

pains located in the frontal sinuses, worse at night, throat was inflamed.

Kali hydr., 3d trit., was now given, and successively the 2d and 1st trit. were tried for several days, with no apparent benefit. Finally the crude drug was given, five grs. in a half tumbler of water, and a teaspoonful given every three hours, from this time improvement dates.

Nov. 9th, 1873. There is an ulcer at site of old swelling presenting excessive granulation, about size of a nickel cent. Probing revealed dead bone, sesqui carb. of potash was applied locally to hasten exfoliation of bone.

Nov. 23d. A free incision over seat of diseased bone was made to facilitate removal of dead bone. The last named remedy was continued, and the wound was made to granulate from the base outward, which it did.

Feb., 1873. The patient is to all appearances well, no outward or other evidence existing of any remaining disease. Patient has gained largely in weight, and looks robust and hearty. (N. Schneider, O. M. and S. R., v. 7, 1873, No. 3.)

Ovaries.

Diagnostic signs of *ovarian disease* are according to Dr. Epps, swelling of the breasts and the retraction of the nipple. (A. H. Z., v. 87, p. 62.)

Miss M., æt. 20, about the close of catamenia, worked out of doors during a moist, drizzly day. During the night had agonizing pain in lower abdominal region; sent prescription, and two or three days after saw her. Pains continued, but less acute; tender spot over the left ovary; tongue heavily coated, white. R. *Cupr. ars.*³, every two hours, followed by rapid recovery. (J. H. Marsden, H. M., Jan., 1873, p. 260.)

Chronic Ovaritis. Colored woman, æt. 42, suffered for twenty years, with pain in lower part of the abdomen; worse in the left ovarian region. Pains come on about 3 o'clock in the morning; relieved by motion and by eating; likes acid things; left ovary is tender to pressure. Before, during and after stool has pains. Leucorrhœa thick, yellow and burning. Vertigo with staggering when walking; feels very faint on getting up in the morning; has to lie with head high on account of shortness of breath. Menses

too early. Has stoppage of urine; it flows, stops, and then flows again. Cured by *Iodine*^{1m}. (H. N. Martin, A. J. H. M. M., v. 6, p. 159.)

Diagnosis of Ovarian Tumors. By Prof. Spiegelberg. (N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 165.)

Ovarian Tumor. Cured by *Apis*^{40m}. (Piersons, N. A. J. H., v. 21, p. 553.)

A young woman, æt. 25, suffering for five years. Extreme weakness and lassitude; cannot walk much on account of the weakness and trembling of the legs, especially in the open air, when, however, the other symptoms are better. Worse in every respect from heat and warm weather. Walks bent over, with the hand applied to the right side. Sallow complexion, expression of suffering in face. Occasionally has a sharp pain like a stab in right pelvic region, obliging her to bend double and press strongly with her hand on the part. Appetite variable, mostly poor; sleeps badly, often wakes tired; catamenia too soon by one or two days, scanty, dark-colored, offensive, accompanied by almost constant, sharp, cutting pains, obliging her to bend double, screaming and tossing about in agony. Difficulty of breathing during menses. During the interval, yellow, thick, offensive leucorrhœa. Bowels constipated. A well-defined tumor in right iliac fossa, about the size of a cocoon, elastic feel, but hard, immovable, and the seat of a cutting pain at intervals. During the attacks of colic, much bilious vomiting. Uterus prolapsed, inclined to left side; owing to pressure of tumor it was immovable. Under previous allopathic treatment the tumor had been punctured by trocar once or twice, developing fully its cystic character.

After four doses of *Coloc.* (one a week), the suffering at the menstrual period was much increased, though there was no flow. *Coloc.*^{1m}, single dose, made some improvement. A month after, *Coloc.*^{100m}, single dose, since which she has constantly improved in all respects; after five months the tumor could not be detected, and she feels well. (J. G. Gilchrist, M. L., v. 10, p. 632.)

