasantly. [*able*.]
Un-plëas'ant-nëss, *n.* Quality of being disagreeable.
Un-plëas'ed (ün-plëz'ed), *a.* Not pleased.
Un-po'et-i-cal, *a.* Not poetical.
Un-pö'y-lar, *a.* Not popular; wanting popularity; disliked; offensive; *obnoxious*.
Un-pö'y-lär-jy, *n.* Want of popularity.
Un-präc'ti-cal, *a.* Not practical; dreamy.
Un-präc'tised (ün-präkt'ist), *a.* Not expert.
Un-präc'e-dent-ed, *a.* Unexampled.
Un-präj'ü-diced (ün-präj'ü-dist), *a.* Not prejudiced; free from prejudice.
Un-pre-pared' (ün-pre-pärd'), *a.* Not prepared.
Un-pre-pos'sess'ing, *a.* Not attractive.
Un-pre-señt'a-ble, *a.* Not presentable; untidy.
Un-pre-sumpt'u-ous (ün-pre-zumt'y-us), *a.* Not presumptuous; cautious; submissive; humble.
Un-prin'ci-pled (ün-prin'sip'pl), *a.* Devoid of principle; of loose principles; wicked.
Un-prö-dü'ctive, *a.* Not productive; barren.
Un-prö-fit-a-ble, *a.* Affording no profit.
Un-prö-fit'a-bi-ness, *n.* Uselessness.
Un-prö-fit'a-bi-ly, *ad.* Without profit.
Un-prö-mis'ing, *a.* Not promising good.
Un-prö-pi'tion (ün-prö-pish'ns), *a.* Inauspicious.
Un-prö-vök'ed (ün-prö-vök't), *a.* Not provoked.
Un-pub'lished (ün-pùl'ışt), *a.* Not published.
Un-pün'ished (ün-pün'ışt), *a.* Not punished.
Un-pür'chased (ün-pür'çast), *a.* Unbought.
Un-qual'i-fied (ün-kwö'l'i-fid), *a.* Not qualified; not fit—not softened; not abated.
Un-quench'a-ble, *a.* Not to be quenched.
Un-quës'tion-a-ble, *a.* Not questionable; *indubitable*; indisputable; certain.
Un-quës'tion-a-bly, *ad.* Without doubt.
Un-quës'tioned (ün-kwëst'yund), *a.* Not doubted.
Un-quï'et, *a.* Not quiet; disturbed; restless.
Un-rä'vel (ün-räv'l), *v. a.* [*pp.* unravelling, unravelled.] To disentangle; to unfold; to ravel:—*to explain*.—*2. n.* To be unfolded.
Un-rä'd (ün-rä'd), *a.* Not read; untaught.
Un-rä'd-i-ness, *n.* Want of readiness.
Un-rä'd-y (ün-rä'd-y), *a.* Not ready; unfit.
Un-re'al, *a.* Not real; vain; unsubstantial.
Un-re'ən (ün-re'ən), *n.* Folly; absurdity.
Un-re'a-son-a-ble (ün-re'zn-a-bl), *a.* Not reasonable; unwise; irrational; absurd.
Un-re'a-son-a-bi-ness (ün-re'zn-a-bl-nës), *n.* Inconsistency with reason; exorbitance.
Un-re'a-son-a-bly, *ad.* Without reason. [*cited*.]
Un-re'ən-ciled (ün-re'ən-sild), *a.* Not reconvened.
Un-re'ən'er-a-cy, *n.* Unregenerate state.
Un-re'ən'er-ate, *a.* Not regenerate.
Un-re'lënt'ing, *a.* Not relenting; inexorable; implacable; relentless; hard; cruel.
Un-re'li'a-ble, *a.* Not to be depended on.
Un-re'li'e-ving' (ün-re'li'e-väld'), *a.* Not relieved.
Un-re'mit'ting, *a.* Not abating; persevering.
Un-re'mit'tant, *a.* Not repenting; not penitent.
Un-re'pënt'ing, *ad.* Want of reserve; frankness.
Un-re'sérve, *n.* Want of reserve; frankness.
Un-re'sérved' (ün-re'zirvd'), *a.* Open; frank.
Un-re'sérved'ly, *ad.* Without reserve.
Un-re'sist'ing, *a.* Not making resistance.
Un-rest', *n.* Disquiet; lack of tranquillity.
Un-rest'ing, *a.* Acting or moving without rest.
