. Chilling or burning twitching on the right side of the throat in the region of the eustachian tube, then above it a kind of gnawing, neither painful; after one hour. C. Hg.

. Pains in the throat drawing into the right ear. 229.

. The ears, the throat, especially about the root of the tongue were decidedly effected; fifteen minutes after the second dose. C. Hg.

. Stitches through the right ear the next morning. gg.,

145. It is dangerous to pour the juice into the ears. Paracelsus . *Dropped into the ears, it removes the pains, as well as the roaring and ringing. Arnold de Villanuova.

. * For earache, the juice. W. and others; Volksmittel.

. The heart of the onion is to be put into the ear for tearing in the ears. Vm., Raue.

. * The juice is to be put into the ear on cotton. Russian Volksmittel.

. Onions boiled in oil promote the discharge in ulceration of the ear. Wirsung.

150. * Discharge from the ear. Apollonius.

. Salt onion juice dries and stops the purulent discharge from the ear. Wirsung.

Nose:

. Pain from over the right eye into the root of the nose.

. * Mixed with vinegar and put into the nose, it stops the bleeding, which the simple smell of the onion also does.

. * For nose bleed, put onions on the neck. Van Swieten. 155. * Applications of cut onions to the neck for nose bleed.

. b. * For severe nose bleed, strong vinegar with onions in the nose. Ch. G. Hoffman's companion and aid.

. At evening, walking in the street, increased dropping from the nose, quite unusual, from both nostrils without the sensation of coryza; the first day. C. Hg.

. Dropping from the nose. 507.

. Copious watery disharge from the nose and watering of eyes. (C.) Jeanes.

. a. * Discharge of ichorous fluid from the nose in convalescing scarlet fever. Jeanes.

; Crawling in the right nostril as before sneezing, must frequently blow thin mucus out of the nose; one hour after one drop of the third; forenoon. Geist.

160. Frequent sneezing in the evening when he comes into a warm room; the second day. Eckel.

. Sneezing. 90, * 508.

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. a. Since collecting onions in the harvest, four years before, a brother and sister, each in the thirtieth year, experienced for the first time a coryza recurring at the same time each year and continuing two to three weeks; they would sneeze severely twenty to thirty times every morning and were obliged to avoid peaches on account of their rough skin, as well as all flowering trees and plants; Nux vom. relieved very greatly but still other medicines had to be administered. Dr. Raue.

. b. The most violent sneezing as if she would be torn to pieces, as soon as she steps out of bed. G. B.

. In the evening after drinking beer and eating hering; excessive thirst; heat and severe coryza with much lachrymation, headache; acrid burning discharge from the nose, so that the upper lip became red and sensitive; the first day. Eckel.

. Nasal discharge and headache, better in the open air, the first day; not so severe the next morning; at evening, worse in the room, distinctly relieved as soon as he goes into the open air, the second day; on awaking, very slight the third day; after repeating the dose, more severe. Eckel.

Note.—Symptoms marked "a" or "b" have been lately received from Dr. Hering, and are additional to the original proving. G.B. refers to a slight proving on a woman, remarkable on account of the alternating action. R. R., signifies relata refero [Translator.

. Much irritation in the right nostril, soreness of the nose, sneezing lachrymation, morning of the fourth and fifth day, with less headache. *Eckel*.

165. Some soreness of the nose yet; the eighth day. Eckel.
a. Coryza, at times with stoppage that she speaks "through the nose," at times with profuse mucous discharge. G. B.

. With coryza, trembling of the hands at evening. 541.

. * Acrid discharge from the left nostril. 508.

. * Coryza. Eckel. In many cases with the best results. Dr. Thayer.

. * With frequent success in the coryzas prevailing here in

the winter, 1848. Lippe.

- 170. After rapid alternations of cold and warm days, in November, 1852, a young lady complained that she had suffered for a few days from coryza, worse every evening. Water ran profusely from the nose, she sneezed frequently, her head was confused, the lids and about the eyes were swollen, much lacrymation (not acrid as in Euphrasia), frequent cough, tension in the upper part of the chest, loss of appetite. She took Cepa in the evening, slept the whole night, was quite well the following day and remained so. A. Lippe.
 - *The nose is humid with slight coryza, but with severe pain in the forehead, which this time was not relieved by lying down, as is usually the case with her coryzas. In a woman 50 years old; better in the evening. Pehrson.
 *Fluent coryza, dropping clear water (on the right side as usual with him), had not lasted only twelve hours as customary, but many days in spite of cold bathing;
 - it disappeared within a few hours after Cepa. *Pehrson*.