Ovarian Tumors. A painful swelling of the breast about the size of a walnut, was cured in a fortnight with *Conium*¹. Subsequently a hard, round tumor, the size of a large orange was discovered in the right iliac fossa. It reached to the median line of the abdomen, and was nearly joined by a similar hard round tumor growing up from the left iliac fossa. These tumors were hard, round, and slightly movable; hard pressure caused a little pain;

the little inconvenience from them was from their weight, which seemed out of all proportion to their size. The patient took *Graphit.*¹² for several months, and the tumors disappeared. *Graphit.* was given because of its known power to cure enlargement of the testicles. (Dudgeon, B. J. H., 1873, p. 183.)

Ovarian Tumors. After *Laches.* failed, general health improved under *Lilium*; the tumors diminished under *Platin.* (M. B. Jackson, N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 93.)

Uterus.

Leucorrhœa. *Acolipha ind.*³ cured a leucorrhœa in a consumptive patient, that was sometimes thick and sometimes watery. (C. Neidhard, U. S. M. and S. J., v. 8, p. 146.)

Therapeutics of uterine discharges. *Acon.*—*Bufo.* By Henry Minton. (A. J. H. M. M., v. 7.)

Uterine Displacements. By Prof. Schröder. The cause of the normal position of the uterus lies in its total connection with the neighboring organs, so long as the position is not altered by changes in the organ itself, or through external causes. In pure versions the form of the uterus is normal, in flexions the cervix retains its normal position in the upper part of the vagina, and only the body of the uterus deviates by sharp deflection or by a round arch. In practice we mostly find mixed forms. Flexions are the most important anomaly as they may prevent gestation. (N. A. J. H., v. 21, p. 328.)

Uterine Displacements. *Lil. tig.*⁶ has good effects. Symptoms: anteversion; bearing down sensation in uterine region when standing, and sometimes when recumbent, with frequent, but sometimes ineffectual urgency to urinate and defecate, and frequent inclination to press the hand against the vulva or hypogastrium for relief; dragging down sensation, extending from epigastric region towards pelvis. (H. V. Miller, H. M., Feb., 1873, p. 344.)

Inversion of Uterus. After adherent placenta removed by force, complete inversion. Treated unsuccessfully with remedies. *Helon.*³⁰, *Nux.*²⁰, *China*²⁰, *Sulphur*²⁰, *Calc. ac.*²⁰, *Bellad.*³⁰, *Secal.*²⁰, *Sepia*, and pressure from rubber bags; reposition accomplished by instrument described. (N. E. M. G., May, 1873, p. 228; Mary J. Safford, N. E. M. G., May, 1873, p. 226.)

Inversion of the Uterus. By Dr. L. M. Pratt. Irregular labor; placenta came away with severe pains and considerable hemorrhage. On making an examination for any deciduous membrane, a large spherical tumor was detected protruding from the vagina. The doctor brought immediately the fingers of his right hand in the form of a cone, depressed the central part of the tumor with their points, carried his hands through the vagina, the uterine orifice, quite up to the fundus of the womb. Re-inversion took place with very little suffering to the patient, or loss of blood. (N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 71.)

Uterine Hydatids. A lady, who had passed through a normal pregnancy fifteen months prior, experienced the return of her menses, six weeks having elapsed since the last period. This show continued only a few hours, then returned at irregular intervals, and in varied quantities, say every three or four days, for a month. At this time, after a brief cessation of the show, there occurred a free flow of menstrual blood, continuing twelve days, which on the twelfth day amounted to an alarming hemorrhage. From December 1st, the time this hemorrhage occurred first, until December 25th, there was more or less discharge of blood every twenty-four hours, which sometimes was of a dark menstrual color, and at other times of a pale color, like that which passes towards the close of the regular menstrual period.

