reparaître, to reappear réparer, to repair, to mend, to restore, to make up repartir, to reply, to set out again, to leave again répartir, to divide, to distribute, to portion repas. m., meal, repast repasser, to pass (call) again, to go back, to iron, to grind repêcher, to fish up again se repentir (se repentant, repenti; je me repens, je me repentis), to repent repentir, m., repentance répéter, to repeat, to rehearse répétition, f., rehearsal réplique, f., reply, rejoinder répliquer, to reply, to rejoin répondre, to answer, to reply, to correspond, to satisfy, to answer réponse, f., answer, reply reporter, to carry back, to place, to trace back, to turn to repos, m., rest, peace se reposer, to rest, to lie down, to depend, to rely repousser, to push back, to repel, to drive back reprendre, to take again (back), to resume, to recover, to find fault with représentation, f., representation, performance, display, look représenter, to represent, to perréprimer, to repress, to check repris (Pret. of reprendre) took back, resumed reprise, f., resumption, retaking, renewal reprocher, to reproach reproduire, to reproduce, to show répugner, to be repugnant to, to

clasp with, to feel repugnance (at)

requérir, to request, to demand,

requête, f., petition, request,

requis, -e (P. P. of requérir),

application, demand

requisite, required, due

to require

PROGRESSIVE FRENCH READER .-- I. réseau, m., network, net réserve, f., reservation, reserve, réserver, to reserve, to save, to résider, to reside, to live résister, to resist, to oppose résolu, -e (P. P. of résoudre), resolved, determined, resolute, decided résolument, adv., feurlessly résolus, Pret. of résoudre résonner, to resound, to clink résoudre (résolvant, résolu, je résous, je résolus), to melt, to resolve se résoudre. to resolve, to melt, to be determined respectueu-x, -se, respectful respiration, f., breathing respirer, to breathe, to inhale ressemblance, f., resemblance, likeness ressembler, to resemble, to be like, to be alike ressentir, to feel, to experience, to se ressentir, to feel the effects of, to suffer from ressort, m., spring, elasticity, department, province ressortir, to go or to come out again, to be set off ressource, f., resource, shift restaurer, to restore, to revive reste, m., remainder, rest, remnant, remains; au reste, du reste, besides rester, to remain, to be left, to restituer, to return, to restore résulter, to result, to follow résumé, m., summary rétablir, to repair, to restore, to re-establish retard, m., delay, slowners; être en retard, to be behind one's time, to be slow (of clocks) retarder, to delay, to defer retenir, to keep back, to detain, to retain, to reserve, to restrain to check, to engage, to remember

révérer, to revere, to reverence se retenir, to retain, to forbear revers, m., back, other side, retentir, to resound, to re-echo retirer, to take back, to take out, reverse, facing se revêtir, to clothe one's self, to to draw up, to remove, to withput on, to cover one's self draw, to derive revêtu, -e (P. P. of revêtir), se retirer, to withdraw, to retire, clothed, covered to retreat, to quit rêveu-r. -se, thoughtful, tensive retour, m., return, vicissitude, retribution, decline: il est de musing revoir, to see again, to mest again, retour, he has returned retourner, to return, to go back to revise; an revoir, till we again, to turn; retourner sur meet again, good-bye révoquer, to recall, to dismiss, to ses pas, to retrace one's steps revoke; révoquer en doute, to se retourner, to turn, to turn round, to manage, to get on call in question retraite, f., retreat, retirement, revu, -e, P. P. of revoir shelter, pension revue, f., survey, review retranchement, m., intrenchment rez-de-chaussée, m., groundretrancher, to cut off, to retrench, floor to curtail, to take off; se -, to rhume, m., cold; gros rhume, reduce one's expenses severe cold ; rhume de cerveau, retrouver, to find again, to recold in the head cover Sassembly ri (P. P. of rire), laughed réunion, f., union, meeting, riant, -e (Pr. P. of rire), smiling, cheerful réunir, to reunite, to unite, to annex, to collect, to assemble, to riche, rich, wealthy, precious, call together sumptuous richesse, f., riches, wealth, richness se réunir, to unite, to meet ride, f., wrinkle, ripple réussir, to succeed, to thrive réussite, f., success, issue rideau, m., curtain, screen revanche, f., revenge, retaliarider, to wrinkle, to ripple tion, return; en revanche, in se rider, to become wrinkled, to return, by way of retaliation ripple rêve. m., dream, fancy rien ..., nothing, not anything; réveil, m., awaking, alarm-clock cela ne fait rien, that does not réveiller, to awake, to call up, to matter rien, m., nothing, mere trifle stir up, to revive rigoureu-x, -se, rigorous, severe, révélation, f., discovery révéler, to reveal, to disclose harsh, stern revendre, to sell again rigueur, f., rigour, severity, strictness revenir, to return, to come again, riposter, to parry and thrust to grow again, to recover, to rire (riant, ri; je ris, je ris), to amount : cela revient au même, laugh, to joke; rire au nez, to that amounts to the same laugh in one's face; se rire de. revenu (P. P. of revenir), come to laugh at, to jest back rire, m., laughter, laugh; gros revenu, m., revenue, income rêver, to dream, to muse, to think, rire, horse-laugh risquer, to risk to long for rivage, m., shore, beach, bank révérence, f., reverence, bow, rive, f., bank, shore, border courtesy; profonde révérence, rivière, f., river, stream low bow

riz, m., rice robe, f., dress, gown, coat; robe de chambre, dressing gown roche, f., rock, flint rocher, m., rock rogner, to cut, to clip roi, m., king roitelet, m., petty king, wren rôle, m., roll, list, part romain, -e, adj., Roman rompre, to break, to train rompu, -e (P. P.), broken, used, inured, trained up rond, -e, round, rounded ronde, f., round, roundelay; à la ronde, round, around ronfler, to snore, to roar, to peal ronger, to gnaw, to nibble, to pick, to devour roseau, m., reed rosée, f., dew rossignol, m., nightingale rôti, m., roast meat rôtir, to roast, to toast rouage, m., wheel-work roue, f., wheel, rack rouet, m., spinning-wheel rouge, red rougeâtre, reddish rouge-gorge, m., robin red-breast rougeur, f., redness, blush rougir, to redden, to blush roulement, m., roll, rolling rouler, to roll, to revolve rouille, f., rest route, f., road, way, track, course; grande route, highroad, highway; en route, on the road, on one's way, all right, go on; se mettre en route, to set out, to start rouvrir, to open again rou-x, -sse, red, red-haired royaume, m., kingdom royauté, f., royalty ruban, m., ribbon, tape rubis, m., ruby ruche, f., hive rude, rough, rugged, harsh, hard rue, f., street; grande rue, high street

ruine, f., ruin, decay ruiner, to ruin, to destroy ruisseau, m., stream, brook gutter ruisseler, to stream, to gush ruse, f., deceit, craft, trick rusé, -e, artful, cunning, sly