Un-re'strained', *a.* Not restrained.
Un-rid'dle, *v. a.* [*pp.* unriddling, unriddled.] To solve; as a riddle.
Un-rig', *v. a.* [*pp.* unrigging, unrigged.] To strip of rigging or tackle.
Un-right'eous (ün-ri'chüs), *a.* Unjust.
Un-right'eous-ly, *ad.* Unjustly.
Un-right'eous-nëss (ün-ri'chüs-nës), *n.* Injustice; wickedness; sinfulness.
Un-ripe, *a.* Not ripe; green; immature.
Un-rï'valled (ün-rï'vald), *a.* Having no rival.
Un-röll', *v. a.* [*pp.* unrolling, unrolled.] To open what is rolled.
Un-ro'mänt'ic, *a.* Not romantic.
Un-rööf', *v. a.* [*pp.* unroofing, unroofed.] To strip off the roof.
Un-rüff'ed (ün-rüff'd), *a.* Calm; tranquil.
Un-rü'li-nëss, *n.* Turbulence; disorder.
Un-rü'ly, *a.* [*Un.* not, and O. E. *ruly*, subject to rule.] Turbulent; ungovernable.
Un-sä'die, *v. a.* [*pp.* unsaddling, unsaddled.] To take off the saddle from.
Un-safe, *a.* Not safe; dangerous.
Un-said' (ün-säd'), *a.* Not said; not uttered.
Un-sal'a-ble, *a.* Not salable; not vendible.
Un-sän'i-ta-ry, *a.* Not healthy; tending to produce disease.
Un-sät'is-fac'to-ry, *a.* Not satisfactory.
Un-sät'is-fied (ün-sät'is-fid), *a.* Not satisfied.
Un-sät'is-ty-ing, *a.* Not savory; disgusting.
Un-sä'vor-y, *a.* [*i.* unsaid; *pp.* unsaying, unsaid.] To retract what has been said; to recant.
Un-scäthed', or **U**n-scäthed', *a.* Not injured.
Un-sphö'lär-ly, *a.* Not like a scholar; not like the work of a scholar.
Un-screw' (ün-skruv'), *v. a.* [*pp.* unscrewing, unscrewed.] To draw the screw from; to unfasten; to loosen.
Un-script'ü-ral, *a.* Not scriptural.
Un-scrip'ü-lous, *a.* Not scrupulous.
Un-seal', *v. a.* [*pp.* unsealing, unsealed.] To open any thing sealed.
Un-sear'ch'a-ble, *a.* Inscrutable.
Un-sea'son-a-ble (ün-se'zn-a-bl), *a.* Not seasonable; unfit; untimely; ill-timed.
Un-sea'son-a-bly, *ad.* Not seasonably.
Un-sea'son-ed (ün-se'znnd), *a.* Not seasoned.
Un-seat', *v. a.* [*pp.* unseating, unseated.] To throw from the seat. [*at sea*.]
Un-sea'wor-thy (ün-se'wır-thy), *a.* Not fit to sail.
Un-seem'li-nëss, *n.* Indecency; indecorum.
Un-seen', *a.* Not seen; invisible.
Un-self'ish, *a.* Not selfish; disinterested.
Un-ser'vece-a-ble, *a.* Not serviceable.
Un-set'tle, *v. a.* [*pp.* unsettling, unsettled.] To make unsettled; to unfix.
Un-set'tled (ün-set'tld), *a.* Not fixed; not occupied;—not paid—disturbed.
Un-sex', *v. a.* [*pp.* unsexing, unsexed.] To deprive of the qualities of sex.
Un-shä'ckle, *v. a.* [*pp.* unshackling, unshackled.] To loose from shackles.
Un-sheathe', *v. a.* [*pp.* unsheathing, unsheathed.] To draw from a sheath. [*take off of a ship*.]
Un-ship', *v. a.* [*pp.* unshipping, unshipped.] To unshö'd, *a.* Not shod; having no shoes.
Un-shrink'ing, *a.* Not shrinking or recoil.
Un-sift', *v. a.* Not sifted; not examined.
Un-sight'ly (ün-sít'f), *a.* Ugly; deformed.
Un-skil'fil, *a.* Wanting skill or knowledge.
Un-skil'fly, *ad.* Without skill.
Un-skilled' (ün-skild'), *a.* Wanting skill.
Un-so'ci-a-ble (ün-so'she-q-bl), *a.* Not sociable; unsocial; reserved; not communicative.