During all this time, there had been none of the usual signs of pregnancy, and the most careful examination by the touch and speculum, failed to elicit any signs of hydatids. The os uteri was however somewhat open and soft, readily yielding to the touch, though of a normal color. The patient complained of much soreness and lameness of the pubic arch, so that she was unable to sit up but little of the time for three months, and at times during this period there appeared circumscribed, hard swellings in the lower abdomen, about the size and shape of an apple split in halves, sometimes in one side and at other times in the other side of the median line, and again directly in the median line, accompanied by a dull pain, increased by contact with them; the appetite and digestion were good and natural as in health. After the use of different remedies indicated, with no results but a temporary alleviation of some symptoms, tried the effect of Dr. H. Palmer's electro-voltaic pocket battery.

I applied the battery once internally with the womb instrument, and twice externally with the metallic brush, once in each of the

two days, following the internal application, aiming thus to excite a reaction, and so check the discharges, and reduce the swellings. About half an hour after the last application, the patient complained of severe bearing down pains in the uterus, and after two hours suffering, a mass of hydatids was discharged, followed by severe hemorrhage, nausea and vomiting. The mass when washed filled a pint and a half measure. For a week or two prior to this discharge, a slight enlargement of the uterus could be felt externally, as of a four months pregnancy. Four days after discharge of the hydatid mass a large mass of clotted blood was discharged, and in two weeks another smaller one, preceded and followed by the flow of a colorless fluid of about a pint and a half in quantity altogether, followed by faintness and coldness of the body, with no appearance of hydatids in these clots. (O. E. Goodrich, A. J. H. M. M., v. 6, p. 274.)

Uterine Polypi. Woman, æt. 54, plethoric, with frequent attacks of an apoplectic nature, headache, fainting fits; skin of a pale-yellow color; excruciating pains in the throat. Weight and lancinating pains in the womb and ovaries, extending through the whole lower part of the abdomen, hips and back; constant pain in liver, with hardness and œdema; during a stool a foreign body protrudes from the vulva; copious and frequent uterine hemorrhages; leucorrhœa reddish, extremely fetid; constipation and diarrhœa alternately. Treatment. Full cold bath of two or three minutes duration immediately after a copious perspiration produced by an alcohol lamp, which gave her great relief. *Conium*⁶, caused after third dose an expulsion of the polypus, and *Conium*¹⁵, the expulsion of another one after a severe aggravation. After following this with *Conium*³⁰, another aggravation followed with severe menorrhagia and the expulsion of three smaller polypi. Since then she gradually improved in health. (La Homœopathia, v. 1, p. 322; N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 60.)

Uterine Polypi. Patient married, æt. 63, first growth removed by operation, reappearing with several others (in all thirteen), treated unsuccessfully by operation. *Sulphur*, *Calc. carb.*, *Thuja*, *Mercur.* and *Nitr. ac.* The two remaining polypi very sensitive; entire vaginal canal sensitive, presenting to touch a granular rough feeling, injection decoction of *Sanguin.* Disappearance of growths after one month. No return. (H. C. Spalding, N. E. M. G., March, 1873, p. 126.)

An *excrescence at the os uteri*, causing constant sanguineous stilli-

cidium, and caused by syphilis, was radically cured by the steady use of *Merc. sol.*²⁰. *Thuja*²⁰ produced only improvement. (Meurer, N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 246.)

Menstrual Anomalies.

Excessive Menstruation. Mrs. —, æt. 44, of rather large frame. Has in former years had good health and has always worked hard. May, 1872, applied for medicine, stating that her menses had been troublesome for two months. The flow had continued all through each month; discharge pale and watery, at first dark and clotted. General appearance somewhat exsanguined; mouth, tongue and lips pale. She always felt best when moving about. *The flow almost ceased as long as she was moving about at work, but as soon as she sat down quietly in the evening the flow reappeared and continued after she went to bed.* *Cyclam.*² relieved her promptly, and she improved in general health, and continued so, the menses returning monthly until March, 1873, when the troubles of last year reappeared. After two doses of same remedy she remained well. (H. Ring, Proc. H. M. S., O., 1873, p. 7.)

Menorrhagia much more quickly relieved by *Secal.* than by *Crocus*; but definitely cured by *electricity*. (C. Lederer, H. Kl., 1873, p. 98.)