 Drawn into the nose it clears the head of slime and mucus. *Dioscorides*.

Face:

- Expression of anxiety and despair with pain in the abdomen. 328.
- 175. Pain in the right upper jaw, like a thread in a nerve which goes from above downwards, from the median line

- to the side, deep with the bone, at evening; the first day. C. Hg.
- . The pain in the right upper jaw on lying down in the evening, extends, on the morning of the second day, from the nose outward and downward. *C. Hg.*

. Drawing stitches from the left forehead into the upper jaw. 34.

. Severe pains (like neuralgia) from the upper half of the right eye to the root of the nose. Zumbrock.

. Drawing pains in the left cheek extending into the left

eye; third day. Eckel. Compare 117.

- 180. *Paralysis of the left half of the face which is also somewhat noticed in the limbs of the same side, together with an altogether too copious secretion of urine. Jeanes.
- . Spots warmer than usual on the right cheek; after fifty minutes. C. Hg.
- . Heat especially in the face, every time after eating onions. Several sisters. C. Hg.
- . Heat of the face in the evening. 632.

. * Facial erysipelas. Jeanes.

- 185. (Parree produced a nettle-rash eruption on the face and on the body, also on many in the family. C. Hg.
 - . (Swelling of the cheeks with toothache. 215.)
 - . The upper lip is red and sensitive from the acrid nasal discharge. 162.

Taste:

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- . It has a sweet and aromatic acrid taste.
- . Sweet and nauseous taste after taking it, and so also on the third day. *Eckel*.
- 190. On awaking, nauseous taste; the third day and morning of the fifth. *Eckel*.
 - . A sickish sweet taste, also again after the 30th though in a less degree. *Eckel*.
 - . Burning taste, more on the gums and upper part. C. Hg. Loss of taste. Wirsung.

Tongue:

. The tongue has a foul coat, especially in the morning on the back pert, the third day; slimy, the fifth day. Eckel.

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195. The tongue is furred the next morning. 632.

. Dryness at the root of the tongue, on the right side. Williamson.

. Mouth and tongue as if scalded. 632.

. Pains under the tongue, at the lower insertion of the freenum it is surrounded with a half circle of small sore elevations; the next morning and the whole day. O., C. Hg.

* Paralysis of the tongue. Celsus.

200. Draughts of onion water relieve those who are struck dumb from the bite of animals that they can not read. Rosslin Krauterbuch, 1850.

For swollen tongue. Wirsung.

Mouth:

80

. * The mouth is not as coated in the morning; the second day. C. Hg.

. Dryness in the mouth without thirst. 632.

. It causes an offensive breath. General experience:

205. *Onions remove the bad taste in the mouth. Pliny.

Onions remove the offensive breath. Coleri Occon., 53.

* The juice is of service in putrid sore mouth. Paracelsus.

. *Antiscorbutic. Hahnemann. Should be eaten for scorbutus. O. V.

. Pecking in the two hindermost back teeth; after three minutes. C. Hg.

210. In the first upper teeth, right side, sensitive drawing from the root to the crown; after thirty minutes. Later, the same feeling in the corresponding teeth on the left side; the first day. C. Hg.

Pressive toothache in the right upper and lower back teeth with the inclination to bore the tongue into and suck them, which relieves, lasting an hour; after traveling against the north-west wind, the fifth day; again the sixth day after going against the north-west wind. Geist.

. Slight pressure in the right back teeth on going into a warm room. At breakfast (with warm cocoa) painful; relieved by cold water; the seventh day. Geist.

At breakfast, the back teeth pain from eating bread, so that only soft food can be eaten. A pressive pain remains for some time afterward. Toward noon the pain disappears on the right side and settles in the root of the left eyetooth; the gum around the root is inflamed, the pain frequently ceases suddenly and commences in an instant in a right back tooth; in the eyetooth it is pressive, growling; cold water, cold in general relieves; the eighth day. Geist.