Un-so'ej-a-bly (ün-so'she-a-blé), *ad.* With reserve; not sociably.
Un-so'cial (ün-so'shal), *a.* Not social; unsocial.
Un-söl'dier-ly (ün-söl'jer-ly), *a.* Unbecoming to a soldier.
Un-so'lig'it-ed, *a.* Not solicited; not required.
Un-sölv'ed' (ün-sölv'd), *a.* Not solved.
Un-so'phi-ti-cat-ed, *a.* Not sophisticated.
Un-sört'ed, *a.* Not sorted or separated.
Un-söught' (ün-säwt'), *a.* Not sought.
Un-söönd', *a.* Not sound; corrupted.

mien, sir; möve, nör, sön; bäll, bür, rüle, üse.—g, g, g, g, soft; ç, ç, ç, hard; s as z; x as gz; this.

Un-sound'ness, *n.* Want of soundness.
Un-spär'ing, *a.* Not sparing; profuse; severe.
Un-speak'a-ble, *a.* Not to be spoken; ineffable.
Un-speak'a-bly, *ad.* Inexpressibly.
Un-spent', *a.* Not spent; not exhausted.
Un-spir'it-u-al, *a.* Not spiritual; carnal.
Un-spööld' (*ün-spööld'*), *a.* Not spoiled.
Un-spöt'ted, *a.* Not spotted; immaculate.
Un-stä'ble, *a.* Not fixed; inconstant.
Un-stained' (*ün-ständ'*), *a.* Not stained.
Un-stead'i-ly, *ad.* Instantly.
Un-stead'i-ness, *n.* Want of constancy.
Un-stead'y, *a.* Inconstant; mutable.
Un-stint'ed, *a.* Not stinted or limited.
Un-stop', *v. a.* [*pp.* unstopping, unstopped.] To open; to remove the stopper or other obstruction from.
Un-string', *v. a.* [*i.* unstrung; *pp.* unstringing, unstrung.] To deprive of strings; to relax the strings of; to loosen.
Un-stud'ied (*ün-stüd'*), *a.* Not studied.
Un-sub-stän'tial, *a.* Not substantial.
Un-suc-eß's-fäl, *a.* Not successful; unlucky.
Un-suc-eß's-fäl-ly, *ad.* Without success.
Un-suit'a-ble, *a.* Not suitable; improper.
Un-su'l'ied (*ün-su'l'ied*), *a.* Not sullied.
Un-sung', *a.* Not celebrated in verse.
Un-sus-pëct'ing, *a.* Not having suspicion.
Un-sus-pi'cious (*pish'u's*), *a.* Not suspicious.
Un-täm'ble, *a.* That cannot be tamed.
Un-täm'd (*ün-täm'd*), *a.* Not tamed.
Un-täñ'gle (*ün-täng gl*), *v. a.* [*pp.* untangling, untangled.] To loose from intricacy.
Un-täught' (*ün-tawt'*), *a.* Not taught; uninstructed; ignorant; unskilled.
Un-teach'a-ble, *a.* That cannot be taught.
Un-tén'a-ble, *a.* Not tenable; indefensible.
Un-tén'ant-ed, *a.* Having no tenant.
Un-thank'ful, *a.* Not thankful; ungrateful.
Un-thank'ful-ly, *ad.* Without gratitude.
Un-thank'ful-nëss, *n.* Ingratitude.
Un-think'ing, *a.* Thoughtless; inconsiderate.
Un-thrift', *n.* Lack of thrift;—(*ün-thrift*) an unthrifty person.
Un-thrift'i-ly, *ad.* Without thrift.
Un-thrift'i-ness, *n.* Waste; prodigality.
Un-chräft'y, *a.* Not thrifty; prodigal.
Un-tidy, *a.* Not tidy; not neat.
Un-tie', *v. a.* [*pp.* untying, untied.] To unbind; to loose as a knot.
Un-tö'l', *ad.* or *conj.* [For unto.—See TILL.] To the time that; till.—*2*, *prep.* To; till;—used of time.
Un-tim'e-ly, *a.* [*Un-*, not, and *TIMELY*.] Not timely; unseasonable.—*2*, *ad.* Prematurely; unseasonably.
Un-tir'ing, *a.* Not becoming tired; indefatigable.
Un-tö', *prep.* [*A.-S. unto*; *O. Sax. und*, unto, and *to*, to (*q. v.*).] Noting motion toward; to.
