

- MARIUS** (*continued*), slaughter of aristocrats by the soldiers of, 161. death of, 162.
- MARIUS II.** declares himself consul, 162. defeated by Sylla at Sacripontum, 165. chosen colleague with Carbo, 165. treachery of, towards the senate, 165. death of, 170.
- MARRIAGE** prohibited between plebeians and patricians, 47.
- MARSIAN** made consul, 155.
- MASSILIA**, siege of, 209. garrison of, capitulate, 210.
- MARTIN V.** made pope by the council of Constance, 473.
- MAXENTIUS**, emperor in Italy, 389. character of, 389. defeat and death of, 390.
- MAXIMIAN**, colleague of Diocletian, 383. residence of, 383. resignation of, 385. attempts of, to regain the scepter, 387. defeat and death of, 388.
- MAXIMIN**, strength of, 362. proclaimed emperor, 363. size and character of, 364. insurrection against, 365. death of, 366.
- MAXIMIN (Q.)** succeeds Galerius in Asia, 388. captures Constantinople, 390. death of, 391.
- MAXIMUS** proclaimed emperor by the senate, 366. death of, 367.
- MAXIMUS III.** declared emperor, 417. death of, 417.
- MEDICI**, house of, at war with **Sextus IV.**, 478.
- MEDICI (Lorenzo de)**, character and death of, 480.
- MEDICI (Cosmo de)** made duke of Tuscany, 491.
- MEDICI (Francisco de)**, history of, 491.
- MEDICI (Fernandino de)** made grand duke, 491.
- MEGACLES** personates the king, and is slain, 80.
- MEMMIUS (Caius)** leader of the populace, 150.
- MERULA**, death of, 162.
- MESSINA**, bombardment of, 552. captured by Ferdinand, 568.
- METELLUS** commands the army, 160.
- MIZENTIUS**, death of, 19.
- MILAN**, destruction of, 437.
- MIL0**, anecdote of, 194. returns to Rome and rallies the nobles, 195. trial of, 196. exiled to Gaul, 197. cause of, advocated by Cicero, 197.
- MINUCIUS (Lucius)**, dangerous position of, 89. appointed co-chieftain with Fabius, 113. defeat of, 114. death of, 115.
- MINUCIUS (Titus)** incites an insurrection, 152.
- MIRACLE**, performance of a, 343.
- MITHRADATES**, war with, 157. success of, 157.
- MODENA**, history of, 500.
- MORBANUS** assists Saxa in the command of the consular army, 268.
- MODENA**, reconstruction of, 588.
- MUCIUS (Caius)** attempts to assassinate Porsenna, 31.
- MURAT**, his reception at Naples, 527. execution of, 541.
- MUTILUS** made consul, 155.
- MUTINEERS**, punishment of, 131.

N.

- NAPLES**, added to Rome, 67. division of the kingdom of, 483. organized into a republic, 517. king restored to, 518. perfidy of, 526.
- NAPOLEON BONAPARTE**, birth of, 502. commands the French army in Italy, 505. successes of, in Italy, 512. message of, to the pope, 511. makes peace with Austria, 511. speech of, to the Italians, 512. sails for Egypt, 517. returns to France, 520. appeals to Austria for peace, 520. return of, to Paris from Italy, 521. declared emperor of France, 522. letter of, to the king of England, 523. fall of, 537.
- NAPOLEON II.**, death of, in Austria, 549.
- NAPOLEON III.**, rise of, 550. reasons of, for advising the peace of Villafranca, 561.
- NARSES**, victories of, 425. death of, 426.
- NAVY**, rise of the Roman, 74. construction of the Roman, 86.
- NEPOS** made emperor, 418. driven by Orestes from Italy, 419. death of, 419.
- NEPOS (C.)**, counsel for the accusers of Milo, 197.
- NERO** chosen consul, 124. sent to oppose Hannibal, 125. decapitates Hasdrubal, 127.
- NERO (Tiberius Claudius)** escapes to Sicily, 273.
- NERO (son of Agrippina)**, history of, 314. pronounces the funeral oration of Claudius, 315. poisons Britannicus, 316. plot of, to murder his mother, 318.