s' for se before a vowel or silent h s' for si (only before il, ils) sa, poss. adj. (before fem. nouns sing, beginning with a consonant), his, her, its, one's sable, m., sand, gravel sabot, m., wooden shoe, hoof sac, m., bag, sack sache, Pr. Subj. and Imper. of savoir, to know sage, adj., wise, well-behaved sage, s., sage, philosopher sagesse, f., wisdom, good-conduct saigner, to bleed, to drain saillir, to project, to jut out, to gush sain, -e, healthy, wholesome, sain et sauf, safe and sound saint, -e, holy sainteté, f., holiness, sanctity sais (je), (Pres. of savoir), I know saisir, to seize, to grasp, to catch up, to avail one's self of

se saisir (de), to seize, to lay hold of, to grasp saison, f., season, time salaire, m., hire, reward, wages sale, dirty, foul salir, to dirty, to soil, to stain salle, f., hall, room, house; salle à manger, dining-room : salle d'étude, class-room salon, m., drawing-room, saloon saluer, to salute, to hail, to cheer. to bow to, to greet salut, m., safety, salvation, greet-

ing, cheer, bow samedi, m., Saturday

sang, m., blood, race sang-froid, coolness, composure. temper, sobriety

sanglier, m., boar, wild-boar sanglot, m., sob, sobbing sans, without, were it not for, but for; sans que, conj. (with Subj.), without santé, f., health, toast sapin, m., fir, fir-tree Sarrasin, m., Saracen, bucksatisfaire, to satisfy, to please, to gratify satisfait, -e, satisfied, pleased sau-f, -ve, adj., safe sauf, prep., except, save saurai, saurais, Fut. and Cond. of savoir saut, m., leap, jump, skip, waterfall sauter, to leap, to jump, to pass over, to leave out, to explode sauvage, adj., savage, wild, untamed sauvage, s., savage sauver, to save, to rescue, to deliver, to spare se sauver, to escape, to take refuge sauveur, m., deliverer, Saviour savant, -e, adj., learned, wellinformed savant,-e,s., scholar, learned man Savoie, f., Savoy savoir (sachant, su: je sais, savons; je sus, je saurai, je sache). to know, to understand, to be aware of, to be able; faire savoir, to acquaint; savez-vous parler français? can you speak French? savoir, m., knowledge, learning savon, m., soap savoureu-x, -se, savoury, palatscélérat, m., villain, scoundrel scène, f., scene, stage science, f., science, knowledge, learning sculpteur, m., sculptor, carver sculpture, m., sculpture, carving se, refl. pron., one's self (m. and f., sing. and pl.), himself, her-

self, itself, themselves, each other

sanglant, -e, bloody, keen, deadly | séance, f., sitting, meeting seau, m., pail, brocketful sec, sèche, dry, thin, spare, dried sécher, to dry sécheresse, f., dryness, drought second (c pron. = g), m., second seconde, f. (of time), second seconder, to assist, to back secouer, to shake off, to toss, to throw off, to give a shake secourir, to succour, to relieve, to assist, to help secours, m., succour, relief, help secousse, f., shake, shock, blow séculaire, secular, a hundred vears old séduction, f., seduction, enticement, coaxing séduire (séduisant, séduit ; je séduis, je séduisis), to seduce, to bribe, to entice, to delude seigneur, m., lord sein, m., bosom, breast, heart, midst sejour, m., stay, sojourn, abode, residence sel, m., salt selle, f., saddle, stool selon, according to semaine, f., week semblable, like, similar, alike semblant, m., appearance, pre-tence, seeming; faire semblant, to pretend, to feign sembler, to seem; comme bon vous semblera, as you like semelle, f. (of shoes, boots), sole semer, to sow, to spread sens, m., sense, meaning, way, side; en tous sens, in every direction sensé, sensible, reasonable sensible, sensitive, tender sentier, m., path, track sentiment, m., sensation, perception, feeling, opinion sentinelle, f., sentinel, sentry sentir (sentant, senti ; je sens, je sentis), to feel to smell to scent

to perceive

se sentir, to know one's self, to be conscious ; ne pas se sentir de joie, to be mad with joy, to be overjoyed

séparer, to separate, to part

sept, seven, seventh

septentrional, -e, north, northern, northerly

serai (Fut. of être), shall be

sergent, m., sergeant; sergent de ville, policeman

sérieu-x, -se, serious, grave, earnest

serment, m., oath; faire serment, to swear; prêter serment, to take an oath

serre, -e, close, tight, compact, crowded, hard

serrer, to press, to clasp, to tighten, to fasten, to squeeze

se serrer, to press close to each other, to sit, stand, lie close

servante, f., maid-servant

service, m., service, attendance. unty, course, use

servir (servant, servi ; je sers, je servis), to serve, to attend, to use. to serve up; servir de, to serve as or for, to do instead of; à quoi sert de? que sert de? what is the use of? to what purpose to? servir à, to be of use

se servir, to serve, to help one's self; se servir de, to make use

serviteur, m., servant

seuil, m., threshold, sill

seul, -e, alone, only, one, single. sole, mere; tout seul, by one's

seulement, only, merely, solely, but, even

seve, f., sap, pith, strength

si, adv., so, so very, so much, ves si, conj., if, whether

siècle, m., century, age, time, world

siége, m., seat, bench, siege

sien, -ne, poss. pron.; le sien, la sienne, les siens, les siennes, his, hers (his, her, own); its its own

sieraient. Cond. of seoir, to

sifflement, m., whistling, hiss-

siffer, to whistle, to hiss, to sing sifflet, m., whistle; coup de sifflet, whistle

signe, m., sign, token, mark, nod, nink

signer, to sign, to subscribe

silencieu-x, -se, silent, still

sillon, m., furrow; pl. train,

sillonner, to furrow, to plough simple, simple, single, mere, plain, artless

singularité, f., peculiarity, od-

singuli-er, ère, singular, peculiar, odd

singulièrement, singularly oddly

sinistre, adj., sinister, inauspicious sinistre, m., disaster, accident sire, m., sir (lord), sire (title of kings)

site, m., site, scenery

sitôt, adv., so soon, as soon; sitôt que, conj., as soon as

sobre, abstemious, temperate, sparing

sobriété, f., temperance

soc, m., share, sock (of a plough) société, f., society, company, party, partnership

sœur, f., sister

soi, refl. pron., one's self, itself; chez soi, at home

soie, f., silk, hair, bristle

soif, f., thirst; avoir soif, to be thirsty

soigner, to take care of, to attend to, to nurse, to finish with great

soigneu-x, -se, careful

soin, m., care; avoir soin de, to take care of, to attend to

soir, m., evening; hier au soir, last night; des se soir, this very evening

soirée, f., evening, evening

sois, (Pr. Subj. and Imperat. of être), may be, be

soit, conj., either, or, whether sol, m., soil, ground

soldat, m., soldier; se faire soldat, to enlist

soleil, m., sun; il fait du soleil, the sun shines

solennel, -le, solemn solitaire, m., hermit

solliciter, to solicit, to entreat, to beseech, to petition

sombre, dark, gloomy, cloudy, dull, melancholy

sombrer, to founder

somme, f., sum, amount; en somme, finally, in short; bête de somme, beast of burden