Un-told', *a.* Not told; not related.
Un-touch'd (*ün-tucht'*), *a.* Not touched.
Un-tow'ard, *a.* [*Un* and *TOWARD*.] Perverse; awkward.
Un-tow'ard-ly, *ad.* Ungainly; perversely.
Un-träns-fär'ble, *a.* Not to be transferred.
Un-träns-lät'a-ble, *a.* That cannot be translated.
Un-träv'elled (*ün-träv'eld*), *a.* Not travelled; not passed over;—not having travelled.
Un-tried' (*ün-trid'*), *a.* Not tried.
Un-tröd', *a.* Not trodden; untrodden.
Un-tröd'den (*ün-tröd'dn*), *a.* Not trodden.
Un-trie', *a.* Not true; false; not faithful.
Un-trü'thy, *a.* Falsey; not truly. [worthy.
Un-trust'wor-thy (*ün-trust'wir-thy*), *a.* Not trusty.
Un-truth'ful, *a.* A falsehood; a false assertion.
Un-truth'ful, *a.* Lacking in veracity.
Un-tü'tred (*ün-tü'tred*), *a.* Uninstructed.
Un-twine', *v. a.* [*pp.* untwinning, untwined.] To untwist; to unwind; to disentangle.
Un-twist', *v. a.* [*pp.* untwisting, untwisted.] To untwine; to disentangle.

ä, å, ö, ü, ï, long; å, ö, ü, ï, short; q, ç, i, q, v, y, obscure.—Fär, fär, fast, fall; hér, hér;

mfen, sér; möve, nör, sön; bäll, bür, rüle, use.—ç, g, ç, g, soft; ç, g, ç, g, hard; ç as z; x as gz; this

Up-öñ', *prep.* [*A.-S. uppon*.—See UP and ON.] On; not under; relating to.
Up-per, *a.* Higher in place, rank, or power.
Up-per-händ', *n.* Superiority; advantage.
Up-per-möst, *a.* Highest in place or rank.
Up-pish, *a.* Proud; arrogant; pettish.
Up-raise', *v. a.* [*pp.* upraising, upraised.] To raise up; to exalt.
Up-reär', *v. a.* [*pp.* uprearing, upreared.] To rear on high.
Up-right (*üp'rit*), *a.* [*A.-S. upriht*: UP and RIGHT.] Straight up; standing erect; erect;—honest; just; *faithful*;—*2*, *n.* Something standing erect or perpendicular; a standard;—elevation.
Up-right-ly (*üp'rit-le*), *ad.* With uprightness.
Up-right-nëss (*üp'rit-nës*), *n.* State of being upright; honesty; *rectitude*; probity.
Up-ris'ing, *n.* The act of rising;—insurrection.
Up-roär, *n.* [*Dut. oproer*; *op*, up, and *roeren*, to stir; *Ger. aufrühr*, uproar; *A.-S. hraen*, to stir.] A tumult; bustle; confusion.
Up-roärj-ös, *a.* Tumultuous; full of uproar.
Up-roët, *v. a.* [*pp.* uprooting, uprooted.] To overturn; to overthrow.
Up-sët, *a.* Fixed upon; determined beforehand.
Up-sët, *n.* An overturn.
Up-shöt, *n.* Conclusion; the end; final event.
Up-side, *n.* The upper side; upper part.
Up-stärt, *n.* One suddenly raised to power, wealth, honor, or notice; a pretender;—*2*, *a.* Suddenly raised; insolent.
Up-türn', *v. a.* [*pp.* upturning, upturned.] To turn up; to furrow.
Up-ward, *a.* Directed to a higher part.
Up-ward, *ad.* [*A.-S. upweard*, *upweardes*.] To wards a higher place; more than.
Up-wards, *n.* [*UREA*, and *Gr. aqua*, blood.] A highly dangerous disease produced by retention of urea in the blood.
Up-wä'mic, *a.* Of or pertaining to, or tending to uremia.
Up-rä'ni-üm, *n.* (*Mia*.) A white, rare metal.
Up-rä'n-ëg-rä-phy, *n.* A description of the *Up-rä'n-ëg-rä-phy* heavens.
Up-rä-nüs, *n.* [*L. Gr. oípavós*, *Skr. varunas*, the sky; *var*, to cover.] A planet discovered by Dr. Herschel in 1781.