- NERO (son of Agrippina)** (*continued*), has Agrippina assassinated, 220. upholds the law making all slaves responsible for the master's life, 221. festival of, described by Tacitus, 323. causes Rome to be fired, 323. accuses the Christians of burning Rome, 324. persecutes all Christians, 325. determines to rebuild Rome, 324. taxation of, 326. insurrection against, 327. condemned to death by the senate, 328. death of, 328.
- NEEVA** made emperor by the senate, 336. character of, 336. makes Trajan his colleague, 336. death of, 336.
- NICE** incorporated into France, 553.
- NICHOLAS III.**, extension of the holy see by, 454. death of, 455.
- NIEBUHR**, statement of, 20.
- NOBLES**, clubs of the, 43. political opponents of the, burned, 44.
- NOEMANS**, successes of the, in Italy, 440.
- NUMA (Pomilius)**, reign of, 23.
- NUMIDIA** becomes a Roman province, 142.
- NUMERIAN** chosen emperor, 381. death of, 381.
- NUMITOR**, placed on the Alban throne, 20.

O.

- ODENATHUS**, kingdom of, 373.
- ODOACER** attacks Orestes, 419. abolishes the imperial succession, 420. reigns in Rome, 420. death of, 421.
- OCTAVIA**, second wife of Antony, 273. wife of Nero, 315. repudiated, 322. death of, 322.
- OCTAVIUS (M.)** heads the patricians, 145.
- OCTAVIUS (Caius)**, who was, 201. by will Caesar's heir, 249. rallies Caesar's troops, 252. assumes the name of Caesar, 253. *see also* OCTAVIUS CESAR.
- OCTAVIUS (Caesar)** courts the aristocracy, 253. prepares for war, 255. plots to murder Antony, 256. obtains aid of Cicero, 256. admitted to the senate, 257. speech of, in Rome, 257. made consul, 262. first laws of, 262. revenges the death of Caesar, 262. encamps in Campus Martius, 262. a member of the triumvirate, 263. joins Saxa with reinforcements, 263. army of, takes Macedonia, 263. battle of, with Cassius on the plains of Strymone, 269.
- OCTAVIUS (Caesar)** (*continued*), success of, 270. excesses of the army of, 272. agreement of, with Antony, 273. marries Livia Drusilla, 275. wives of, 275. at war with Pompey, 275. implores the assistance of Antony, 275. renews with Antony the triumvirate for five years, 275. taxations of, 276. defeats Pompey, 276. pardons Lepidus, 276. enjoys a triumph, 277. wise measures of, 277. cruelty of, 277. fleet of, in the Ambracian gulf, 281. success of, 281. treats with Cleopatra, 284. takes Pelusium, 284. enters Egypt as a conqueror, 285. visits Cleopatra, 289. is oblivious of her charms, 289. returns to Rome, 290. measures of, in Rome, 291. pretends to resign, 291. receives unlimited power from the senate, 292. called "Augustus," 292. changes his name to Augustus Caesar, 292. *see also* AUGUSTUS CESAR.
- OPPIAN LAW**, character of the, 154.
- OPPIUS (Spurius)**, fate of, 54.
- ORESTES** drives Nepos from Italy, 419. makes his son Augustulus emperor, 419. death of, 419.
- OTHO** raises a rebellion against Galba, 329. is declared emperor by the senate, 330. character of, 331. at war with Vitellus, 331. defeat of, 332. death of, 332.
- OTHO II.** invades Italy, 430. crowned emperor, 430. family of, in Italy, 430.

P.

- PALERMO**, insurrection at, 567. captured by Garibaldi, 569.
- PALMERSTON**, remarks of, on Sicily, 567.
- PANSA** consul at Rome, 253.
- PAPAL GOVERNMENT**, form of the, 539.
- PAPIRIUS (M.)**, indignity to, 60.
- PARMA**, reconstruction of, 588.
- PARTHANS** takes Syria and Palestine, 274. driven out by Antony, 274.
- PATRICIANS** struggles of the, for the supremacy, 33. demands of the, 51. yield to the popular will, 56. rights of the, 75. victory of the, 146.
- PEDANIUS (Secundus)**, consequences of the death of, 320.
- PENESIA** burnt to the ground, 273.
- PEOPLE**, laws to be submitted to the, 153.