sommeil, m., sleep; avoir sommeil, to be sleepy

sommeiller, to slumber

sommet, m., summit, top somptueu-x, -se, sumptuous

son, poss. adj., before masc. nouns (sa, f., ses, pl.), his, her, its, one's

son, m., sound, ringing, bran

songe, m., dream songer, to dream, to think, to

consider sonner, to sound, to ring, to

strike, to blow sont (ils), (3 p. pl. Pres. of être),

sort, m., fate, chance, lot, spell sorte, f., sort, kind, way; en (de) sorte que, so that, so as

sortir (sortant, sorti; je sors, je sortis), to go out, to come out, to emerge, to proceed, to spring

sot, -te, adj., foolish, silly ; s., fool sou, m., sou, halfpenny; gros sou, penny piece

souci, m., care, marigold se soucier (de), to care for, to mind, to be anxious about

soucieu-x, -se, anxious

soudain, -e, adj., sudden, unexpected

soudain, adv., suddenly, on a sudden

souffle, m., breath, breathing souffler. to blow, to swell, to whisper

soufflet, m., bellows, box on the

souffrance, f., suffering, endurance, suspense

souffrant, -e, suffering, poorly souffrir (souffrant, souffert; je souffre, je souffris), to suffer, to endure

soufre, m., sulphur, brimstone souhait, m., wish, desire souhaiter, to wish, to desire souiller, to soil, to dirty, to stain,

to profane soulagement, m., relief, ease,

aid, alleviation soulager, to relieve, to ease, to lighten, to comfort

soulever, to lift, to raise, to hold up, to rouse, to stir

soulier, m., shoe

soumettre, to subdue, to submit, to subject, to refer

soumis (P. P. of soumettre), submissive, obedient

soumission, f., submission soupçon, m., suspicion, surmise soupconner, to suspect, to sur-

soupconneu-x, -se, suspicious soupe, f., soup, dinner

souper, m., supper, supper-time souper, to sup, to take supper soupir, m., sigh, breath soupirer, to sigh, to long for

source, f., spring, fountain sourcil, m., eye-brow, brow sourd, -e, deaf, underhand, rum-

bling, dull, hollow souricière, f., mouse-trap

sourire, to smile, to please, to be agreeable

sourire, m., smile souris, m., smile

souris. f., mouse

sous, under, below, beneath,

souscrire, to subscribe, to consent, to submit

sous-marin, submarine

soutenir, to support, to sustain, to maintain, to hold up, to uphold

souterrain, -e, underground, subterraneous, secret souterrain, m., vault, tunnel,

underground

soutien, m., support, prop

se souvenir, to remember, to recollect, to bear in mind; s'en souvenir, to remember it

souvenir, m., remembrance, keepsake; rappeler quelque chose au souvenir de quelqu'un, to remind one of a thing

souvent, often, frequently souviens (je me), (Pr. of se souvenir), I remember

soyez, be; soyons, let us be spectacle, m., sight, show, play,

spectat-eur, -rice, spectator, looker-on, bystander

spirituel, -le, spiritual, wilty, intellectual, clever

squelette, m., skeleton stagnant, -e, stagnant, still stérile, barren, unfruitful stérilité, f., barrenness, unfruit-

stérilité, t., barr fulness

style, m., style, manner su, (P. P. of savoir), known subir, to suffer, to undergo

subit, -e, sudden, unexpected subitement, suddenly

subjuguer, to subdue, to subjugate, to overcome

subsister, to subsist, to exist substituer, to substitute

subtil, -e, subtle, fine, penetrating, shrewd

subvenir, to relieve, supply, meet succéder, to succeed, to follow (N.B.—To be successful is réussir)

succès, m., success

successivement, successively

succomber, to succumb, to sink, to yield

sucer, to suck

sucre, m., sugar

sud, m., south, south wind

suer, to perspire, to toil sueur, f., perspiration, sweat

suffire (suffisant, suffi; je suffis, je suffis,

suffisamment, enough

suffisant, sufficient, conceited

suis (je), (Pr. of être), I am suite, f., retinue, train, attend ants, continuation, consequence; de suite, one after another

de suite, one after another; tout de suite, immediately, directly

suivant, prep., according to, agreeably to, pursuant to

suivre (suivant, suivi; je suis, je suivis), to follow, to come after, to pursue

sujet, m., subject, reason, object; au sujet de, about, concerning

superbe, proud, splendid

supérieur, -e, superior, upper suppléer, to supply, to make up, to fill up

supplice, m., punishment, tor-

supplier, to beseech, to entreat supporter, to support, to bear

supposer, to suppose, to infer sûr, -e, adj., sure, secure, certain, safe, trusty, trustworthy

sur, prep., on, upon, over, above, about, towards, concerning surcharger, to overload, to overcharge

pour surcroit de (malheur, etc.), to crown (misfortune, &c.)

sûrement, surely, safely sûreté, f., safety; security

surfaire, to overcharge surgir, to arise, to spring up

surmonter, to overcome, to excel, to surmount, to rise above

surpasser, to surpass, to excel surprenant, -e, surprising

surprendre, to surprise, to overtake, to catch

surpris, P. P. of surprendre surtout, above all, especially

surveillance, f., superintendence, inspection, surveying, watch

surveiller, to survey, to watch, to superintend

survenir, to happen, to come unexpectedly

sus (Pret. of savoir), knew suspendre, to suspend, to hang

sympathiser, to sympathise symptôme, m., symptom, indica-

tion, sign
système, m., system, plan; par
système, systematically

T.

t', instead of te, before a vowel or h mute. thee

ta, poss. adj. f., thy, your tabac, m., tobacco, snuff tabatière, f., snuff-box

table, f., table, board; se mettre

tableau, m., picture, painting, table, list, board (for writing)

tablier, m., apron, pinafore tabouret, m., stool, foot-stool

tache, f., spot, stain, speck tache, f., task, job

tacher, to spot, to stain, to sully tacher, to try, to strive

taciturne, silent taille, f., cutting, shape, figure,

waist, stature, size, height tailler, to cut, to hew, to carve, to

prune, to make, to mend tailleur, m., tailor, cutter

taire (taisant, tu; je tais, je tus, je tairai), to conceal, to suppress

se taire, to remain silent, to be silent

talent, m., talent, ability, attainments

talon, m., heel

tambour, m., drum, drummer Tamise, f., Thames

tandis que, while, whilst, where-

tanière, f., den

tant, so much (many), as much (many), so, so far, as far, so

long, as long, both; tant que, as long as; tant mieux, so much the better; tant pis, so much the worse

tante, f., aunt tantôt, by and by, presently, little while aso

tapis, m., carpet, cloth; tapis de table, table-cover

tapisserie, f., tapestry, hangings, needlework, upholstery

tard, late; tôt ou tard, sooner or later; se faire tard, to get late

tarder (à), to delay, to linger, to loiter, to be long; il me tarde de..., I long to...

tarir, to dry up, to exhaust tartine, f., slice of bread (with butter, preserves, &c.)