. The pressive toothache comes on after walking against the North wind, is relieved by poking and sucking with the tongue, is much aggravated on eating warm soup and disappears after a swallow of cold water; always

the same after repeated experiments. Geist.

(Pressive pain in the root of the left eyetooth disturbs the sleep, with excessive heat in the cheeks, toward morning remission and sweat, the cheeks feel swollen); ninth day. Geist.

During sleep, feeling as if the back teeth were too long, with some pain; disappears on rising. Two nights. Geist.

. Drawing stitches from the left forehead into the teeth. 34.

. The seeds kill the worms in the teeth. Dioscorides. Wirsung, p. 192.

. It does not relieve toothache. Paracelsus.

220. Onion-leaves in the mouth, for toothache. O. V.

a. Immediately after eating onions, raging pain attacks a broken tooth. Arnica high in water reviewed just as speedily. R. R.

. The teeth are a smutty yellow in the morning, they remain so the whole day; in one who has very white and sound teeth, continues three to five days. *Eckel*.

Throat and Pharynx:

. The throat was decidedly affected; after fifteen minutes. 143.

. A constrictive pain in the forepart of the throat, low

down in the region of the os hyoides, after five or six minutes; low down posterioriorly on the right side; after seven minutes. *C. Hg.* Compare 143.

Drawing pain in the left side of the throat, relieved by cold air; the second day. *Eckel*.

225. Some redness on the back part of the palate on the right side. Gg., C. Hg.

. Pain in the throat extending to the ear. 140.

82

. In the throat and orifice of the eustachian tube, chilling or burning twitching and gnawing, not painful. 148.

. Heat low in the pharynx extending into the stomach. Williamson.

. Pain in the throat in the lower half of the larynx, as as after swallowing too large a mouthful, or as if swollen, the pains extend every little while into the right ear; the whole afternoon, coming on after midday, ten drops. t., Zumbrock.

230. In the pharynx the feeling as if the food remained stuck behind the breast-bone. 516.

. Throat ache, as if there were a lump in the throat, which is sore, but only on swallowing and elevating the tongue, the next morning; after twenty-four hours. Gg., C. Hg.

. *In chronic difficulty of deglutition "like a ball in the throat," she brought up a lump of mucus and was then relieved. C. Hg.

. For swelling of the tonsils it is serviceable, applied as a poultice. Koschwitz.

. * Quinsy, used as an embrocation. Gr., Ph.

235. * Good for angina. Dioscorides, Pliny.

. * Ulcerations of the throat. Hong.

. For a gargle when leeches are applied to the throat. W. S., 203.

. Throat ache as after taking cold. 577.

. * Soreness of the throat with catarrh. 507.

240. A sense of nausea extending into the throat. 270.

. A benumbed feeling in the back part of the throat, persistent; the first day. C. Hg.

. Great dryness of the soft palate after breakfast, continuing two hours and a half; the first day. *Eckel*.

. With great dryness of both nostrils, considerable thick, white, frothy, tasteless mucus collects in the fauces, which is easily expectorated without cough. *Lingen*.

. Dryness in the throat. 501.

245. He hawks up mucus which has a sweetish nauseous taste; the third day. Eckel.

. Toward evening, collection of mucus behind the choanæ. Zumbrock.

. In the posterior fauces, in the choanæ and on the posterior surface of the soft palate, a soft bland mucus constantly collects which compels one either to swallow or hawk it up; evening of the first day. C. Hg.

In the morning, a raw feeling in the fauces with tickling in the region of the epiglottis, first on the right then on the left side; together, with a sensation of weakness in the stomach, very annoying hiccough and uprising of frothy salivary mucous fluid; eructions of wind and passage of offensive flatus. Therewith constant inclination to hacking to relieve the tickling in the larynx. After breakfast severe pain in the right ankle and rumblings in the abdomen; the second day. Jeanes.

. * Diminished secretion of mucus in the throat, with chronic catarrh of the fances. W. Wesselhaft.

250. Mucus in the fauces. 486.

Appetite :

- . Onions promote an appetite; but if one eats too many they cause a revulsion of the stomach. *Dioscorides*.
- . The appetite is increased. Ebn Masavia.
- . a. The appetite is excited even to canine hunger. G. B.
- . They produce an appetite, which, however, disappears immediately as soon as he begins to eat, food is disgusting to him. L. Alleborn.
- . * No desire to eat. W. S., 364.