PERGAMUS, death of, 146.
 PETER (of Aragon) leads an insurrection against Charles, 455.
 successes of, 456.
 death of, 458.
 PERTINAX (Helvius) deposed king, 347.
 assassination of, 349.
 PHAROS, position of, 228.
 lighthouse of, 228.
 taken by Cæsar, 229.
 PHILIP (of Macedon) allies himself to Hannibal 116.
 purchases peace of the Romans, 187.
 PHILIP elected emperor, 367.
 army of, revolt, and make Decius imperator, 363.
 death of, 368.
 PHILIP V., history of, 494.
 PHILODAMUS, anecdote of, 178.
 death of, 178.
 PHILLIPUS a delegate to Antony, 258.
 PHILIPPUS (L.), remark of, about Roman wealth, 299.
 PICENUM, rebellion in, 184.
 PIEDMONT, liberty crushed in, 548.
 PIRATES in the Mediterranean, 176.
 ravages of, 177.
 defeat and surrender of the, 180.
 PISA (M. Junius) appointed dictator, 116.
 PISA, wars of, 466.
 humiliation of, 457.
 PISO, death of, 305.
 letter of, 305.
 PIUS (Q. Metellus) chosen consul, 171.
 PIUS VII., condition of the papal states under, 499.
 Naples under, 521.
 his contest for temporal power, 528.
 made a prisoner by Murat, 529.
 POLLUX, *see* CASTOR.
 POMPEIA, wife of Cæsar, 188.
 divorce of, 189.
 POMPEII buried, 334.
 POMPEIUS joins Sylla, 158.
 POMPEY (Sextus), *see* SEXTUS.
 POMPEY (Cn.), death of, 234.
 POMPEY joins Sylla, 164.
 quells an insurrection in Spain, 175.
 made consul, 174.
 successes of, on the coasts of Africa and Sicily, 179.
 made dictator, 179.
 prepares for war with the pirates, 179.
 returns to Rome, 188.
 proposes grants of land to the soldiers, 189.
 in collision with the nobles, 189.
 a member of the triumvirate, 190.
 invested with power to supply Rome with corn, 192.
 made consul, 193.
 assigned the government of Spain, 193.
 as husband and father, 194.
 prepares for the trial of Milo, 196.
 organizes a tribunal, 196.
 appointed dictator, 196.
 frustrates the schemes of Marcellus, 200.

POMPEY (*continued*), sympathy of the people with, 200.
 declares Cæsar ineligible to consulship, 201.
 all power placed in the hands of, 202.
 goes to Greece, 204.
 escape of, 206.
 military skill of, 207.
 entrenched in Ilerda, 210.
 claims to be supported by the senate, 211.
 establishes himself at Thessalonica, 212.
 army of, 212.
 encamps on the right bank of the Apsus, 214.
 rejects the proposal for peace, 215.
 fortifications of, 217.
 pursues Cæsar, 218.
 defeat of, at Pharsalia, 219.
 surrender of the army of, 219.
 flight of, 219.
 goes to Mitylene, 220.
 death of, 222.
 head of, sent to Cæsar, 222.
 summary of the character of, 222.
 pillar to, at Alexandria, 225.
 PONTIUS (C.), victory of, 70.
 magnanimity of, 70.
 returns the Roman victims, 78.
 death of, 77.
 PONTUS, king of, opposed to Cæsar, 230.
 is conquered by Cæsar, 230.
 POPE, power of the, in Rome, 482.
 at war with Henry V., 484.
 condition of Italy under the, 485.
 escape of the, from Rome, 555.
 POPLICOLA, *see* PUBLIUS.
 POPULAR CAUSE, strength of the, 159.
 advance of the, 180.
 PORSENNA, attempts to assassinate, 31.
 peace proposed by, 31.
 POSTMIUS, characteristic proposition of, 72.
 PLACENTIA resists Hasdrubal, 125.
 PLACIUS made consul, 268.
 PLEBEIANS, struggles of the, 38.
 demands of the, 43.
 forced to flee from Rome, 47.
 condition of the, 143.
 PLINY made governor of Pontus, 383.
 PLUTARCH, his works, 147.
 PRÆNESTE, head-quarters of Marius, 165.
 besieged by Sylla's army, 166.
 surrender of, 170.
 PRETOR, name given to the consuls, 85.
 PRIVERNATIANS, manly character of the, 68.
 incorporated with the Romans, 68.
 PROBUS made emperor, 379.
 death of, 379.
 PUBLIUS erects citadel of Velia, 30.
 given title of Puplicola, 30.
 PUNIC WAR, end of the first, 91.
 termination of the second, 136.
 commencement of the third, 138.
 termination of the third, 141.
 PTOLEMY, king of Egypt, 221.
 at war with Cleopatra, 221.
 plans of, in regard to Pompey, 231.

