WINDRING, pr.p. winding, Temp. iv. 1. 128. WINK, sub. sleep, Temp. ii. 1. 250; to be blind, to be in the dark, Com. of Err. iii. 2. 58.
WINKING, pr.p. blind, Cymb. ii. 4. 89.
WINNOWED, adj. wise, sensible, Ham. v. 2. 201.

WINTER-GROUND, v.t. to protect a plant from the cold by covering it up with straw, Cymb. iv. 2. 229.
Wipe, sub. a brand, mark of disgrace, Lucrece, 537 WISE-WOMAN, sub. a witch, Merry Wives of W. iv. 5. 59;

Twelfth Night, iii. 4. 116. WISP OF STRAW, sub. the badge of a scold, 3 Hen. VI. ii.

Wistly, adj. wistfully, Rich. II. v. 4. 7; Ven. & Ad. 343. Wirch, sub. a wizard, Cymb. i. 6. 166. Wirh, prep. by, being greeted with, Macb. iii. 6. 40; Ant.

& Cleo. v. 2. 170.
WITH HIMSELF = in possession of his faculties, Tit. Andr.

WRIT = WIOLE, CHAINER, AND S. V.S., WRITHLED, pt.p. wrinkled, 1 Hen. V. WOMAN, v.t. 'woman me to it' = make me show my woman's weakness, All's Well, iii. 2. 53. Woman'D, adj. accompanied by a woman, Oth. iii. 4.

WOMAN-QUELLER, sub. a murderer of woman, 2 Hen. IV.

Comp. TO TIRE.
WOMB, v.t. to enclose, Wint. Tale, iv. 3. 503.

WOMBY, adj. hollow, Hen. V. ii. 4. 124.

WONDERED, pt.p. wonder-working, Temp. iv. 1. 123. Woo, v.t. to solicit, Per. v. 1. 174. WOOD, adj. mad, Mid. N. Dr. ii. 1. 192; 1 Hen. VI. iv. 7. 35; Ven. & Ad. 740.

WOODCOCK, sub. a simpleton, Tam. of Shrew, i. 2. WOODEN THING, 'an awkward business, not likely to suc-

ceed' [Steevens], 1 Hen. VI. v. 3. 89.
WOODMAN, sub. a wencher, Meas, for Meas, iv. 3. 174. WOOLLEN, IN THE, between blankets, Much Ado, ii. 1. 33. WOOLWARD, TO GO, to wear wool instead of linen next

the skin, as a penance, L.'s L.'s L. v. 2, 716. Word, v.f. to represent, Cymb. i. 4. 17; to fool with words, Ant. & Cleo. v. 2. 100.

WORKY-DAY, adj. common, Ant. & Cleo. i. 2. 57. Comp. WORKING-DAY, As You Like It, i. 3. 12.

WORLING, sub. 'to go to the world' = to be married, Much Ado, ii. 1. 332; All's Well, i. 3. 37; 'woman of the world' = married woman, As You Like It, v. 3. 5; 'a world to see' = a wonder to see, Much Ado, iii. 5, 38; Tam. of Shrew, ii. 1. 305; the microcosm, Lov. Comp.

7; K. Lear, iii. 1. 10.
Worm, sub. a serpent, Meas. for Meas. iii. 1. 17; Macb. iii. 4. 29; a creature, Temp. iii. 1. 31; Cymb. iii. 4. 37 (the mole); Merry Wives of W. v. 5. 89.

WRANGLER, sub. an adversary, a tennis term, Hen. V. i. 2. 264.

WREAK, sub. vengeance, Coriol. iv. 5. 91; to revenge, Rom. & Jul. iii. 5. 102. WREAKFUL, adj. revengeful, Tim. of Ath. iv. 3.

WITH HIMSELF = in possession of his faculties, Tit. Andr.
i. 1. 368.
WITHAL, I COULD NOT DO = I could not help it, Mer. of
Ven. iii. 4. 72.
WITHOUT, adv. except, Two Gent. of Ver. ii. 1. 38.
WITTOL, sub. a contented cuckold, Merry Wives of W.
ii. 2. 347.
WITTOLLY, adj. wittol-like, Merry Wives of W. ii. 2. 288.
WITTOLLY, adj. wittol-like, Merry Wives of W. ii. 2. 288.
WRITHIED, pt.p. wirthled, 1 Hen. VI. ii. 3. 23.
WRITHIED, pt.p. wirthled, 1 Hen. VI. ii. 3. 23.
WRITHIED, pt.p. wirthled, 1 Hen. VI. ii. 3. 23.