255. *Loss of appetite with coryza. 170.

. * For canine hunger W. S., 412.

Thirst:

- . The priest's were forbidden its use because it produced thirst. Plutarch de Is. et Osir, p. 451.
- . Onions excite thirst. Gr. Phys., Hong., 291.
- . Garlic does not cause thirst as onious do. Sch., Sch.
- 260. Onions weaken the bowels and cause thirst. Platearius.
- . Thirst excessive, with stomach ache, 328; with tympanitis. 344.
- . Thirst with heat, evenings with coryza, 162; after chilliness, 620; after flushes of heat at evening. 275.

Nausea:

- . * Nausea. Gr. Phys.
- . A horrible deathly nausea in the very stomach with very slight eructations, which however relieve somewhat; every day after eating, in one who did not know what she took. C. Hg.
- 265. Feeling of nausea after fifteen minutes. C. Hg.
- . Nausea in the posterior part of the throat, is forced up as with a thrust; after thirty minutes. C. Hg.
- Nausea, seems more properly to be seated in the stomach; very soon. C. Hg.
- . Nausea. 349.
- . Slight warmth in the abdomen and squeamishness; soon after taking it. W. Wesselhæft.
- 270. Squeamishness and slight attacks of nausea from the bowels up into the throat, then slight confusion of the head; soon. W. Wesselhæft.
 - . There are some who, smelling onions in a distant kitchen, taste them in their mouth, so that afterward every thing tastes of them and produces nausea. C. Hg.
 - . * Nausea on becoming erect. 589.

Eructations:

- . Frequent eructions; he tastes onions in the afternoon, after taking four drops of the tincture in the morning. *Eckel*.
- . Immediately after eating onions, long continued eructations, but not after the tincture. Zumbrock.

275. At evening, eructations of wind; flashes of heat over the whole body, and thirst; the fourth day. *Eckel*.

. Eructations still incessant on the morning of the fifth day, without repetition of the dose. *Eckel*.

. Eructations of wind, 248, 348, 349, 579; with distension of the abdomen, 351; with rumblings. 350.

- . Slight eructations relieve the horrible nausea in the stomach, 264.
- . *It stops sour eructations. Elisraili. (Allium sativa is still more efficacious. C. Hg.)

Vomiting:

- 280. Even the smell of onions makes her vomit; she cannot swallow the tincture in water, it came up again, she is so averse to it. a. b., C. Hg.
 - . Vomiting frothy, slimy fluid. 248.
 - . Vomiting and disease which resulted in death, after eating onions. Jeanes.
 - . *For severe vomiting without cessation, put a slice of an onion in the axilla. Domestic Practice.
 - . *It is serviceable in bilious and mucous vomiting.

Stomach:

- 285. Injurous to the stomach. 1, 4, etc.
 - . Annoying hiccough. 248.
 - . Stimulates digestion. Gr. Phys.
 - . Irritates the stomach and promotes digestion, excessive use however, gives rise to dyspeptic troubles. Kosteletzky.
- . They are injurious to the stomach and become disgusting. Pliny.
- 290. Injurious to the stomach. Spigelius, 4.
- Raw onions give rise to injurious secretions in the stomach, thirst, inflammation, flatulence and headache. Sch. Sch.
- . Feeling of emptiness, and drawings back and forth in the stomach, with some pain. P. Alleborn.
- . Sense of weakness in the stomach. 248.
- . Pain on the left side of the stomach. P. Alleborn,

295. Oft repeated pressure deep within the epigastrium, as if it were at the orifice of the stomach and on the posterior side, evening at ten; the first day. C. Hg.

. Dull pain below the breast bone, more to the right side, on moving in bed, evening at ten, after five min. Geist.

. Pain below the sternum on stooping, morning. Geist.

. Pain in the region of the pylorus. Jeanes, compare 267, 295.

. Pressure in the stomach and fullness in the head. P. Alleborn.

300. Pressure in the stomach. 349.

. Pressure in the stomach and yawning. 594.

. * Stomach ache. Dioscorides.

. Distension of the abdomen before dinner. 355.