PTOLEMY (*continued*), treachery of, 221.
 at war with Cæsar, 228.
 death of, 230.
 PYRRHUS invades Italy, 79.
 victory of, 81.
 reverses of, 82.
 triumph of, at Asculum, 83.
 goes to Sicily, 83.
 defeated by the Romans, 84.
 return of, to Epirus, 84.

Q.

QUINQUEMIES, construction of the, 85.

R.

RADETSKI (Joseph), commander-in-chief of the Austrian troops in Italy, 550.
 RAVENNA, where situated, 202.
 REGILLUS, battle of lake, 32.
 REGULUS, defeat and capture of, 68.
 sent to Rome by the Carthaginians to negotiate peace, 89.
 death of, 90.
 doubts as to the history of, 90.
 REMUS, legend of, 20.
 death of, 20.
 RESTIO (Antius), escapes of, 266.
 anecdote of the slave of, 266.
 ROBERT, reign of, in Naples, 460.
 leaves his crown to Joanna, 461.
 ROMAN CITIZENS, number of, 154.
 ROMAN LEGATES, murder of, 155.
 ROMAN WORLD, character of, 175.
 ROMAN VIRTUE, 256.
 ROMAN EMPIRE, condition of the, 415.
 ROMANS war between the, and the Albans, 23.
 triumph of the, over the Æquians, 41.
 refusal of the, to fight, 42.
 plebeian and patrician conflicts among the, 43.
 routed by the Gauls, 59.
 purchase peace with the Gauls, 62.
 humiliation of the, 62.
 defeat of the Volscians and Etruscans, 63.
 refusal of the, to follow the dictator, 66.
 the Privernatians incorporated with the, 68.
 colonization of the, 69.
 defeat of, by the Samnites, 70.
 humiliation of the, 71.
 increased power of the, 74.
 defeat the Gauls and capture C. Pontius, 77.
 send to Greece for a god, 79.
 defeated by Pyrrhus, 83.
 victory of the, over Pyrrhus, 84.
 invade Sicily, 85.
 construction of a navy by the, 86.
 utter defeat of the army of the, by Xanthippus, 88.
 loss of the ships of the, 88.
 disasters to the, 90.
 victory of, over the Carthaginians, 91.