YARE, adj. ready, nimble, active, Temp. v. 1. 224; Twelfth Night, iii. 4. 248. YARELY, adv. readily, briskly, Temp. i. 1. 4; Ant. & Cleo.

WOMAN-TIRED, adj. henpecked, Wint. Tale, ii. 3. 74. YAW, v.f. to move unsteadily as a ship which does not

answer the helm, Ham. v. 2. 121. YEAR, sub. years, Meas. for Meas. ii. 1. 260. YEARN, v.t. to grieve, vex, Merry Wives of W. iii. 5. 45; Hen. V. iv. 3. 26; v.i. Jul. Cæs. ii. 2. 129.

YELLOW, adj. emblem of jealousy, Wint. Tale, ii. 3. 106. YELLOWNESS, sub. jealousy, Merry Wives of W. i. 3. 100. YELLOWS, sub. jaundice in horses, Tam. of Shrew, iii. 2.

YERK, v.t. to lash out, to strike quickly, Hen. V. iv. 7. 84; Oth. i. 2. 5. YESTY, adj. foaming, frothy, Macb. iv. 1. 53; Ham. v. 2.

Young, adj. recent, Hen. VIII. iii. 2. 47. Younker, sub. a stripling, 1 Hen. IV. iii. 3. 91; 3 Hen. VI.

Work, sub. a fortification, Hen. VIII. v. 4. 63; Oth. iii. ZANY, sub. a buffoon, L.'s L. v. 2. 464; Twelfth Night, i. 5. 95.

SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS

IN THEIR HISTORICAL ORDER

Λ	Malone (d. 1812)	Furnivall 1877.	Modern Critics.		
1588	1821.	Love's L. L.		1588	
	1 Hen. VI	Titus Andr.	The state of the s		
1589	agus rebro salt (I)	Com. of E.	lists are bere print	1589	
1590	th the insight of h	Mid. N. D.	Love's L. L.	c. 1590)	
1501	2 Hen. VI	Two Gent.	Com. of E.	c. 1591	House
1591	3 Hen. VI Two Gent.			flexes be	Experiment
	Com. of E.	1 Hen. VI	Two Gent.	c. 1592	im
1500	e in number:	Rom. & Jul.	1 Hen. VI	1592	er
1592	e appearance of "		2 Hen. VI	1592?	X
	D'-1 II	O II VII	3 Hen. VI	1592?	4
1500	Rich. II Rich. III	2 Hen. VI 3 Hen. VI	Rich. III Rom. & Jul.	c. 1593 c. 1593	
1593	Kich. III	Rich. II	Kom, & Jul.	C. 1393 3	
	(Love's L. L.	Rich. III	Tit. Andr.	1594	001
1594	Merch. of V.	ed is the evidence o	Rich. II	c. 1594	TIBY
	Mid. N. D.		Mid. N. D.	c. 1594	
figh B s	the roll said said	uns was Shakespen	John	c. 1594	100
1595	Tom Ch	John Merch, of V.	Merch. of V. Tam. Sh.	c. 1595 c. 1596	:
1596	Tam. Sh. Rom. & Jul.	1 Hen. IV	таш. оц.	c. 1390	Development.
1390	John	Tam. Sh.		tain to to	ma
1597	1 Hen. IV	2 Hen. IV	1 Hen. IV	1597?	10
1598	list in Arellander Two	M. Wives	2 Hen. IV	1598?	eve
unda l	2 Hen. IV	Hen. V	Hen. V	1599	Q
1599	As Y. L.	Much Ado	M. Wives Much Ado	1599? c. 1599	and a
	Hen. V		Jul. Cæs.	1599	CON A
20 IO DA	(Much Ado	As Y. L.	As Y. L.	c. 1600	
1600	Hamlet		Tw. N.	1600?	TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P
	M. Wives	Tw. N.			
1601	THE DAN CHARACT	All's W.			
1000	Troilus	Jul. Cæs. Hamlet	All's W.	c. 1602	
1602	Tronus	Trainict house	Troilus	c. 1602	woo
			Hamlet	c. 1602	and the
1602	Meas. for M.	Meas. for M.			171
1603	Hen. VIII	0.1.11	Mary Con M	c. 1604	SS.
1604	Othello	Othello	Meas. for M. Othello	c. 1604	die
	Lear	Macbeth	Lear	1605?	The Tragedies
1605	Lear	Lear	mil Trust 1520 30		12
	All's W.	Ant. & Cleop.	Macb.	1606?	0
1606	Macb.	Troilus	AT ANNUAL OF CALL	1.000	Th
1607	Jul. Cæs.	Cor.	Ant. & Cleop.	1607?	DESK.
1007	Tw. N.	Timon	Cor.	c. 1608	ones
1000	Ant. & Cleop.	Pericles	Timon	c. 1608	ds of
1608	Carrier son on ou		Pericles	c. 1608	Joeda
1609	Cymb.		Liver was stated on	Lenour 3	68
	[Cor.	Temp.	Cymb.	1610?	1 00
1610	Timon	C. MERCHANIS VI	Wint. Tale	1610? 1611?	The
1611	Wint. Tale	Cymb.	Temp. Hen. VIII	c. 1611	So
	(Temp.	Wint. Tale Hen. VIII	IICH. TIII	1613	
1613		TIOH. VIII			

(Titus Andr. and Pericles are not assigned a date by Malone.)