Ustil. maid. cured the following condition: Mrs. —, suffers from profuse menstruation, the flow lasting from ten days to two weeks, at first very abundant, gradually wearing off; always worse from motion. Discharge dark and quite painless. *Ustil. maid.*, 3d trit., twelve doses, one to be taken every evening, helped immediately; next period normal. (T. Backmeister, Trans. A. I., 1872, p. 498.)

Amenorrhœa. Mrs. A., æt. 18, black hair, pale face, irritable choleric temperament, always has headache, *feels tired and weak.* Headache always aggravated at menstrual period, with nausea and some vomiting. Was summoned to see her October, 1870. Pain was most severe in left temple, aggravated by motion and stooping, so that it felt as if it would split open; also when vomiting. A cataleptic condition followed, in which she was conscious, put without power to move or speak. Had similar spells on four different occasions previously (twice prior and twice since her marriage). *Bryon.*³ relieved head symptoms, *Graphit.* succeeded and restored

menstrual flow. (W. F. Hocking, O. M. and S. R., No. 3, 1873, v. 7.)

*Lac vacc. defl.*²⁰ restores the menstrual flow when suppressed from getting wet, etc. The indications are: the peculiar headache, always frontal and above the eyes, extending into the temples, one side worse affected than the other, with great nausea, less vomiting; great paleness of the face; utter prostration and languor. (Eggert, N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 261.)

Characteristics of the Principal Remedies for Painful Menstruation. *Sabin.* Profuse menstruation, with colic and labor-like pains, blood partly fluid, partly lumpy; diminished discharge of red urine with strangury; discharge of slimy fluid from the vagina. Compare *Acon.*, *Bellad.*, *Ferr. met.*, *Ipec.*, *Ignat.*, *Platin.*, *Pulsat.*, *Sepia*, *Staphis.*, *Sulphur*, *Zincum*.

Stramon. Excessive menstrual fluid, with drawing pains in abdomen, thighs and upper limbs. Compare *Acon.*, *Bellad.*, *Hyosc.*, *Mercur.*, *Nux vom.*, *Tabac.*, *Veratr.*, *Zincum*.

Magn. mur. Menses delayed with violent pain in small of back. Compare *Arsen.*, *Bryon.*, *Calc. carb.*, *Chamom.*, *Graphit.*, *Kali carb.*, *Lycop.*, *Magnes.*, *Sulphur*, *Pulsat.*, *Silic.*, *Ver. alb.*

Nux mosch. Menses too late, preceded by pain in small of the back, as if a piece of wood were pressing from within outward. Compare *Conium*, *Ipec.*, *Moschus*, *Opium*, *Sepia*, *Pulsat.*

Arg. nitr. Profuse menses, with cutting pain in the small of the back and groin. Compare *Alum.*, *Phosphor.*, *Arg. fol.*, *Pulsat.*

Chamom. Frequent discharges of coagulated blood, with tearing pains in the veins of the legs, and labor-like pains in the uterus. Compare *Acon.*, *Alum.*, *Arnic.*, *Arsen.*, *Bellad.*, *Borax*, *Bryon.*, *Cina*, *Coccul.*, *Coffea*, *Coloc.*, *Hepar s. c.*, *Hyosc.*, *Ignat.*, *Nux vom.*, *Pulsat.*, *Sulphur*.

Berb. vulg. Scanty menses, like gray mucous-like serum, setting in with chilliness and violent pains in small of back, pressing pains in thighs, lacerations in umbilical region, and tearing in the whole body. Compare *Aloes*, *Chamom.*, *Nux vom.*, *Pulsat.*, *Arsen.*

Sabad. The menses appear too late, with painful bearing down a few days previous. Compare *Hyosc.*, *Ignat.*, *Natr. mur.*, *Nux vom.*, *Pulsat.*, *Sepia*, *Staphis.*, *Sulphur*, *Ver. alb.*

Nux jug. Menses a fortnight too soon, with pressing, drawing pains in the womb, and loss of blackish coagula.