tas, m., heap, pile, set, stack tasse, f., cup

tâter, to feel, to try, to sound taureau, m., bull

te, Objective case, thee, to thee teint, m., dye, complexion

teinture, f., dye, dyeing, smatter-

tel, -le, adj., such, like, similar, so, many; tel quel, such as it is, such as one is

tellement, so much, so, so far

téméraire, rash, bold témérité, f., temerity, rashness

témoignage, m., testimony, evidence, testimonial

témoigner, to testify, to show, to express

témoin, m., witness, testimony tempérer, to temper, to soothe, to allay

tempête, f., storm, tempest temps, m., time, weather, tense: il fait beau temps, it is fine weather; de temps en temps, now and then, occasionally; il y a quelque temps, some time

tendre, adj., tender, soft, delicate tendre, v., to stretch, to strain, to

tendresse, f., tenderness, love ténèbres, f. pl., darkness, gloom ténèbreu-x, -se, dark, gloomy tenir (tenant, tenu; je tiens, je tins, je tiendrai; que je tienne), to hold, to keep, to occupy, to possess

tenir (à), to attach importance to, to care for; s'en tenir à, to keep to, to hold by; ne savoir à quoi s'en tenir, not to know what to think of it

tentation, f., temptation
tentative, f., attempt, trial
tente, f., tent, pavilion
tenter, to attempt, to tempt
terme, m., term, limit, bound,
end, time, expression
terminer, to terminate, to finish
terne, dull, wan
terrain, m., ground, soil
terrasser, f., terrace
terrasser, to throw down on the
ground

terre, f., earth, ground, soil, land, estate; par terre, down, upon the ground, on the floor, by land

terreur, f., terror, dread, awe tes (pl. of ton, ta), thy, your tête, f., head, top, front; mal de tête, headache

thé, m., tea, tea-party
théâtre, m., theatre, stage
thème, m., subject, exercise
tien (le), poss. pron. (les tiens,
m. pl.; la tienne, les tiennes,
f. pl.), thine, yours

tiendrai, Fut. of tenir tiens (je), (Pres. of tenir), I hold tiers, tierce, third tige, f., stem, stalk, stock timide, timid, fearful, shy

tins (je), (Pret. tenir), I held tirer, to draw, to pull, to take out, to shoot, to fire, to extract, to extricate

se tirer, to get out (of), to extricate one's self (from); se tirer d'embarras, to get out of a scrape

tiroir, m., drawer

titre, m., title, right, claim, document, title-deed: à juste titre, deservedly

toi, pers. pron., thou, thee, to thee toile, f., linen, linen cloth, canvas toilette, f., toilet, dress, dressing-table; faire sa toilette, to dress

toison, f., fleece
toit, m., roof, house, dwelling
tôle, f., sheet-iron
tolerer, to tolerate, to suffer
tombeau, m., tomb, grave
tomber, to fall, to tumble; laisser
tomber, to let fall, to drop
ton (f. ta, pl. tes), poss. adi., thy

ton, m., tone, voice, manner, style, fashion; de bon ton, gentle-manly, ladylike

tondre, to shear, to clip tonneau, m., cask, tun, ton tordre, to twist, to wrench, to wring

torrent, m, torrent, stream tort, s. m., wrong, injury, harm; à tort, wrongfully; avoir tort, to be wrong; à tort et à travers, at random

tortue, f., tortoise, turtle
tôt, soon, early; tôt ou tard,
sooner or later; si tôt que, as
soon as

touchant, -e, affecting, moving toucher, to touch, to handle, to feel, to receive, to move, to concern, to be near; touchez là, let us shake hands, agreed

touffu, -e, tufted, tufty, bushy toujours, always, ever, still tour, f., tower, castle

tour, m., turn, round, winding, circumference, circuit, trip, truck; faire le tour de, to go round; faire un tour, to take a turn or a walk; tour à tour, adv., in turn, by turns

tourbillon, m., whirlwind, vortex, whirlpool, eday

tourment, m., torment, plague tourmente, f., storm, tempest tourmenter, to torment, to tease tourner, to turn, to twir! tournesol, m., sun-flower tournure, f., turn, direction, course, shape, figure tous deux (f. toutes deux), both (together)

tous les deux (f. toutes les deux), both

tout, -e, adj., (pl. m. tous, f. toutes), all, whole, every, each, any; tout le monde, everybody; tous les jours, every day

tout, m., the whole, everything; le tout, the whole, all; pas du tout, du tout, not at all; point du tout not in the least; rien du tout, nothing at all

tout, adv., wholly, entirely, quite tout à l'heure, by-and-by, just now

tout à coup, a... at once tout de suite, immediately tout-à-fait, quite, wholly, entirely toutefois, however, yet, still trace, f., trace, print, footstep, track, sign

tracer, to trace, to draw traduction, f., translation traduire (traduisant, traduit; je traduis, je traduisis; to translate

trahir, to betray, to discover trahison, f., treachery, treason train, m., train, rate, pace, retinue, bustle, noise

trainer, to drag, to draw, to protract, to put off

se trainer, to crawl, to creep traire (trayant, trait; je trais), to milk

trait, m., shaft, dart, bolt, draught, stroke, feature traité, m., treaty, treatise

traitement, m., treatment, salary traiter, to treat, to use, to handle, to negociate

traître, -tresse, traitor, adj., treacherous

trajet, m., passage, journey tranche, f., slice, edge tranchée, f., trench, ditch, drain tranquille, quiet, still, easy transférer, to transfer, to remove transfuge, m., deserter transmettre, to transmit, to convey, to transfer

transport, m., transport, conveyance, traffic

transporter, to transport, to convey, to carry, to transfer, to enrapture

trappe, trap-door travail, m. (pl. travaux), labour, work, workmanship, study

travailler, to work, to labour travailleur, m., workman, adj. hard-working

traversée, f., passage, voyage traverser, to cross, to traverse, to go through, to thwart

treillis, m., lattice, trellis; métallique, wire-gauze tremblement, m., trembling, shaking, quaking; tremblement de terre, carthouake

ment de terre, earthquake trembler, to tremble, to shake trempe, f., temper, cast, stamp tremper, to steep, to dip, to soak,

to wet through, to temper trépas, m., death très, very, very much trésor, m., treasure, treasury

tressaillir, to start, to leap, to tremble tresse, f., tress, plait

trève, f., truce
tribu, f., tribe
tribunal, m., court of justice
tribut, f., tribute
triomphe, m., triumph
triple, treble, three-fold
triste, sad, melancholy, dull,
sorrowful, poor, sorry

tristesse, f., sadness, dulness trois, three trompe, f., horn, trumpet, trunk

tromper, to deceive, to cheat, to betray, to beguile
se tromper. to mistake, to be

se tromper, to mistake, to be mistaken

trone, m., trunk, poor's box trône, m., throne; monter sur le trone, to ascend the throne trop, too, too much, too many, over trou, m., hole, gap troubadour, m., minstrel trouble, m., disturbance, tumult, agitation

troubler, to disturb, to make thick, to trouble, to di order, to confuse, to dim

troupe, f., band, flock, herd; pl. troops, forces

troupeau, m., flock, herd trousser, to tuck up, to pin up trouver, to find, to get, to meet, to deem, to like; trouver bon, to like or deem fit; aller trouver, to go to, to call on, to visit; comment trouvez vous cette bière? how do you like this beer?