ROMANS (*continued*), jealousy of the, 34.
 defeated by the Gauls, 96.
 a compensating victory of the, 97.
 plans of the, for stopping Hannibal, 101.
 the army of the, destroyed by Hannibal, 107.
 massacre of the, 111.
 conquer Philip of Macedon, 137.
 conquer Antiochus, 138.
 atrocities of, 141.
 defeat of the legions of the, 155.
 condition of the, at the time of Cæsar, 226.
 amusements of the, 237.
 barbaric habits of the, 237.
 ROME, date of foundation of, 13.
 origin of, 20.
 famine in, 36.
 deplorable state of, 42.
 depopulated, 51.
 famine in, 57.
 captured by the Gauls, 59.
 attacked by the Volscians, 63.
 annexes Naples, 67.
 three parties of, 75.
 invaded by Pyrrhus, 80.
 menaced by Pyrrhus, 81.
 colonies of the, 84.
 victory of the navy of, 85.
 surrender of Sardinia to, 93.
 forbids the conquest of Spain, 99.
 rise of an army of, 111.
 raises armies to crush Hannibal, 122.
 exultation in, at the defeat of Hasdrubal, 127.
 possesses the whole Spanish peninsula, 132.
 increased dominion of, 136.
 resolve of, to raze Carthage, 139.
 bequeath of dominions to, 146.
 corruption of the nobles of, 149.
 murder of the populace of, 150.
 narrow escape of, 156.
 internal dissensions in, 157.
 battle under the walls of, 163.
 under Cinna, condition of, 163.
 weakness of the laws of, 178.
 law against killing a citizen of, 191.
 civil war threatened in, 201.
 works of Cæsar in, 240.
 prospect of civil war in, 249.
 parties in, 259.
 effects of slavery in, 299.
 the Jews in, 300.
 Christians accused of the burning of, 324.
 persecution of Christians in, 325.
 Paul preaches in, 325.
 commencement of the decline of, 347.
 first irruption of the Gauls in, 370.
 sacked by the barbarians, 418.
 ravaged by Genseric, 417.
 condition of, 418.
 construction of, while the popes were in France, 462.
 rebellion in, 463.
 schism in the church of, 467.
 three popes chosen in, 471.
 deposition of the three popes of, by the council of Constance, 473.

- ROME (*continued*), insurrection in, 515.
 papal outrages in, 515.
 declared a republic, 516.
 pope of, taken to France, 516.
 declared an imperial and free city by Napoleon, 529.
- ROMULUS, legend of, 20.
 builds Rome, 20.
 disappearance of, 22.
- ROSSIUS (L.) envoy to Cæsar, RUGGIERO, *see* SETTIMO.
- RUTULIANS alarmed at the advancement of the Trojans, 19.
 death of the king of the, 19.
- S.
- SABINES, robbery of the, 21.
 united with the Romans, 21.
- SABRIUS, revolt of, 152.
- SACRED HILLS, origin of the, 34.
- SAGUNTUM captured by Hannibal, 98.
- SALLUST, governor of Utica, 234.
- SAMNITES, power of the, 69.
 defeat the Romans, 70.
 alleged defeat of, 74.
- SAN MARINO, the republic of, 540.
- SARDINIA a part of Italy, 17.
 revolt in, 93.
 surrenders to Rome, 93.
 at war with Austria, 557.
 receives assistance from France, 558.
- SATURNALIA, festival of the, 83.
- SATURNIUS, his means of becoming consul, 150.
- SAVOY joins France, 504.
 incorporated into France, 563.
- SAXA, commander of the army of Octavius, 265.
- SCÆVOLA (Quintus Marcus), anecdote of, 162.
 death of, 166.
- SCIPIO (Cornelius), attempts of, to stop Hannibal, 100.
 defeated and wounded by Hannibal, 106.
 captures new Carthage, 123.
 history of, 128.
 effects a treaty with Gisco, 131.
 mutiny of the troops of, 131.
 elected consul, 132.
 stratagem of, 134.
 his conditions for the surrender of Carthage, 135.
 interview between Hannibal and, 135.
 title of honor conferred on, 136.
- SCIPIO (L.) elected consul with Pompey, 197.
 governor of Cilicia, 220.
 defeated at Thapsus, 232.
 death of, 232.
- SELEUCUS, assassination of, 79.
- SENATE, popular appointment of the, 69.
 receives a messenger from Cæsar, 201.
 follows Pompey, 208.
 agreement of the, to Cæsar's plans, 209.
- SEPTIMIUS (L.) murders Pompey, 222
- SEPTUAGINT made, 300.
- SERVIUS (Tullius) obtains crown of Rome, 25.
 children of, 25.
 assassination of, 25.
- SERRA DI FALCO, leader of the provisional government, 567.
- SETTIMO (Ruggiero) at the head of the provisional government, 567.
- SEVERUS (*see* ALEXANDER.)
- SEVERUS (Septimius) marches to obtain the throne of Rome, 351.
 elected king, 352.
 letter of, 353.
 expedition of, to Britain, 354.
 death of, 354.
- SEXTIUS (L.) elected tribune, 65.
 chosen consul, 67.
 is taken to Africa, 225.
 fight to the Pyrenees, 235.
 collects the aristocrats in Spain, 254.
 determines to join Brutus in Gaul, 254.
- SEXTUS (Pompey) establishes himself in Sicily, 267.
 fleet of, blockades Italy, 273.
 agreement with the triumvirs, 274.
 treaty of, with Octavius, 277.
 goes to meet Antony, 277.
 is attacked by Antony, 278.
 death of, 278.
- SEXTUS IV. made pope, 473.
 death of, 473.
- SICILIAN VESPEERS, history of the massacre of the, 456.
- SICILIANS, they depose Ferdinand, 563.
- SICILY, a part of Italy, 17.
 ravages in, 86.
 insurrection of slaves in, 150.
 desolate at the time of Augustus Cæsar, 294.
 demands of, on the king, 567.
 taken possession of, by Garibaldi, 569.
- SLAVERY, character of the early Roman, 120.
 character of the Roman, 140.
 effects of, on Rome, 299.
- SLAVES in Rome, 75.
 captured and sent to Rome, 133.
 condition of the Roman, 143.
 insurrection of Sicilian, 151.
 successful insurrection of, 152.
 prohibited carrying weapons, 153.
- SOCIAL WAR, cause of the, 155.
- SOCIETY, anecdote illustrating the state of, at the time of Pompey, 194.
- SOLFERINO, defeat of the Austrians at, 560.
- SPAIN, in destitution, 175.
 conquest of, completed, 210.
 condition of, in the reign of Cæsar Augustus, 295.
- SPANIARDS, desire of, to receive the Romans as masters, 129.
- SPANISH SUCCESSION, war of the, 494.
- SPARTACUS leader of gladiators, 175.
 history of, 176.
- SUBJECTS, rights of, 75.
- SULPICIOUS organizes his partisans, 157.
 attempts to defend Rome, 153.
 defeat of, 153.
 death of, 153.