Borax. Spasmodic pressing and lancinating pain in the groin, during the menses. Compare *Chamom.*, *Coffea*, *Pulsat.*, *Sulphur*.

Graphit. Pain in epigastrium during the menses, as if everything would be torn to pieces, with labor-like pains, with eructations and stinging toothache. Compare *Acon.*, *Arsen.*, *Calc. carb.*, *Carb. veg.*, *Chamom.*, *Lycop.*, *Magn. carb.*, *Nux vom.*, *Phosphor.*, *Pulsat.*, *Sabin.*, *Silic.*, *Sepia*.

Nitr. ac. Labor-like pains and pressing down in the hypogastrium and thighs during the menses, with contraction towards the pudendum. Compare *Bellad.*, *Aurum*, *Calc. carb.*, *Cina*, *Hepar s. c.*, *Kali carb.*, *Lycop.*, *Merc. jod.*, *Mur. ac.*, *Natr. carb.*, *Opium*, *Phosphor.*, *Pulsat.*, *Rhus tox.*, *Sepia*, *Sulphur*, *Sulph. ac.*, *Thuya*.

Pulsat. During the menses, spasmodic, almost burning pains in abdomen; cardialgia during the menses. During the menses, pressure in the abdomen and small of the back, as from a stone, with disposition of the lower limbs to go to sleep, and ineffectual urging to stool. Compare *Agar.*, *Ambra*, *Ant. crud.*, *Angust.*, *Arnic.*, *Asaf.*, *Aurum*, *Bellad.*, *China*, *Chamom.*, *Colchic.*, *Conium*, *Cuprum*, *Ferrum*, *Ignat.*, *Ipec.*, *Laches.*, *Lycop.*, *Nitr. ac.*, *Rhus tox.*, *Sepia*, *Sulphur*.

Sulphur. Spasmodic pain in the hypogastrium, as if the intestines were strung up in knots, and scanty flow, with colic pain in the small of the back. Compare *Acon.*, *Bellad.*, *Calc. carb.*, *Cuprum*, *Mercur.*, *Nitr. ac.*, *Nux vom.*, *Pulsat.*, *Rhus tox.*, *Sepia*, *Silic.* (H. Minton, A. J. H. M. M., 1873.)

Dysmenorrhœa. Mrs. H., æt. 23, spare, delicate, menstrual pains sharp; cutting about waist; also dull pains. *Kali carb.*⁹ relieved sharp pains whenever they occurred; the dull pain was not affected by the remedy. Miss J. B., menstrual pain in side, with constant urging to stool (stool of normal consistence); cutting pains in groins; dreaded being unwell from fear of sharp pains. *Nux vom.* and *Sen. aur.*¹ gave partial relief. *Kali carb.*, 9th sol., every hour or two at time of catamenia. Cured. (D. Hunt, N. E. M. G., Aug., 1872, p. 274.)

Hysteria with Dysmenorrhœa. Miss C., æt. 16, native of Ky., of nervo-sanguine temperament, light-brown hair, blue eyes; daughter of a merchant. For the past four months has had violent attacks of hysterical spasms at the menstrual period, requiring the care of two or three persons to keep her in bed, and from injuring herself during the paroxysms. Had been treated allopathically, but with no permanent benefit. The mother re-

ported her condition, Oct. 14th, 1872, to be substantially as follows: Very scanty and painful menstruation since these attacks appeared. Formerly free and almost painless. Sensitiveness, with feeling of fulness and pain when going up or down stairs, through the hypogastrium. No appetite; bowels constipated; disturbed sleep. Melancholy, and aversion to seeing any one, with hyperæsthesia of all the organs of special sense. Frequent headache, with pressing pain in the forehead over the eyes, with constant aching and pains extending back into the head, and inability to keep the eyes open in strong light. All these symptoms alleviated by having the room darkened. Prescribed *Bellad.*³⁰, fifteen globules, No. 40, in half glass of water, two teaspoonful doses every three hours, except when sleeping, and to keep her room and be quiet as possible, renew the solution daily, and report in five days.