se trouver, to find one's self, to be present, to stand, to happen to be; comment yous trouvezyous? how do you feel?

truelle, f., trowel
tu, pers. pron., thou
tuer, to kill, to slaughter, to
destroy
tnile, f., tile

Tur-c, -que, s. and adj., Turk,
Turkish

Turquie, f., Turkey
tutélaire, guardian, protecting
tuteur, m., guardian, prop
tuyau, m., pipe, tube, flue, shank,
tunnel, stalk, shaft
tyran, m., tyrant

U.

un, f. une, numer. adj. and indef. art., one, a, an; les uns, some uni, -e, even, smooth, plain, united

unique, only, sole, single, unparalleled, unique; un fils unique, an only son

unir, to unite, to join, to smoothe usage, m., use, usage, custom, practice, wear

user, to consume, to wear out, to exhaust; user de, to use, to make use of s'user, to be consumed, to wear out, to waste usine, f., manufactory, works

ustensile, m., utensil, implement

utile, useful, profitable
utiliser, to employ, to make use
of

utilité, f., usefulness, use

V.

va, 2 p.s. Imperat. of aller, to go, va-t'en, go (thou) away, begone va (il) (3 p. s. Pres. of aller), he

ya (1) (3 p. s. Fres. of aller), he goes, he is about to, &c.; comment va votre père? how is your father? il va le faire, he is going to do it; cet habit va bien, this coat fits well

vacance, f., vacancy; pl., vacation, holidays

vache, f., cow, cow-hide

vague, f., wave, billow, surge vague, adj., vague, uncertain vain, -e, vain, useless, self-con-

vain, -e, vain, useless, self-conceited

vaincre (vainquant, vaincu; je vaincs, je vainquis) to conquer, to vanquish, to subdue

vainqueur, m., conqueror, vic-

vais (je) (Pres. of aller), I go, I am about to; je vais lire, I am going to read; je m'en vais, I am going away

vaisseau, m., ship, man of war,

vaisselle, f., gold or silver plate, dishes

valet, m., servant, footman
valeur, f., value, worth, valour,
bravery

valide, able-bodied
valise, f., portmanteau, mail-

vallée, f., valley, vale vallon, m., dale

valoir (valant, valu; je vaux, je valus, je vaudrai; que je vaille), to be worth, to be as good as, to

yield, to bring in; valoir mieux, to be better; faire valoir, to turn to account, to set off

vanter, to extol, to boast vapeur, f., vapour, steam; bateau à vapeur, steamboat; machine à vapeur, steam-engine

varié, -e, varied, variegated vase, f., mud, mire

vase, m., vase, vess i vaudrai, vaudrais (Fut. and Cond. of valoir), shall (should) be worth

vaut (il) (Pres. of valoir), is worth as much, is as good as

vautour, m., vulture veau, m., calf, veal vécu (P. P. of vivre), lived

veille, f., watch, day before; pl., labours, night-labours; à la veille de, on the eve of

veiller, to wake, to sit up, to watch; veiller à (sur), to look (after), to see (to), to take care (of)

velours, m., velvet venaison, f., venison vendange, f., vintage vendre, to sell vendredi, m., Friday

venger, to revenge, to avenge se venger, to revenge one's self

venir (venant, venu; je viens, je vins, je viendrai; que je vienne), to come, to reach, to grow, to happen, to occur, to rise, to run, venir à bout de, to master, to conquer; en venir aux mains, to come to blows; faire venir, to send for; je viens de le faire, I have just done it

vent, m., wind; grand vent, high wind, strong gale; il fait du vent, it is windy

vente, f., sale

ventre, m., stomach, belly venu, -e, P. P. of venir, to come, to arrive

ver, m., worm, mite, moth; ver luisant, glow-worm

verbe, m., verb verdir, to grow green verge, f., rod, verge, birch verger, m., orchard, fruit-garden véritable, true, genuine vérité, f., truth; en vérité, indeed

vermeil, -le, vermilion, coral,

vermisseau, m., grub, worm verrai (Fut. of voir), shall see verre, m., glass; verre à vin,

verre, m., glass; verre à vin, wine-glass; verre de vin, glass of wine vers, s. m., verse, poetry

vers, prep., towards, about, to versant, m., side, slope versé, -e, versed, skilled verser, to pour, to spill, to shed,

to discharge, to upset
vert, -e, green, fresh, tart, un
dried

vertu, f., virtue, property veste, f., jacket, vest

vêtement, m., garment; pl., clothes, dress, wearing-apparel

vêtir (vêtant, vêtu; je vêts, je vêtis), to clothe, to dress, to put on

vêtu -e (P. P. of vêtir), clothed veuille (Pr.Subj. of vouloir), may veuillez (Imperat. of vouloir), please, be good enough

veuve, f., widow veux, veut (Pr. of vouloir) will

viande, f., meat, &c. victoire, f., victory vide, adj., void, vacant, empty vide, m., emptiness, void, blank vider, to empty, to clear

vie, f., life, existence vieille, adj. (f. of vieux), old, aged; s., old woman

vieillard, m., old man; pl., old people

vieillesse, f., old age, old beople, oldness

vieillir, to grow or make old viens (Pr. of venir), come vierge, f., virgin, maid

vieux (vieil before a vowel or h
mute), m., vieille, f., old, aged
ancient

smart, sharp, keen, eager, passionate

vigne, f., vineyard

vigoureu-x, -se, stout, vigorous,
strong

vigueur, f., vigour, strength vil, -e, vile, base, mean vilain, m., miser, niggard

vilain, -e, adj., ugty, wretched, bad, mean, dirty

villageois, -e, villager, cottager,
rustic

ville, f., town, city; en ville, in town, out

vin, m, wine
vinaigre, m., vinegar
vingtaine, f., twenty, score
vins (Pret. of venir), came
violon, m., violin, violinist

virent, (Pret. of voir), saw vis (Pr. of vivre), live vis (Pret. of voir), saw visage, m., face, countenance

vis-à-vis, opposite, over against viser, to aim, to sign, to back visible, visible, obvious

vision, f., vision, sight visiter, to visit, to inspect, to search

vite, adv., quickly, quick, fast vitesse, f., quickness, swiftness, velocity

vivant, -e, living, alive, lively vivement, lively, quickly, smart-

ly, strongly, keenly
vivre (vivant, vécu; je vis, je
vécus), to live, to be alive, to

vivre, m., living, food; pl., provisions, stores

voeu, m., vow, wish, will

voici, behold, here is, here are, this is, these are; we voici, here I am; le voici, here he is la voici, here she is; les voici, here they are; le voici qui vient, here he comes

voie, f., way, road, means, track,

voilà, behold, there is, there are, that is, those are, such is, such are; voilà quinze jours, it is now a fortnight; le voilà, there (now) he is; les voilà, there (now) they are; vous voilà, there you are; voilà que, see, all at once, suddenly

voile, m., veil. cover, pretence voile, f., sail; faire voile, to sail; mettre à la voile, to sail,

voiler, to veil, to cover, to hide voir (voyant, vu; je vois, je vis, je verrai), to see, to behold, to visit, to frequent; faire voir, to show; voyons! let us see, let me see! come!