F. MADAN

NOTES ON THE SEQUENCE OF SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS

Three representative lists are here printed for comparison: (1) the order suggested by Malone, the first who handled the problem with wide knowledge and with the insight of a scholar, but who lacked much information which we now possess; (2) that adopted from Delius by Furnivall, based to some extent on metrical tests; (3) that of modern critics, so far as the available evidence, when gathered up and carefully considered, leads to definite or probable results.

F. M.

The sources on which scholars draw for their evidence are five in number:—

- (1) The Dates of Performance. Henslowe's Diary records the appearance of 'hary the vi'—i.e. the First Part of King Henry VI, as a new play, on March 3, 1592, and of 'titus and ondronicus' on January 23, 1594. John Manningham saw Twelfth Night at the Middle Temple on February 2, 1602; the Revels Accounts note court performances of Othello at Hallowmas (Nov. 1), 1604, Measure for Measure on December 26, 1604, and The Tempest at Hallowmas, 1611. Simon Forman saw Macbeth on April 20, 1610, The Winter's Tale on May 15, 1611, and Cymbeline at some intermediate date. A very important date usually ignored is the evidence of a German, Thomas Platter, who saw a play of Julius Caesar in London on September 21, 1599, followed by a jig (Anglia, Band 22, pp. 456-64); there can be little doubt that this was Shakespeare's play. But even a definite date such as that of the first performance of Titus Andronicus causes misgivings. If the text which has come down to us is Shakespeare's, it looks like poor prentice-work—an exaggerated copy of the style of Kyd, such as might have been written at the outset of his career; yet it is difficult to believe that the author of Richard III and Romeo and Juliet failed completely as an artist, but at once recovered himself with Richard III.
- (2) Literary allusions. The most important is Francis Meres's list in Palladis Tamia, 1598, of the plays then written—The Two Gentlemen of Verona, The Comedy of Errors, Love's Labour's Lost, [Love's Labour Won,] A Midsummer Night's Dream, The Merchant of Venice, Richard II, Richard III, Henry IV, King John, Titus Andronicus, and Romeo and Juliet. The famous note of Gabriel Harvey, suggesting that he had seen Shakespeare's Hamlet in 1598, raises a problem instead of solving it.
- (3) Allusions in the Plays. Unfortunately these are few in number, and more often than not prove deceptive. But a clear example is the allusion to Essex in Ireland in the chorus before the last act of King Henry V, which fixes the date of the performance between April 15 and September 28, 1599.
- (4) The Date of Publication. This always gives a downward limit and is sometimes helpful. Thus the licensing of Troilus and Cressida for publication in 1603, though no edition earlier than 1609 is now known, is a valuable clue.
- (5) Style and Versification. These are dangerous tests, but certain broad characteristics of Shakespeare's art emerge from them if they are tactfully used. The comparative frequency of rhyme and of prose is usually an indication of early and late work respectively; so too the change in modulating blank verse from a form so stereotyped at first that it tends to the couplet, to the perfect freedom of the romantic plays. Thus it is a fact of value to note that Shakespeare's use of a weakly stressed ending to the line, carrying over the rhythm to the line which follows, begins as a slight experiment in Macbeth, where two lines (II. i. 12, IV. iii. 22) end with 'and'. Again, a blind adherence to the rhyme test would make the Midsummer Night's Dream Shakespeare's earliest play; but a sober criticism will note that the fairy setting gave scope for purely poetic writing and justified a lavish use of rhyme.

The chronology of Shakespeare's plays is far from certain, and a heavy proportion of the dates assigned to them is conjectural. Perhaps what may be called a working order has been established, but even then we cannot be certain that the texts handed down to us are those of the first performance. Love's Labour's Lost was stated on the title-page of the 1598 Quarto to have been 'Newly corrected and augmented By W. Shakespere' and the text exhibits clear traces of revision.

PERCY SIMPSON

PRINTED IN GREAT BRITAIN
AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS, OXFORD
BY VIVIAN RIDLER
PRINTER TO THE UNIVERSITY