Up-räte, *n.* A salt of uric acid.
Up-rän, *a.* [*See URBANE*.] Of or pertaining to a city.
Up-rän, *a.* [*See URBANE*.] Of or pertaining to a city.
Up-rän, *a.* [*L. urbanus*; *urbis*, *urbis*, a city.] Civil; polished; polite; courteous; elegant;—opposed to rustic.
Up-bän'it-y, *n.* [*L. urbanitas*; *Fr. urbanité
Up-chin, *n.* [*Fr. hérisson*, *L. ericus* (also *er*, *eris*, *Gr. xip*), a hedgehog; *Skr. hrish*, to bristle.] A hedgehog;—a small boy;—an elf;—an imp.
Up-dü, *n.* (*Per. urdu*, *Turk. ordı*, camp, army, or horde (*q. v.*)). It was introduced into India, in part, by armies from Central Asia.; The Hindustani language.
Up-heav'el, *n.* The act of upheaving.
Up-heave', *v. a.* [*UP and HEAVE*] [*pp.* upheaving, upheaved.] To heave up; to lift up.
Up-hill, *a.* Difficult; laborious; ascending.
Up-hold', *v. a.* [*i.* upheld; *pp.* upholding, upheld.] To raise;—to support; to sustain.
Up-hold'er, *n.* A supporter; an undertaker.
Up-höl'ster, *v. a.* [*See UPHOLSTERER*.] [*pp.* upholstering, upholstered.] To furnish or fit up with furniture, beds, curtains, hangings, &c.
Up-höl'ster-er, *n.* [*O. E. upholder*, *upholsterer*, an upholsterer;—originally, an auctioneer; UP and HOLD.] A furnisher of houses.
Up-höl'ster-y, *n.* Furniture for houses.
Up-länd, *a.* High in situation;—rude; wild.—*2*, *n.* High land; elevated land.
Up-lift', *v. a.* [*pp.* uplifting, uplifted.] To raise aloft; to elevate.—*2*, *n.* (*Up-lift*). Elevation; upheaval.
Up-öñ, *prep.* [*A.-S. uppon*.—See UP and ON.] On; not under; relating to.
Up-ri-na-ry (*yü'ri-na-ry*), *a.* Relating to urine.
Up-ri-na-té, *v. n.* [*pp.* urinating, urinated.] To discharge urine.
Up-ri-ne (*yü'rín*), *n.* [*L. urina*; *Gr. oípov*.—Cf. Skr. *vari*, water; Zend *vara*, rain.] Water coming from animals.
Up-ri-noës (*yü're-nës*), *a.* Partaking of urine.
Up-ri-nal, *n.* A vessel for holding urine.
Up-ri-nate, *v. n.* [*pp.* urinating, urinated.] To discharge urine.
Up-ri-nim, *n.* [*L. urin*, *I. urna*, an urn; perhaps from *were*, to burn.—Cf. *L. hirnea*, a jug.] A vase;—a vessel in which the ashes of burnt dead bodies were anciently put.—*2*, *v. a.* [*pp.* urning, urned.] To enclose in an urn.
Up-ro-gän'-tał, *a.* [*URINARY and GENITAL*.] Pertaining to the urinary and genital organs.
Up-sä, *n.* [*L.* (Astron.) The Bear; a constellation;—*Ursa Major*, the Greater Bear; *Ursa Minor*, the Lesser Bear.
Up-sine, *a.* [*L. ursinus*; *ursus*, fem. *ursa*, a bear.] Relating to or like a bear.
Up-sö, *n.* [*Fr.* a variant of *hérisson*, a hedgehog.—See URCHIN.] The North American porcupine.
Up-sü-line, *a.* [Named in honor of St. Ursula.] Denoting an order of nuns.
Up-ti-ca-tion, *n.* [*L. urtica*, a nettle; *ure*, to burn.] A sensation of being stung by nettles.
Up-törn, *n.* [*Fr.* a variant of *hérison*, a hedgehog.—See URCHIN.] The wild ox.
Up-törn, *pron. pl.* [*A.-S. us*; *Dut. ons*; *Dan. os*; *Goth. and Ger. us*.] The objective case of *we*.
Up-säge (*yü'zaj*), *n.* [*Fr. usage*, Late *L. usaticum*, usagum, use (*q. v.*)] Manner of using; treatment—the habit of many; common or long-continued practice; prescription; use; custom.