voisin,-e, adj., neighbouring, near voisin, -e, s., neighbour voisinage, m., neighbourhood

voisinage, it, neighborhood voiture, f., carriage, whicle, conveyance; voiture à deux chevaux, carriage and pair; descendre de voiture, to alight from a carriage; monter en voiture, to step into a carriage

voiturer, to convey, to cart, to

voiturier, m., carrier, driver voix, f., voice, vote, opinion; à haute voix, loudly; de vive voix, verbally

vol, m., flight, soaring vol, m., stealing, robbing, theft

volage, volatile, fickle volaille, f., poultry, fowl

volcan, m., volcano volée, f., flight, flock, herd, rank, volley

voler, to fly, to fly about voler, to steal, to rob

voleu-r, -se, thief, robber volonté, f., will, mind, pleasure

volontiers, willingly, readily voltiger, to flutter, to hover, to wave, to vault

vomir, to vomit, to belch vont (3 p.pl. Pr. of aller), they go, they are about to

vos, pl. of votre, your voter, to vote

votre, poss. adj. (pl. vos), your

le vôtre, la vôtre, les vôtres, poss. pron., yours, your own

voudrais, voudrais, (Fut. and Cond. of vouloir), shall (should) want

vouer, to vow, to devote, to con-

vouloir (voulant, voulu; je veux, je voulus, je voudrai; que je veuille), to will, to wish, to be willing, to desire, to like, to want, to require; en vouloir à ..., to bear ill-will to..., to have a grudge against...; vouloir dire, to mean; je veux bien, I am willing, I have no objection

vouloir, m., will vous, pers. pron., you, ye; tout a vous, yours very truly voute. f., vault, arch

voyage, m., journey, voyage, trip voyager, to travel, to sail [senger voyageu-r, -se, traveller, pasvoyais (Impf. of voir), saw voyant (P. P. of voir) seeing

voyant, m. seer, soothsayer vrai, -e, true, real, genuine,

earnest, right
vraisemblable, likely
vraisemblance, likelihood

vu, -e, P. P. of voir, to see vu que, considering that, because vue, f., sight, view, light, design;

à vue d'œil, visibly vulgaire, adj., vulgar, common,

trivial
vulgaire, m., vulgar, common
people, common, herd

Y.

y, adv., there, here, thither, within, at home; y avoir, there to be; il y a, there is (are); y a-t-il, is (are) there? il y a trois mois, three months ago; y a-t-il longtemps? is it long since? y a-t-il loin? is it far off?

y, pers. pron., (to) him, (to) her, (to) it, (to) them yeux (pl. of œil), m., eyes

Z.

zèle, m., zeal, ardour, devotion zélé, -e, zealous zinc, m., zinc, spelter zone, f., zone, belt

- N.B.-(1) Words and Phrases not contained in the original text are given in parenthesis (). Verbs being given in the Infinitive, Nouns and Adjectives in the Singular, it will be for the pupil to adapt them to the context.
 - (2) Eng'ish words in square brackets [] are to be left out in translating.
 - (3) The numbers at the end of the sentences refer to the page and line of the passage in the original French text which is to

FONDATION DE LA MAISON DE DIEU.

I.- (p. I, l. I to l. 16).

- 1. Where does the city (la cité) of Jerusalem stand? (1, 3.)
- 2. Let us till the fields that we have inherited from our fathers.
- 3. When the harvest time comes, we shall tie our sheaves. —(1, 7.)
- 4. We shall make two equal stacks of them. (1, 8.)
- 5. 'We have had a very good idea,' said we to ourselves. (1, 10.)
- 6. Is it fair that your share should be as large as mine? (1, 12.)
- 7. I had not noticed it !-What (quoi)?-That you had added some sheaves to my stack. (1, 14.)
- 8. I woke in (= at) the middle of the night, and said to myself:-

II.-(p. 1, l. 17 to p. 2, l. 12).

4. I am [a] bachelor (garçon), and I have no one to help me in my work. (1, 17.)

- I 'should like to' (Condit. of vouloir) have a companion to comfort me in my toils! (1, 18.)
- 3. On the following day I 'suited the action to the word' (say—did as I had thought).—(I, 23.)
- 4. We repaired to the fields. (1, 24.)
- 5. We could not account for the prodigy. (2, 3.)
- 6. One fine morning (matin, m.) we met in the middle of the field.
 (2, 7.)
- 7. We were carrying the gifts (don, m.) that we intended for each other. (2, 7.)
- 8. They will build a house consecrated (consacré) to God on the spot where such a good action had been done. (2, 9-12.)

LE FLEUVE TARI.

III. - (p. 2, l. 14 to l. 40).

- I. Who was one day watering his camels at the waters of a lake? (2, 14.)
- He was surprised to (surpris de) see his shepherd's staff (houlette, f),
 which he dropped, disappear (disparaître) through an underground outlet. (2, 17.)
- 3. He took (prit) a big stone and stopped the issue through which the waters escaped. (2, 17.)
- 4. What (quelle) was his surprise (surprise, f.) when sometime after some emissaries from Persia arrived with his staff. (2, 22.)
- 5. 'This shepherd's staff,' said they, 'has been carried down to (en)
 Persia by a river which immediately (immédiatement) after dried
 up.' (2, 19.)
- 6. 'Fearing lest (craindre que....ne, with the following verb in the subjunctive) the want of water might cause (causer) a famine, the Sultan has sent us here; '(2, 20.)
- 7. We 'are to' (Pres. of devoir) 'discover the cause (cause, f.) of this mysterious (mystérieux) drying up (tarissement, m.) of the waters.' (2, 22.)
- 8. 'The Sultan will give half his kingdom to him who can 'cause' his river 'to flow' (faire couler...). -(2, 32.)
- 9. 'Is that all?' asked the shepherd.—'No, he will also give him his daughter 'in marriage' (en mariage, m.).'—2, 32.)
- 10. Very well; go [and] tell your lord (seigneur) that even before his emissaries have returned, the waters of the lost river will bedew the parched (desséches) fields of Persia. (2, 33.)

L'HÔTELLERIE.

IV.-(p. 3, l. 1 to l. 26).

Relate the story from l. 1 to l. 12 in the first person singular :-

- I. Travelling in Tartary, I arrived, &c., and thus sentences 2 to 5 (i.e to the 12th line.)
- The king who happened to pass smiled at my mistake, and asked me:—(3, 13.)
- 7. 'H.w can you mistake the king's palace for an inn?' (3, 15.)
- 8. The dervish asked the (= to the) king to (de) allow him to put a few questions to him.—(3, 17.)
- 9. 'Who (has) built this palace, and who lived in it 'first' (le premier) ? (3, 19.)
- to. 'And who lived in it after your ancestors?'
- II. 'I wonder (s'étonner) who will live in it when you 'are' (=will bel dead (mort).' (3, 22.)
- 12. 'Why (mais)! your palace seems (sembler) to change its inhabitants as often as a caravansary!' (3, 24.)