. After dinner all the symptoms vanish (after one and a half hours). C. Hq.

305. After supper the symptoms again disappear as after dinner; the first day. C. Hg.

. Pain in the bowels, worse after eating. 322.

. Heat extending into the stomach. 228.

- . * For weak stomachs from cold, onions cooked with saffron. W. S., 357.

Region of Liver :

. Pressive pain in the liver region which extends through the whole abdomen. G. Alleborn.

310. The pains seat themselves for some time in the right hypochondrium, with which are cold shudders down the back, so that he can scarcely get warm, evening at nine; the third day. *Eckel*.

Region of Spleen :

. Contractive pain in the left hypochondrium with the sensation of wind moving about. Williamson.

. Stitches in the left side, toward evening the first day, morning of the second day, worse on lying the fourth day. *Eckel*.

* For induration of the spleen, cooked with Gilgen oil.
 W. S., 450.

Abdomen:

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Onions appear to be beneficial to the bowels; *Dioscorides*. Other writers, however, state that they are injurious to the bowels. *Tabernæmontanus*.

315. Pain about the navel, an hour after dinner (three, p.m.)
Williamson.

. Pain in the umbilical region. L. Alleborn.

. The pains in the bowels are most severe while sitting, on moving about there is passage of flatus and relief to the pains; the first day. *Eckel*.

Half an hour after drinking coffee in the afternoon, the pains in the bowels returned more severe, mostly in the left inguinal region, more pressing than burning, but with heat in the abdomen; the second day. *Eckel*.

. With rumbling in the abdomen the pains return more severe than before, with passage of much flatus; morning of the third day after the second dose. *Eckel*.

320. Flatulent colic. Hong.

. Pain in the abdomen and shoulder (right half?). Hong.

. Pains in the abdomen, worse every time after eating. Eckel.

. Pain in the left side of the abdomen, as though he had punched himself in this place. L. Alleborn.

On walking a sudden burning or chilling cutting—a pain thin as a thread—in the hypogastrium from both sides inward toward the middle and upward; after 1 hour. C. Hg.

325. Burning glow or chilling sensation, as if scattered, with confused feeling in the right side of the abdomen; thereupon slight passage of half-loud very offensive onion-flatus; after an hour and a half. C. Hg.

A warm or chilling sensation as if a glow within beat against the abdomen, on the right side, and over the external and upper parts of both thighs. Evening of the first day from nine to ten. Repeated later. The sensation was as if a glowing heat beat against one, but without the same heat, only warmth. C. Hg.

. Heat in the abdomen, 350; with pain. 318.

Severe pains in the abdomen so that he wanders through several rooms with indescribable anxiety, he throws himself again on the bed, from which he soon again rises. Continuous severe pains in the left side of the abdomen, less in the upper than in the middle and lower regions and bladder, with frequent severe urgency to urinate and burning passage of urine drop by drop; suppressed stool, severe thirst. In the face an expression of anxiety and doubt; increased warmth of the skin, especially in the places of pain in the abdomen which are very sensitive and painful to every touch; pulse somewhat accelerated, full and hard; a quarter of an hour after eating a dull red napiform, Brunswick onion, lasting for four hours; passing away after vomiting, chamomile tea, etc. Pro-

llius (Frank's Magazine, 1, 671).

A woman, 40 years old, had for twenty years a hernia on the left side, which formerly became frequently strangulated and on the last occasion, two years since, she suffered frightfully, at that time the hernia receeded in half an hour after a dose of Aconite. Afterward she became again pregnant, for the first time in nine years, had a severe labor and child-bed fever. Since then the rupture had occasioned her no trouble. Last Sunday, she ate cooked onions, which, as she now remembers, had formerly caused various disturbances. Shortly after this meal she was seized with pains in the left side of the abdomen; these increased and compelled her to leave church and go home, I was called in the afternoon and found the hernia in the left inguina much protruded and strangulated; very severe pains from high up in the left side of the hypochondrium drew toward the incarcerated hernia; she was very restless, had much fever, etc. I gave a single dose of Aconite400; after fifteen minutes the pains were quieted and the hernia returned. No further remedies were necessary. Lippe, in a letter, 1848.

330. Pains drawing from the region of the liver through the the whole abdomen. 309.