Up-sä (*yü's*), *n.* [*L. usna*.—See the verb USE. In the legal sense of profit, benefit, it also represents the O. Law Fr. *ues*, *oes*, *oeps*, profit; *L. opus*, need, advantage.] The act of using; need; utility; service; benefit:—usage; habit.
Up-säf (*yü'süf*), *a.* Valuable for use; serviceable; profitable; beneficial; advantageous.
Up-säf-ly, *ad.* In a useful manner; profitably.
Up-säf-nëss, *n.* The quality of being useful; utility; service; benefit.
Up-säfless, *a.* Being of no use; worthless.
Up-säf-less-ly, *ad.* Without use.
Up-säf-nëss, *n.* Unfitness to any end.
Up-säf'er (*yü'z'er*), *n.* One who uses.
Up-säf'er, *n.* [*Fr. huissier*, *L. ostiarus*, a door-keeper; *ostium*, a door, an entrance; *os*, the mouth.] An under-teacher;—an introducer; a door-keeper.—*2*, *v. a.* [*pp.* ushering, ushered.] To introduce; to forerun.
Up-que-bähg' (*üs-kwë-båw'*), *n.* [*Irish nisge beatha*, water of life, whiskey (*q. v.*)] A compound, distilled spirit; whiskey.
Up-sü-äl (*yü'zhu-äl*), *a.* [*L. usulus*.—See Up-sö.] Common; occurring often; customary; ordinary; general.
Up-sü-äl-ly (*yü'zhu-äl-le*), *ad.* Commonly.
Up-sü-früct, *n.* [*L. usfructus*; *usus*, use, and *fructus*, fruit (*q. v.*)] (Law.) Right of enjoying; use.
Up-sü-frü'tu-a-ry, *n.* [*L. usfructarius*.] One who has a temporary use and profit of anything.
Up-sü-rex (*yü'zhu-rex*), *n.* [*Fr. usurier*; *L. usarius*.] One who receives usury.
Up-sü-ri-ös, *a.* Of the nature of usury; given to the practice of usury.
Up-sü-rup' (*yü'zürp*, *N.*), *v. a.* [*L. usurpare*; perhaps for *usui rapere*, to seize for (one's own use).] [*pp.* usurping, usurped.] To seize or possess without right.
Up-sü-rup'tion, *n.* [*L. usurpatio*.] Illegal seizure.
Up-sü-rup'per (*yü'zürp'er*), *n.* One who usurps.*

Ū'shū-ry (yū'zhū-rē), *n.* [L. *usura*, use,—also interest, usury.—See USE.] Illegal interest.
Ū-tēn'sil, or **Ū-tēn-sil**, *n.* [L. *utensilis*, fit for use (*q. v.*); *utensilia*, utensils.] An instrument for any use; a vessel; a tool.
Ū-ter-iné, or **Ū-ter-iné**, *a.* [L. *uterinus*.—See UTERUS.] Belonging to the womb:—born of the same mother.
Ū-te-rús (yū'te-rús), *n.* [L.—Cf. Gr. *ύστερα*, the womb; Skr. *udaram*, belly.] The womb.
Ū-tíl-i-tá'ri-an, *a.* Relating to utilitarianism.—
Ū-tíl-i-tá'ri-an-ism, *n.* The system of general utility, or that system which holds that right actions are those which promote the happiness of the great mass of mankind.
Ū-tíl'i-ty, *n.* [L. *utilitas*; Fr. *utilité*.] Usefulness; profit; convenience.
Ū-tíl-i-ze, *v. a.* [Fr. *utiliser*; L. *utilis*, useful; *uti*, to use.] [*pp.* utilizing, utilized.] To render useful; to put to use.
Ū-tíl'most, *a.* [A.-S. *ytimest*; *ut*, out, and superlative termination *-nest*.] Extreme; furthest; highest.—
Ū-to-pí-ən, *a.* [Gr. *οὐ*, not, and *τόπος*, a place.]

Relating to an ideal commonwealth in the imaginary island of *Utopia*:—fanciful; chimerical.
Ū-trí-cle, *n.* [L. *utriculus*, dim. of *uter*, *utris*, a skin bag.] A little bag, bladder, or cell.
Ū-ter, *a.* [A.-S. *utor*, *utter*, comparative of *ut*, out (*q. v.*).] Extreme; excessive; complete.—
Ū-ter-ine, or **Ū-ter-iné**, *a.* [L. *uterinus*.—See UTERUS.] Belonging to the womb:—born of the same mother.