GRANDEUR D'ÂME.

V.-(p. 3, l. 28 to p. 4, l. 16).

- A bridge over (sur) the Adige had been carried away by an inundation. (3, 28.)
- 2. The toll-gatherer's (péager, m.) house stood (se trouver) on the only (seul) arch that remained. (3, 29.)
- 3. 'It was heart-rending to' (cela fendait le cœur de) hear the poor people cry for help. (3, 31.)
- 4. The pillars were destroyed one after the other by the waters of the river. (3, 33.)
- 5. That sight (spectacle, m.) 'is enough' (suffire) to move us with pity.
 (3, 34.)
- Who has the courage to deliver the toll-gatherer's family?—I offer him a reward. (3, 34.)
- 7. You will risk being crushed (écrasé) under the arch. (3, 36.)
- 8. 'What is the matter?' asked a peasant who happened to pass. (4. 4.)
- 9. 'Now they are all saved!' exclaimed (s'écrier) the bystanders (assistant, m.). (4, 9.)
- 10. 'Here is the reward that I have promised you (=to you.)-(4, 11.)
- 11. These poor people are in greater need of your money than he!—
 (4, 15.)

LE CHIEN FIDÈLE.

VI.-(p. 4, l. 18 to p. 5, l. 15).

- I shall ride instead of (au lieu de, with following verb in the Infinit.) walking (aller à pied). (4, 18)
- 2. A considerable sum of money is due to me. (4, 19.)
- 3. When I have (= shall have) received my money, I shall resume my journey homewards. (4, 21.)
- 4. I dropped my purse without being aware of it. (4, 24.)
- 5. As my dogs could not succeed in 'picking it up' (ramasser), they began to bark. (4, 26.)
- 6. I order you to be silent! (4, 29.)
- 7. The dogs barked as if they wanted us to dismount. (4, 32.)
- 8. I shall lay the blame on you. (4, 34.)
- 9. Make them understand that they are to retrace their steps. (4, 35.)
- 10. We cannot help looking back! (5, 5.)
- 11. When my driver perceived that he had lost my trunk (5, 7), he asked me 'the French' (=how one says in French) for 'lost.'
- 12. I answered—'perdu!'—'Well then' (eh bien!), said he, 'your trunk is perdu!'

L'ANTHROPOPHAGE.

VII. - (p. 5, 1. 16 to p. 6, 1. 18).

- 1. We lost our way in the midst of a dense wood. (5, 18.)
- 2. And how did you spend the night?—Under a tree. (5, 19.)
- 3. But we could not sleep, because we heard the wolves (loup, m.) howl (hurler) in the neighbouring thicket (fourré, m.). (5, 21.)
- 4. I isten! The wolf is talking to the she-wolf (louve, f.).
- 5. We were nearly dying with fright! (5, 27.)
- 6. Where have you read that there are cannibals?—In the story (conte, m.) of 'Hop o' my Thumb' (le petit Poucet.)
- 7. Let us get up, open the window, and jump down!
- 8. The butchers (boucher, m.), who had big knives in 'their hands (=the hand), came and opened the doors.
- 9. We thought (that) our last hour had come! (6, 5.)
- : D. We entreat you not to kill us! (6, 6.)
- 11. We don't believe you to be cannibals. (6, 9.)
- 12. When we heard (=learnt) that the butchers had been speaking of their little pigs, we burst out laughing. (6, 13.)
- 13. We shall not listen at the doors again. (6, 18.)

LE CHIEN DE BRISQUET.

VIII.-p. 6, l. 20 to p. 7, l. 17).

- 1. That worthy man is a shoemaker (cordonnier, m.) by trade. (6, 22.)
- 2. 'My wife is called "Vixen" (Renarde), said master Fox. (6, 25.)
- My cat is white all over, except the tail (queue, f.), which is dark brown (brun foncé). (6, 29.)
- 4. I remember the time when there came such a lot of foxes into our woods. (6, 34.)
- 5. We had such difficulty in earning our livelihood. (6, 36.)
- 6. Why are you afraid of the wolf?—On account of his sharp (aigu) teeth. (6, 38.)
- The worthy man begged his wife not to let the chickens (poulet, m.) run about as long as the hawk épervier, m.) was near (proché).
 (7, 1.)
- 8. Have they not room enough to run about in the poultry-yard (bassecour)? (7, 4.)
- 9. They ask for nothing else than to pick up wherewith (de quoi) to live. (7, 7.)
- 10. 'Dear me; how late you are!' said the vixen to the fox. (7, 11.)
- Let us go as far as the pond (étang, m.), and see if our ducks (canard, m.) are not coming back. (7, 15.)
- 12. Let us take good care to see if there are no ducklings (caneton), missing. (7, 17.)

IX.-(p. 7, l. 19 to p. 8, l. 15).

- We walked on until (jusqu'à ce que) we had joined one another again. (7, 20.)
- 2. The children were sent to go and meet their father. (7, 28.)
- 3. Why have you taken another road? (7, 29.)
- 4. Suppose we were to take our dog with us! (7, 31.)
- 5. We shouted in vain; we soon lost sight of them. (7, 34.)
- 6. We began to cry, because we fancied we had lost our way. (7, 35.)
- After the babes (enfant, m.) in the wood had run for a long time, they fancied they could recognize the voice of their parents.
 (7, 37.)
- 8. Red Ridinghood's grandmother (p. 33) was on the point of being devoured by the hungry (affamé) wolf. (7, 41.)
- 9. When the faithful dog was found dead, there was no one who did not cry (pleurer). (8, 7.)
- to. When shall we meet again? (8, 5.)

LE TRÉSOR DE SIMONIDE.

X.-(p. 8, l. 18 to l. 36).

- 'When I had hoarded up money enough,' said Arion, 'I embarked for Corinth.' (8, 19 and 21.)
- 2. 'When we were off (à la hauteur de) the island, we were ship-wrecked. (8, 22.)
- 3. We carried away as much as we could and escaped. (8, 22.)
- 4. When we asked them why they did not burden themselves with anything; (8, 23.)
- 5. They replied that they had all their own with them. (8, 25.)
- 6. Why were so many of the shipwrecked people drowned? (8, 27.)
- 7. When we landed we were robbed by a gang (bande, f.) of thieves. (8, 29.)
- 8. We shall take pleasure in receiving 'such a distinguished guest' (=a guest [hôte, m.] so distinguished [distingué]). (8, 33.)

LA DISPUTE.

XI.-(p. 9, l. 1 to l. 15).

- I. Which (lequel) of the tw boys has seen the oyster (hultre, f.) first? (9, 3.)
- 2. It is not yours, for it is not you that has (=have) seen it first. (9, 3.)
- 3. If you have picked it up, it belongs to you. (9, 4.)
- 4. If you come to blows, you will repent of it (se repentir de). (9, 4.)
- 5. Here is a witness who will settle the quarrel. (9, 7.)
- This oyster shell belongs to you, because you have seen the oyster first. (9, 9.)
- 7. The other shell is for you, since you have picked it up. (9, 10.)
- 8. But to whom does the oyster belong?—Do you mean to (entendre) keep (garder) it for yourself?
- Of course (cela va sans dire), I shall keep it as a fee for my arbitration (arbitrage, m.).