- SYLLA, success of, 156.
 made consul, 156.
 dismissed from army, 153.
 conquest of Rome by, 153.
 sails for Greece, 159.
 conquers Greece, 163.
 makes peace with Mithridates, 163.
 lands at Brundisium, 164.
 confronts Carbo in Tuscany, 166.
 enters Rome, 166.
 terms made with Italians by, 163.
 cruelty and tyranny of, 169.
 treachery of, 169.
 assumes the name of Felix, 170.
 made consul, 171.
 appointed dictator, 171.
 latter days and death of, 172.
 funeral of, 172.
- SYRACUSE, siege of, 119.
 siege and surrender of, 120.
- T.
- TACITUS, description by, of the persecution of Christians, 326.
- TACITUS (Augustus) chosen emperor, 373.
 death of, 373.
- TANORED, character and death of, 443.
- TARENTUM, capitulation of, 123.
- TARQUINIUS (Lucius I.), omen in favor of, 25.
 elected king, 25.
 death of, 25.
- TARQUINIUS (Lucius II., or Superbus) seizes the Roman throne, 26.
 attacks Rome, 32.
 flight and death of, 33.
- TARQUINIUS (Sextus), outrage by, 28.
 driven from the city, 29.
 attacks Rome, 30.
- TAUROMINIUM, siege of, 162.
- TEMPLES, erection of, 111.
- TERRITORY, division of new, 39.
- THAPSUS, battle of, 232.
- THEODORIC overcomes Odoacer, 421.
 government of, in Italy, 421.
 death of, 422.
- THEODOSIUS succeeds Valens, 411.
 successes of, 411.
 death of, 412.
- THEODOTUS assumes the scepter in Rome, 422.
 death of, 423.
- THRASYMENE, battle of, 103.
- THRONE, sale of the Roman, at auction, 349.
- TIBERIUS (Cæsar), *see* CÆSAR (Tiberius).
- TITUS, *see* LARGIUS.
- TITUS takes Jerusalem, 333.
 arch of, in Rome, 334.
 made emperor, 334.
 Herculaneum and Pompeii buried in the reign of, 335.
 death of, 335.
- TOTILA made king of Italy, 424.
 conquest of Rome by, 425.
 death of, 425.
- TRAJAN made emperor, 336.
 constructs a bridge over the Danube, 336.
 column erected in honor of, 337.
 conquests of in the east, 333.
 death of, 339.
- TREBONIUS (C.) commands Cæsar's army, 209.
- TRIBES, discontent of the subjugated, 155.
- TRIBUNES, adoption of the, 34.
 elected from among the commoners, 52.
- TRIUMVIRATE, Pompey a member of, 190.
 Cæsar a member of the, 190.
 Crassus a member of, 190.
 proclamation of second, 264.
 acts of the, 267.
 agreement of the second, with Sextus, 274.
- TROY, record of, 17.
- TULLUS HOSTILIUS chosen king, 23.
 kills the Alban king, 24.
 death of, 24.
- TUENES, death of, king of Rutulians, 19.
- TUSCANY, history of, 500.
- U.
- URBAN IV., condition of Rome under, 447.
 gives Charles the crown of Naples, 448.
 death of, 448.
- URBAN V. visits Rome, 466.
 death of, 466.
- URBAN VI. chosen pope, 467.
 at war with Clement VII., 468.
 residence at Rome, 469.
 death of, 471.
- UTRECHT, peace of, 495.
 division of Italy by the peace of, 495.
- V.
- VALENS, colleague of Valentinian, 408.
 at war with the Goths, 410.
 death of, 410.
- VALENTINIAN crowned emperor, 408.
 associates Valens with himself, 408.
 wars of, 409.
 death of, 409.
- VALENTINIAN III. made emperor, 415.
 troubles during the reign of, 416.
 death of, 417.
- VALERIAN made emperor, 371.
 defeated by Sapor, 372.
 death of, 372.
- VARGUNTIUS (L.) chosen to assassinate Cicero, 134.
- VELIA, citadel of, 30.
- VENICE, republic of, 441.
 under the rule of the Council of Ten, 463.
 at war with Genoa, 464.
 destruction of the fleet of, 465.
 attitude of, towards Napoleon, 507.
- VERRES, desertion of, 166.
 anecdote of, 178.
 adopted by Aurelius, 343.
 colleague of Aurelius, 343.
 death of, 343.
- VESPASIAN declared emperor by the army, 332.
 defeats Vitellius, 332.