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Ū-tíl-i-ze, *v. a.* [Fr. *utiliser*; L. *utilis*, useful; *uti*, to use.] [*pp.* utilizing, utilized.] To render useful; to put to use.
Ū-tíl'most, *a.* [A.-S. *ytimest*; *ut*, out, and superlative termination *-nest*.] Extreme; furthest; highest.—
Ū-to-pí-ən, *a.* [Gr. *οὐ*, not, and *τόπος*, a place.]

V.

V, consonant, has but one sound, and is nearly allied to *f*; but *v* is vocal, and *f* is aspirate.
Vá-can-ey, *n.* Empty space; vacuity; chasm.
Vá-cant, *a.* [L. *vacare*, *vacans*, to be empty; *vacuus*, empty.] Empty; void; free; disengaged.
Vá-cate, *v. a.* [L. *vacare*, *vacatum*, to be empty.] [*pp.* vacating, vacated.] To annul; to make vacant or void; to quit possession of; to leave.
Vá-ca-tion, *n.* [L. *vacatio*, leisure, emptiness.—See VACANT.] An intermission; recess.
Vá-cí-nate, *v. a.* [See VACCINE.] [*pp.* vaccinating, vaccinated.] To inoculate with vaccine matter in order to protect from the small-pox.
Vác-ci-ná-tion, *n.* Inoculation for the cow-pox.
Vác-cine, or **Vác-cine** (vál'sén, K.), *a.* [L. *vaccia*, a cow; *vaccinus*, belonging to cows.] Of or belonging to a cow; relating to vaccination.
Vác'il-lá-te, *v. n.* [L. *vacillare*, *vacillatum*, to waver.—Cf. WAG.] [*pp.* vacillating, vacillated.] To waver; to be inconstant or unsteady; to fluctuate.
Vác-il-la'tion, *n.* [L. *vacillatio*.] The act of vacillating; fluctuation.
Vá-cú-i-ty, *n.* [L. *vacuitas*; Fr. *vacuité*.—See VACUOUS.] Emptiness; space filled; inanity.
Vá-cú-sle, *n.* A little cavity.
Vá-cú-us, *a.* [L. *vacuus*.—See VACANT.] Empty; unfilled.
Vá-de-mé-um, *n.* [L. for "go with me."] A book or manual that a person always carries with him.
Vág'a-bond, *a.* [Fr. *vagabond*, L. *vagabundus*, wandering; *vagari*, to wander; *vagus*, wandering.] Wandering; vagrant.—
Vág'a-bond-afé, *n.* The practice of a vagrant.
Vág'a-bond-ism, *n.* bond; vagrancy.
Vá-gá-ry, *n.* [L. *vagari*, to wander.] A wild freak or fancy; a whim.
Vá-gí-na, *n.* [L.] A sheath; a tube:—the outlet of the uterus.
Vág'i-nal, or **Vág'i-nal**, *a.* Relating to a sheath.
Vá-gran-cy, *n.* The act or state of a vagrant.
Vá-grant, *a.* [O. E. *vagaran*; L. *vagari*, to wander.] Wandering; roving; vagabond.—
Vá-her, *a.* [Wanderer; vagabond; a strolling beggar.
Vágue (vág), *a.* [L. *vagus*, wandering; Fr. *vague*, indistinct.—Cf. VAGABOND.] Unfixed; unset-
 tled; uncertain.

Vá'lant, *ad.* Heroically; bravely.

ā, ē, i, ë, ü, ÿ, long; å, ö, ü, ÿ, short; a, e, i, o, u, y, obscure.—Färé, fär, fäst, fäll, hêir, hér;

Vál'íd, *a.* [L. *validus*, effective; *valere*, to be strong, to prevail.] Having legal force; efficacious; conclusive; effective; well founded.
Vá-lid'i-ty, *n.* State of being valid; legal force; force to convince; strength.
Vál'íd-néss, *n.* Validity; strength.
Vá-lisé, or **Vá-lisé**, *n.* [Fr. *valise*; Sp. *valija*; It. *valigia*; Ger. *Reisegepäck*.—Cf. WALLET, also L. *validus*, a valise; Per. *walichah*, Arab. *walikat*, a sack.] A portmanteau; a wallet.
Vál-lá-tion, *n.* [L. *vallare*, to wall; *vallum*, a wall (*q. v.*).] An entrenched.