CONFIANCE MÉRITÉE

XII.-(p. 9, l. 17 to l. 36).

- 1. Can you tell me where the prince had taken refuge? (9, 17.)
- 2. By whom was the fortress (forteresse, f.) of Sebastopol invested?—
 By the allied (allie) armies of the French, English, and Italians.
 (9, 18.)

- 3. We had the good fortune not to be recognized by the soldiers. (9, 20.)
- 4. It is well known in the town that the prince is not in the castle.
 (9, 21.)
- 5. It will be necessary for us to separate from our companions. (9, 22.)
- 6. The poor fugitives (fugitif, m.) were left alone to their fate. (9, 23.)
- We shall venture to approach (s'approcher de) that town, though we know well (§ 106, e) that the garrison (garnison, f.) is not of our party. (9, 25.)
- 8. We come to ask you for a bit (morceau, m.) of bread and a glass (verre, m.) of water. (9, 27.)
- 9. We give them credit for enough generosity (générosité, f.) not to take unfair advantage of our distress (détresse, f.). (9, 29.)
- 10. The noblemen to whom we applied hastened to assist us. (9, 34.)
- II. They kept our secret. (9, 36.)

ULYSSE CHEZ LES CYCLOPES.

XIII.-(p. 10, l. 2 to l. 29).

- When Ulysses left that coast (côte, f.), he soon reached the island of the Cyclopes, where he cast anchor. (10, 29.)
- 2. They were people who 'according to' (selon) tradition had only one eye. (10, 3; 11, 10.)
- And where did they live?—Quite (tout) alone in the caves of their mountains. (10, 6.)
- 4. What did Ulysses see rising in the distance?—A little smoke; and he heard the sheep bleat (béler). (10, 10.)
- 5. He told his companions to (de) wait whilst (tandis que) he 'would go' (condit.) and see who the inhabitants (habitant, m.) were.
- 6-12. Relate lines 17 to 29 in the 3rd person plural.

XIV.—(p. 10, l. 30 to p. 11, l. 15).

- 1. Why were the Cyclopes not in their caverns?—(10, 30.)
- 2. I suppose (supposer) that they were tending their flocks of lambs and goats. (10, 31.)
- 3. Had not they any kids (capri)?—Of course.
- 4. Ulysses' companions incited him to fill his pockets (poche, f.) with provisions and to make off. (10, 37.)
- But I need (avoir besoin de) not tell you that he would (Pret. of vouloir) not listen to them. (10, 39.)
- 6. He was anxious to see a man who had but one eye. (10, 39.)

- 7. Meanwhile they made a fire and warmed themselves (se chauffer).
 (11, 1.)
- 8. When at last the Cyclopes entered (in) the cavern, we were seized with (saisir de) terror. (11, 3.)
- There is such a noise in this room that I cannot hear what (ce que) you say. (10, 5.)
- 10. 'I will make the sheep enter the cavern and shut the entrance of it with a piece of rock,' said the giant to himself.
- II. Now I will sit down and begin to milk the sheep. (II, II.)
- 12. This creamy (crémeux) milk will make excellent cheese.
- 13. But now let us light a fire!

XV.-(p. 11, l. 16 to l, 42).

- 1. 'Who are these strangers, and where do they come from?'(10, 16.)
- 'My companions are not brigands scouring the sea,' replied Ulysses; 'they are honest Greeks, I assure (assurer) you.' (11, 18.)
- 3. 'Has the storm cast you on our coasts?' (11, 20.)
- 4. 'Yes, we are "on our return" (= come back) from a ten years' expedition (11, 21), and the storms have destroyed our ships.' (11, 32.)
- 5. 'I implore you 'on my' (a) knees to give us hospitality.' (11, 22.)
- But the Cyclops, who did not fear the gods and did not remember that Jupiter was the defender of strangers, told Ulysses that he was crazed. (II, 24.)
- 7. 'I don't care for your gods,' added (ajouter) he. (11, 28.)
- 8. What 'has become of' (= are become, Past Part. of devenir) your ships?—
- 9. Our ships?—Yes, your ships!—Why, have I not told you that they have been destroyed by the storms?—(11, 32.)
- 10. 'And so you and your companions here (que voici) have alone escaped from the shipwreck?'—(11, 34.)
- II. You have come 'in the very nick of time' (tout à point); I was just about to get my supper (souper, m.) ready (to get ready = préparer.)
- 12. Saying this (= at these words), the ogre seized two of the strangers, and—we never saw them again. (11, 35.)

XVI.-(p. 12, l. 1, to l. 42).

- I. We had a good mind to attack the ogres and to run our swords through their bodies (singular).—(12, 2.)
- 2. Could Ulysses alone have removed the stone which served for a door? (12, 4-11.)

- 3. Even if the battle had turned to their advantage, would they not have perished? (12, 5.)
- 4. On the next morning the shepherds got up and began to milk their cows. (12, 8.)
- 5. What (quoi) are you thinking of?—Of our misfortunes. (12, 16.)
- 6. Why did Ulysses order the trunk to be roughed out? (12, 18.)
- 7. The companions drew lots to know which of them should attack the giants. (12, 21.)
- 8. I should have been very glad (aise), if the lot had fallen to me.
- 9. Ulysses approached Polyphemus (*Polyphème*) and asked him to drink a cup of wine. (12, 27.)
- 10. When the Cyclops had emptied three cups, he lost his head. (12, 38.)
- 11. What is your name, 'old fellow' (mon vieux)?—My name is 'Nobody.'—
- 12. Nobody?—Yes, my father and mother called me Nobody. (12, 40.)

XVII. - (p. 13, l. 1 to l. 36).

- I. Who will be devoured last (= the last)?--(13, 1.)
- 2. Goliath fell on his back. (13, 3.)
- 3. When the dog awakes, he stretches his limbs. (13, 4.)
- 4. The blacksmith plunged the red-hot iron into the water. (13, 12.)
- 5. What has happened to him?—To whom?—To poor Polyphemus. (13, 22.)
- 6. Has any harm been done to him? (18, 23.)
- 7. I cannot help it. (13, 27.)
- 8. Why don't you apply to your master? (13, 28.)
- 9. Ulysses rejoiced at the mistake into which the name of Nobody had led the Cyclopes. (13, 29.)
- Io. I hope I shall overtake you, although I am lame (boileux.) (13, 32.)
- 11. Let us sit down. (13, 34.)
- 12. Ulysses will ponder over the means of escaping from the Cyclopes. (13, 36.)

XVIII.-(p. 13, l. 37 to p. 15, l. 29).

- 1. Are you not aware of the stratagem?—(14, 1.)
- 2. Why does he not go out last of all?—(14, 6.)
- 3. I thought (that) he would not suffer us to leave after him. (14, 7.)
- 4. The wicked men will not escape their fate; they will get the reward of their wickedness. (14, 12-29.)