- VESPASIAN (*continued*), declared emperor by the senate, 333.
character and death of, 334.
- VITIGES declared king of Rome, 423.
taken captive by Belisarius, 424.
- VETULIO, condemned by the triumvirate, 265.
escape of, 266.
- VICTOR EMANUEL II. ascends the throne of Sardinia, 555.
- VILLAFRANCA, peace of, 560.
Napoleon's reasons for advising the, 561.
- VIRGILIA, embassy of, 37.
- VIRGINIA, seizure of, by Appius Claudius, 48.
death of, 50.
- VIRGINIUS (Lucius), seizure of the daughter of, 48.
assassinates Virginia, 50.
- VITELLIUS (Aulus) is proclaimed emperor by the army, 331.
defeats Otho near Mantua, 332.
declared emperor by the senate, 332.
character of, 332.
- VITELLIUS (*continued*), death of, 333.
- VALERIA, scheme of, for deliverance, 36.
- VOLSCIAN, the, attack Rome, 36.
attack Rome, and are defeated, 63.
- VOLUMNIA, embassy of, 37.

W.

- WAR, price of, 92.
- WIVES, Roman method of obtaining, 21.
- WOMEN, laws protecting, 21.

X.

- XANTHIPPIUS, intrusted with the command of the Carthaginian forces, 88.
defeats Regulus, 88.

Z.

- ZENOBIJA who was, 374.
defeat of, 374.