Oct. 19th, Mrs. C. called again, reporting the daughter greatly improved in health and spirits—more appetite; better sleep; less tenderness of the hypogastrium; less sensitiveness of the head and eyes to light and noise. Continued the medicine, four doses a day, at intervals of four hours, for one week, and then report—advice the same as to rest.

Oct. 27th, the father of Miss C. reported so much improvement that he regarded her health better than any time within the past ten months. Her appetite and spirits were excellent, and her mother thought if her next period should be natural, she would have no return of those "dreadful spells." About ten days yet remained. Prescribed *Sulphur*³⁰ and *Pulsat.*³⁰ to be taken. *Sulphur*, four globules, No. 40, at 8 A.M. and 3 P.M. for four days, to be followed by *Pulsat.*, same dose, at 8 A.M. and 8 P.M. until the next "period," and to be careful not to take cold. Nov. 7th, Mrs. C. called with the glad news of the natural return of the menses free, with but little pain or nervousness, and no symptoms of hysteria. It but remains to add, that there has been no return of hysteria to this date, March 12th. (M. H. Slosson, M. A., p. 73.)

Ver. vir. as a Hip-bath in Dysmenorrhœa (two ounces to the bath). Menses regular as to time, quantity and character, are preceded for three days by most terrible menstrual colic; the pains extend all over the body; head and face bloodshot; pains running into the head from the neck; pulsations in head, neck and carotides; sight disappears at times, and at others everything is moving in confusion before her eyes; tongue feels heavy, but is

clear and looks natural; great thirst; pulse full and bounding. (Eggert, N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 258.)

Dysmenorrhœa. *Xanthox. Confirmations.* Abundant discharge; excruciating pain in loins and lower abdomen. (D. G. Woodvine, N. E. M. G., Jan., 1873, p. 22.)

Discharge at the menstrual period very watery: *Stramon.* (W. M. Williamson, Proc. H. M. S., Penna., 1873.)

Climacteric Complaints. Flashes of heat daily in frequent attacks, with nausea and loss of senses; pressure and fulness in the head; vertigo, cannot go alone in the street; swelling and going to sleep of the feet. Has been ordered alkalies and venesection. *Glonoin.*³⁰, in globules. Aggravation of the head symptoms. *Glonoin.*³⁰, in water, relieved, although there was still some slight aggravation after each dose. (A. Raron, A. H. Z., v. 86, p. 29.)

Vagina.

Vaginismus. Sims's operation and injection of *Calend.*, *Arnic.* and *Baptis.* internally successful. By E. Clark and D. (N. E. M. G., Aug., 1873, p. 355.)

Pruritus with Dysmenorrhœa. The hymen was found to almost close the vulvular orifice. Pruritus relieved by an incision, which was followed by profuse flow of dark, offensive blood. (Mary J. Safford, N. E. M. G., May, 1873, p. 222.)

Pruritus Vulvæ. With dryness and heat in the parts, intense itching of vulva and vagina, worse at night. *Tarant.*¹ to 2^m, Fincke, one dose, cured. (S. Swan.)

Vaginal Polypi. A woman, æt. 40, had, during the previous four years, a serous vaginal flux, and later she felt a tumor, which grew perceptibly larger; during the day, and while walking, she could feel it protruded from the vulva and pendant. Examination revealed two fibrous tumors, extending with a long attachment from near the sphincter uteri down either side of the walls of the vagina, and of an indolent character. *Thuya*¹, six drops in a glass of water, a tablespoonful twice, reduced the flux to a scanty discharge of a serous fluid, but it needed *Calc. carb.*³, a spoonful daily for fifteen days for the expulsion of the tumors. She now enjoys perfect health. (S. M. Alvarez, N. A. J. H., v. 22, p. 62.)

Thuya occ. A woman, after a fall injuring genitals, had a wart-