Vál'ley, *n.* pl. **Vál'leys**. [Fr. *vallée*; It. *vallata*.—See VALE.] A hollow between hills; a low ground; vale; a dale.
Vá-ló-ni-a, or **Vá-ló-ni-a**, *n.* [Gr. *θάλαντος*, an acorn; Mod. Gr. *βάλανος*, an oak.] Acorn-cups used for tanning.
Vál'or, *n.* [L. *valor*, worth, value, courage; *valere*, to be strong, to be worth, to prevail.] Bravery; prowess; courage.
Vál'or-ous, *a.* Brave; stout; valiant.
Vál'or-ous-ly, *ad.* In a brave manner.
Vál'u-ble, *a.* [vál'yú-abl.] Having value; of much value; precious; costly; worthy.
Vál'u-ä-tion, *n.* An appraisement; value.
Vál'ue (vál'yú), *n.* [Fr. *value*, value; *vale*, part. of *valoir*, L. *valere*, to be worth.] Worth as estimated by some rate or standard; price; rate; cost.—
Vál'ue, *v. a.* [*pp.* valuing, valued.] To rate highly; to appraise; to estimate; to appreciate; to prize.
Vál'ue-less (vál'yú-léss), *a.* Being of no value.
Vál'ue-er (vál'yú-er), *n.* An appraiser.
Vál've, *a.* Relating to, or like, a valve.
Vál've, *n.* [L. *válva*, a leaf in a folding door.—Cf. *volvere*, to turn.] A folding door:—any thing that opens over the mouth of a tube or vessel; a lid.
Vál'vl-ar, *a.* Relating to a valve; valvate.
Vál'vile, *n.* A small valve.
Vámp, *n.* [Corrupted from Fr. *avant-pied*, a vamp; *avant*, before, and *pied*, L. *pes*, pedis, the foot.] The upper leather of a shoe; a sock.—
Vál'vamp, *n.* [*pp.* vamping, vamped.] To piece or mend an old thing; to patch up; to renovate.
Vál'vire, *n.* [Ger. *vampyr*; Servian & Russ. *vampir*.] A pretended demon, said to delight in sucking human blood:—a large bat.
Ván, *n.* [Fr. *avant*, the advance; L. *ab ante*, from in front.] The front of an army; the first line or part:—[Fr. *van vanne*; L. *vannus*.—See FAN.] A fan; a wing; a winnowing-sieve:—[for *caravan*] a large covered wagon.
Ván'dal, *n.* [L. *Vandalus*, a Vandal: perhaps related to Ger. *wandeln*, to wander.] One of a barbarous people who once lived near the Baltic; a barbarian.
Ván-dál'je, *a.* Relating to the Vandals; rude.
Ván-dál-ism, *n.* Barbarity; ferocity; wanton destruction.
Ván-dál'je, *n.* [Named from the painter *Vandyck*.] A kind of handkerchief for the neck, with indentations and points.
Váne, *n.* [A.-S. *fanu*, Dut. *vaan*, Ger. *fahne*, a banner, a vase.] A plate or contrivance to show the direction of the wind; a weathercock.
Ván, *n.* [See VANE.] The web of a feather:—[Dut. *vangen*, Ger. *fangen*, to seize] a brace; a rope for steadyng a ship's gaff.
Ván'gárd, *n.* [VAN and GUARD.] The advance guard; the first line of an army; van.
Ván'nil'la, or **Ván'nil'la**, *n.* [Bot.] [Fr. *vanille*, Sp. *vainilla*, dim. of *vaino*, L. *vagina*, a sheath; a pod.] An evergreen tropical plant:—the fruit of the plant; flavoring matter from the fruit.
Ván'ish, *v. n.* [L. *vanesco*, to vanish; *vanus*, empty, vain (*q. v.*).] [*pp.* vanishing, vanished.] To disappear; to pass away.
Vár'ish-er, *n.* One who varnishes.
Vár'væls, *n.* pl. [Fr. *vervele*; Late L. *vertebella*, dim. of *vertebra*, a joint.—See VERTEBRA.] Silver rings on a hawk's leg.
Váry, *v. a.* [Fr. *varier*, L. *variare*, to diversify; *varius*, varied.] [*pp.* varying, varied.] To make

mien, sir; mōve, nör, sön; bäll, bür, rüle, üse.—ç, g, ç, soft; ö, g, z, hard; s as z; x as gz; this,